FOR LABOR DESIRED

Commissioner Walsh Says Balance of Power Is Matter of Concern to State.

CONFLICTING VIEWS GIVEN

Federal Investigator Looks to Electorate to "Take Into Its Own Hands What Really Is Its Own Affair."

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 23,-"We want peace in American industry, but we do not want peace at any price," said Frank Walsh, chairman of the Fedeval Commission on Industrial Relations in an address before the City Club today, in which he commented on the labor situation in Colorado. "We want peace to rest on those

primal rights that are the basic reason for government. A settlement of the Colorado difficulty on any other basis than the happiness and the rights of man, I will always protest."

Mr. Walsh painted a vivid picture of
Mr. Walsh painted a vivid picture of
gaining of the industrial situation, its
intricacies and its imminent dangers.

Law Itself Implies Unrest. "Our recommendations will amount to little, the facts we assemble will amount to much," he said. He pointed out that the law which created the commission implied the existence of

of American schools a leader in a militant labor organization.

"He blandly declared that in defense against what he termed the 'violence of capitalism,' "explained Mr. Walsh, "he would have no hesitancy in blowing up the great marble courthouse in that city to gain one strike. There he stood, unafraid, unashamed and glad to say what he did. He had no thought of the possible loss of human life, of violence to American institutions, of the Constitution and the guarantees given to honesty and thrift.

To end to development under the legislative programme recommended by Secretary Lane and indorsed by President Wilson in his last message to Congress. He declared this policy would deprive the public lands states states of the West of the taxes with which to build themselves up. Vast portions of those states, he said, were held by the Government and under a leasing system only the Federal Government would profit by their development:

The Governor insisted there was danger either of the exhaustion of coal or the monopoly of the water power

"Scarcely had the horror of his state-ment passed from his hearers when a man, bearing the marks of honesty, who for 40 years had dealt with the men of organized labor and dealt fairly with them, came on the stand. He said he know labor organizations yielated he knew labor organizations violated contracts at times, but that for every contract violated by the men, ten con-tracts had been violated by organiza-

Facts Concern Commission. "We are concerned," Mr. Walsh as-serted, "in the fact that thousands of

Cotton exports for the week of De-cember 19 amounted to 286,315 bales.

SLAYER OF 2 SURRENDERS West Virginia Fugitive Near Col-

lapse From Exposure.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Dec. 22.—In a state of collapse from fatigue and exposure, Mat Jarrell, alleged slayer of a Deputy Sheriff and a 9-year-old boy at Oakley last night, surrendered late today to the authorities of Boone County and was placed in fail at Madison.

Deputy Sheriff Nance was killed instantly in a revolver duel with Jarrell, whom he attempted to arrest for drunkenness. Bullets from Jarrell's revolver struck Henry Ratcliffe, 9 years volver struck Henry Ratcliffe, 9 years old; Mrs. Josephine Wines and Belle Adams. Ratcliffe died today.
The women are wounded seriously. Jarrell, sentenced to serve six months for "pistol toting," was paroled recently by Governor Hatfield.

GIRLS FIGHT WITH SLAYER

(Continued From First Page.) III. He was released from the police III. He was teleased from the police stockade, where he served a brief term for larceny, only three weeks ago. Oxnam said his father was a minister in San Francisco just before the fire of 1906. Later he was paster of a Methodist church at San Diego, after which he went to Birmingham, where he is said to have died a year ago.

Youth Carries I. W. W. Card. The boy has been here only a short time and said he had known Witt, who admitted planning the robbery of the Alexander home, only since last Friday. Witt carries a card of the Industrial Workers of the World and Oxnam said that while both were attending a street meeting on the east threatened Filipino uprising.

side of the city last night the elder man proposed the robbery.

"We entered the Alexander home through a side window," said Oxnam, in his statement to the police tonight. "One of us made a noise which aroused Mrs. Alexander. She thought it was her son and called his name. Then Mr. Alexander got up and turned on the lights. I drew a revolver. He shot. Then I shot. His bullet struck me in the leg. My first bullet struck his father, who fell. I fired a second bullet, which seemed to hit young Alex-

let, which seemed to hit young Alexander. Then I ran."

Witt entered the rooms as Oxnam disappeared. Young Alexander grappled with him and they fought their way out into the hall, where the two Alexander girls came on them. The girls entered the fray and were besting Witt entered the fray and were beating Witt with their hairbrushes and trying to prevent his escape when Oxnam appeared. One of the girls hit Oxnam several times on the head.

On entering the Alexander home the two burglars removed their shoes.

On entering the Alexander home the two burglars removed their shoes. These were found by detectives later. Oxnam returned to his room at an apartment-house in Temple street, Witt followed, arriving at the room about 2 o'clock. A woman, observing his unshod and battered condition, reported to the police and within half an hour they were under arrest as confessed burglars and murderers. Witt is held under a charge of murder because he confessed to planning the crime and confessed to planning the crime and was with Oxnam when Mr. Alexander

COLORADOANS SAY WEST NEEDS TAXES FOR DEVELOPMENT.

Private Ownership of Water Power Declared Best System for Development of Resources.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 22.—Governor An amendment offered by Representative Adamson to give the states absolute control of prohibition under Colorado, appeared today before the Senate public lands commission to oppose the passage of the pending water power site leasing bill, public hearings on which will be concluded by the com-

Mr. Walsh told the story of two witnesses, one following the other, who appeared before the commission at Paterson, N. J. One, he said, was a young man, an American, the product of American schools a leader in a militant labor organization.

or the monopoly of the water power if the states were left to care for the regulation of their industries. Colorado alone, he added, had sufficient coal to supply the world for 300 years at its present rate of consumption.

contracts at times, but contracts at times, but contracts had been violated by organizations of employers, his associates.

"What I am opposed to,' he testified, is the coming in of outside agitators.

"He was asked to pass on what was violence to law and order and who were undesirable agitators. He held to his views as deliberately and as coolly as the young man who would blow up the Courthouse to gain a single strike.

"What safeguards have we more imthose which safeguard happiness?"

"What lam opposed to,' he testified, should provide that at least of the revenues from these resources of the vestate involved.

Mr. Carlson agreed with all Governor Ammons said and added that many years of experience had shown conclusively that private ownership was the only system under which the resources of the West could be developed. What the West needed, he said, was liberal laws and regulations that would encourage settlement.

in House in Detail.

The fact that thousands of people today are occupying cold and dismail camps because of an effort, the first that thousands of people today are occupying cold and dismail camps because of an effort, the first that the proceeding the people today are occupying cold and dismail camps because of an effort, the first that the procedent people to compare the people today are concerned, too, in the destruction of millions of dollars worth of the primal products of the earth of the primal products of the earth of the primal products of the earth that the procedent of the primal products of the earth that the procedent of the primal products of the earth that the procedent of the product of the earth that the procedent of the product of the earth that the procedent is the procedent of the product of the earth that the procedent is the product of the product

Copley (Ill.), Lafferty, Stepher otal, 4. Grand total for resolution, 197.

Conicy (III.), Lafferty, Stephens, (Cal)—
Conical, 4 conic for resolution, 197.

Assanst the Recolution.

Democrata—Addir. Aller, Ageval, Balley, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Carlian, Ageval, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Barrier, Barriett, Bathrick, Beakes, Barrier, Barrier,

Hobson Amendment Has Majority, but Fails of Two-Thirds Necessary.

VOTE IS TAKEN AT NIGHT

otes on Several Amendments Pre

(Continued From First Page.) galleries. Speaker Clark repeatedly ad-monished the spectators to maintain

Lack of Two-Thirds Conceded. Although advocates of the Hobson esolution freely predicted that it would eccive a majority vote, many of them, neluding Mr. Hobson, had conceded at the start that the resolution would not receive the two-thirds vote necessary or its adoption.

Before the final roll call, Representa-

tive Hobson presented an amendment, which was adopted, giving to "the Congress and the states concurrently" the power to enforce the prohibition by needful legislation.

Mann's Amendment Defeated.

Representative Mann presented an amendment to submit the prohibition amendment to conventions to be called for that purpose. He argued that by this plan the members of the conven-tions would be elected on the direct issue and the question would be brought more directly before the pe ple than if it was submitted to the state Legislatures. Representative Hobson opposed this, declaring it would "place obstacles in the way of the adoption of the amendment." This amendment was defeated, 137 to 193, on a rising vote. On a rollcall the resolution was declared defeated by a vote of 178 to 210. The advocates of the Hobert production was declared to the Hobert production was declared to the Hobert production of the Hobert production was declared. of the Hobson resolution generally lined up against the amendment.

"Absolute Prohibition" Rejected amendment presented by Another coal to supply the world for 300 years at its present rate of consumption.

The policy under which Governmental departments have dealt with the resources of the Western states for years was attacked by the Governor as unfair and unjust

years was attacked by the Governor as unfair and unjust. Any new measures exchange between Mann and Hobson, which might be enacted, he declared, Representative Morrison's substitute to prohibit interstate commerce in intoxicating liquors was defeated, 213 to 41. As a vote was ordered on the resolu-

tion itself, Representative Hobson made a final dramatic move. Hobson's Final Move Dramatic.

"Mr. Speaker," he said, "I wish to ask whether any member of this House ask whether any member of this house who has a financial interest in the question now pending, who owns stock in distilleries or breweries, who owns a saloon or who has property leased to liquor interests, can under the rules of Government spies, with every township to the country under surveil.

vote on this question?"

The Speaker explained that the precedents held that if a member was affected as one of a class, the rule would not prevent his voting, but that such questions were usually left to the member himself.

Representative Henry, of Texas, opened the debate by saying he would

not satisfactory," he said, "let us amend it. What we seek is a scientific remedy for a deep-scated scientific organic distinal Prohibitionists. If they are both case. We see a disease which is de-bauching our youth, through the Na-right, but if they are both for you, you tional organized liquor traffic, in its can be sure you're wrong."
search for profits. And we seek a remedy."

"I won't say there was between these two element

efficient unit in the enforcement of a prohibition law." serting

eral interference.

Representative Underwood said the Democratic leadership in the House was in favor of meeting the issue with a states.

clared. 'In prohibition Georgia there were 800 cases of bootlegging last year; in non-prohibition Alabama only 300. Prohibition does not prohibit."

Effectiveness of Law Denled. Representative Kahn, of California,

of men by writing words on the statute books to be enforced by the club of Government authority."

Representative Vollmer, of Iowa, declared the prohibition movement was a "wave of hysteria" and that the amendment would destroy \$4,000,000,000 worth of property.

"These people denounce all who make liquor," he said, "forgetting George Washington, the brewer: Thomas Jefferson, the distiller; Abraham Lincoln, the barkeeper, and even Jesus Christ of Nazareth, who, according to my Blble, turned water into wine at a wedding. And that wine was not grape juice, for it was made to add to the festivity of that occasion and grape juice would have given little satisfaction to those wedding guests, who were used to something with a stick in it. Grape juice never added anything to a wedding or wake."

Right of States Asserted. Representative Henry declared that during the debate preceding the passage of the Webb bill to prevent the sion of the state prohibition laws, prohibition leaders urged the retention of the police powers of the various states.
"This question is one which must be left to the individual state," Mr. Henry said "and I venture to predict that after this amendment is voted on here today the question of prohibition will not appear on the floor as a National Issue for 20 years. I love my country, but I will never support a constitu-tional amendment that will send a

orde of Federal spies, satraps and in-ermeddlers into Texas." Representative Heflin, of Alabama, referred to the success of state con-trol of liquor traffic in Alabama and argued vigorously against rendering to the Federal Government the re-served powers of the states. Representative Bartholdt, of Mis-souri, defended the saloon as an insti-tution declaring that he know of se-

tution, declaring that he knew of sa-loons "where a gentleman would not hesitate to take his wife and daugh-"Liquor is charged with all the ills

to which humanity is helr," he said.
"The charge is not true." Other Causes of Evil Mentioned. He presented figures and authorities designed to show that other causes were to blame for a large share of

were to blame for a large share of poverty and crime.

"You cannot cure the demand for drink by cutting off the supply," he said. "If all the liquors in the country were destroyed the demand would force men to make their own spirituous liquors."

Representative Gordon, of Ohio, said:
"The people of Ohio are better able
to settle the liquor question for themselves than the people of all the other
states are able to settle it for Ohio." "Talk about protecting state rights," said Representative Quinn, of Mississippi; "what we want to do is to protect the rights of society. The question is whether you will stand with all the forces of evil or whether you will join those who are trying to sid the programmer. those who are trying to aid the prog-

ress of civilization."

Representative Seldomridge, of Colorado, advocating the amendment, warned members that they would be confronted by their votes on prohibition in the campaign of 1916.

"The liquor question," he said, "is no longer a religious question. It is now a political and economical problem."

State's Hights Waived by Texan. Representative Garrett, of Texas, asserted that even as an ardent supporter of states' rights, he was willing for Texas to give up the right to manu-facture and sell liquor.

"We are willing to join you people of the North to destroy the liquor traffic, and yet you raise the question of state rights. Every man who goes into the liquor business goes in it with full knowledge the state reserves the right to stop his business; and right to stop his business," said he.

Mr. Mann indorsed the argument that
any further surrender of police power
by the states to the Federal Govern-

Indiana Drinker for Resolution "They'll tell you that everybody who opposes the Hobson resolution is a bad man, and everyone who supports it Representative Cantrill, of Kentucky.

"I think this is the most intemperate measure that has come before the House for years," he said.

Representative Hobson, author of the resolution, spoke supporting the rule. He said more than 6,000,000 people had petitioned Congress for the submission of the amendment.

"If the details of this resolution are." "Twe been in fights before against liquor in 12 days than those 45 men do in 12 years. "Twe been in fights before against

"I won't say there was co-operation between these two elements in getting this resolution before the House, but will say that there was a most sus-Representative Pou, of North Caro-ina, speaking against the rule, said: "I believe we are lighting the fires seeking, not a common, but the same seeking, not a common, but the same result."

Representative Hobson took the floor

shortly before 9 o'clock to make the concluding speech in support of the amendment. He argued particularly against the Morrison amendment, asserting that Congress already had all of the authority which that measure sought to confer.

States to Have Final Decision. Mr. Hobson declared the supporters

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Dec. 22.—
Judge Sturgiss in the Circuit Court today issued injunctions restraining the
Baltimore & Ohio Railroad and the
Wells-Fargo Express Company from
delivering in West Virginia shipments
of intoxicating liquor originating out-

side the state.

The decision is based on the Webb-Kenyon Federal act and the Yost stateopposed the amendment.

"You cannot accomplish by law what Christ came on earth to do," he said.
"You cannot put good into the hearts to the Supreme Court. Store Open Tonight From 6 to 9



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1 set, 12 volumes, cloth\$30-00 1 set, 12 volumes, 3/4 leather\$75.00	\$ 7.95 \$18.95	l set Dumas , 4 volumes, 3/4 levant	\$89.50
1 set, 6 volumes, 3/4 leather \$20.00 1 set, 12 volumes, cloth \$35.00	\$ 6.95 \$11.95	1 Set <i>Motley</i> , 17 volumes, 3/4 levant	\$29.95
FRANKLIN—		levant\$75.00	\$19.95
1 set, 10 volumes, cloth \$25.00 GAUTIER—	\$ 6.95	1 Set Library Classics, buckram\$35.00 3 Sets Library Classics, 3/4	\$ 9.95
4 sets, 12 volumes, 3/4 leather \$36.00 2 sets, 12 volumes, cloth \$30.00	\$ 9.95 \$ 7.95	leather	\$14.95
1 set, 7 volumes, cloth \$30.00	\$ 8.95	1 Set Macmaster's History of	\$22.45
HAWTHORNE— 3 sets, 8 volumes, 3/4 leather\$30.00	\$ 7.45	U. S., cloth	\$11.95
1 set, 12 volumes, cloth \$30.00 3 sets, 24 volumes, cloth \$65.00	\$ 7.95 \$17.45	2 Sets Tain's English Litera-	\$ 9.95
1 set, 24 volumes, 3/4 leather\$75.00	\$23.95	1 Set Maeterlinck's Essays,	\$ 1.79
2 sets, 20 volumes, cloth \$60.00 1 set, 20 volumes, 3/4 leather \$80.00	\$19.45 \$27.35	8 volumes, 3/4 levant	\$16.00 \$16.00
MONTAIGNE— 1 set, 10 volumes, cloth\$45.00	\$11.15	4 Sets Hawthorne, 14 volumes, in case, cloth\$15.00	\$ 4.95
SCOTT— 1 set, 12 volumes, ½ calf\$84.00	\$19.95 \$14.25	1 Set Poe, 17 volumes in case,	\$27.75
1 set, 25 volumes, cloth\$40.00 1 set, 12 volumes, 3/4 leather\$35.00 1 set, 25 volumes, cloth\$40.00	\$11.95 \$14.25	1 Set Shakespeare, 10 volumes, 1/2 calf\$25.00	\$,9.95
SUE— 1 set, 10 volumes, cloth\$25.00	\$ 7.95	1 Set Les Miserables, 2 volumes, ½ calf	\$ 2.19
THACKERAY— 2 sets, 10 volumes, 3/4 leather\$40.00	\$11.95	1 Set French Revolution, 3 volumes, ½ calf\$ 6.00 1 Set Lorna Doone, 2 volumes,	\$ 2.95
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ROUSSEAU 3 sets, 4 volumes, cloth\$20.00	\$ 6.45		\$ 2.95
	~		THOIS

Sipman Wolfe & Ca.

usual amount of labor. The skin loses its clearness, and pimples, blotches and other eruptions appear.

Hood's Sarsaparilla makes pure blood. It is positively unequaled in the treat-ment of scrofula and other humors, catarrh, rheumatism, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, that tired feeling. Be sure to

a seaside resort and Whitby a fishing village. Both are absolutely unde-fended. Their bombardment took place without the slightest notice and churches seem to have been especially singled out for attack."

Catholics to Aid All Prisoners.

warding to the Catholic bishops in the belligerent countries the Pope's instructions regarding prisoners of war. Included in these instructions is an admonition that assistance must be given to prisoners irrespective of their religion, nationality or language.

ROME, Dec. 22.—Cardinal Gasparri, Buenos Aires province, Argentina, has 3.the papal secretary of state, is for098,250 acres sown to wheat.

Christmas Dinner

will be admirably served here on Christmas day

All of the old-time viands will be eaten -all of the old-time traditions observed

> \$1.50 five-thirty to eight

Jane Burns Albert & John Claire Monteith will sing

Music by the Portland Hotel Orchestra, directed by Herr Waldemar Lind,

The Portland Hotel G. J. Kaufmann, Manager