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QUAKE KILLS 12; CALIFORNIA HIT

Calexico Buildings Fall; Many Are Injured.

HEBER REPORTED IN RUINS

Other Imperial Valley Towns Damaged; San Diego and Yuma Are Shaken.

MEXICALI IS CRUMBLED

Martial Law Is Declared on Border; Panic Reigns and Many Are Homeless.

RESULT OF EARTHQUAKE.
Twelve killed, many injured at Mexicali; buildings destroyed; Calexico buildings destroyed; others damaged by fire. Heber destroyed by fire. Imperial damaged. Shock felt from San Diego, on coast, to Yuma, Ariz. High school at Brawley wrecked.

LOS ANGELES, June 22.—Reports of three severe earthquake shocks, which resulted in the death and injury of at least 15 persons and considerable property loss by fire in several cities in the Imperial Valley covering several hundred square miles, were received here tonight.

Telephone and telegraphic communication was interrupted, and information from the stricken district is meager.

Calexico Lives Lost.

The greatest damage was at Calexico, on the Mexican border line, where the loss of life occurred. Early reports from there said that the town had been destroyed by fire, but telephone employees at El Centro, who talked over a wire to a lineman later, reported that fires were confined to three buildings, which the fire department succeeded in getting under control.

Many buildings in Calexico were shaken down. The operators in the telephone building fled after the first shock.

The first shock occurred at 7:20 P. M. and was followed by two others at 8:40 P. M. and 9:20 P. M. These were felt in the district surrounding El Centro and Calexico.

Two Shocks at San Diego.

Two shocks were reported from Yuma at the same time. Two slight shocks were felt at San Bernardino, several miles north of the Mexican line, at 9 o'clock. San Diego also was visited by two slight shocks.

Heber, a railroad town five miles west of El Centro, was reported entirely destroyed by fire. At Imperial several buildings were cracked and the wall of one fell in, but no injuries resulted. The telephone operators there also fled from their building.

A repair crew of the Pacific Telephone Company was sent at midnight to El Centro.

Martial Law Declared.

Martial law was declared last night in Calexico, Cal., and in Mexicali, just across the border, following a reign of terror in both towns precipitated by three severe earthquakes, which caused thousands of dollars of damage to property and resulted in the loss of at least 12 lives and many injured.

United States cavalry troops are patrolling the streets of Calexico to prevent looting. Villa troops are guarding Mexicali. One man caught looting in Mexicali is reported to have been shot.

Information from the Mexican town is meager, but the first of the refugees to arrive at Calexico, across the border, say that at least 12 persons were killed and many injured.

Buildings in Ruins.

All brick buildings in Calexico are deserted and most of them are badly cracked or in ruins. Two houses were destroyed by fire. One business building was gutted.

Hundreds are sleeping tonight in the open. The electric lights failed after the first shock.

Scenes of indescribable confusion prevailed when buildings tumbled into the streets.

The rumbling of the earthquake (Continued on Page 4, Column 2.)

SUBMARINE SPARES SHIP, NOT CARGO

NORWEGIAN SAYS GERMANS ORDERED CONTRABAND SUNK.

Steamer Venus Reaches Newcastle Minus Several Casks of Butter and Other Food.

NEWCASTLE, England, June 22.—The Norwegian mail steamer Venus arrived here today minus the larger part of her cargo, which was thrown overboard, the captain asserted under a threat of a German submarine commander that otherwise the Venus would be sunk.

The captain says that the Venus was hailed by the submarine and the alternative was given her of jettisoning all foodstuffs on board or being sent to the bottom, and that to save his vessel several hundred casks of butter and many cases of salmon and other tinned fish were consigned to the sea. The remainder of the freight on the Venus, consisting of wood, was permitted to remain on board.

This is the first time that a German submarine is reported to have permitted a vessel to escape under such terms.

BRITAIN JUSTIFIES ACTS

Policy of Secluding Germany Explained to Washington.

LONDON, June 22.—The foreign office delivered today to Ambassador Page for transmission to Washington a memorandum explanatory of the efforts made by the British government to mitigate the hardships suffered by neutral traders on account of the orders in council and other war measures affecting their interests.

The memorandum, although not a reply to the American contraband notes, gives a summary of the measures adopted by Great Britain with the purpose of enforcing, with as little friction as possible, her policy of shutting off Germany from the rest of the world. The foreign office sets forth methods whereby neutrals may trade without coming into conflict with these regulations.

The text of the note will not be published here until it is given out in Washington.

OLD DIVORCEE MUST PAY

Woman, 26 Years Younger Than Husband, Wins in High Court.

OLYMPIA, Wash., June 22.—(Special.)—Affirming one of the noted divorce decisions of the late Judge John E. Humphries, of Seattle, the Supreme Court yesterday awarded Mrs. May E. Williams property worth \$25,000, an automobile and \$500 for legal expenses. The woman, 26 years the junior of her husband, Paris A. Williams, testified that though he was the owner of property worth \$100,000, he had given her only one blue serge suit and one dress during their married life of three years.

This is one of the last appeals from decisions of Judge Humphries on appeal in the Supreme Court. Nearly all cases handled by him were divorce cases during the last year before his death, as the judge had gained a reputation for dealing generously with women seeking relief from marital ties.

HISTORIC MILLRACE SOLD

Old Ditch at Eugene, Noted in Song and Tradition, Brings \$25,000.

EUGENE, Or., June 22.—(Special.)—The Eugene millrace, historic in University of Oregon lore and romance, was sold today by the Chambers Power Company to the Eugene Excelsior Company and the Eugene Woolen Mills for more than \$25,000. The property, including the two-mile ditch and 40 acres of land, was purchased 17 years ago by F. L. Chambers for \$3,000, which price included much land since sold.

The millrace is one of Eugene's oldest institutions and around it have been built songs, traditions and neighborhood feuds. It was built in 1852 by Hilliard Shaw and William Smith.

LARGE CLASSES DRAWBACK

Washington Students' Lack of Knowledge of English Explained.

OLYMPIA, Wash., June 22.—(Special.)—Too many students per class and too many classes per teacher, are the causes of graduates of Washington high schools being deficient in knowledge of English, a condition to which the State Board of Education called attention in a resolution adopted last week, President E. A. Bryan, of Washington State College, says in a letter to Mrs. Josephine Preston, State Superintendent of Instruction.

Agitation that will give each teacher fewer papers to mark is needed, President Bryan said.

113,672 ACRES MAY GO

Chief Forester Tells of Recommendation Made on Paulina Forest.

THE DALLIES, Or., June 22.—(Special.)—Representative N. J. Sinnott was advised today by Chief Forester Graves that the Secretary of Agriculture has recommended for elimination approximately 113,672 acres from the Paulina National forest.

The General Land Office is now engaged in the preparation of the necessary proclamation to be submitted to President Wilson. If the President approves of the recommendation it is anticipated that the elimination will be made effective by July 1, 1915.

WORK ON ALASKAN RAILROAD IS BEGUN

Actual Operations Reported to Lane.

BASE ALREADY ESTABLISHED

Line to Be Attacked at Several Different Points.

WAGON ROADS UNDER WAY

President's Order for Sale of Townsites Received in Seward; Provision Made for Those Who Arrive Late in Season.

WASHINGTON, June 22.—Actual construction of the Government's Alaskan railroad has been begun. Lieutenant Mears, of the Alaskan Engineering Commission, reported to Secretary Lane today he had established his base of operations at Ship Creek, Cook's Inlet, and was landing materials and supplies. Building of wagon roads, one of the first requirements of the railroad construction, is under way and the force on that work will be increased to 2000 as soon as facilities can be provided for bringing material to employ that number.

"By using water transportation along the Knik Arm," Lieutenant Mears reports, "we are able to attack the line at various points. We have already an active construction camp at Eagle River, 13 miles up the coast, and another has been started at Peters Creek, about 10 miles farther north. We intend to continue this system of camps along the tidewater, close to the line, as fast as the final location is completed and the necessary construction arrangements made."

"The first operation of the engineers was to build a dock at Ship Creek for unloading supplies, barges and lighters and a floating dock for the unloading of ships also have been provided and with those facilities the engineers on their first job unloaded a million feet of lumber from a steamer in three days."

TOWNSITES WILL BE SOLD

Formal Order of President Wilson Received at Seward.

SEWARD, Alaska, June 22.—Instructions, approved by President Wilson, for the sale of townsites along the route of the Government railroad between Seward and Fairbanks, were received today by the land office. The sale will begin at Ship Creek on July 2. Lots will be auctioned off to the highest bidder, without limiting the number which may be sold to any one buyer. Andrew Christensen, chief of the Alaska field division of the general land office, will supervise the sale.

The instructions stipulate that the minimum price for single lots will be (Continued on Page 2, Column 2.)

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 79.2 degrees; minimum, 53.2 degrees. TODAY'S—Increasing cloudiness probably followed by showers; cooler; southwesterly wind.

War.

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German submarine spares ship after destruction of cargo. Page 1.
French observer describes night and day combat by which "Labyrinth" was taken. Page 2.
Bulgars bargain on entering war. Page 2.

Mexico.

Admiral Howard advises against landing of marines at Guaymas, fearing trouble for Americans at other points. Page 2.

Foreign.

"Brides in bath" murder trial on in London. Page 2.

National.

Rate increase case argued before Commerce Commission. Page 2.

Domestic.

Thomas Taggart and 127 other men indicted for alleged election frauds at Indianapolis. Page 2.

Mrs. Geddes testifies she was polygamous wife of late Mormon millionaire, David Eccles. Page 1.

Earthquake serious damage in Imperial Valley in California. Page 1.

Railroad work begins in Alaska. Page 1.

Temperance talk applauded by Adams in convention. Page 2.

Cave, apparently bottomless, is found in Nevada. Page 1.

Sport.

Pacific Coast League results: San Francisco 5, Portland 4 (11 innings); Venice 3, Los Angeles 2; Salt Lake 3, Oakland 2. Page 16.

Coach Beadek amazed at breaking of football contract by Washington. Page 15.

Jack Neville leads in medal play at Tacoma golf tourney. Page 17.

Able Gordon and Jimmy Howe fight six round draw. Page 4.

Hotel proprietors decide not to do without orchestras. Page 4.

Oregon delegation discusses bill to dispose of land grant involved in decision. Page 5.

Weather report, daily forecast. Page 4.

St. Louis Browns beat Detroit in 13 innings. Page 16.

Pacific Northwest.

Grand Army and sons of Veterans in session at Centralia. Page 6.

Artillery reserves engage in night practice at Fort Stevens. Page 6.

Commercial and Marine.

Local flour prices will be reduced today. Page 17.

Wheat raises at Chicago on export buying. Page 17.

Arrangements made for placing French war loan. Page 17.

Portland and Vicinity.

Rail ownership of giant liners commended at Interstate Commerce Commission hearing. Page 15.

Four giant policemen will accompany Liberty Bell to West. Page 6.

Pageant of the West is presented at Woodmere school by more than 200 children. Page 7.

County officials and Shriners inspect scenic wonders of new Fairmount Boulevard. Page 9.

Frising chief campaign expense, statements filed by all but four candidates show. Page 18.

S. S. Beckwith newly elected School Director takes oath. Page 12.

Thousands of children of aliens to drill Americanization day. Page 4.

Mississippi woman fights for late settler's wealth. Page 4.

Collection of back taxes on land grant prevents problem. Page 3.

Charities fund passes \$2000 mark. Page 11.

WIND BLOWS GEMS AWAY

Two Hundred Diamonds Scattered in Muskogee; Crowd Takes 30.

MUSKOGEE, Okla., June 22.—A rain and wind storm here late today blew the front out of a jewelry store, sending 200 diamond rings rolling down a business street.

Although the storm was at its height, a large crowd collected and began searching for the rings. The proprietor of the store and his clerks managed to recover many of the rings before the crowd arrived, but 30 stones, valued at \$2500, are still missing.

KANSAS CITY, June 22.—With no further rises of consequence expected in either the Kansas or Missouri rivers here, it was conceded tonight that all flood danger has passed. A flood (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

LEMBERG REPORTED TO HAVE FALLEN

Safe Removal of Supplies Indicated.

EVACUATION CERTAIN DAYS AGO

Big Loss of Men Through Narrow Exit Is Probable.

RUSSIANS WIN ON DNEISTER

Complete Success in District With Capture of More Than 5000 Austrians Is Officially Given Out by Petrograd Office.

LONDON, June 22.—Lemberg has fallen, according to many unconfirmed reports that have been received in London.

Evacuation of the Galician capital by the Russians has been regarded as certain for the last few days by observers both in Petrograd and Berlin. The city was not protected by forts.

Russian dispatches say Grand Duke Nicholas' army has removed its artillery and supplies in good order, while German official reports say the Russians have been fighting only rearguard actions recently to gain time to complete the removal of the main army to the Russian frontier.

Heavy Russian Loss Likely.

Austro-German troops have been swarming on every side of the city, with the exception of a comparatively narrow strip, through which the Russians likely had difficulty in extricating themselves without enormous losses in killed or captured.

The same terrific fighting that has characterized the eastern campaign for several weeks past continues in the vicinity of Lemberg and on the Dneister, both sides having inflicted enormous losses, according to official reports.

One dispatch from Petrograd says the Austro-German troops on a 100-mile front, from the Tanay to Mikolow, number 2,000,000, with another 400,000 on the Dneister front. From the Baltic to Bukovina the Austro-German forces are estimated at 4,000,000 men.

Much Territory Abandoned.

A communication from the Austrian headquarters says: "Despite the Russian resistance the general Austrian advance in Galicia continues at the normal daily pace. The Austro-German troops have swept through the advanced Russian positions before Lemberg and are now within artillery range of the city."

"The Russians along the whole line are abandoning as much Galician territory each day before the energetic offensive as their infantry can cover in 24 hours' marching."

"The normal rate of this advance has been checked only on the Lower San River. The Russians here de (Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

CAVERN OF MIGHTY DEPTH IS REVEALED

MINER'S BLAST OPENS NEW WONDER IN NEVADA.

Man Lowered 200 Feet Unable to Determine Depth; Geologists Make Investigation.

TONOPAH, Nev., June 22.—A subterranean cavern of undetermined depth was revealed today by a miner's blast at Volcano, a mining town 18 miles north of Tonopah. Geologists and mining men were notified and a superficial investigation was made.

Lights showed sparkling stalactites hanging from the sides of the chasm as far as sight could reach and stones dropped through the opening could be heard bounding from wall to wall until the sounds grew faint and died away. A miner, who was lowered with a light 200 feet into the depths reported that he could see neither the ends nor the bottom of the cave.

LYNX KILLED BY AUTO

Car Crashes Prowler in Populated District Near Camas.

VANCOUVER, Wash., June 22.—(Special.)—J. M. Hoff, County Game Warden, and a companion while driving in an auto in a closely settled district near Camas today, struck and killed a lynx as it was about to cross the road in front of the machine.

Mr. Hoff and Harvey Alexander were driving along the road at a good rate of speed, the animal jumped out from the brush. Both men thought it was a dog, but before the car could be stopped it had hit the animal.

The lynx, which measures five feet from tip to tip, is on exhibition at F. M. Troeh's store.

SIR JOHN NAMES HEROINES

Fifty-Eight Women at Front Recommended for Good Services.

LONDON, June 22.—The valuable and heroic assistance which women are rendering the British armies in fighting the Germans is recognized in a dispatch from General French just published here.

General French includes among the names of those recommended for gallantry and distinguished service in the field 58 women connected with various branches of the military nursing service and of the Red Cross.

Tuesday's War Moves

FRENCH gains in the west and the battle for Lemberg are the only struggles that can be isolated as distinctive during the present stage of the warfare. Many unconfirmed reports have reached London that Lemberg has already fallen to the Austro-Germans, and dispatches from Petrograd indicate that the evacuation of the Galician capital by the Russians may be looked for at any time.

More than 2,000,000 Austrians and Germans have been operating along the fronts almost encircling Lemberg, and with the Russian withdrawal behind the Grodek lines, the evacuation of Lemberg as a base was accomplished. That the complete evacuation of Lemberg, without much resistance, is probable, is indicated by Petrograd dispatches declaring that such a movement cannot be avoided "without a sacrifice of men out of proportion to the strategic importance of the place."

The infantry attacks to the north of Arras, France, have temporarily come to an end, but there has been an artillery action of great violence in the neighborhood of Souchez and Ecurie. French artillerymen have located and opened fire with their heavy batteries on the German long-range gun which had thrown 29 large shells into the town of Dunkirk in the past two days.

On the Gallipoli Peninsula heavy fighting has been in progress. On June 19 a desperate engagement occurred along a Turkish trench and later in the British lines, in which 1000 Turkish dead were left on the ground, according to the British official statement. Prior to this the Turks had thrown 450 high explosive shells on the left and center trenches of the allies, had repulsed a British brigade and had penetrated the British lines. However, an attack by British reinforcements turned the tide of battle.

From the Italian front, by way of Berlin, came reports of serious reverses suffered by the Italians in their attempts to storm the Austrian positions along the Isonzo River. The Austrians have powerfully fortified the South Tyrol front and are said to be prepared in every way for an Italian attack along that line.

For the first time since the beginning of the submarine warfare the commander of a German submarine has permitted a steamer carrying footstuffs to England to escape by jettisoning all foodstuffs on board. The Norwegian mail steamer Venus, which has arrived at Newcastle, had the option of putting the greater part of her cargo overboard or being sent to the bottom and the captain chose the former course.

The House of Commons yesterday adopted a measure designed to check supplies reaching Germany through neutral states. The bill, when it becomes a statute, may have a marked effect on American exports.

The feature of the new war loan to be issued by Great Britain, enabling the general public to invest as low as 5 shillings, bids fair to prove immensely popular, several firms announcing that they will buy these vouchers for all their workmen as a neat egg toward savings.

MRS. GEDDES DENIES CLEARING ECCLES

Son's Claim to Share in Estate Asserted.

MOTHER IS WITNESS IN SUIT

Polygamous Marriage to Mormon Millionaire Described.

SECOND WIFE IS IN COURT

"Third Wife" Says She Only Testified in Senatorial Hearing That "Mr. Eckol" Was Not the Father of Her Boy.

OGDEN, Utah, June 22.—Denial that she had cleared David Eccles of polygamy when she testified in the Senator Smoot investigation before the United States Congress was made today by Mrs. Margaret Geddes, of Salt Lake, when she appeared as the first witness in the suit of her son, variously known as Albert Geddes and Albert Eccles, for a part of the David Eccles estate.

When she was asked to relate the evidence that she gave in Washington, D. C., regarding her relations with David Eccles, she said that she was first asked to name her children and that this was followed by an inquiry as to their parentage, she testifying that all but one were the children of W. S. Geddes. Mrs. Geddes testified that she declined to answer the question as to who was the father of the youngest child.

"Mr. Eckol" Not Father. "Then they asked me if 'Mr. Eckol' was the father and I said 'No,'" she testified today.

Mrs. Geddes said that when she returned to Salt Lake, Eccles congratulated her on her testimony and for clearing him and that she answered him and said she did not clear him, but testified that "Mr. Eckol" was not the father.

Albert Eccles, or Eccles, is asking that the court declare him an heir of the Eccles estate and entitled to one-third-third part of the property, valued at more than \$6,000,000.

This claim is based on the allegation that David Eccles and Mrs. Geddes were married in 1838 in Oregon by the late Apostle Marriner W. Merrill, Mrs. Geddes asserting on the witness stand today that this marriage ceremony was performed and that she was acknowledged by Eccles as his third wife and Albert Geddes, or Eccles, as his son.

Mrs. Minnie Stoddard Eccles, of Logan, second wife, was in court today, but Mrs. Bertha Eccles is now in New York.

Marriage Only "for Life."

According to the evidence given by Mrs. Geddes, she was married to David Eccles "outside the church" but by one of the 12 apostles, who had previously performed the ceremonies by which Eccles married his second wife, and also by which Mrs. Geddes became the second wife of W. S. Geddes. The marriage, she said, was kept secret because of the manifesto of the church repudiating the practice of polygamy. Marriages "outside the church" are not recorded by the church.

"When a wedding is performed under the rites of the Mormon temple, the wife is sealed to the husband 'for life and eternity.'" Mrs. Geddes testified she was sealed to Geddes "for eternity" but to Eccles "for life only."

President Joseph F. Smith, of the Mormon Church, and George Gibbs, who has been secretary of several of the presidents, have been called as witnesses for the plaintiff. They are expected to testify regarding the status of the various marriage contracts among Mormons.

OHIO GIRL HELD AS SPY

British Arrest Chambermaid Because of German Descent.

URBANA, O., June 22.—Anna Hoffman, 37, daughter of Mrs. Kate Bruneman, of this city, is under arrest in England as a German spy, it became known today when her sister, Mrs. C. E. McFarland, here, received a letter from Miss Hoffman asking assistance in bringing about her release.

The letter said she was being held in Holloway prison, that she had been employed in a hotel in London, and that the authorities excuse their action on the grounds she was known to be of German descent. An appeal has been made to Acting Secretary of State Lansing.

MIGHTY AIR FLEET URGED

H. G. Wells Would Send 2000 Planes Against Krupp Works.

LONDON, June 22.—H. G. Wells in an article in the Daily Express argues that a method for ending the war would be for the allies to build and send a tremendous fleet of aeroplanes to the rear of the German lines and destroy all the German ammunition factories. He contends that it would be cheaper to launch 2000 aeroplanes against Essen than to risk one battleship.

