

The Oregonian

PORTLAND, OREGON. Entered at Portland, Oregon, Postoffice as second-class matter. Subscription rates: In advance: (By Mail.) Daily, Sunday included, one year, \$10.00. Daily, Sunday included, six months, 6.00. Daily, Sunday included, three months, 3.50. Daily, without Sunday, one year, 8.00. Daily, without Sunday, six months, 5.00. Daily, without Sunday, three months, 3.00. Weekly, one year, 2.50. Sunday, one year, 2.50. Sunday and week-day, one year, 3.50. Daily, Sunday included, one month, .75. Daily, without Sunday, one month, .50. How to Receive—Send Postoffice money order, express order, postal note, check, or local bank, stamps, coin or currency are at sender's risk. Postoffice address in full, including county and state. Postage Rates—12 to 16 pages, 1 cent; 18 to 22 pages, 1 cent; 24 to 32 pages, 2 cents; 34 to 40 pages, 3 cents; 42 to 48 pages, 4 cents; 50 to 60 pages, 5 cents; 62 to 70 pages, 6 cents; 72 to 80 pages, 7 cents; Foreign postage, double rates.

PORTLAND, SATURDAY, JULY 17, 1915.

DECISION NEAR IN THE BALKANS.

The next month promises to bring to a head the struggle of the two groups of belligerents to win the three remaining Balkan states to their side. True, the British have not yet won the aid of Roumania, accompanied by a warning of what will happen if she turns against them; the agreement of the three Balkan Kings to meet and agree on a common policy; the appearance of British troops in Serbia; and the slow but steady progress of the allies on the Gallipoli Peninsula—all point that way.

The central empires have chosen an opportune moment to summon Roumania to decide whether to cast her fortunes with them or against them. They have practically cleared Galicia of Russians and have given such proof of power under their eyes as to convince Roumania that it is no longer possible to consider whether adoption of the allies' cause might not bring invasion upon it, with final loss of territory.

When to the recovery of the lost province is offered an extension of territory in Bukovina and Transylvania, Roumania may well waver. Bessarabia forms the entire boundary of the kingdom, extends eastward to the Dniester River and has a stretch of Black Sea coast reaching nearly to Odessa. This high price offered by the central empires was due to the embargo which Roumania placed on transport of war material through her territory to Turkey, which is in sore need of it.

The conference of Kings has been called because a decision must soon be made as to which cause Roumania, Bulgaria and Greece shall espouse, or whether they shall remain neutral and forfeit a share of Turkey through their dissensions or their fear of consequences in the event of final Teuton victory. Each party has made a bid for Bulgaria's adhesion, but the decision really lies with Greece, which refuses to give the Balkans through demanded by Bulgaria.

The Greek Parliament, but reports come from Athens that a cabal is being formed to do away with King George for President of the chamber and to force a new election, while Venelist papers charge the Germans with attempting in vain to corrupt some of their leader's adherents.

The Serbian army has been ordered to Serbia was no doubt prompted by several motives, political as well as strategic. By aiding the Serbians and Montenegrins in renewing hostilities on Austria's southeastern frontier, Berlin may force Austria to divert troops to that quarter and thus may relieve Russia from the tremendous pressure on the Polish front. A moral influence will also be exerted on the other Balkan states to hasten their decision and to declare a decision in favor of the allies. Another link is added to the chain which the allies have striven to draw around Austria. If Roumania should join them, Austria would be girdled with enemies.

Russia on the northeast, Roumania on the east, Serbia, Montenegro and Italy on the south.

In face of determined resistance, the allies are pushing their advance a few hundred yards at a time on the Gallipoli peninsula. Their immediate objective is the forts on the European side of the Narrows, from which they hope to bombard the Asiatic forts, but the Turks and their German military advisors have placed mobile artillery on the hills, rendering the advance slow and costly in men and ammunition. At the present rate of progress months may be consumed in occupying the 40-mile stretch from Cape Helles to the isthmus of Bulair, unless large reinforcements are secured.

Under these circumstances, the cooperation of a British army with Serbia and Montenegro in an invasion of Austria from the southeast seems a good stroke of politics as well as strategy. If a large enough force should be sent to undertake an offensive, it would cause Austria to draw some troops from Galicia and leave to the Germans the weight of the struggle against Russia, and it might cause the other Balkan states to throw their lot with the allies. It offers chance of an early issue of the Dardanelles campaign and of a turn of the tide in favor of Russia.

gross tons, which exceeds that of 715,000 tons in 1905. The fiscal year just opened may make a better showing of American-built ships, as all the shipyards are fully employed and some are being enlarged, but a large part of this activity is due to the war. Prices of steel plates are much lower in this country than in Europe, and cost of other materials and of labor is, temporarily at least, near an equality. Did our laws permit ships to be operated under the American flag as cheaply as under foreign flags, the present conditions in regard to shipbuilding would cause rapid expansion of our merchant marine. But obstructive laws frighten capital away from shipowning under our flag and we build ships to sail under foreign flags and to foster the commerce of other nations.

THAW FREE TO KILL AGAIN. The verdict of the jury which pronounced Harry Thaw sane is more than a reversal of the verdict of the earlier jury which pronounced him insane. The earlier verdict was based on expert testimony, the entire tenor of which was that Thaw was afflicted with paranoia, which all medical authorities agreed was a curable form of insanity. The earlier verdict was based on expert testimony, the entire tenor of which was that Thaw was afflicted with paranoia, which all medical authorities agreed was a curable form of insanity.

THE PLUMBER SHIRINERS. The Nobles of the Mystic Shrine, who have been pouring through Portland from Seattle for the last two days, will be home on Monday at the San Francisco Fair, an offshoot of the higher Masonic bodies. Though their order is not a part of the Masonic organization, all of them are Masons.

PRINCETON'S HONOR SYSTEM. Princeton's honor system is not so famous known to educators as it should be. It has been in force at the university for twenty years, and the Princetonian, the students' paper, says that for all that time it has been "an unqualified success."

CANCER TREATMENT. The death rate from cancer is large and increasing. How to prevent the spreading and loss of life which are caused by this disease is a problem which has engaged some of the best efforts of gifted men, but thus far it has succeeded only in ascertaining that it is curable by no other means than the surgeon's knife. Taken in time, almost every cancer may be perfectly extirpated.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—My husband keeps me in a rented house, but has not paid rent for some months. The landlord does not seem to mind, but my husband is drunk and has gone so far as to threaten my life and all kinds of harm. I am very nervous. I am afraid of him and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—I have a house with a lot of household goods. I am afraid of my husband and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—I have a house with a lot of household goods. I am afraid of my husband and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—I have a house with a lot of household goods. I am afraid of my husband and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—I have a house with a lot of household goods. I am afraid of my husband and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—I have a house with a lot of household goods. I am afraid of my husband and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

HOUSEHOLD GOODS EXEMPT. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—I have a house with a lot of household goods. I am afraid of my husband and so nervous I cannot rest. What can I do?

Twenty-Five Years Ago. From The Oregonian of July 17, 1890. London, July 16.—On the arrival of the steamship Majestic from New York at Queenstown today four of her passengers were arrested for smuggling. Those arrested were all women and had concealed in their bustles parcels of tea, coffee, spirits, etc. The contraband goods were seized and the women locked up for examination.

VERY CONSERVATIVE. The Saturday Evening Post says that the Magna Charta was a reactionary document. It won no new rights, but simply restored those that had been in existence a century earlier. For this reason, it is a very conservative document.

ROSA BONHEUR IS NEARING THE ALLOTTED term of her confinement in the Oregon State Prison. She has been very energetic in her work, and she still works vigorously with her brush. Her last picture, it is said, added \$10,000 to her purse.

TONES OF FREEDOM ARE MISSED. Correspondent Believes Liberty Bell Should Be Recast. PORTLAND, July 16.—(To the Editor.)—I was one of those who greatly appreciated the privilege of seeing the Liberty Bell for the first time yesterday. I could not help but think of the wonderful thrill of the thought of liberty that thrilled the hearts and souls of the men and women who gathered forth at Independence Hall and I have wished that I might hear its tones of freedom.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

SEAMAN'S BILL AND STREETCAR SPEED. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—How did Chamberlain and Lane vote on the seaman's bill? I believe it is the speed limit for streetcars in the congested traffic of Portland? 3. Is there any speedometer used on the streetcars here, so that the conductor or motorman has any definite idea as to how fast they are going? SUBSCRIBER.

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

Acidity of the stomach is one of the preliminary symptoms of cancer and it should never be neglected. Dr. Koehler believes that early operation upon ulcer of the stomach may perhaps "reduce the mortality of cancer of the stomach 50 per cent."

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

MR. PERKINS' ECONOMIC ERROR. Declared Absurd. PORTLAND, July 15.—(To the Editor.)—It is rather surprising that no shrewd business man as George W. Perkins should be guilty of so egregious an economic error as that I find in an editorial of yours in which you quote his words. Mr. Perkins is afraid that the war will Europe will flood this country with goods at cheap prices.

Half a Century Ago

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Half a Century Ago. From the Oregonian of July 17, 1863. Senator Williams has our thanks for bound copies of the whole period of the 25th Congress. We also acknowledge the receipt of the other valuable public documents, sent by the same hand.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson. Writes for The Sunday Oregonian. Beginning tomorrow The Sunday Oregonian will present a new series of health stories to its readers from the facile pen of Dr. Woods Hutchinson, the best known writer of popular articles on medical subjects in America. Additional interest is attached to this series because of Dr. Hutchinson's former residence in Portland.