

FIGHT RAGES OVER FALLS FISHING BILL

Sportsmen and Commercial Interests Clash Before Committee at Salem.

PORTLAND ANGLERS HEARD

Representative Schuebel, of Oregon City, Champions Present Open River—Warden for Act. Decision Waits.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—Game fishermen of Portland and commercial fishermen of Oregon City indulged in a long-drawn-out verbal battle before the House committee on fisheries tonight.

Each side was well represented tonight. From Portland came a delegation consisting of Lester W. Humphreys, Walter F. Backus and H. B. Vanduser. Backus spoke for the measure. Oregon City was represented by John Albright, Charles Gette, John Erickson, Ed Ricker, Charles Eby and Amy Magson.

R. E. Clanton, Master Fish Warden, spoke in support of the bill, but emphasized the statement that he is not representing the interests of the sportsmen.

Killing of Sport Alleged.

"The present law destroys all game fishing in the Willamette River," declared Mr. Humphreys. "When the season opens on May 1, the net fishermen come up from the Columbia River and take out all the salmon in the course of three or four nights. The records show that on the first night after the season opened last year, the net fishermen took out 84 tons, on the second night 57 tons, on the third night 25 tons and on the fourth night 13 tons. On the following nights there were few fish left.

He argued in favor of the bill on the ground that it will enable the salmon to go up over the falls to spawn, thus providing eggs for propagation of the salmon industry, and further, that by leaving the river open for game fishing tourists would be attracted here annually in great numbers, thus leaving much money in the state.

"If you are going to let those fellows go in there with nets," he said, "you might as well take down all the bars and let them go in with dynamite."

Only Three Fish Caught. Mr. Humphreys said he made ten trips to Oregon City last year and caught only three fish on each trip.

"You had better come to Tillamook," advised Tom Handley, a member of the committee from Tillamook County. Mr. Backus attacked the argument of the Oregon City fishermen, who contend there is plenty of time for game fishing in the Willamette before the commercial season opens May 1.

He said that water conditions and weather conditions make the sport unsuccessful during March and April. He said at least some of the commercial fishing in the state is to be done in the open season on the banks of the Columbia River. Mr. Clanton replied that the Willamette River is the only natural spawning ground for the chinook salmon.

"I can't believe," said Mr. Schuebel, stepping down from the platform upon which the committee was sitting, and taking his place on the floor, "that fellows who fish with nets below the falls take away all the fish.

"Why, a year ago last summer I went out below the falls in a boat after the season was closed, and the salmon were so thick that had they remained still I could have walked across the river on their backs."

Canners Want Medium. T. A. Seifert and other cannerymen spoke briefly, urging the Legislature to reach a medium between the present law which permits seine fishing with 100 feet of net, and the bill which would drive the commercial fishermen below the Gwageo bridge.

The cannerymen, they reported, have manifested their desire to develop the salmon industry by offering to pay 50 per cent more in license fees.

H. J. Barber, wholesale fish dealer of Portland, opposed the bill on the ground that the people of Oregon are unable to get chinook salmon from any source other than the Willamette at the falls.

Representative Schuebel presented the case of the Oregon City commercial fishermen and the people of that city generally. He declared that even the sportsmen of Oregon City favor the present law, that they have all the hook and line fishing they want under the law.

"You talk about your sportsmen," he declared, "but not one of them is sportsman enough to go down into his pocket for a 5-cent piece to help along the fishing. They always want the other fellow to do it. I am against robbing the men who depend upon the fishing business at the falls of their living. If the sportsman wants exercise and recreation that he talks about let him go and take a run around the block."

Protest Is Read. He then read a report signed by a committee of Oregon City business men who protested against the bill. The committee consisted of T. W. Sullivan, O. D. Eby, E. E. Brodie, Joseph E. Hedger, Mayor Linn E. Jones and M. D. Latourrette.

The fisheries committee reached no decision on the question, but took it under advisement. They will be required to report on the bill at their next meeting which will be held.

SCHUEBEL BILL MAY PASS Anti-Lobbying Measure Due Out of Judiciary Committee Today.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—It is probable that the Schuebel anti-lobbying bill will be reported out of the House Judiciary committee tomorrow with a recommendation that it pass.

This will prohibit lobbyists from operating in Salem while the Legislature is in session. They will be required to register when they come here, stating whom they represent and for what purpose they are interested in proposed legislation.

The Huston anti-lobbying bill doubtless will be withdrawn, as its provisions are embraced in the one offered by Mr. Schuebel.

Columbia Fishing Gets Attention. STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—Representative Cobb today introduced in the House a proposed concurrent resolution providing for the appointment of a joint committee of senators and Representatives to confer with a like committee from the State of Washington on legislation affecting the fishing industry in the Columbia River.

SPORTSMEN OPPOSE DIVERTING OF FUND

Plan for Abolition of Fish and Game Commission Is Denounced by Many.

PRESENT METHOD UPHELD

Money Paid for Licenses Should Be Used in Interests of Those by Whom It Is Paid, Say Prominent Portland Men.

POLICE CHIEF ACCUSED

ROSEBURG SOCIALIST CAUSES ARREST ON ASSAULT CHARGE.

I. W. W. Denied Jury Trial, Denounces Court, Defies Officers and Is Dragged Away to Jail.

ROSEBURG, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—Alleging that he was beaten and choked by the officers when he protested against the arrest of a number of Industrial Workers of the World here last Saturday night, George Church, a prominent Roseburg Socialist, today caused a warrant to be issued for the arrest of T. J. Williams, Chief of Police.

Mr. Church, the officers charge, interferred with them when they attempted to arrest James Morgan, an I. W. W. speaker, on a charge of using profane language. Mr. Church denies that he interferred in their acts, and contends that he simply questioned the right of the police to kick and otherwise misuse the I. W. W. member.

The officer entered a plea of not guilty and his trial has been set for Friday. It will be held in the State Court before a jury.

Morgan, when arraigned today in Police Court and denied a trial by a jury because he did not deposit \$5 with the record, became abusive and declared he would appeal to the Constitution of the United States, which, he asserted, granted a jury trial to any defendant. As a result Morgan was committed to jail for contempt of court. Morgan challenged the officer to lay hands upon him, whereupon he was dragged down the aisle to the jail.

Three other Industrial Workers entered pleas of not guilty and will be tried separately Thursday. They were released from custody on bail furnished by Mr. Church. Seven Industrial Workers were dismissed, after being apprised that they would not be allowed to speak on the business streets of the city. They promised to leave the city.

The trial of Mr. Church on a charge of assault has been set for Thursday. He has engaged counsel and will fight the case.

Woman Stops Husband From Using Tobacco

An Ohio Wife Broke Her Husband of the Tobacco Habit With a Recipe She Gave Secretly.

She Tells What She Used.

A well-known Ohio woman, whose husband has been a heavy user of tobacco for years, broke him of the habit by the use of a simple home recipe that she gave secretly. She very gladly told what she used but requested that her name should not be made public, as her husband does not know why he quit using tobacco. She said: "The recipe is inexpensive and can be obtained from any drug store, and given secretly or with the patient's knowledge. To 3 oz. of water add 20 grains of muriate of ammonia, a small box of Varlex Compound, and 10 grains of pepsin. Give a teaspoonful three times a day at meal time, in the form of coffee, tea or milk. This recipe is perfectly harmless and has no color, taste or odor, and will be found effective for the tobacco habit in any form."—Adv.

Woman Stops Husband From Using Tobacco

that result from the activities of a fishing and hunting fraternity. The 160 members of the revolver club will endorse this statement, and are strongly opposed to abolishing the Fish and Game Commission and to the plan on foot to divert the funds obtained by license fees from the separate fish and game fund into the general fund.

Commission Is Defended.

George L. Baker—I believe funds received through license fees should be placed in a separate fish and game fund. The separate fish and game fund, the fishermen believe, is the one who are paying this money and they should benefit directly. The Legislature is too busy considering other matters to give thought to the fish and game needs. The administration of this work should remain with the Fish and Game Commission, whose members are more familiar with fish and game conditions.

C. D. Bruum—The Fish and Game Commission should be retained. If we had to rely upon each succeeding Legislature for an appropriation matters would always be in an uncertain state and probably the department would not receive its just share. I think it would be a severe mistake to abolish the Commission and I think the proposed meddling with the administration of funds is entirely out of order.

"Change Would Be Mistake." R. W. Schmeier of United States National Bank—I believe it would be a mistake for any step to be taken to abolish either the separate game fund or the system of administering it through a commission, for the reason that the fund is created through the money paid in by hunters and sportsmen, for the purpose of protecting and propagating fish and game, and if it were diverted into the general fund, there would be danger of its being dissipated. I believe that a commission appointed for the purpose of handling the fund and the fund should be devoted to the purpose for which it is raised.

L. N. Fiedschner—I am in favor of the present system of handling the funds provided for fish and game protection and propagation. The money is raised for that purpose and should be put aside for that purpose alone. If its administration depended upon the Legislature, instead of a commission, there would be danger that the public generally doesn't appreciate the commercial profits and benefits

sufficient funds for the work. The present system of keeping the fund separate and administering it through a commission for the purpose only for which the fund was created is a good system and in my opinion should not be changed.

"Fund Should Be Kept Distinct." Lapsing Stout, of the Hibernia Savings Bank—I am most firmly opposed to any move toward the abolition of a Fish and Game Commission and am with equal firmness in favor of keeping the game fund distinct from the general fund, as it is now. To turn the fund into the general fund would create great danger of its never being entirely used for the purpose for which it was raised.

Dr. C. E. Stoltz—The present system appears to me as the most feasible that can be devised for the administration and handling of the game fund and I am in favor of keeping the fund separate as it is and administering it through a commission as heretofore. Lloyd Smith, of Campbell-Smith Company—The method by which the fund is raised should make it clear that it should be kept distinct for the purpose for which it is created. I am in favor of keeping the fund and the method of administering it as they have been heretofore.

Lane Salary Cut Passed. STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—A bill introduced by Sena-

Here's Your Gain

Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overcoats at January Clearance Prices

Not a few, but the entire stock of new Fall and Winter styles and fabrics at ONE-FOURTH OFF. The earlier your selection the better the assortment.

- \$15.00 Suits and Overcoats, \$12.00
 - \$20.00 Suits and Overcoats, \$15.00
 - \$25.00 Suits and Overcoats, \$18.75
 - \$30.00 Suits and Overcoats, \$22.50
 - \$35.00 Suits and Overcoats, \$26.25
- Blues and Blacks Included

3 Great Furnishing Specials

\$3.00 V-Neck Wool Sweaters \$1.00
Sweaters for everybody, no one should be without a Sweater when you can get a bargain such as this. There's all colors and combinations, in all sizes from 34 to 48. Colors: Blue, red, gray, brown and black, some trimmed with colored border. Regular \$2.00

\$2.50 Broken Lines Fine Wool Underwear \$1.00
Not a big line to choose from, but it's the biggest sale ever offered in Fine Wool Underwear. Colors: Blue and white mixed, pink and white mixed; athletic neck and regular. Our regular \$2.00 grade at, per garment.

\$3 G. & M. Fancy Underwear \$1.50
This is our regular stock. The famous G. & M. two-piece Silk Lisle Underwear, in fancy weave, pink and white, blue and white, at a special clearance, regular \$2.00, per garment.

Sam'l Rosenblatt & Co. The Men's Shop for Quality and Service. Northwest Corner Third and Morrison

tor Bingham, providing that the salaries of County Commissioners in Lane County be reduced from \$5 a day to \$3 a day, was passed by the Senate today. The Senator said that the cost of the Commissioners in his county was about three times that of adjoining districts.

SENATE BILL FLOW CONTINUES Levy Limit for Taxes in Several Districts of Oregon Asked.

STATE CAPITOL, Salem, Or., Jan. 19.—(Special.)—The following bills were introduced in the Senate today:

S. B. 57, by Perkins—To establish state athletic commission and regulating boxing and sparring in state.

S. B. 58, by Perkins—Requiring issuance of certificate of public convenience and necessity prior to beginning of new construction by public utilities.

S. B. 59, by Dwyer—To amend section 2473, Lord's Oregon Laws to provide for signing of initiatives and referendums petitions at places named by County Clerks and in presence of officer appointed by them.

S. B. 60, by Dwyer—Authorizes special election to vote on all measures enacted by the 28th Legislative Assembly.

S. B. 61, by Dwyer—Provides that no recall petition may be filed within 60 days of a general or city election unless such recall election can be held on the same day of general election.

S. B. 62, substitute for S. B. 10—Regulating the practice of embalming.

S. B. 63, by Perkins—Relating to the manner of having repairs and improvements made by school districts of the first class.

S. B. 64, by Perkins—To provide for county high school tuition fund and its distribution in districts entitled to the fund.

S. B. 65, by Perkins—Providing that school boards in districts of first class may levy school taxes.

S. B. 66, by Perkins—Making the corrupt practice act apply to school elections.

S. B. 67, by Perkins—Authorizing deposit of school funds in banks and trust companies.

S. B. 68, by Perkins—Relates to election of school directors.

S. B. 69, by Perkins—Provides for exemption from taxation of all lands leased by any school district for use for school purposes.

S. B. 70, by Moore—Act to prohibit compulsory vaccination.

S. B. 71, by Langwith—Repealing section 7534, Lord's Oregon Laws.

S. B. 72, by Langwith—Providing that women may sit on juries.

In Riverside, Cal., a woman who was convicted of stealing rose bushes from a private estate was told to take her choice of a sentence or restoring the bushes. She chose to restore the bushes, and under the direction of the Court, planted 50 rose bushes along the side of the road near the estate.



Victrola VI, \$25 Oak

The Victrola is the ideal instrument for the home. It is all the musical instruments of the world—all the great singers and stage entertainers combined.

It furnishes music for any and every occasion—for any and every mood. No musical instrument in the world lends itself so well to every occasion. The possession of a Victrola in one's home is a constant source of enjoyment and education as well.

Do not deprive yourself and family of the world of entertainment which the Victrola affords. Visit our Victor Department and select the style you like best. If you wish, we will arrange terms to suit your convenience so that you can enjoy the instrument while paying for it.

Ideal music lessons for your children—hearing the world's best music on the Victrola.

This wonderful instrument educates as well as entertains. There are Victors and Victrolas in great variety of styles from \$10 to \$200—hear them at any Victor dealer's.

Victor Talking Machine Co. Camden, N. J.



Victrola XVI, \$200 Mahogany or oak

Steinway Weber and Other Pianos

Sherman, Clay & Co.

Morrison at Sixth Opposite Postoffice

Pianolas