

NATIONAL GUARD MUST SEEK FUNDS

House Passes Measure Providing for Repeal of Appropriations.

TOTAL WIPED OUT \$849,960

Representative Allen's Pleas Fall on Deaf Ears When He Tries to Hold Assembly in Line, but Economy Is Slogan.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Frustration of the Oregon National Guard made an effort in the House today to save the \$70,000 continuing appropriation provided for that organization before the Schuebel bill, providing for a general repeal of all continuing appropriations, was passed and sent over to the Senate.

Although it was plain from the start that the National Guard fund, as a continuing appropriation, would be wiped out if the Schuebel bill carried, members of the Guard made no protest against the measure until just before it was placed on its final reading today.

Representative Allen, of Marion County, who is a member of the Guard, appealed to the House to save the item out of the bill. His pleas fell on deaf ears.

He pointed out that the National Guard fund had been placed on a continuing basis for the purpose of taking the Guard out of politics and urged that by passing the measure in its present form it would be necessary for the officers of the Guard to come back for the Legislature every two years and ask for the money to carry on their work.

The House had had this bill under consideration almost every day for a week and desired to get it out of its way. Representative Allen's pleas fell on deaf ears.

"Let them knock it out over in the Senate," advised several of the members.

"Little chance we have in the Senate," responded Allen.

The measure then passed with only a few dissenting votes.

Among the principal items wiped out by this bill are the following:

Table listing various state departments and their budgets, such as State Fair, Banking department, Board of Control, etc.

The measure, however, continues the following appropriations for experimental stations: Umatilla, \$3,000; Harney, \$750; Southern Oregon, \$5,000; general extension work, \$25,000; Clatsop, \$3,000; Morrow and Sherman, \$2,000.

The bill introduced in the House yesterday by Representative Schuebel requires the Agricultural College to pay for certain work heretofore covered by continuing appropriations out of the funds accruing to that institution under the millage tax.

Among these items are the following: School garden work, \$600; holding institutes and fairs, \$250; investigation of horticultural problems, \$10,000; fixing standard of purity of seeds, \$1,000; investigation of crop pests, \$15,000.

While officials of the State Agricultural College declare that their funds accruing under the millage tax will permit them to do all this work, it is evident that there is a strong movement in the House to pass the bill requiring them to do so.

SCHUEBEL BILL IS HELD UP

Measure on Fish and Game Funds Awaits Action on No. 101.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—For a few days past the House will engage in no further discussion of the plan to consolidate the fish and game funds with the general fund.

This problem, which has taken up so much of the House's time in the last two weeks, was temporarily disposed of this morning when the House adopted a motion to table the Schuebel bill creating a general fund for all the state's finances to lie on the table until bill No. 101, which aims to abolish the State Fish and Game Commission, making the fish warden and the game warden appointive by the Governor, has been acted upon.

SPEAKER'S RULING IS UPHELD

Recess Periods Not to Be Counted as Legislative Days.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Although members of the House draw their pay for Sundays and recess periods, all such days when the House is not in actual session will not be regarded as legislative days, according to the interpretation of the rules adopted by the House this morning.

The Speaker ruled on Tuesday, when an effort was made to reconsider the Schuebel general fund bill, that days while the House is in recess, which should be included in the three-day period limiting the reconsideration of bills. Some of the members took exception, but the chair was sustained.

7 MAY CONSIDER INSURANCE

Senate Would Act on Eight Bills Next Session After Inquiry.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Announcement was made tonight that Governor Withycombe would be asked to appoint a commission of seven persons, one of whom shall be the Insurance Commissioner, to investigate eight insurance bills prepared by ex-Insurance Commissioner Ferguson and report on them at the next session of the Legislature.

MISS TOWNE'S ACT CUT

MEASURE DEFINING CONSPIRACY IS SENT BACK.

Bill Containing Penitentiary Provision Is Deemed Too Severe and Change by Committee Is Suggested.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Jan. 27.—(Special)—Miss Towne's initial bill—a measure making conspiracy against the state a crime—was sent back to the House revision of laws committee today for amendment.

The bill was objected to by many members on the ground that it is too severe, inasmuch as it provides a penitentiary penalty for persons who conspire to commit any crime against the state or any of its political subdivisions if they perform an act to accomplish the conspiracy.

Miss Towne, who had introduced the bill by request, spoke in its defense. She explained that its intent is to enable the state to work hand in hand with the Federal Government, which now has a similar law.

"It has been charged," she said, "that this bill is aimed at the contractors, but this is not the case. While it would affect contractors as well as other persons, no honest contractor can object to it. If it has any bad effect on contractors, it certainly will be good for the state."

"I have heard of paying scandals and I have personal knowledge of a scandal in connection with a school building contract. While I did not originate the bill, I believe it ought to pass."

Representative Lewis opposed it because it provides a penitentiary sentence, and he declared that he will vote for no measure that aims to send persons to the penitentiary.

Representative Herne attacked it, saying it may affect labor unions. Representative Cardwell favored it, but suggested revision to meet the objections of the other members.

SPORTSMEN WIN WINNING

JOHN GILL'S BILL TO CLOSE OREGON CITY FALLS PASSED.

House Makes Mouth of Clackamas Dividing Line in Barring Commercial Fishermen—Vote 45 to 13.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Sportsmen and anglers won today when the House passed Representative John Gill's bill to eliminate commercial fishing in the Willamette River between the Falls and the mouth of the Clackamas River, about one and a half miles north.

Representatives Gill and Olson led the sportsmen in their fight against Representative Schuebel, of Oregon City, whose bill the Multnomah delegation, while Schuebel had the oratorical assistance of Barrow, of Coos; Sam Brown, of Marion, and a few others.

Schuebel accused the "so-called sportsmen" of Portland of being behind the measure and declared that political motives were actuating many who were supporting it. He pointed out that several Representatives who voted against the bill had been re-elected.

Gill made the plea that the operations of commercial fishermen in the Willamette have deprived the state of a natural asset in the salmon that annually go up that stream to spawn and that the capture of these salmon before they are able to spawn prevents the State and Federal Government from getting sufficient eggs to supply their hatching. The measure was carried by 45 to 13.

As originally introduced the bill would have closed the Willamette to the seine fishers from the falls to the Oswego bridge, a distance of about six miles. The amendment placing the "dead line" at the Clackamas was proposed by the Fisheries Commission as a compromise, but the Oregon City Representative refused to accept it.

CENSUS IS DONE AWAY WITH

Bill Passes Senate and Awaits Governor's Signature.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—House bill No. 101, by Dillard, to repeal the law requiring a decennial census, was passed by the Senate today and is ready for the Governor's signature. Secretary of State Olcott suggested repeal of the law, announcing that the census was of no value and that abolishment would save the state \$100,000 this year.

This being the year for taking the census the bill repealing the law carries an emergency clause.

Dimick introduced a bill in the Senate making the same provision, which was passed four days before the Dillard bill was passed by the House. It was indefinitely postponed in the House and the Dillard measure was passed.

Dimick urged passage of the Dillard bill to put an end as quickly as possible to the census law. All Senators but Kellaher voted for it. The Multnomah man, in casting his negative vote, saying:

"I vote no because of the discourtesy shown by the House to Senator Dimick in the Senate in killing our bill and substituting this one."

"Painless Parker" Plan Bobs Up. STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Two bills introduced in the House by Representative Paisley, of Washington County, served to remind legislators of the "dentistry bill" campaign before the November election.

ALL OREGON TAKES PART GAME WAR

Delegations From Portland and Other Sections of State Plead at Salem.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Protection and propagation of the fish and game of the state was urged before the joint House and Senate committee on game tonight by delegations representing sportsmen and farmers and from the Willamette Valley and the several districts of Western Oregon came various groups from divers walks of life.

FIGHT WAXES OVER FUNDS

Farmers Against Sportsmen Who Resist Turning of Fees Into State's General Purse—All Sides Argue at Salem.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Protection and propagation of the fish and game of the state was urged before the joint House and Senate committee on game tonight by contending interests and from many opposing angles and for many apparently conflicting purposes.

From Portland came a special trainload of sportsmen, including anglers and hunters, from Eastern Oregon came delegates representing sportsmen and farmers and from the Willamette Valley and the several districts of Western Oregon came various groups from divers walks of life.

The sportsmen from Portland urged protection, so that the game may be preserved as a natural asset of the state and made to yield a revenue. The farmer wanted protection on the ground that they furnish the food that nourishes the game and that they are entitled to some of its benefits.

Each of the other classes of citizenship sought this same protection in a different manner. The committee heard before it two Senate bills and four House bills, covering every angle of the fish and game subject.

The speakers talked in a general way about the Schuebel bill now in the House, providing for abolition of the Fish and Game Commission as at present constituted and the appointment of the master fish warden and the master game warden by the Governor.

This measure also contemplates the transfer of the fish and game funds now raised by fishing and hunting licenses, into the general fund. The sportsmen vigorously, consistently and unitedly opposed this plan. The farmers generally commended it.

The side of the hunters and fishermen was presented at the outset by A. E. Gebhardt, an attorney of Portland. He has followed by Senator Lewis of The Dalles and by L. E. Schanno, a merchant of the same city. Gus Neeberg, an attorney of Medford, presented the views of the Southern Oregon people and presented petitions, letters and telegrams from the sportsmen, merchants and some farmers in that section, praying that the fish and game funds be left undisturbed.

Present System Upheld. Lester W. Humphreys, of Portland, appeared as the spokesman of the Portland Anglers' Club and of the Oregon Sportsmen's League. He said he aimed to correct the misunderstandings of the farmers and others supporting the Schuebel bill that the sportsmen are proceeding on the theory that because they furnish the food for the fish and game in the state belongs to them. He called attention to the fact that the system of prosecuting violations of the game law, which which stems some of the farmers have complained, actually pays a revenue to the counties of the state in which the prosecutions are made.

A. E. Sawyer, County Treasurer of Douglas County, urged a continuation of the present system, under which, he said, the game animals have multiplied rapidly.

Protest against the methods of the professional sportsmen was advanced by A. R. Shumway, a farmer of Milton. He urged the Idaho and George L. Baker, of Portland, were among the others who presented the views of the sportsmen and urged maintenance of the present system.

Among the prominent residents of Portland in the party tonight are A. L. Mills, George L. Baker, I. N. Fleischer, Henry W. Metzger, Julius L. Meier, Lester Humphreys, Joseph Paulsen, Charles F. Berg, W. F. Finley, W. F. Backus, George W. Joseph, A. L. Barbur, M. J. Kinney, Felix Friedlander, Marshall N. Egan, Dor E. Keasler, Elliott R. Corbett and H. B. Vanduser.

LABOR REGTES WANTS

LEGISLATORS HEAR FEDERATION'S STAND ON MEASURES.

Abolition of Employment Agencies and Creation of State Bureau One of Proposals.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—In a session held by the conference of the State Federation of Labor in the House chamber tonight, E. J. Stack, Portland, outlined for the benefit of the members of the Legislature the state officials present the legislation which the conference had gone on record as favoring during the session in Salem. The proposed legislation was:

The referring of a constitutional amendment to the people providing that no Legislature could change or alter laws passed by the people under the power given them by the initiative and referendum.

The restoration of the employers' liability law to its original intention by making both the employer and the contractor liable instead of merely the contractor.

Making 18 years the minimum age for drivers of motor-driven vehicles in cities of 4000 or more.

The establishment of a public labor exchange and the abolishment of licensed employment bureaus.

Retaining the workmen's compensation act in its present form with the

BACKS TO TAKE CASCARETS FOR BOWELS TONIGHT

No Headache, Constipation, Bad Cold or Sour Stomach by Morning.

Get a 10-cent box. Sick headache, biliousness, coated tongue, head and nose clogged up with a cold—always trace this to torpid liver, delayed, fermenting food in the bowels or sour, gassy stomach.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system and reabsorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will surely straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist means your head clear, stomach sweet and your liver and bowels regular for months.—Adv.

exception of making a more diversified classification of rates.

The passage of a bill providing for the construction of lateral roads before that of main highways.

Making it compulsory to put paper bags inside of cement sacks for the protection of cement workers from dust.

Doing away with the property qualification for voters in school elections. Passage of a bill providing one day's rest in seven.

All these recommendations will be included in a memorial to the Legislature. Among the speakers who took up various phases of these recommendations for discussion were:

H. J. Lorenson, Alameda C. C. Conner, a farmers delegate from each Farmers' Union; S. Wortman, Portland; Mrs. A. Bowland, Portland; Fred L. Bourne, Portland; W. S. U'Ren, Oregon City.

Representative Allen Eaton, Eugene, announced that he would introduce a bill, probably tomorrow, for the establishment of a state bureau of employment to relieve the labor situation in the state. The election of officers will be taken up by the Federation tomorrow morning.

LIQUOR BATH REQUIRED

AFFIDAVITS MUST PRECEDE DELIVERY OF SHIPMENTS.

Dry Bar Minors and Common Drunkards—Whisky Not Allowed if Person Uses Quota of Beer.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—A person to obtain liquor through a common carrier, if a restriction agreed upon by the House committee on alcohol tonight for incorporation in the proposed liquor law becomes effective will have to make affidavit that he is 21 or more years old and not a common drunkard. He also will be required to take oath as to the quantity of liquor contained in the package.

The provision requires that County Clerks furnish the common carriers with blank affidavit forms. The agent of the company must swear the consignees, tell the contents and file the affidavits with the County Clerks. They shall be put in the records while in the custody of the agents of the carriers as well as when turned over to the Clerks. The affidavits must be returned to the County Clerks before the fifth of each succeeding month.

It is further provided that the name of the company making the shipment and the receiving party must be stated in the affidavit. The latter restriction is to prevent persons from having liquor delivered at more than one place. The restrictions apply to persons obtaining liquor from drug stores for medicinal, mechanical or sacramental purposes.

It developed tonight that the common carriers provided for in the liquor law to be obtained through common carriers smaller than was at first supposed. This provision says a person may obtain a permit to transport a common carrier two quarts of spirituous or vinous or 15 quarts of malt liquor in 30 days, or four consecutive weeks. He may get only the stipulated amount of one kind of liquor, and not all kinds.

The amount is less than the Washington law, which it was thought Oregon would adopt. The law of that state permits a permit to receive from a common carrier two quarts of spirituous or vinous and 12 quarts of malt liquors in 20 days.

The restrictions made tonight as to the affidavits for the agents of the carriers administering the oaths and the affidavits becoming public records are regarded as the most severe clauses of the law.

NEW HOUSE BILLS INTRODUCED

Numbers 217 to 264 Presented at Morning Session.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—The following bills were introduced in the House this morning:

H. B. 247, by Barrow—Fixing qualifications for school electors.

H. B. 248, by Barrow—To punish intoxicated persons on public streets.

H. B. 249, by Sam Brown—To provide method for building highways.

H. B. 250, by Barrow—To give persons who improve land for owner lien on property.

H. B. 251, by railways and transportation committee—To provide for construction of railroad tracks.

H. B. 252, by W. O. Smith—Giving courts authority to fix temporary county seat.

H. B. 253, by Forbes—Fixing rates for distribution of water on Tumalo project.



Oh, what does it mean, what DOES it mean? If you will wait until tomorrow night, all will be realized.

Commerce, Silver Lake Water Users' Association, of Silver Lake, La Pine Commercial Club, and the Bend Commercial Club.

ONE-CHOICE SYSTEM OPPOSED

Bill Aims to Change Method of Electing National Delegates.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—Representative Kuehn, of Polk, is preparing to introduce a bill in the House changing the present law that limits the choice of voters to one choice in selecting delegates to the National political convention.

Under the present law an elector may vote for only one candidate, although 10 candidates are elected by each party. This system, it is pointed out, enables any certain element within a party to center its strength upon one man and divide the delegation. There has been much objection to this law from many sources and representative Kuehn's bill is to meet these objections.

Estacada Students to Give Play.

ESTACADA, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special)—The young people of the Estacada High School will present their annual play, entitled "The Elopement of Eliza."

PROVISIONS FOR THE ARMY IN THE FIELD.

Importance of Keeping Body Well Nourished.

In time of war, the greatest effort is always made toward cutting off the enemy's base of supplies. It is the well-nourished soldier who fights the strongest and live the longest and contribute most to human progress. Is your stomach doing its duty—does it convert food into good blood and tissue?

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been so successful in the treatment of indigestion, that thousands of former sufferers over their good health of today to its wonderful powers, and testimonials prove it.

He does not work in the ordinary way. His schemes are awful and ghastly. He must be a scientist gone awry.

Notice is hereby given that a notorious criminal is at large in this city. He is the author of a score of crimes, particularly fiendish in the methods employed. He has completely eluded the police, for he has no clue as to his identity, except a mark of a clutching hand, by which he has come to be known. His ways are peculiar, his motive for activity being undefinable. He turns up anywhere—attacks anybody. He goes from a palace to a lowly hovel; from a little child to an old lady. The beautiful woman is not beyond him, nor the strong one.

Beware! the CLUTCHING HAND is Loose—

Notice is hereby given that a notorious criminal is at large in this city. He is the author of a score of crimes, particularly fiendish in the methods employed. He has completely eluded the police, for he has no clue as to his identity, except a mark of a clutching hand, by which he has come to be known. His ways are peculiar, his motive for activity being undefinable. He turns up anywhere—attacks anybody. He goes from a palace to a lowly hovel; from a little child to an old lady. The beautiful woman is not beyond him, nor the strong one.

Women! Lock your doors! Men! Do not go out unprotected. The "Clutching Hand" is worse than any criminal of the last century for here the favorite pursuit is murder.

Rewards are offered for the detection and arrest of the "Clutching Hand." Send all information to

THE PEOPLE'S NATIONAL SAFETY LEAGUE