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GERMANS' COAST MARCH HALTED

French Channel Ports' Seizure Blocked.

OSTEND TAKEN IS REPORT

Aid of British Fleet Declared Effective in Battle Near Nieuport.

TEUTON ADVANCE SHOWN

Berlin Announces Inhabitants of Dunkirk and Boulogne Are Fleeing.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The allies have recaptured Ostend, according to the Morning Post correspondent in the north of France, who says he was given this information on excellent authority.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—The crisis in the German attempt to seize the French Channel ports, scarcely 20 miles from the coast of England, came today with the French official announcement that both the heavy guns that destroyed the Antwerp forts and the British fleet had taken part in a battle, the front of which extended from Nieuport to Vladslo.

Heavy fighting near Dunkirk is announced in statements from both Paris and Berlin. The German War Office claims that the Kaiser's troops have reached the neighborhood of that port and that the inhabitants are fleeing from both Dunkirk and Boulogne.

Germans Are Repulsed.

The Paris statement declares that the Belgian army has repulsed the Germans near Nieuport, which is half way between Ostend and Dunkirk. It is also stated that the British fleet participated in the battle, the heavy guns of the battleships helping to hurl the Germans back.

The German forces already have reached the neighborhood of Dunkirk, according to the Marconi Wireless Company in an official dispatch from Berlin. Heavy fighting is reported to be taking place at Dixmude and Roulèros.

The official communication issued by the War Office in Paris tonight is as follows:

British Fleet Big Aid.

"In Belguim attacks by the Germans between Nieuport and Dixmude have been repulsed by the Belgian army, effectually aided by the British fleet.

"Between Arras and Roye slight progress has been made at several points. Our troops have reached as far as the wire networks of the defense.

"In the neighborhood of St. Mihiel we have gained some ground on the right bank of the Meuse.

"No news of importance has been received regarding the remainder of the front."

NAVY'S WORK VITAL, NOW

German Ships Endangered by Field of Mines if They Venture Too Far.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—By reaching their tentacles out to the seaboard, the allied forces have established close contact with the British navy, which is now on the extreme left of the line, and seems—from the London view—for the moment to block effectually a further German effort to turn this wing.

That the Germans may have grasped this is, perhaps, indicated in the otherwise unexplained appearance of four of their torpedo-boat destroyers Saturday off the Dutch coast southward bound. It is suggested that the object was for the destroyers to convoy submarines which would dispute the command of the sea on the Belgian littoral.

German Ships Endangered.

Should the German navy undertake this venture, it would be confronted with much the same proposition as met the British fleet since the commencement of the war, and it would assume the same risks of colliding with mines heretofore faced by the British alone, because the British mine field stretches right along the Belgian coast from Ostend southward.

If, as the allies assert, their left cannot now be turned, the only alternative left the Germans is to hack away

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BULLETINS

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 19.—The Porte has declined to discharge the German crews of the cruisers Goeben and Breslau, which have been in Turkish waters since early in the hostilities and which are said to have been sold by Germany to the Turkish government. This reply was given in answer to the British representations regarding the continued presence of Germans on board these two vessels.

LONDON, Oct. 19. — New Austrian soldiers are required to take the oath of fidelity to the German Emperor as well as to the Austrian Emperor, according to dispatches from Trieste. Insurrectionary bands are also reported to be swarming in all parts of the Austrian empire.

LONDON, Oct. 19. — A casualty list dated October 15 and made public here tonight, gives 12 officers as having been killed and 40 wounded in the recent fighting.

HAVANA, Oct. 19.—A battle between a German four-funneled cruiser, apparently the Karlsruhe, and a British cruiser somewhat similar in size is reported by the American schooner Fannie Prescott, which arrived here today from Gulfport, Miss. The engagement is said to have occurred October 17 in latitude 26.40 north and longitude 84.20 west. After a half hour of firing the cruisers separated, according to the schooner's crew, the British vessel going west and the German north. The German, it was said, was listing to port and apparently had been damaged seriously.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—According to official news received here, says a dispatch to the Telegraph from Havre, the Germans are not occupying the Belgian coast. It is stated there are only a few Uhlans in Ostend.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—To combat the influence of Germany and the dictatorship of Enver Pasha, Minister of War, the Sultan of Turkey, has proclaimed Yusoff Izzedin, heir presumptive to the Turkish throne and generalissimo of the army and navy, according to telegrams from Petrograd. Prince Yussof Izzedin is the eldest son of the late Sultan Abdul Aziz. The announcement of his appointment is decluded to have been made unexpectedly at a family council.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—That Roumania will remain neutral in the European war was decided at a meeting of the Cabinet, presided over by King Ferdinand and attended by Representatives of all parties, according to a wireless dispatch from Berlin.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—An attempt of the Austrian fleet to break through the line of French warships blockading the harbor of Cattaro, Dalmatia, Sunday, was defeated, according to a dispatch from Cettinje, Montenegro. The Austrians, it is said, were driven back into the harbor.

NEW YORK, Oct. 19.—Six hundred French reservists had sailed from United States ports up to last Saturday to join the allies' armies in Europe it was stated at the French consulate here tonight. Henry Goiran, French Consul here, and Paul Pierre Moraschini, an attache of the consulate, also have been summoned to the colors it was stated. Goiran is a son of General Francois Goiran, ex-Minister of War in France and holds a lieutenancy in the French reserves.

LONDON, Oct. 19.—A French gun today destroyed 15 German mitrailleuses, two of which were protected by steel shields, according to a Paris dispatch. A German heavy artillery battery also was destroyed at St. Mihiel.

ITALY CUTS GRAIN DUTIES

King Signs Decree Making Radical Reductions Until March 31, 1915.

ROME, Oct. 19.—In view of the situation resulting from the war, King Victor Emanuel has signed a decree reducing the import duties on cereals during the period of October 20 to March 31, 1915. The reductions, which are based on the quintal (the equivalent of 220.4 pounds avoirdupois) will be as follows:

Wheat from $1.50 to 60 cents; corn, 23 to 10; rye, 90 to 40; oats, 80 to 40; flour, $2.25 to $1.05, and corn flour from 63 to 20.

Italy imports annually 6,000,000 tons of wheat, the greater portion coming from Russia and Rumania. About 43,000 tons of wheat is received yearly from the United States.

WEST ASKS REEF CHART

Wilson May Urge Congress to Have Dangerous Rocks Mapped.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Need for locating and charting reefs and shoals off the Pacific Coast, was explained to President Wilson today by the congressional delegations from California, Oregon and Washington, who asked him to recommend an appropriation to Congress. Mr. Wilson probably will do so.

The President was told that $7,000,000 worth of property had been lost in the last ten years because of dangerous uncharted obstructions to shipping.

COLLIER BEARS SUBMARINE

Consort to Coal Hector in Trip From Norfolk to Honolulu.

NORFOLK, Va., Oct. 19.—(Special.)—Bound for Pearl Harbor, Honolulu, with a cargo of structural steel and with a submarine torpedoboat fastened to her deck, the Government collier Hector left the Navy-Yard today. She will cruise around on the outside until Wednesday adjusting her compasses.

The Hector, being loaded to capacity, had no space for coal on board, and the collier Mars will accompany her to coal her several times at sea before she reaches her destination.

RUSS SWEEPS ON IN WARSAW REGION

Fighting Fierce South of Przemysl.

GERMANS DIE IN SAN RIVER

Kaiser's Losses Great as Told by Russian Staff.

HOSPITALS ARE CROWDED

Berlin Reports Slav Is Finding Difficulty in Creating New Military Organizations—800,000 Russian Troops in Poland.

PETROGRAD, Oct. 19.—The Russian general staff today made this announcement:

"We gained partial successes October 18 in fierce fighting in the region of Warsaw and south of Przemysl."

A newspaper correspondent at Lemberg, referring to the German losses in the attempts to cross the upper San River, telegraphs that this stream is filled with the bodies of German soldiers floating down to augment similar flotsam on the Vistula, where other German troops have met the same fate.

The correspondent says that none of the repeated attempts to cross the San yesterday has been successful.

Several of the outer forts at Przemysl are reported to have been captured, but these are not considered important, inasmuch as Przemysl already has been isolated and surrounded.

REVOLTS BREAK IN CAUCASUS

Berlin Reports Czar's Army Lacks Greatly in Medical Supplies.

BERLIN, Oct. 19.—(By wireless to Sayville.)—According to reports from Russian sources at Warsaw, there are at least 800,000 Russians in the Poland campaign. There is great lack of medical and sanitary supplies, and the hospitals at Kiev, Moscow and elsewhere are overcrowded.

The Austrian offensive in Galicia is declared in Berlin to be advancing. During the assault on Przemysl the Russians lost 40,000 men in killed and wounded.

Russian troops from Bessarabia have been sent to the Caucasus, where revolts have broken out.

The Russians are finding difficulty in creating new military organizations. In spite of their numerical superiority,

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The Weather.

YESTERDAY—Maximum temperature, 57.2 degrees; minimum, 50.8 degrees.

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London mob again attempts attacks on German shopkeepers. Page 2.

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WAR HITS CANADIAN INDIAN

Hunters of Northern Wilds, When Fur Trade Stops, Face Famine.

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 19.—Indians in the northern wilds of Canada have been hit hard by the war situation in Europe. It was announced today that the dominion government has decided to go to the relief of the Indians to to prevent many of them from starving as a consequence of the collapse of their fur industry.

One large company which was buying from the Indians has suspended purchases, and has cut off their customary Winter advances of supplies.

AID FOR MEXICANS ASKED

Red Cross Orders Beans and Corn Sent to Starving War Victims.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—(Special.)—Following appeals of Rear-Admiral Howard that thousands are starving at Acapulco, Mexico, as the result of the Mexican war, the American Red Cross today telegraphed Charles J. O'Connor, director of the Pacific division of the Red Cross at San Francisco, to buy $1000 worth of corn and beans.

The supplies will be carried to the destitute Mexicans by the naval collier Nero.

NORMAL FINANCIAL MOVE UNDER WAY

Great Britain Sends Experts to Aid Solution.

EXCHANGES MAY REOPEN SOON

South's Enormous Cotton Crop Biggest Puzzle.

TENTATIVE PLAN OUTLINED

Secretary McAdoo and Federal Reserve Board Hold First Conferference With English Chancellor's Special Adviser.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The first step toward restoration of normal financial conditions between Great Britain and the United States was taken today at a conference between Sir George Paish, special advisor to to the English Chancellor of the Exchequer, Basil B. Blackett, of the English treasury, Secretary McAdoo and the Federal Reserve Board.

Restoration of normal conditions in foreign exchange dealings between the two countries is the object of several meetings, of which this was the first and which probably will have a direct influence upon the disposition of the South's enormous cotton crop.

Although there was no formal discussion today of any plans which eventually may be put forth by the Englishmen or by the Reserve Board, it became known tonight that officials of the American Government feel keenly that cotton is the crux of a situation which has many ramifications, and that upon the success of plans to care for surplus cotton and upon the willingness of manufacturers to buy cotton, more than upon any other thing, depends the value of Sir George's special visit to America.

Exchanges May Reopen Soon.

It is probable that before Sir George returns to England the question of the reopening of the London and New York stock exchanges will be considered. It is predicted here tonight that the London exchange would reopen shortly, with the British government urging that London brokers shall not call loans immediately. If the London market is not greatly affected its resumption of business may be followed by the New York exchange.

So much depends, however, upon the solving of the cotton problem that there probably will be no further conferences until a committee of the board

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Monday's War Moves

THAT the British fleet at last has come into definite and decisive action and aided materially in pushing back the Germans in their attempt to seize the French channel ports was the big news of the day from various points yesterday.

French and English reports relate of the heavy siege guns which created such havoc at the fall of Antwerp being brought into play within 20 miles of the coast of England and it was the continuous firing from the mammoth English dreadnoughts in the channel which have driven back the Teutons in a battle the front of which was said to have extended from Nieuport to Vladslo.

The recapture of Ostend by the allies also is reported but not officially confirmed.

Berlin announces that the Germans have arrived in the vicinity of Dunkirk and that the inhabitants of Dunkirk and Boulogue are fleeing to places of safety.

The French War Office again gives the Belgians deserved credit for their stand against the enemy near Nieuport, which is located about midway between Dunkirk and Ostend.

In regard to the remainder of the immense battle front, the Berlin report is silent, while Paris claims progress has been made between Arras and Roye and near St. Mihiel on the right bank of the Meuse.

The allies also have made progress eastward from a point south of Armentieres towards Lille on a line running roughly to Arras.

The report tells of house-to-house fighting in which the allies are advancing. The battle has raged around Arras without respite for ten days, and on the part of the allied troops "with a perseverance and a spirit which never for a moment has been relaxed."

The German official report covers these operations more tersely. It says that the attacks to the west and northwest of Lille have been repulsed with heavy losses to the allies.

The situation is still so much in the dark that it is impossible to judge of the exact trend of events. The English and French papers naturally gather encouragement from the reports published from their side.

From the German point of view it is possible the Germans have improved their position and with the forces which besieged Antwerp and reinforcements from Germany are attempting along the coast another sweeping movement like that which carried them so far into France.

In this field of action it appears inevitable that there soon must be some decisive result. The flatness of the country seems to have made it impossible for the two armies to entrench and face each other without important change in position for weeks, as they have done across Northern France.

The announcement that the Germans have taken siege guns to the neighborhood of Belfort may mean that they plan to attempt an advance on both ends of what during the past month has become virtually a long fortified line.

Great battles continue in the Eastern theater between the Russian and Austro-German forces. Reports from both sides are brief and contradictory. Petrograd claims the Russians have won partial success in severe fighting before Warsaw and Przemysl. Vienna declares that the Austro-German armies have made advances in both regions and that the Russian casualties at Przemsyl number 40,000.

Tokio admits that the Japanese cruiser Takachiho had been sunk on October 17 by a German mine at Kiau-Chau Bay, with the loss of 274 men.

An Austrian submarine is reported to have been sunk in the Adriatic by a French cruiser.

Shell fire from the forts at Tsing-Tau is said to have heavily damaged the British battleship Triumph.

Turkey has refused to assent to Great Britain's request that the German officers and crews on the former German cruisers Goeben and Breslau be discharged.

MAN IN QUICKSAND 2 DAYS

Rescue Effected After Long Work on Big Trench.

WARE, Mass., Oct. 19.—After 48 hours' imprisonment in quicksand, 25 feet below the surface of the earth, Maurice Allen was rescued today by a gang of 50 firemen, policemen and citizens who had dug a ditch 50 feet long and 30 feet deep to reach him.

Allen was conscious when rescued, but very weak. He said he had been unable to help himself as his feet were held firmly by a piece of planking. A bit and saw which were lowered to him this morning enabled him to work one of his feet free, but another cave-in buried the tools and left him as helpless as before.

An improvised diver's helmet made from a barrel was lowered into the hole just after midnight last night and Allen was supplied with air by a pump.

FIVE HELD IN HAZING DEED

Maryland Judge Styles Cadet's Untimely End as Murder.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Oct. 19.—Branding the death of Cadet William R. Bowlus, of Middletown, Md., from a hazing escapade at St. Johns College here on May 26 as murder, Judge Brashears today urged the grand jury to investigate the tragedy.

The five freshmen who are held responsible for the death of Bowlus are George H. Weaver, New York; Henry L. Valdez, Havana, Cuba; Fendall Marbury, Baltimore; R. A. Jones, Cambridge, Md., and John M. Noble, Preston, Md.

DAY IS HERE FOR ALL TO MUNCH APPLES

City to Pay Tribute to Favorite Fruit.

POMMES TO BE EVERYWHERE

Distribution in Schools to Begin Great Fete.

BOYS TO RACE EATING

Merchants, Theaters, Public Market, Railroad, Housewives and Every Resident Are One Today to Help Oregon Growers.

FEATURES OF APPLE DAY CELEBRATION.

Distribution of 30,000 apples in public schools morning and afternoon.

Distribution of 10,000 apples to hospitals and charitable institutions by Muts at 10 o'clock.

Apple courses cooked in domestic science department of schools.

O.-W. R. & N. Company opens exhibit of apples and contest in Yeon building at 10 o'clock.

Hotels and dining-cars offer apple menus.

Public market on Yamhill street features apples all day.

Theaters and various business houses present apples to patrons.

Apple-eating contest at 4 o'clock at Sixth and Alder streets under the auspices of the Order of Muts.

Thousands upon thousands of apples that have been banking up in the market for the past few days will pour in a yellow and crimson flood out through the channels and rivulets of retail trade over all Portland, and over all Oregon and over all the Northwest today, for this is the day that has been set aside officially as Apple day.

It should be said the apples will flow out by millions when one is speaking of the Northwest, for there are millions of apples ready to supply the great demand that has been stimulated by the preparations for Apple day. In Portland a single feature of the distribution of apples will call for 30,000 of them, while the programme that will spread apples to all parts of the city, will run these figures for Portland alone up into the hundreds of thousands.

Apple for Every Pupil.

The campaign is to move apples by the box, and the slogan of the day calls upon the citizens of Portland to "eat apples 'buy' the box."

The celebration will begin in the morning at the opening of school, with the distribution of apples among the pupils. This will go on in the various schools throughout the day, although the greater part of the 30,000 apples set aside for that purpose will be given out in the forenoon. A committee from the Commercial Club yesterday gathered up the apples for this purpose on Front street and delivered them at the schoolhouses in readiness for today. Speakers at many of the schools will emphasize the importance of the apple industry in the Northwest and every pupil will be given a pamphlet on the apple industry, issued by the Commercial Club committee.

The O.-W. R. & N. Company completed preparations yesterday for an exhibit of apples and apple products in the Yeon building, which will be opened to the public this afternoon at 1 o'clock. In addition to the exhibition there will be a contest in apple cookery, for which prizes aggregating $52.50 are offered. Baked apples, apple pudding, apple dumplings, pies and sauce are entered in the contest and a board of woman judges, headed by Lillian Tingle, will make the awards.

Newsboys to Race Eating.

Another especial entertainment feature of the day will be the apple-eating contest for newsboys, to be held at Sixth and Alder streets by the Order of Muts, at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The Muts also are planning to distribute 10,000 apples among the inmates of various charitable institutions in the city.

Rules for apple-eating contest follow:

Contest will consist of 20 teams of 20 boys each, or 400 boys, formed in a hollow square around the street intersection.

A cash prize of $1 will be given to the winner in every team.

The winners of first prize will then compete for the grand championship prize of $2.

The judges will report to the committee at 3:45 P. M.

Judges will then assemble their teams and escort them to their stations.

At the firing of the pistol every contestant will advance to the stand in the center of the street, receive his first apple, return to his station, whistle once and then eat the apple, core and all.

He will whistle once more after finishing the first apple and then go to the center of the street and receive the second apple.

The same process will apply for the third and last apple.

Whistle Part of Contest.

After finishing the last apple the contestants must whistle and raise the right hand.

The judges will then conduct the winners to the center of the street, where the prizes will be awarded.

Then the prize-winners will be given another apple and the contestant finishing it first will receive the grand championship prize of $2.

The committee urges that all boys who

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THE FLAREBACK.