

TROOP SACRIFICE HEAVY GALICIA

Czar Is Pouring Reinforcements Daily Into Fight Against Enemy's Forces.

RESULT MAY BE DECISIVE

Fury of Battles in North Poland and Carpathian Mountains Unabated, Bayonets and Hand Grenades Being Used Freely.

LONDON, March 4.—Although fighting is going on with unabated fury in North Poland and in the Carpathians, the most important battle is being fought out in the Carpathians in Southeast Galicia between the Russian and Austro-German forces, according to dispatches received here today.

Mode of Living Is Simple. From the commander-in-chief down simple living and the duty of keeping well are rules that are being followed rigidly.

Great Number Sacrificed. That both sides are sacrificing great numbers of men is indicated.

German Hold Lake Passes. The following official communication from Russian general headquarters was received today.

Enemy is maintaining his ground in the lake passages near Simno and Sorec.

To the east of Jedwabne our troops have reached the line of the enemy's trenches and in the neighborhood of the villages of Moczars and Sierzanki the west bank of the Bohr River the fighting has been hand to hand.

In the development of our success near Kercze, where a German brigade was destroyed, we increased the number of our prisoners to 21 officers and 800 men.

Austrian Losses Heavy. There have been engagements of a particularly desperate character between Milawa and Horzole.

In the Carpathians between the Ondawa and San rivers, the Austrians continue day and night fruitless attacks, notwithstanding their immense losses.

Our troops drove them back with hand grenades and by counterattacks with bayonets, capturing many prisoners and machine guns.

Eastern Galicia Austrian Rearguards are endeavoring to maintain themselves on the River Lutska and further along as far as Jesepoul.

We captured in the Carpathians and Eastern Galicia 47 officers, 3000 men and 15 machine guns.

The following is the official communication from Vienna:

On the Riala River, southeast of Zakliczyn, the Russians were routed yesterday after a sanguinary battle.

On both sides of the Latorza Valley and on the heights north of Clana battles continue both day and night.

At every point where our troops are gaining ground the enemy repeatedly attempts counterattacks which are always repulsed.

On the Boliod road, where the Russians attacked during a heavy fall of snow, with strong forces. The attack was stopped by our artillery fire, which inflicted heavy losses.

Russian Flank Shelled. The official German report says: "Russian attacks northeast of Grodno led them into a flank fire from our artillery and failed."

Russian attacks broke down with severe losses. In the region south of Myszenie and Chorzele, and northwest of Prasnayez, the fighting was especially fierce.

On the remainder of the front, there was no change.

A Geneva dispatch says: "That Austria lost much of her best new artillery in the recent fighting in East Prussia and in Northern Poland is the information received here from what are considered reliable sources."

SHORT WAR IS EXPECTED (Continued on Page 2.) Functions which characterize such tours, they are usually awakened at 6:30 o'clock in the morning and kept going until 8 at night, with the first aid packages served out at the breakfast table.

VIOLENT BATTLES FOUGHT IN VOEGES

French Attack Precipitated by German Move on Lines of Communication.

ALLIES ADVANCE IN DUNES

Berlin Says Column Shelled by Enemy's Artillery Near Soudain Contained French Prisoners and Many Were Killed.

PARIS, March 4.—Renewal of battles on a determined scale in the Voeges is indicated by a dispatch received here today from Basel, Switzerland.

This dispatch says that fighting of great severity is in progress there. Reports received here today of violent encounters are taking place between Pflaumenhaus and St. Die and in the Munster Valley near Sulzern.

A French attack on Hartmann-Weilerkopf was precipitated by an attempt of the Germans to cut the French communications between Belfort and St. Amarin, 18 miles northward.

Shells from German field guns have again fallen in Swiss territory, according to the Basel dispatch.

Advance in Belgium Reported. Tonight's official statement issued by the French War Office says: "In Belgium in the region of the dunes our artillery fire has been particularly effective and our infantry have occupied a new trench in advance of our line."

In Champagne we have continued to make progress. We have strengthened and widened our positions, notably to the northwest of Perthes and to the northeast of Meublé, capturing about 100 prisoners.

On the ridge to the northwest of the latter village the Germans have made a fresh attack which has been repulsed. Prisoners confirm the seriousness of the losses sustained by the two regiments of the guards in the fighting yesterday.

In the Argonne in the Four-de-Paris district a German attack was repulsed, as was also one at "Near Verdun, at Fort Vaux, a German aeroplane was brought down within our lines and two aviators were taken prisoner."

The earlier official report said: "Captain Happe, one of our aviators, bombed on Wednesday a German powder magazine at Donauchingen. His success was complete. Ten minutes after he had thrown bombs the powder magazine was afire."

In Belgium, on the dunes, our artillery demolished trenches of the enemy. North of Arras, near Notre Dame de Lorette, the enemy recently constructed a trench which we have destroyed.

The bombardment of Rheims lasted all day, a shell falling every three minutes.

In Champagne, it is confirmed that the German counter attack against the great taken by us northeast of Meublé were of very violent character. Two regiments of the guards fought with great ferocity. Most of these efforts have been complete.

Progress Made in Argonne. "There has been a cannonade in the Argonne, with fresh progress on our part in the region of Vouglans."

BERLIN, via London, March 4.—The German War Office in an official report on yesterday's activities on the western front says: "On the heights of Lorette, northwest of Arras, our troops attacked yesterday morning, occupying a trench, capturing eight officers, 558 French soldiers, seven machine guns and six small cannon. Hostile counterattacks during the afternoon failed."

Renewed French attacks in Champagne were easily repulsed in the Argonne, west of St. Hubert, failed. Counter attacking, we occupied a French trench in Cheppy Wood also a French attack failed.

One of the recent communications from the Eiffel Tower declared that a German column, while marching across the height of "Bure, northeast of Soudain, was successfully shelled. We must confirm the accuracy of this announcement. The column consisted of French prisoners, who were being led away, and suffered a loss of 28 killed or wounded."

SAVER OF DAYLIGHT DIES Proposal to Gain Time by Legislation Recalled in England.

LONDON, March 4.—William Willett, whose proposal several years ago to "manufacture daylight" by legislation to move all clocks forward attracted world-wide attention, is dead at Chislehurst, near London.

William Willett's daylight saving bill, which was discussed in the British Parliament in the Spring of 1907, provided for the earlier sunrise and sunset by putting forward the clock 20 minutes on four successive Sundays in April and reversing the process on four Sundays in September.

This procedure, it was argued, would bring more time at the end of the day for recreation while the sun was still up. The measure never became law in England.

AUSTRIA LOSES ARTILLERY Many New Big Guns Taken by Russians in Recent Fighting.

GENEVA, via Paris, March 4.—That Austria lost much of her best new artillery in the recent fighting in East Prussia and in Northern Poland is the information received here from what are considered reliable sources.

The guns lost are said to include 23 batteries of 305 millimeter and several of 255 millimeter caliber. The guns in the region surrounding Plock and Kutno alone nine complete batteries are said to have been captured by the Russians, while nine others were destroyed.

Imperial Gardens Set to Cabbages. AMSTERDAM, March 4.—The Vosische Zeitung in a recent issue said it had heard from Vienna that on orders of Emperor Francis Joseph the imperial gardens and all the available space surrounding the imperial palace in and near Vienna would be used for raising cabbages to provide food for the people.

Japan to Maintain Silk Prices. NEW YORK, March 4.—The Japanese government it was announced here today, is about to form a corporation to adjust and maintain the prices on raw silks, which have slumped as a result of the war.

THE NATIONAL IS THE ONLY THEATRE OF THE PACIFIC COAST

FREE PHONES

FREE PHONES, Mar. 5, 1915. Open Daily from 10 to 11 P. M. (Sunday 10:30 to 11 P. M.)

1—ALICE JOYCE IN GREAT TWO-ACT EMOTIONAL DRAMA "HER SUPREME SACRIFICE" A woman sacrifices her own happiness for love of man. He believes the worst.

2—FRANCIS X. BUSHMAN IN DRAMA "THIRTEEN DOWN" Vivaldi says play worth while. In two acts. Strong cast, strong play.

3—HEART-SELIG WEEKLY—Pictorial events over the world.

4—OLD GRAY DAWN OF THE MORNING AFTER—Another clever George Ade play. What a takes place after a night's carousal.

Sunday—"C. O. D." Great Comedy Broadway Star Feature. All-Star Cast. Don't Permit Anything to Keep You Away.

MELVING WINSTOCK

NOTE'S TEXT GIVEN

Germany Insists on Concessions by Enemy.

AGREEMENT IS OFFERED

Reply to American Suggestions Concerning Sea Operations Demands Supply of Raw Materials for Economic Use.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—The official text of the German government's reply to the American note suggesting that a plan to lessen danger to neutral shipping in the war zone was made public here today. It follows:

"The Imperial German government has taken note with great interest of the suggestions of the American Government to do so. Although the president of the British Board of Trade in Parliament declined yesterday to commit his government to the right of American shippers to get dyestuffs, it was declared here today on high authority that the United States would insist there should be no discrimination.

States will insist on its right to get dyestuffs from Germany if England consents to do so. Although the president of the British Board of Trade in Parliament declined yesterday to commit his government to the right of American shippers to get dyestuffs, it was declared here today on high authority that the United States would insist there should be no discrimination.

Floating Mines Withdrawn. "It is in accordance with Germany's wishes also to have maritime war conducted according to rules which without discriminatingly restricting one or the other of the belligerent powers in the use of their means of warfare are equally consistent with the principles of neutrality and the dictates of humanity. Consequently, it was intimated in the German note of the 15th instant that the suspension of the American Government and believe that they can actually see in it a suitable basis for the practical solution of the question which have arisen."

Proceeding for this view the German government have carefully examined the suggestion of the American Government and believe that they can actually see in it a suitable basis for the practical solution of the question which have arisen."

Submarines to Restrict Activities. "Second, the German government would undertake not to use their submarines to attack mercantile vessels of any flag excepting those of the right of visit and search. Should the enemy nationality of the vessel or the presence of contraband be ascertained, the submarines would proceed in accordance with the general rules of international law."

Third, as provided in the American note the restriction of the use of the submarines is contingent on the fact that enemy mercantile vessels abstain from the use of the neutral world-wide flag, and that they do not use the neutral flag as a cover for their activities. It would appear to be a matter of course that such mercantile vessels also abstain from arming themselves and from putting forward the neutral flag as a cover for their activities. Such procedure contrary to international law would render impossible any action of the German Government in accordance with international law."

Fourth, the regulation of legitimate importations of food into Germany suggested by the American Government appears to be in general acceptable. Such regulation would, of course, be confined to importations by sea, but that would, on the other hand, include indirect importations by way of neutral ports. The German government would, therefore, be willing to make the declarations of the nature provided in the American note, so that the use of the imported food and foodstuffs solely by the noncombatant population would be guaranteed.

Raw Industrial Materials Wanted. "The Imperial government must, however, in addition, emphasize having the importation of raw materials used by the economic system of noncombatants, including forage, permitted. To that end the enemy governments would have to permit the entry into Germany of the raw material mentioned in the free list of the declaration of London, and to treat materials included in that list as contraband according to the same principles as food and foodstuffs."

The German government ventures to hope that the agreement for which the American Government has paved the way may be reached after due consideration of the remarks made above and that in this way peaceful neutral shipping and trade will not have to suffer any more than is absolutely necessary from the unavoidable effects of maritime war. These effects could be still further reduced if, as was pointed out in the German note of the 15th instant, some way could be found to exclude the shipping of munitions of war from neutral countries to belligerents on ships of any nationality."

United States Demands Dyestuffs. WASHINGTON, March 4.—The United

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MELVING WINSTOCK

BIG CROWDS SEE 'THE LOVE ROUTE' NOW AT PEOPLES

"The Love Route" is drawing enormous crowds to the Peoples Theater. This great success by Edward Peple, which ran a full season on Broadway, must positively end Saturday, when it will be replaced by that delightful farce: "A Gentleman of Leisure," with Wallace Edgerton.

There are several big features on the way for Peoples' patrons. Next Thursday comes "Ruler of the World," the sensational railroad play, while Sunday, March 14, Elsie Janis, the highest-priced star in photoplay, will be shown.

"The Love Route" is full of punch and ginger. It tells the story of a fight between a young girl and a great railroad. The railroad only wins because little Danny Cupid comes along to help it out.

It is a wonderful paramount picture. One of the most daring scenes is showing the construction of the last links of the railroad by night, an actual scene showing hundreds of men at work.

Portland will delight in "The Love Route." It will remind Portlanders of the great railroad fight in the Deschutes Canyon.

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A Paul Armstrong Play Produced by The World Film Corporation.

A Greater Success Than the Original Play—Striking, Forceful, Wonderfully Dramatic in Story and Action.

Strong temptations come to Lee Randall—alias Jimmie Valentine, ex-convict, in his efforts to go straight for the sake of the girl he loves. He gets his reward.

ANY SEAT 10c

CLUBWOMAN DROPS DEAD

Reform Advocate Expires After Making Appeal to Legislature.

ST. PAUL, March 4.—Mrs. C. C. Higbee, St. Paul clubwoman, social worker and advocate of prison reform, dropped dead at the Statehouse tonight, just after she had made an appeal for a model woman's reformatory before the House committee on state prison and reformatories.

Mrs. Higbee's death, which was due to heart disease, occurred in the House retiring-room, where the committee hearing was being held.

BOMBARDMENT IS WIDER

(Continued from First Page.)

patch from Munich says that Field Marshal von der Goltz, who was sent to Constantinople from Germany to act as the adviser of the Turkish government in military affairs, has telegraphed to the German military headquarters asking for 20 German artillery officers on the ground that they were needed urgently for the defense of the Dardanelles. The Field Marshal received a laconic reply, the dispatch says, stating that the Germans needed their artillery officers, and adding: "Do your best."

ATTACK WILL FAIL, SAYS TURK

Forts Not Yet Reached by Fleet Declared Impregnable.

BERLIN, March 4.—(via London.)—Attached to the Turkish Embassy here, a press officer to be unceremonious regarding the bombardment of the Dardanelles forts by the allied fleet. They declare the fortifications are impregnable, that the landing of troops at the entrance to the straits is impossible and that any attempt to land a force at some point on the coast would require more than the allies can concentrate, leaving out of consideration the strong Turkish forts stationed at all three points.

The Constantinople correspondent of the Frankfurter Zeitung sends his paper an interview with Evered Pacha, chief of the Turkish general staff, as follows: "The action which began February 19 so far has achieved nothing more than heavy damage to some forts at the extreme entrance to the Dardanelles. On the second day the bombardment overturned six guns, killing four men and wounding 14, but on the first day only an observation officer was killed and one man was wounded."

"Of the overturned guns three were again placed in position on the following morning. "The outer fortifications are the oldest in Turkey and their speedy subjec-

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The stenographer in this great feature at the Star learns this—She has a craved fun and excitement—grills, dancing, liquor.

But after that? See "The Hard Road" and learn. At the Star till tomorrow night.

And Three Features.

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Brown & Dolly

Wonderful Dancers in Wonderful Costumes.

STAR THEATER

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THE CORRECTION OF DEFECTIVE EYESIGHT

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