

BRITISH SERIOUSLY EXPECT INVASION

Home Defenses Organized in Belief Germans Will Make Desperate Attempt.

WORK DONE ON BIG SCALE

Military Experts Regard Excursion as Wholly Possible, for Purpose of Causing Panic and Keeping Army at Home.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Notwithstanding the conclusion formed by the imperial committee of defense some years ago that an invasion of England would be an impossibility while the British fleet remains in being, invasion by Germans is now considered a distinct possibility.

Both the government and the inhabitants of the seacoast counties are preparing actively to meet a landing of hostile troops. The military preparations have been conducted on a large scale since the beginning of the war.

Home Army Organized. The home army, which is commanded by General Sir Ian Hamilton, who carries a broken wrist as a souvenir of the Boer war, has for its special function the repelling of an invasion.

Desperate Excursion Feared. Military experts consider it wholly possible that the Germans may make a desperate excursion on the British coast, even with the expectation of losing a large proportion of their men, for the moral effect of the presence of an invader would have in throwing the population into panic and preventing the War Office from sending troops to reinforce the fighting line in France.

The home army has been operating with a view to being prepared to meet such demonstrations. Several thousand laborers have been employed digging trenches and making other defensive works on strategic lines behind the eastern and southern coasts.

What citizens may do to defend their homes against an invader within the recognized rules of warfare has become a burning question within the past few days.

A meeting was held in Guild Hall in London this week to hear from Lord Desborough, well-known as the foremost amateur sportsman of England, a statement on the part of the Central Association of Volunteer Training Corps for promoting the military training in spare time of men ineligible for service in the regular army.

The Lord Mayor, the Duke of Norfolk, the Duke of Devonshire, Sir Arthur Conan Doyle, J. G. Wells, the author, several members of the House of Commons and retired army officers took part.

Lord Desborough said that the War Office is of the opinion that there was a force of nearly a million men serving up their spare time to drill. Sir Conan Doyle said that those who were too old to join the army would be of no use to the country unless they had some rudimentary knowledge of the rifle.

Elders Strongly Desire to Serve. The Duke of Norfolk, the Premier Duke of the kingdom, said: "The intense desire to serve the country on the part of those too old to join the army should be recognized. It is a far-reaching calamity that might follow an invasion must be borne in mind, and unless we are to submit our hands the movement must be encouraged."

Lord Desborough said he hoped there would be a regiment of many battalions in every county, under the disposition of the Lord-Lieutenant, who would act under orders and advice from the military officer commanding the district.

It is possible that the German army would refuse to recognize the bodies as soldiers, as they refuse to recognize the civil guard of Belgium. A red armband stamped with the letters "G. R." (Guerre Reserve) is proposed as the insignia for the volunteers, and it is a debated question whether that would constitute a distinctive mark of a belligerent demanded by the usages of civilized warfare. The membership of the rifle clubs and other bodies now belonging to the volunteer corps is reported to be about 250,000.

Scotland Admits Probability. Surprising military and naval preparations have been and are still being made along the east coast, particularly in Berwickshire, Haddingtonshire and Fife, says the Edinburgh correspondent of the Daily Mail, in discussing the threat of German invasion. "In Scotland the probability of a German raid is freely admitted, but beyond a few officials in each of the big towns who have been taken into the confidence of the War Office and pledged to secrecy, no one is able to give exactly the precise state of affairs."

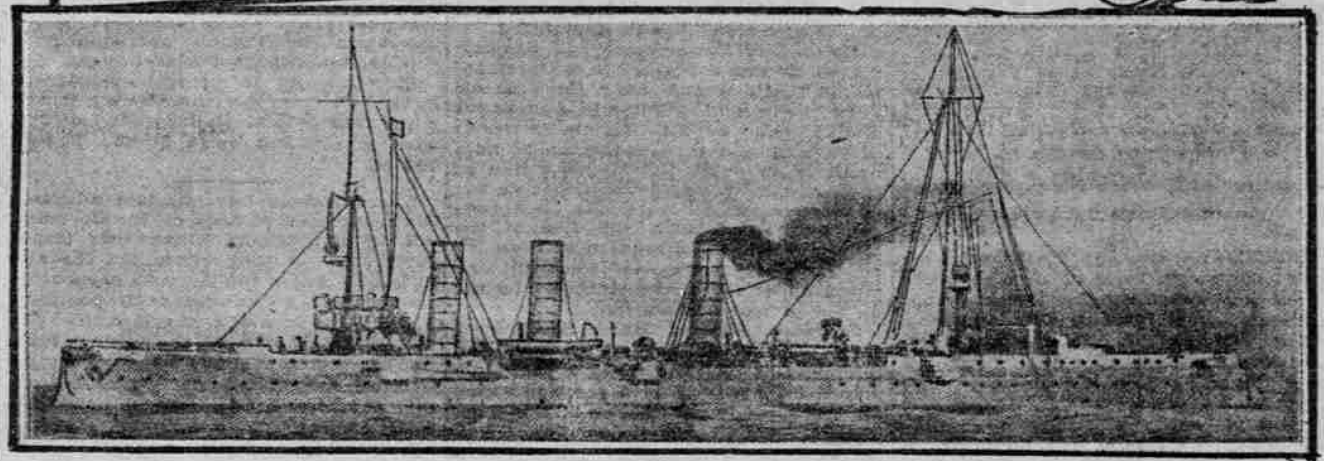
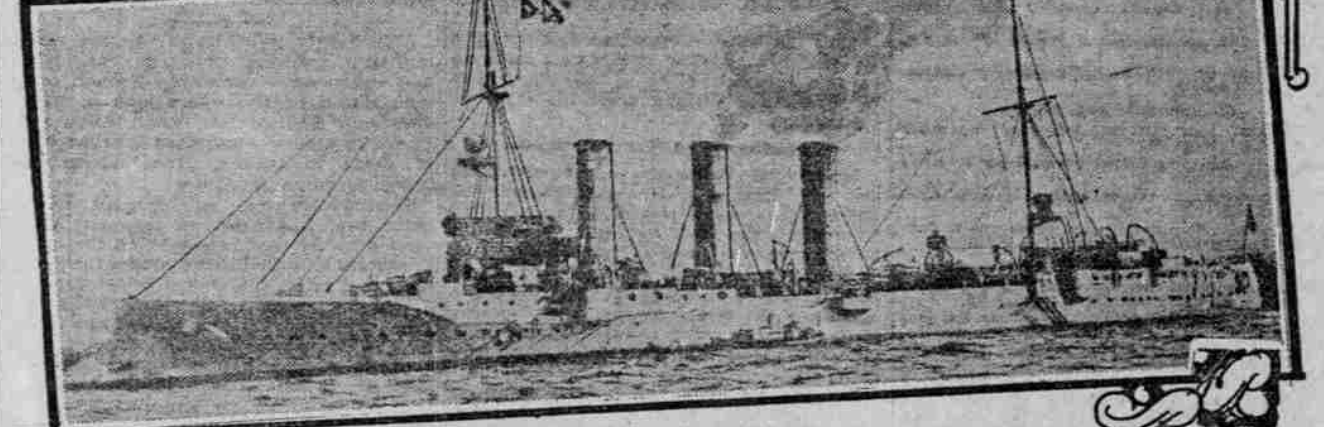
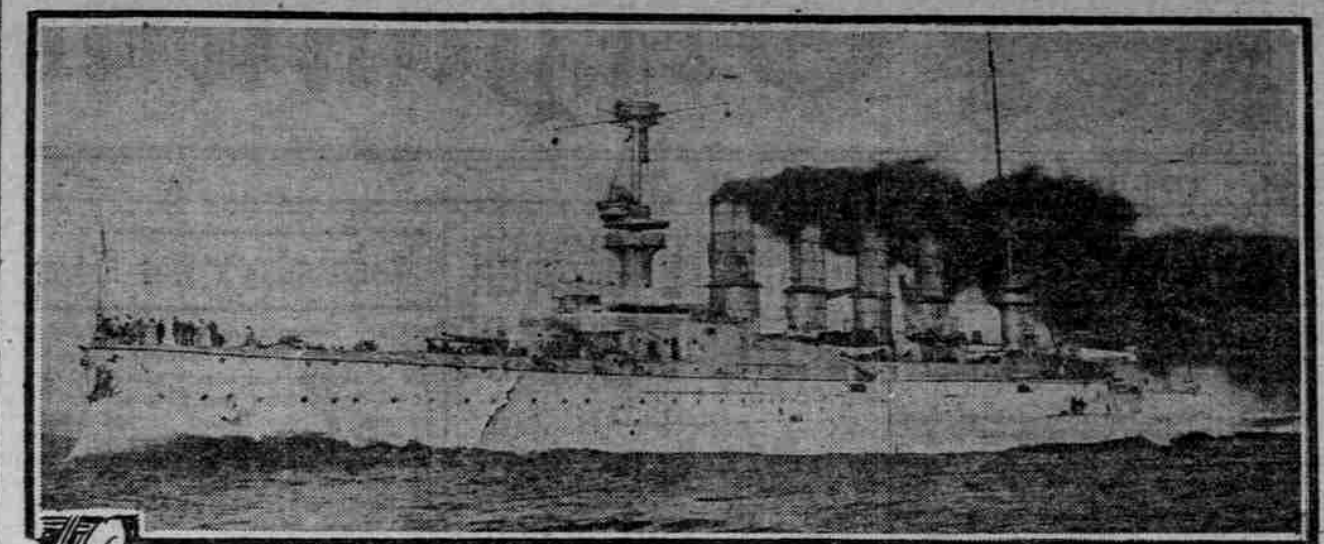
"In Scotland, as in England, there is a desire to know how the inhabitants are to act in the case of German landing. The provost of Kirkcaldy, speaking as a private citizen, feels that civilian defense corps should be organized."

The Lord Provost of Edinburgh holds the view that civilians should not take up arms against the invaders. "Let them stay in their homes," he has said. "They will be told what to do if the necessity arises, but I do not think there is any more chance of invasion today than there was six weeks ago."

The authorities at Leith, North Berwick, Dunbar and Berwick-on-Tweed have prepared instructions to be given to the population in case of an invasion.

East Side Votes for Aldermen. MARSHFIELD, Or., Dec. 9.—(Special.)—At the city election at the East Side yesterday G. M. Bailey, L. G. Meeks and J. C. Stecker were successful as Aldermen. C. T. Keating, Recorder, and S. McGriff as Chief of Police.

GERMAN SHIPS SUNK IN ACTION, THEIR COMMANDER, WHO PROBABLY IS LOST, AND ONE VESSEL OF TWO WHICH ESCAPED.



Above, Armored Cruiser Scharnhorst. (The Gneisenau Was an Exact Counterpart of the Scharnhorst). Next Below, Admiral von Spee, Fleet Commander, Who Probably Went Down With the Scharnhorst. At Right, Map Shows Route of German Fleet From Tientsin, Hong Kong and Moupin to Valparaiso Until It Encountered Enemy's Fleet, Losing Three Vessels. Next Below, Cruiser Leipzig, Which Was Destroyed, and At Bottom, Cruiser Nürnberg, Which Escaped.

BRITONS WIN AT SEA

Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Leipzig Sunk in Battle.

VICTORS' LOSSES SMALL

Dresden and Nürnberg Escape and Are Being Pursued, but London Believes Destruction of Fleet Will Be Complete.

(Continued From First Page.)

lie, and until his name was mentioned it was believed that Vice-Admiral Sturdee was serving in home waters. The fact he was taken from the post of chief of the water staff is indicative of the determination of the British government to clear the Pacific and South Atlantic of all German warships. It is believed, therefore, that the British commander is at the head of a formidable squadron.

In addition to the Dresden and Nürnberg only one German warship—the Karlsruhe—is now unaccounted for in those waters, although there may be one or two armed merchantmen which the allies have not rounded up.

As the Scharnhorst and Gneisenau each carried a complement of 765 men, the Leipzig 258, the Nürnberg 322 and the Dresden 261, the total German loss is estimated at not far from 2000 men, although the actual losses to the Dresden and Nürnberg cannot yet be known.

The Scharnhorst and Gneisenau were the largest ships of the German fleet. They were sister ships of 11,600 tons displacement, 450 feet on the water line, and were rated at a mean speed of 22 1/2 knots. Each was armed with eight 8.2-inch guns, six six-inch guns, 20 two-pounders, four machine guns and four torpedo tubes.

The Leipzig and a displacement of 2350 tons and carried 286 men. She was 341 feet long on the water line, had a beam of 28 1/2 feet, and was rated at 23 knots. Her largest guns, of which she carried 10, were 4.1-inch. She also had 10 one-pounders, four machine guns and two torpedo tubes.

Admiral Count Von Spee, commander of the German squadron, was aboard the Scharnhorst, which was his flagship.

SANTIAGO, Chile, Dec. 9.—The re-

ports received here of the sinking of the German cruisers Scharnhorst, Gneisenau and Leipzig by British warships off the Falkland Islands say that two other German cruisers engaged in the battle were badly damaged.

FIVE SHIPS LONG AT LARGE Battle, However, More Than Evened Up Score of Sea Raiders.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 9.—When Britain declared war on Germany, the cruiser Leipzig was lying at anchor in the harbor of Maatani, alongside the British sloop of war Algerine; the Nürnberg was on her way from San Francisco, where she had called July 20, to Honolulu, and the Gneisenau, Scharnhorst and Dresden, with the Emden, were at the German naval base of Tientsin-Tau.

The story of how they finally concentrated in strength sufficient to defeat Sir Christopher Cradock, of Coronel, Chile, is full of twists and turns.

On August 17 the Leipzig appeared in San Francisco, sailed and called the next day, cleared for action. She turned south and was next definitely heard from when the British tanker Elaine was sunk by her off the coast of Chile, September 11. On October 1, came word of another prize, this time the British freighter Bankfield, also sunk off the coast of Chile.

In the meantime the Emden, the Scharnhorst and Gneisenau had escaped being bottled up in Kiau-Chau Bay by the Japanese. The Emden turned to the Indian Ocean and the China Sea, where her career as a commerce destroyer was of perhaps unparalleled brilliancy. She was sunk by the Australian cruiser Sydney, finally, off the Cocos Islands.

The Nürnberg, taking for her field the Mid-Pacific, made no prizes, ran out of coal and was next reported at Honolulu, where she put in early in September, and cleared before dawn the next day. She was not idle, however, for shortly there came word that the cable station at the Fanning Islands had been destroyed, cutting communication between Australia and the American continent.

Almost at the same time, the Gneisenau and Scharnhorst raided the French settlement at Papeete, wrecked the town and did damage estimated at \$1,000,000 in a bombardment lasting only a few minutes, sank the dismantled French gunboat Zelle, and sailed away again without landing a man. This was on September 26.

Another blank space followed, but it had given the Germans time to rendezvous somewhere in the Southern Pacific and when Sir Christopher Cradock sailed round the Horn to meet them, they had the advantage in speed and metal and sank him with two of his ships, the Good Hope and the Monmouth.

Yesterday's battle more than evened

up the score. There is not now a German warship in the Pacific.

3 GERMAN MERCHANTMEN SUNK Either British or Japanese Ships Met Off Terra Del Fuego.

BUENOS AYRES, Dec. 9.—Three German merchantmen were sunk by British or Japanese warships off the coast of Terra del Fuego, the southernmost extremity of South America, last Sunday, according to advices just received here.

The information was contained in a wireless dispatch to the ministry of marine from the commander of the Argentine war transport Piedra Buena, Francisco, where she had called July 20, to Honolulu, and the Gneisenau, Scharnhorst and Dresden, with the Emden, were at the German naval base of Tientsin-Tau.

The ownership of the two others was not given, but the commander of the Piedra Buena reported that one of them had a yellow funnel with a black ring around it.

AID OF AIR SCOUT CREDITED Steamship Officers Tell of Having Seen Aeroplane at Sea.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 9.—The British squadron sent in pursuit of German commerce destroyers operating off South America was aided in its search of the vessels by an air scout, in the opinion of officers of the Colon, a vessel plying between New York and Panama, and owned by the United States Government, as told in mail advices reaching here today from Colon.

HOSPITAL TRAIN WRECKED Derailment Kills 52 Wounded on Railroad Near Aachen.

LONDON, Dec. 10.—Advices from Vise, Belgium, to the Exchange Telegraph Company, by way of Amsterdam, say that a train of 40 carriages conveying wounded, on the line between Gemmenich and Aachen, was derailed yesterday, killing 52 and injuring a large number.

Every carriage was badly damaged and some were destroyed.

Majestic THEATER

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY ALICE JOYCE

In the One Million Dollar Jewel Production, "The Theft of the Crown Jewels"

The Jewels worn by Miss Joyce in this production are valued at \$1,000,000 and were specially loaned to Kalem by Lebolt & Co., Fifth Avenue, N. Y. Miss Joyce's gown was designed by "Lucille" (Lady Duff Gordon), the famous modiste, and cost \$3000.00.

"Hearst-Selig Weekly" Showing the wrecking of the steamer Hanalo off San Francisco. Actual scenes of thrilling rescues and lifesavers battling with the waves; also remarkable scenes of Army and Navy football game, Philadelphia.

"Who Goes There" An Adaptation of the Famous Play by H. A. DU SOUCHET, Featuring WALTER E. PERKINS as "TOPPY"

COMING SUNDAY "THE THIEF" BY HENRI BERNSTEIN

Played by DOROTHY DONNELLY (Creator of Madam X), RICHARD BUHLER and an all-star cast. Miss Donnelly in this production wears \$5000 worth of gowns.

10c-ADMISSION-10c

EX-CONSUL MAY DIE British Court Convicts Naturalized German of Treason.

Nicholas Ahlers, Accused of Helping Reservists to Return Home, Says He Ceased Activities When War Began.

LONDON, Dec. 9.—Nicholas Ahlers, former German Consul in Sunderland Borough, was convicted today by the Durham Assizes of high treason and sentenced to death.

PEACE PROPOSAL OPPOSED Minister to Holland Advises America to Await Invitation.

PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 9.—Peace in Europe will be obtained only through justice, according to Henry Van Dyke, United States Minister to The Netherlands, who received a hearty welcome here tonight when he spoke in Alexander Hall. He urged strict neutrality, and expressed the hope that the United

States would not submit a proposal of peace "when it would only make some of the nations madder and madder."

LIBSON-LONDON PACT MADE Two Governments Enter Into Significant Arbitration Treaty.

LONDON, Dec. 9, 9:15 P. M.—An arbitration treaty between Great Britain and Portugal has been signed in London. The treaty, which is for a period of five years, is of special significance, as it emphasizes in the preamble in the following words: "Being desirous of confirming by a further solemn agreement the friendship alliance which happily has existed for so long a period between them and of eliminating so far as is possible from their relations everything which might impair or weaken that friendship alliance, the signatories have agreed to the submission of questions in dispute in the terms of the articles of this treaty."

Death May Be Escaped. That Ahlers probably will escape the extreme penalty is indicated by a statement issued by the Official Press Bureau. This statement says that the death sentence was the only one the judge could pronounce, according to the law on conviction of high treason, but

—A Politz Garment has something in the cut and the hang of it there is completely lacking in others. And that something is the dynamic quality which in men and clothes is called

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PEOPLES THEATER

The Leading Photo-Play Theater, West Park and Alder.

THREE MORE DAYS The Big Success. DAVID BELASCO'S GREATEST PLAY.

The Rose of the Rancho

11:30 A. M. to 11:30 P. M. Daily. 10c-ADMISSION-10c

COMING SUNDAY. The Ghost Breaker The Big Broadway Success.

STAR THEATER

Washington and Park Sts. Starting Today, 3 Days Only

Called Back A 4-act Drama of Italy's Fight to Be Free. From the Famous Novel.

The Livestock Show Motion Pictures of Animals Now at Portland Stockyards.

BILLY'S CHARGE A Children's Comedy and Story of a Faithful Dog.

11 A. M. to 11 P. M. 10c-Admission-10c

Coming Sunday "THE CONSPIRACY" Great 5-Act Detective Drama.

Manning's Coffee

35c Coffee

Manning's Coffee Store Jones' Market Fourth and Alder

When you feel a Gold coming on think of Laxative Bromo Quinine Cures a Cold in One Day

It acts as a tonic-laxative and removes the cause of all colds and also "relieves the feverish conditions and headache which are usually associated with colds."

Colds cause Headache, Neuralgia and Grip — Laxative Bromo Quinine removes the cause. This remedy is better than the ordinary Quinine as it combines the tonic and other properties of Quinine, with a laxative and can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or ringing in the head

As excellent remedy for Coughs and Colds. Relieves the Cough and also the feverish conditions and headache, which are usually associated with colds. The second or third dose will relieve the Cough and Headache and will move the bowels well within 8 or 10 hours, when the cold will be relieved. In treating colds it is very important that the bowels should move well every day. This preparation moves the bowels gently without griping, and arouses the liver and all the secretions to action. Directions—Adults take two tablets 3 or 4 times a day. Children take one tablet 3 or 4 times a day. Tablets are in a box of 100. For headache, take 2 tablets every 3 or 4 hours until relieved.

—but remember there is Only One "Bromo Quinine"

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