



VICTORY IN POLAND RUMORED IN BERLIN

Russians Jammed With Bad Roads in Rear.

RETREAT MAY BE CUT OFF

Official Germany Silent; Petrograd Claims Gains.

CZAR CONCENTRATES ARMY

Poor Condition of Highways and Lack of Railroads Now Declared to Have Been Overcome—Battle Raging in Carpathians.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—The correspondent of the Telegraph in Petrograd, reports the capture of Gumbinnen, in Northern East Prussia, by the Russians.

Gumbinnen, 60 miles southeast of Koenigsberg, is the capital of the government district of the same name. Its population is about 15,000.

BERLIN, via Rome, Nov. 22.—Apparently no decision has been reached in the great eastern battle, which is being fought in the territory between the Warthe and the Vistula rivers, although Berlin is filled with rumors of a great victory. No authentic private information is available. The official reports continue to register a succession of tactical successes which may form the basis for a decisive victory.

General von Hindenburg and Archduke Charles Francis of Austria seem to have accepted battle along a line highly favorable strategically to pressing home a central attack against the enemy.

Russians Jammed on Bad Roads. The roads in the Russian rear are in a wretched state, the Germans having accomplished a thorough job of destruction on their retirement. The Russians are jammed together on three sides and are hampered greatly in bringing up supplies.

The military critic of Vossische Zeitung considers the Austro-German situation as extraordinarily favorable and declares it gives ground for hope that the Russian may be cut off entirely from a line of retreat. He says that the success which the Germans claim near Czenstochowa is particularly encouraging, as it relieves the situation on the Silesian frontier.

Austrians Hold Carpathians.

The Austrian reports say that the Carpathian passes are being held strongly against the Russian advance. An official communication today by the German general army headquarters says:

"In the eastern war theater the situation remains unchanged. In Poland we are still fighting for victory. The fighting south of Plock and at Czenstochowa continues."

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The German column between the Warthe and Vistula rivers, in Poland, according to today's official reports from Russian Poland, which are contained in Petrograd dispatches, comprises six army corps and presents a front 55 miles in extent.

Flanking Move Impossible.

The two rivers prevent the flanking by either side, says one dispatch, hence the fighting is of straight frontal attacks in which the losses of both armies are heavy, but neither side so far has been able to gain a marked advantage.

The Germans, according to Petrograd military observers, cannot advance further in this region, since the Russian concentration, which was delayed by bad roads and by lack of railroads, now is complete.

The following official report from the Russian general headquarters was issued in Petrograd, tonight, and was contained in the dispatch:

"The fighting between the Vistula and the Warthe continues with great persistence. We have obtained some partial success.

2000 Prisoners Captured.

"The fights on the front of Czenstochowa-Cracow have resulted in no essential changes. We have taken 2000 prisoners and some machine guns.

"In Galicia, the Austrians have evacuated Novy-Sandez under the pressure of our troops."

The following official Austrian communication was received here today:

"We and our ally continue our attacks successfully in Russian Poland. Several counter attacks by the enemy have been repulsed. So far the Austro-Hungarian troops have captured 15,000 prisoners.

PEACE POSTERS IN BERLIN

Demands Placarded About City at Night but Are Torn Down.

LONDON 3:03 A. M., Nov. 23.—The Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail says he learns from Berlin that placards are posted nightly in the suburbs of the German capital demanding peace and containing threats.

The police tear the posters down, but they always appear next night, says the correspondent, and the authorities do not seem anxious to catch the offenders for fear of drawing further attention to the peace agitation.

ZEPPELIN HANGAR IS ATTACKED FROM AIR

BRITISH ATTEMPT DARING RAID AND ALARM GERMANS.

Repulse Is Successful and One Aviator Gives Battle Single Handed After Being Brought Down.

FRIEDRICHSHAFEN, Germany (via Berlin, The Hague and London), Nov. 22.—Elaborate precautions which the Germans have taken for an emergency were responsible for the failure of the raid of three British aviators who yesterday swooped down on this city to drop bombs upon the Zeppelin balloon works.

Anti-aeroplane cannon and machine guns adapted to high-angle fire defeated the accomplishment of the daring exploit and succeeded in bringing down one of the hostile machines and putting the others to flight.

The presence of the British airman above Constance at 2 o'clock was announced to the authorities at Friedrichshafen by telephone. When the airman appeared at Friedrichshafen the anti-balloons and the machine guns immediately opened fire. The Englishman circled above the balloon hall for some time and dropped six bombs, two of which came so near the building as to cause a tremor of apprehension among those watching the novel combat. Two other bombs struck houses in the city, damaging them severely and killing a man and wounding a woman.

One of the flyers then made a fearless attempt to cross the hall at a height of only a quarter of a mile. Bullets from the guns mounted on the tops of buildings, however, pierced the aeroplane's gasoline tank, causing the fuel to escape and forcing the pilot to attempt to glide to earth. On the descent of the machine the airman, a Lieutenant of the British royal naval air service named Briggs, threw two or three more bombs at the hangar, but they missed their mark and did no damage.

The Lieutenant, on reaching the ground, defended himself with a revolver, but was captured after receiving a slight wound in the head. The spot where the aeroplane landed was only 200 feet from the Zeppelin hall.

The other aviators rose to a great height and disappeared across Lake Constance. The wounded man is being treated at a local hospital.

GERMAN FLEET PREPARES

Decisive Action in North Sea Near, Say Fishermen.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—"Messages from North Holland say that unusual activity prevails in the North Sea," says a dispatch from the Exchange Telegraph Company's correspondent at The Hague. The telegram continues:

"Fishermen who daily cruise near the German waters say that the German fleet is preparing for decisive action in the North Sea. Prince Henry of Prussia was at Emden yesterday for an inspection of the torpedo and submarine craft."

LATE CAPTIVES ARE 13,000

Austrians Report Serbs Taken and Admit Strong Resistance.

VIENNA, via Amsterdam and London, Nov. 22.—An official announcement issued by the Austrian general staff today says:

"In the Southern war theater powerful Austrian forces have crossed the Kolubara River but the Serbians are resisting in several well chosen fortified positions.

"Our patrols in the last two days captured 2440 prisoners. The number of Serbians captured since November 9 totals 13,000."

PARIS THEATERS TO OPEN

Part of Receipts to Be Devoted to Relief of Distress.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The French government has authorized the reopening of theaters and concert halls on condition that part of the receipts be devoted to the aid of the soldiers and to relieve distress. The programmes and audiences will be strictly supervised. Only moving picture houses and concert halls heretofore have been open.

The time for closing the restaurants has been extended from 9:30 o'clock to 10 o'clock.

CRACOW POLES IN FLIGHT

Fifty Thousand Flee to Escape Being Shot, Says Report.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—The military governor of the Austrian fortress of Cracow has published a decree, says a dispatch from Rome to the Havas agency, warning civilians that if they do not quit the city they will be corralled and shot.

As a result of the ordinance, the dispatch adds, 50,000 Poles took immediate flight in all directions, adding their sufferings to those of the Galician refugees.

RUSSIANS MINE BLACK SEA

Sailings at Night Are Forbidden From Many Harbors.

PETROGRAD, via London, Nov. 22.—It was officially announced today that the Russian littoral of the Black Sea has been mined in many places for a distance of 60 miles out from the coast.

Ships are absolutely forbidden to sail at night in or out of Russian ports on the Black Sea, through the mouths of the rivers Dnieper and Bug and in the Gulf of Kertch.

TURKISH SOLDIERS REACH SUEZ CANAL

Heavy Losses to British Reported.

ENEMY IS NEAR PORT SAID

Nine-Hour Battle Is Fought Along Persian Boundary.

GUNBOAT HAS EXPLOSION

Commander of British Forces Is Reported Wounded—Rebels at Port Said Flogged by Authorities After Riots.

LONDON, Nov. 23.—Reuter's Constantinople correspondent in a dispatch sent by way of Berlin gives the following official Turkish statement:

"The Turkish troops have reached the Suez Canal. In fighting near El Kantara the British suffered heavy losses and took to flight."

El Kantara is a port on the right bank of the canal about 25 miles south of Port Said.

Nine-Hour Battle Reported.

The Amsterdam correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company says: "A heavy battle lasting nine hours occurred on November 18 along the Suez-el-Arab River (this river empties into the Persian gulf and forms part of the boundary between the Persian and Turkish dominions) between British and Turkish troops. The British losses were heavy. Captured British soldiers declare that the wounded included the British commander."

British Gunboat Is Struck.

"One shot from the Turkish gunboat Marmaris hit a British gunboat and caused an explosion. Details are not yet available."

BERLIN, Nov. 22 (via wireless to Sayville, N. Y.).—The British authorities, after suppressing a riot at Port Said, at the entrance of the Suez canal, flogged the rebels.

TURKS MURDER CHRISTIANS

Three Killed and Stores Pillaged at Trebizond, Says Report.

PARIS, Nov. 22.—According to a Havas agency dispatch at Athens from Constantinople today, a large part of the Turkish garrison at Adrianople has been transported to Trebizond, Asiatic Turkey, where the soldiers have pillaged the stores of Christians.

Three Christians are reported to have been killed.

INDEX OF TODAY'S NEWS

The Weather.
YESTERDAY'S—Maximum temperature, 52 degrees; minimum, 36 degrees.
TODAY'S—Occasional rain; southwesterly winds.

War.
Kaiser perfects plans for invasion of England, Page 1.
German victory in Poland is rumored in Berlin, Page 1.
Turks reach Suez Canal; British losses reported heavy, Page 1.
Russians admit discovery of revolutionary plot, Page 2.
Leader of Irish volunteers makes friendly visit to German Government, Page 3.
Daring raid by British airman on Zeppelin causes German apprehension, Page 1.
Uhlans' diary tells of advance toward Antwerp, Page 3.
British bankers block plan for \$100,000,000 credit fund, Page 2.
Richard Harding Davis denounces stupid censorship of accomplished facts of war, Page 2.
Traveler says State Department suppresses facts of British infringement of American rights in China, Page 5.
Canada—Australian—Japanese squadron using Mexican islands as base of operations, Page 5.
British observer reports Ypres still in hands of allies, Page 2.
American flag to be hauled down in Vera Cruz today, Page 1.

Domestic.
Colorado prepares to assert sovereignty over lawless coal-mining districts, Page 4.
Norman E. Mack, National Democratic committee chairman, advocates upward revision of Underwood tariff, Page 5.
Pacific Northwest.
Prosperity shown in report of State Bank Superintendent, Page 5.
Commission sent abroad by Oregon to investigate recommended adoption of Europe's mortgage credit plan for farmers, Page 5.
Lawyers predominate in next Legislature, Page 5.
Investigation of several theories throws no light on murder of Otto Ludke near Morris' Corner, Page 5.

Sports.
Four big football games on Thanksgiving bill for Northwest, Page 10.
Mills' team wins 10-0 over visiting Oregon University team, Page 10.
Fisher and Howard star batmen of Coast League, Page 10.

Portland and Vicinity.
Frank Coffinberry resigns as manager of Orpheum and is succeeded by Thomas H. Condon, son-in-law of John W. Conditine, Page 14.
Portland women believe war will mean American style, Page 4.
Study of healing by prayer urged by Dr. Frank L. Loveland, Page 11.
Crowd attracted by Orpheum show taxes seating capacity of Hellig Theater, Page 14.
Fellow-soldiers act as escort to body of accident victim, Page 9.
New shows at moving-picture houses are stellar, Page 4.
"Merely Mary Ann," at Baker Theater, is charming production, Page 14.
Mute relieves many cases of poverty and plan to help others, Page 9.
Security of ships only barrier to heavier exports of oats, Page 11.
Joseph Buchtel celebrates 64th birthday, Page 7.
Thanksgiving turkey to sell at 25 cents and 20 cents a pound, Page 9.
Seizure of banned plumage on military's hat seems imminent, Page 7.
Oregon Senators pledge aid to harbors, Page 11.
Weather report, data and forecasts, Page 11.

DE WET ESCAPES WITH 25

Command Surrounded on Vaal River and Greater Part Surrenders.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—A dispatch to Reuter's Telegram Company from Pretoria says:

"It is officially announced that General de Wet's rapidly dwindling rebel command became surrounded by loyal forces in the vicinity of Boshof on the Vaal River. General de Wet succeeded in escaping with only 25 men. The remainder of his force surrendered."

ENTRY BY VILLA IS DELAYED

Railway Leading to Mexico Torn Up by Carranza Troops.

EL PASO, Tex., Nov. 22.—The occupation by Villa troops of Mexico City (Concluded on Page 3)

AMERICANS READY TO QUIT VERA CRUZ

Funston to Haul Down Flag Today.

NO FACTION IS RECOGNIZED

Forces Told Simply to Pack Up and Withdraw.

REFUGEES TO LEAVE, TOO

More Than \$1,000,000 Collected as Customs Duties to Be Held Until Government Is Formally Recognized.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—Brigadier-General Funston's Infantry and Marines, numbering about 5000, under orders from President Wilson, will haul down tomorrow the Stars and Stripes, which have been flying over Vera Cruz since Rear-Admiral Fletcher seized that port last April as an act of reprisal in retaliation for affronts to the American flag at Tampico, after General Huerta had refused to comply with a demand by Rear-Admiral Mayo for a salute of 21 guns.

Forces to Be Withdrawn.

It is the determination of the United States Government to withdraw its forces and thereby remove a possible cause of international friction, as well as a potential factor that might become a domestic issue as between the two factions in Mexico.

Pains has been taken that in the withdrawal no faction shall be recognized.

All elements in Mexico united in asking the American forces to evacuate and pledged guarantees asked by Washington.

Men to Pack Up and Go.

General Funston has instructions simply to pack up and withdraw his men, bringing away any Mexicans who fear to remain, as well as all customs money collected during the American occupation, with copies of the port and municipal records.

The \$1,000,000 or more collected will be held until a government is formally recognized.

The American marines will be taken to the League Island Navy-Yard, Philadelphia, and the troops to their camp at Texas City.

BRITISH SHIP MAY BE PRIZE

Passengers and Crew Are Landed by Steamer of oPe.

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 22.—The German steamer Sierra Cordoba arrived here and debarked the passengers and crew of the British steamer La Correntina and the crew of the French ship Union.

The Sierra Cordoba left Montevideo October 17 for an unknown destination. The last report of La Correntina was that she was overdue at Liverpool on a voyage from Buenos Ayres. The Union left Port Talbot, Wales, September 6 for Valparaiso. It is believed German commerce-destroying cruisers have again been active.

TURKS CLAIM VICTORIES

Russians and British Losses Are Heavy, Says Report.

BERLIN, Nov. 22 (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.).—The Turkish Embassy made public here today reports of a victory for General Liman von Sanders, the German commander of the Turkish forces near Batum, Asiatic Russia, in which the Turks say they inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

Unofficial reports from Turkey say the Ottoman troops were victorious over the Russians and British. The Russians are said to have been driven back farther in the Caucasus region, and are reported to have suffered heavily in the Van district, being driven beyond the Churuk River.

POPE MAKES FIRST TALK

Fifty Thousand Persons Hear Address in St. Peter's.

ROME, Nov. 22.—For the first time since his election Pope Benedict today delivered an address in St. Peter's. Fifty thousand people heard his holiness speak on "Faith."

Afterwards the te deum was intoned.

Sunday's War Moves

THE veil of secrecy has been drawn over the battles between Russians and the Austro-German forces. The headquarters of both armies now are confining themselves to the briefest statements concerning the hostilities, saying merely that fighting is in progress. News coming from unofficial sources, however, shows that the German advance has penetrated farther into Poland than had been disclosed previously and that Warsaw is threatened for a second time.

General von Hindenburg's army has advanced as far as the Lowicz-Sieroniewicze line, which means that the Germans have covered two-thirds of the ground to the Polish capital, from which they are now only 40 miles distant. Farther south in Poland, however, the Teuton allies are said to have been repulsed between Radom and Kielce.

The battle in East Prussia seems to have died down, but the Russians continue to advance in Galicia and are still fighting on the Czenstochowa-Cracow front.

The battle in Poland in the direction of Lowicz is the most critical one. The Germans express confidence in General von Hindenburg, but in London and in Petrograd military observers express the opinion that Russia's overwhelming superiority in numbers of men again may tell.

In Flanders and in France the armies seem to be enjoying a long-deserved rest, for the only remaining evidence that the belligerents are facing each other is an occasional bombardment with heavy guns. Infantry attacks have practically ceased and the men are getting a chance to rest and to tidy themselves up after a month in the water-soaked trenches.

An eyewitness with the British headquarters in a long statement made public yesterday gives official confirmation of the reported heavy losses the Germans have suffered in their attacks on Ypres. He speaks of decimated battalions, of hundreds of dead left before the trenches and of batches of bodies found in farmhouses.

Officially stated by British officers show that the British forces have also suffered severely in the fighting.

The Serbians are making a stand against the Austrians in well-chosen fortified positions on the Kolubara River, but as the Austrians command superior forces and Serbia is without allies near enough to offer her assistance, it seems apparent that unless other Balkan states come into the war Serbia is faced with defeat.

The recruiting campaign, which is being carried on throughout the British Isles, resulted yesterday in bringing 25,000 men to the colors. Troops with banners flying and bands playing marched today through the east end of London to Victoria Park, where speakers addressed the crowds from early morning until late tonight.

TURKS BOMBARD RUSSIANS

Cruiser and Torpedo-Boat Flotilla Appear Off Tuapse.

PETROGRAD, Nov. 22.—The following communication from the General Staff of the Russian army in the Caucasus was issued today:

"November 20 the Turkish cruiser Hamidieh, followed by a flotilla of torpedo-boats appeared off Tuapse, hurling 125 projectiles into the neighborhood. The Russian artillery immediately replied effectively. Our troops consisted of three soldiers and a sister of Charly wounded, one civilian killed and 10 other civilians wounded. The material damage was insignificant.

"Toward Erzeroum one of our columns has made important progress above Juvravan. Our advance posts continue to tread the heels of the Turks. Other detachments are inactive."

BRITISH SHIP MAY BE PRIZE

Passengers and Crew Are Landed by Steamer of oPe.

BUENOS AYRES, Nov. 22.—The German steamer Sierra Cordoba arrived here and debarked the passengers and crew of the British steamer La Correntina and the crew of the French ship Union.

The Sierra Cordoba left Montevideo October 17 for an unknown destination. The last report of La Correntina was that she was overdue at Liverpool on a voyage from Buenos Ayres. The Union left Port Talbot, Wales, September 6 for Valparaiso. It is believed German commerce-destroying cruisers have again been active.

TURKS CLAIM VICTORIES

Russians and British Losses Are Heavy, Says Report.

BERLIN, Nov. 22 (via wireless to Sayville, L. I.).—The Turkish Embassy made public here today reports of a victory for General Liman von Sanders, the German commander of the Turkish forces near Batum, Asiatic Russia, in which the Turks say they inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

Unofficial reports from Turkey say the Ottoman troops were victorious over the Russians and British. The Russians are said to have been driven back farther in the Caucasus region, and are reported to have suffered heavily in the Van district, being driven beyond the Churuk River.

POPE MAKES FIRST TALK

Fifty Thousand Persons Hear Address in St. Peter's.

ROME, Nov. 22.—For the first time since his election Pope Benedict today delivered an address in St. Peter's. Fifty thousand people heard his holiness speak on "Faith."

Afterwards the te deum was intoned.

KAISER LAYS PLANS TO ENTER ENGLAND

Calais to Be Captured at All Costs.

GREAT NEW GUN RELIED ON

Channel to Be Swept of Mine Fields by Flatboats.

PREPARATIONS ALL MADE

Fifty Factories Busy Turning Out Parts of Zeppelins and Perfect Dirigible Is Being Turned Out Every Three Days.

BY RICHARD C. KLEGIN.

(Correspondent of the London Telegraph. By special cable.)

LONDON, Nov. 22.—(Special).—Believing as I do, after contact with the soldiers and civilians of all the nations under arms in Europe, that there are heroes under every flag, I believe I am unprejudiced in this war. But I believe firmly that the Germans will invade England. An outline of the plan of invasion has been described to me.

When the Kaiser opened the "war game" he had several weapons under cover of which the world knew nothing. The Krupp's newest siege guns, the latest formidable on earth; the 42-centimeter, the 32-centimeter and, above all, the 61-centimeter, which hurls a tremendous highly explosive projectile a tremendous distance, have been described to me.

Calais to Be Taken at All Costs.

The Kaiser has ordered Calais taken at any cost. Capture it he will if it costs an army corps for each 61-centimeter gun planted on its steel and concrete foundation in Calais, with its terrific muzzle pointing toward Dover castle. Krupp experts will place the guns in position.

The Kaiser possesses eight of these 61-centimeter guns that I know of. He will plant them in Calais if it costs eight army corps, 320,000 men. Of this I am assured.

From Calais to Dover the English channel is only 25 miles. It is said the new gun will flame 30 miles. Now, as for Germany's plan to invade England. No one knows its details better than Lord Kitchener, one of the best soldiers on earth. Military experts of at least four nations have told me that had Great Britain made Lord Kitchener a powerful over her army three years ago the world would be at peace now. The Kaiser has the greatest respect for Kitchener.

Nine Searching Barges Ready.

The River Elbe for miles up from its mouth contains thousands of rafts, rafts and specially-constructed flatboats of deep draught, all propelled by petrol motors. I have seen them. After the Germans have captured Calais, after the 61-centimeter guns are in position at Calais, many of these rafts and flatboats in the Elbe will be sent without crews into the English Channel between Calais and Dover, to explode the mines which the English have planted there almost as thickly as sturgeon eggs are packed in a tin of caviar.

A tremendous artillery fire will be kept up, although each mine exploded will cost a raft or float. At the same time a large fleet of Taube aeroplanes will invade the air over the English coast, dropping bombs, intended to throw into panic the people of Dover and of neighboring towns.

Zeppelins Building Feverishly.

There will be 200 or 300 of these Taubes. Britain has no such aeroplane force to engage them in aerial battle.

Closely following the Taubes a fleet of Zeppelin dirigibles will protect the Channel, between Dover and, indeed, London. I know that an incredible number of Zeppelins have been built with feverish haste in Germany in the last few months. Fifty factories are making different parts of Zeppelins and these parts are being assembled so expertly that a perfect Zeppelin is turned out every three days.

The combined attack of the Zeppelins, the German general staff expects, will silence the British batteries at or near Dover and put to flight the defending forces more than eight miles inland from Dover, which is to say out of range of the German 61-centimeter guns at Calais.

Zeppelin Bombs Incendiary.

Each of these new Zeppelins carries at least four-tons weight of high explosive or petrol bombs. The latter, bursting into flame when they strike, ignite anything inflammable.

Behind the Zeppelins will approach the English coast—remember, I am telling only the sketchy outline of the German plan, of which I have been informed—the submarines and the small, fast, efficient, preceding the German dreadnoughts. These will take the line cleared of mines by the floats. If the German plan goes well, the English and French fleets can offer little resistance to the invasion, for it has been proved off the Belgian coast that the allies' battleships dare not come within range even of the German 42-centimeter guns.

Following the German fleet will steam an armada of transports and great, deep flatboats, carrying the German army of invasion. The purpose of the invasion is to sweep the Channel of mine fields by flatboats.

(Concluded on Page 2.)

A WORD TO THE WISE.

DO YOUR CHRISTMAS SHOPPING EARLY

NOW WE GOT YA KID!