BELGIANS THOUGHT TO BE WITH ALLIES

Horsemen Find Themselves Unable to Maneuver in Mass at Hazebrouck.

AVIATORS ALWAYS ACTIVE

Town Hall at Arras Is Burned to Ground in Bombardment—Roye, Taken and Retaken 12 Times, Still Is Battle Scene.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The exact positions of the bulk of the allied armies are being kept strictly secret, but it is believed that the forces in France and Belgium have joined hands since the fall of Antwerp.

The German cavalry around Hazebrouck, France, which masked a movement of the infantry, suffered a rude check from the allies before the battle at Ypres because the Germans were unable to operate freely in masses, owing to the nature of the ground where they were virtually at the mercy of the allies' infantry and artillery.

Fighting in Streets Is Sharp.

Some lively street fighting occurred in Hazebrouck, on which place the Germans had made a daring raid, while at Arras the town hall was burned to the ground in a bombardment.

The section where encounters are severest has suddenly changed from Roye to Lassigny, where the Germans tried to make a breach through the allied lines. The battle, however, is still progressing about Roye, which has been taken and retaken at least 12 times.

Germans Surprised at Roye.

The Germans experienced an unpleasant surprise at Roye from the French infantry and artillery and after the French gunners had battered them a German infantry battalion and cavalry regiment surrendered.

All along the intrenched line from Rheims to Verdun the aviators are doing valuable work. The Germans continue to make great use of captive baloons, which are beyond the range of the allies' guns. They usually carry three or four observers, who have telephonic connection with the ground and report all change in operations.

Kites Used to Estimate Altitude.

Kites are also employed, which enable the Germans to estimate with exactitude the altitude of the allies' aeroplanes, so that these aircraft are forced to mount high to escape shells.

A French infantry officer who arrived in Pris today reported that on the day Roye was recaptured from the Germans for the last time the French surrounded and captured, eight miles outside the town, 2000 German cavalry and infantry.

YPRES OCCUPIED BY ALLIES

French Report Denies Destruction of Cavalry Divisions.

PARIS, Oct. 15.—The official communication issued tonight by the war office says:

"The reports received tonight, which are in general terms, indicate no important modification in the situation."

The report issued earlier in the day was longer than customary, being devoted in large measure to a denial of German reports concerning French losses. It said:

"In the Belgian field of operations there were some encounters during the night of October 12-13, and during the day of the 13th, in the region around Ghent. French and English troops have occupied Ypres.

"First, on our left wing, as far as the Oise, the operations are developing normally.

"Second, on the center, previous reports of the progress of our armies in the region of Berry-au-Bac have been confirmed.

"Third, on our right wing, there is nothing new.

"While it is not our custom to reply to the inaccuracies of the German press, it seems to us proper to denounce the false news published in certain German newspapers concerning the pretended destruction of two divisions of French cavalry. This information is absolutely erroneous. The truth is that certain forces of French and German cavalry, with supports, have been engaged for several days along the front at La Bassee, Estacies and Balliol. The German cavalry succeeded in making a very slight advance between the canal of La Bassee and the Lys, but they were obliged to draw back in the territory north of the Lys.

"The losses sustained by the German cavalry are assuredly as perceptible as our own. One of the German divisions suffered particularly because it was pursued during one entire day by our aviators, who did not cease to throw down bombs on the German troops.

"Another case is the fact that the Germans announce they are undertaking the investment of Verdun. In this instance, also, to learn the truth, it is sufficient to refer to the situation as set forth on several different occasions in the French official communications.

"The Germans have not succeeded up to the present time in hurling themselves against the fortified position of Verdun. They have, however, made two futile efforts to envelop at a considerable distance the French forces which are operating around Verdun. One of these efforts was characterized by their attempt to go through the Argonne forest between Binarville and Varennes. It will be recalled that this movement failed, with very important losses. We did not even announce at the time that two German battalions had been annihilated in this engagement.

"The other enveloping movement on the part of the Germans, undertaken in much greater numerical strength, was directed toward crossing the Meuse in the region of St. Mihiel. If the Germans succeeded in reaching this river in front between Maizey and Chauvoncourt, all their efforts to advance farther resulted in failure. These German forces found themselves caught on the flank by detachments of our troops, which advanced from the south to the north through the southern section of the heights of the Meuse and through the southern section of the Woevre district."

GERMANS REPORT VICTORIES

Lille Occupied and Prisoners Taken Number 4500.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Antwerp gives the following official dispatch received there from German headquarters Wednesday:

"The enemy, including part of the Antwerp garrison, is hastily retreating from Ghent westward to the coast, pursued by our troops.

"We have occupied Lille and captured 4500 prisoners.

"The municipality informed the German commander that Lille was an open town, but nevertheless hostile troops were sent there and ordered to hold out until a turning movement from Dunkirk was executed. The troops from Dunkirk failed to arrive, with the result that during the German attack the town was slightly damaged.

"From the front in France there is nothing new.

"Two heavy French batteries have been posted near the cathedral in Rheims. Also light signals have been observed from one of the towers. The French methods of warfare continue to show no regard for the protection of the cathedral and it will be the fault of the French if the beautiful building falls a victim to the war.

"In the Eastern theater the Russians have been repulsed near Schirwindt, East Prussia. They lost 300 prisoners, 26 cannon and 12 machine guns.

"Lyck, East Prussia, again is in our possession and Biala has been evacuated by the enemy.

"Further south the Russian troops from Warsaw were defeated and 8000 prisoners and 25 guns taken."

WAR TALK IS COSTLY

MUNSTERBERG RESIGNS TO SAVE SUM TO HARVARD.

Pro-German Utterance Leads Major Wiener to Threaten to Change Will if Professor Stays.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Oct. 15.—Hugo Munsterberg, professor of psychology at Harvard University, said last night that he had offered his resignation to President Lowell. This action is the result of a letter sent by Major Clarence Wiener, of London, to the overseers of the college to the effect that he would change a will by which Harvard would receive $10,000,000 unless Professor Munsterberg were dismissed from the faculty.

"Unwarranted pro-German utterances" by the famous psychologist in connection with the war were given by Major Wiener for the reason of his attitude.

"I sent my resignation to President Lowell so that there might be no embarrassment in the matter and that the faculty be left free to act without having to consider my feelings," said Professor Munsterberg.

President Lowell refused to discuss the resignation. The Harvard corporation is expected to take up Major Wiener's letter and Professor Munsterberg's resignation next week.

Major Weiner, a member of the class of 1900 at Harvard, is the proprietor of the Wiener News Agency, Strand, London, England. He was born in Philadelphia in 1878. He attended Harvard one year, going to Cuba in 1897. During the next year he was on the staff of General Frederick D. Grant in Porto Rico. In 1899 he went to South Africa as a war correspondent. Subsequently he saw stirring service there and organized a band of scouts. He was eight times wounded in South Africa. Major Wiener has been reputed to be immensely wealthy.

NEVADA NITRATE FOUND

Ancient Lake Bed Near Fallon Said to Be Rich in Deposits.

FALLON, Nev., Oct. 6.—The discovery of an ancient lake bed containing vast deposits of potassium and soda nitrates is announced by C. W. Kinney, a mining man of this city. The deposit is situated 40 miles east of Fallon. Speaking of his discovery, Kinney said:

"I have been what is known as an 'alkali' man all my life and could not possibly be mistaken in the nature of the ground or its contents. There is a big body of sodium nitrate, which may be assayed by the eye and by the taste, scent and weight, but there are also stringers of potassium nitrate, which must be analyzed in order to determine their value.

"I have put four men to work doing the location excavating, after which there will be permanent development in the way of deep open cuts.

"There is a peculiarity, and a very favorable one, in this deposit, as it does not exist in a basin, a point where water would seriously impede operations, but in the foothills. In my opinion the point of discovery was once a prehistoric lakebed, but was uplifted by a seismic convulsion.

"The deposit of niter appears to be about 300 acres in extent. At least that is the amount of ground myself and associates have taken up."

CANADIANS AT PLYMOUTH

Expeditionary Force of 33,000, in 32 Transports, Safe in England.

OTTAWA, Oct. 14.—Announcement that the fleet of 32 transport steamers carrying the Canadian expeditionary force of 33,000 reached England today and are disembarking from the transports at Plymouth has been cabled to Premier Sir Robert Borden by George E. Peerley, a member of the administration now in Great Britain.

The flotilla left Canada under convoy on October 2.

The selection of Plymouth as the place of debarkation is taken as an inditation that the Canadians will be encamped on Salisbury Plain.

Arrival in English waters on October 8 of the vanguard of the fleet carrying the Canadian contingent abroad was reported in cable messages received on that date.

FIRING ON IN BLACK SEA

Russian Fleet and ex-German Cruisers Believed Engaged.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Bucharest, coming by way of Rome, says:

"Heavy cannonading has been heard the past day off Kustendje (in Roumania on the Black Sea). It is believed that the ex-German cruisers Goeben and Breslau, which now fly the Turkish flag and which yesterday undertook to escort from Sulina (an area of the Danube traversing the district of Dobrudja, Roumania) several transports laden with munitions, are engaged with the Russian fleet."

FRENCH LOSE 2 GENERALS

Marcot and Rondony Fall in Battle Near Arras.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The Exchange Telegraph Company has given out a dispatch from Paris saying that General Marcot, ex-Governor of the famous French military school of Saint Orr, and one of the best known of the French Generals, has been killed in the fighting in the neighborhood of Arras.

News was received in Paris today of the death of General Rondony, commander of the Third Brigade of French Colonial Infantry. The General was killed while leading his brigade against the enemy.

VICTORY STILL IS HOPE OF BELGIANS

Government Proclaims Belief Sacrifices, With Allies' Aid, Will Be Avenged.

FORCES ARE CONSERVED

Retreat, Says Statement Posted at Ostend, Was Irreproachable in Order and Dignity, Serving to Thwart Foes' Plans.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The proclamation posted in Ostend announcing the withdrawal of the Belgian government to French soil was received by cable tonight at the Belgian Legation. The text follows:

"Citizens: For about two and a half months the Belgian soldiers have been defending, foot by foot, at the price of heroic efforts the fate of their country. The enemy certainly expected to annihilate our army at Antwerp, but a retreat in which the order and dignity have been irreproachable has successfully foiled this hope and has assured us the conservation of military forces which will continue to fight without respite for this most just and noble cause.

Victory Regarded as Certain.

"At this moment these forces are operating in the direction of our southern frontier, where they are supported by the allies. Thanks to their valorous co-operation, the victory of justice is certain. Notwithstanding the sacrifices already endured by the Belgian nation, with a courage equaled only by its magnitude, a new trial is added by the present circumstances.

"In order not to serve the plans of the invaders, it is important that the Belgian government temporarily establish its seat in a place from which it may, in contact with our army on one side and with France and England on the other, continue to exercise and to assure the continuance of the national sovereignity. For this reason the government is leaving Ostend today, with a grateful remembrance of the welcome which this city has given it.

Sovereign Power Exercised.

"The government temporarily will be established at Harve, where the noble friendship of the government of the French Republic has offered our government, with the fullness of its sovereign rights, the entire exercise of its authority and also of its duties.

"Citizens, this momentary ordeal which our patriotism must accept, will have, we are sure, its prompt revenge. The Belgian administration will continue to operate in full measure as far as the local circumstances will permit. The King and the government depend upon your judgment, upon your patriotism. On your part, you may count upon our entire self devotion, upon the gallantry of our army and upon the support of the allies to hasten the hour of mutual deliverance.

"Our beloved country, so odiously treated by one of the powers which had solemnly promised to guarantee her neutrality, has excited a growing admiration in the whole world. Thanks to the union, the courage and the sagacity of all her children, she will remain worthy of this admiration, which sustains her today. Tomorrow, she will emerge from her trial greater and more beautiful, having suffered for justice and the honor of civilization.

"Long live free and independent Belgium."

This is signed by all the Ministers.

BELGIUM WITHOUT REGRET

Army Feels Joy in Thought of Reconquering Native Land.

LONDON, Oct. 15.—As soon as the President of the French Republic was advised of the desire of the Belgian government to remove to Havre he telegraphed King Albert offering him the hospitality of the French city and informing him that the sovereignty of the royal government would be assured there.

The King conveyed his thanks to President Poincare, adding:

"We await the hour of mutual victory with unshakable confidence. Fighting side by side for a just cause, our courage will never fail."

The Belgian Premier, Charles de Broqueville, sent a message to M. Viviani, the French Premier, expressing the gratitude of the Belgian government for the welcome accorded it by the French government.

"Belgium," he said, "which has sacrificed everything for the defence of honesty, honor and liberty, regrets nothing. She has confidence arising from the knowledge of a duty accomplished and the certainty of the triumph of the allies' cause."

Premier Viviani replied:

"The government of the republic is proud to extend its hospitality to the noble and valiant nation which is sacrificing everything for its honor and for duty and which has rendered such signal service to a common cause. I am sure that the close union of the allied nations will insure the definite triumph of justice and right."

Premier de Broqueville also sent a telegram to M. Millerand, the French Minister of War, in which he said:

"The Belgian army, which is now standing at bay on the French frontier, after more than two months' fighting, feels honor and joy in the thought of reconquering its native land in close co-operation with the superb armies of the allies."

M. Millerand replied that the Belgian, English, Russian and French were "indissolubly united and will win because their will is superior to all trials."

ALLIES PUSH FOE BACK

Germans Are Forced Over Belgian Line Near Lille, Says Writer.

LONDON, Oct. 15. — Telegraphing Wednesday morning from Calais, the Daily Chronicle's correspondent says:

"The position on the allies' left wing, which is now the most important section of the long battle line, grows daily more satisfactory. The fighting around Lille has been extremely satisfactory to the allies. The Germans have been turned out of the semi-circular positions which they held around Lille and the corner of French territory which juts into Belgium there.

"The Germans have been pushed back as far as Courtrai (in Belgium, 26 miles southwest of Ghent), where they are entrenching. It appears that they will make a stubborn endeavor to hold the line of Blankenbe, Bruges and Courtrai.

"It was the German intention to make a dash on Calais coincidentally with the taking of Antwerp. In accordance with this plan, they advanced in force on Hazebrouck, Mont Cassel and Saint Omer.

"The allies' guns near Mont Cassel mowed down the oncoming Germans, who fell back, leaving several hundred wounded. The allies followed up their advantage, throwing the enemy back over the Belgian border.

"During the fighting near Saint Omer a bomb from a German areoplane killed three persons and injured six others. A French aeroplane pursued the German bomb-thrower and killed the pilot and his companion with rifle shots."

HAVE YOU NEURASTHENIA?

Neurasthenia is a condition of exhaustion of the nervous system. The causes are varied. Continuous work, mental or physical, without proper vacation periods, without proper attention to diet and exercise, also worry over the struggles for success, are the most common causes. Excesses of almost any kind may produce it. Some diseases, like the grip, will cause neurasthenia. So also will a severe shock, intense anxiety or grief.

The symptoms are over-sensitiveness, irritability, a disposition to worry over trifles, headache, possibly nausea.

The treatment is one of nutrition of the nerve cells, requiring a non-alcoholic tonic. As the nerves get their nourishment from the blood the treatment must be directed toward building up the blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood and with proper regulation of the diet have proved of the greatest benefit in many cases of neurasthenia. A tendency to anaemia, or bloodlessness, shown by most neurasthenic patients, is also corrected by these tonic pills. Your own druggist sells Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

Two useful books "Diseases of the Nervous System" and "What to Eat and How to Eat" will be sent free by the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., if you mention this paper.—Adv.

"NE'ER DO WELL" RICH

SHOOTING GALLERY MAN LEAVES FORTUNE OF $42,000.

Trustee of Estate of Character of Chicago's North Side Finds Vault Full of Bonds and English Heir.

CHICAGO, Oct. 6.—Doubtless Michael Kennedy's schooling never progressed to the point where he reaped the manifold intellectual bounties of McGuffy's second reader.

Consequently there were those who believed Michael misguided when he opened up his shooting gallery in a basement on North Clark street, near West Erie street. There Mike—for the consideration of 5 cents for five shots—taught the young idea markmanship after a fashion of his own.

"Mike, the ne'er-do-well," they called him for years. But a smile was Mike's only answer. He went right on loading rifles for whoever came and painting out the bullet marks on the white targets in the gallery.

On May 23, 1913, Mike died. Public Administrator James F. Bishop took charge of the estate, hoping he would get enough out of it to bury the target tender. Mr. Bishop was surprised when he found that Mike, the "ne'er-do-well," had a snug bank account—some $400.

Another surprise came when Administrator Bishop announced the result of his 17 months' investigation into Mike's affairs. It was learned the "ne'er-do-well" left a nephew in Blackburne, Lancashire, England, named as his sole heir. In a safety deposit vault Mike had $42,000 worth of bonds—the products of teaching the young idea to shoot.

COUPLE PLAN FOR DIVORCE

New York Man Traps Self to Aid Wife in Securing Decree.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—James Ditson, of Washington, D. C., who is wealthy under the will of his grandfather, Oliver Ditson, and is a nephew of Charles H. Ditson, music publisher, of No. 8 East Thirty-fourth street, is the defendant in an action for an absolute divorce begun by Mrs. Esther Ditson, of Cedarhurst, L. I.

Recently Justice Jaycox, in the Supreme Court, in Brooklyn, granted Mrs. Ditson alimony of $250 a month and $1000 counsel fee.

Gossip of the Chevy Chase and Metropolitan clubs at Washington, of which Mr. Ditson is a member, prompted Mrs. Ditson to engage detectives to watch her husband when he came to New York last Spring. Her complaint sets forth that he was found in the York Hotel with "an unknown woman."

Through his attorney, Gilbert E. Roe, of No. 55 Liberty street, Manhattan, Mr. Ditson had filed an answer in which he made a general denial of the accusation. The answer was unverified and not in the form of an affidavit.

When the matter came before Justice Jaycox he submitted an affidavit in which he asserted that the evidence was obtained as the result of collusion and that he had entered into an agreement with his wife by which she was to have an opportunity to obtain the evidence necessary for a divorce.

"Do you intend to use collusion as a defense in the action?" Justice Jaycox asked.

"I cannot say," was Mr. Roe's answer. "I was ignorant of the circumstances in which the evidence against Mr. Ditson was obtained until two days ago, when for the first time he informed me of the arrangement with his wife. I immediately called him here from Washington and got from him an affidavit setting forth the facts, which it is my duty to present to the court. It is the most unpleasant duty I have been called upon to perform during my professional career. I have told Mr. Ditson that I cannot continue as counsel in this case."

In his affidavit Mr. Ditson set forth that he and his wife were the only ones who knew of the alleged agreement existing between them, and this knowledge was not even communicated to the detectives who conducted the raid. He added he permitted his attorney to put in an answer without making him acquainted with the facts.

Mrs. Ditson's attorney, E. Ormonde Power, of No. 25 Broad street, Manhattan, asked permission to file an affidavit denying the alleged collusion, but Justice Jaycox intimated that this would not be necessary.

BODIES MAY BE CREMATED

New York Potters Field Too Crowded for Many More Burials.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—If the plans of Commissioner of Charities John A. Kingsbury are carried out, the pauper dead of this city will hereafter be cremated, as Potter's Field is becoming overcrowded, and there is no other place owned by the city in which to inter those whose relatives are unknown, or, if known, have no means with which to bury them. For this reason Commissioner Kingsbury recently declared himself in favor of incineration of the bodies as being in the interest of health.

The only objection to this plan so far heard is a religious one. It is known that the Catholics are opposed to cremation, as such disposal of dead bodies would interfere with the scriptural injunction emphasized in the requiem mass, "Dust thou art, to dust thou shalt return." The natural disintegration of the body is a Catholic doctrine several times mentioned in the burial service.

For the same reason High Church Episcopalians would object to cremation, as there are at least two important churches in the Episcopal Diocese of Long Island which use the requiem mass in the final service for the dead. Catholics endeavor as far as possible to take care of their dead poor, burying them in a place set apart in the cemetery of Flatbush. The Jews also discountenance incineration.

The religious objection is also based on the fact that the burying ground of the dead is considered consecrated, and incineration would therefore be sacrilegious. Commissioner Kingsbury would make allowance for these objections by issuing permits for the burial of all who die as public charges and were followers of any faith which was opposed to anything but the real burial of the body.

MAN, 75, SEEKS WAR COPY

Aged Writer to Go to German Front for Local Color.

NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—With 115 cabin and 100 steerage passengers the steamship New York, of the American line, sailed today for Liverpool. On board was James V. Carstairs, of Minnetka, Ill., a man of 75 years, who said he was going to the front to get impressions of soldiers under fire that would enable him to write a book on the psychology of the soldier.

The old man said he was well acquainted with men of prominence in Germany who would see that he got to the firing lines with the German army—and he would do the rest. He was busily writing when the ship drew out from the pier.

Suggestion.

(Florida Times Union.)

A coal baron of Pennsylvania is said to have made $1,000,000 in one day. Fact that he is looking for a third wife suggests that he has more dollars than sense.

A novel feature of ships which are being built for the National Steam Navigation Company, of Greece, is a little church which will be fitted on board each vessel.

DRUGS WOODARD CLARKE CO. DRUGS

Friday & Saturday Double Stamps

USE THIS COUPON

20—EXTRA—20

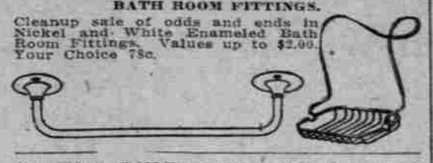
Bring this coupon and get 20 extra "S. & H." Trading Stamps on your first dollar cash purchase and double stamps on balance of purchase. Good on First three floors today and tomorrow, Oct. 16 and 17.

HARD WOOD FLOORS.

Wax with Boyle's Old English Wax, lb.....50c
Polish with Boyle's Brightener, pt.....42c
Weighted Waxing Brushes 15 and 25 pound sizes—Regular $2.50 and $3.50, Special $1.97 and $2.37.

BATH ROOM FITTINGS.

Cleanup sale of odds and ends in Nickel and White Enameled Bath Room Fittings. Values up to $2.00. Your Choice 78c.



MT. HOOD TOILET PAPER—1500 sheets in a roll, regular 15c a roll—Special, dozen....77c.

Buy a 10-cent Varnish Brush to insure **Chi-Namel** a fair trial, and we will give you absolutely free, out of stock, a regular 25c can of **Chi-Namel** Varnish in exchange for this signed certificate.

Name .....

Address .....

A complete line of **"KANTLEEK"** two year guaranteed Water Bottles, Fountain Syringes and Combinations.

50c Rubber Bibs for Children.....39c
3 qt. Fountain Syringe.....79c
2 qt. Hot Water Bottle.....89c
50c Rubber Gloves.....25c

$1.25 One Pint "Famos" bottle—Keeps hot things hot and cold things cold.....98c

PURE SWEETS

30c lb. Maple Peanut Wafers.....16c
30c lb. Horehound Drops for Coughs and Colds.....19c
35c Jar Imported English Hard Candy....24c

Imperial Granum Food for the Nursing Mother

Increases the quality and quantity of her milk and gives strength to bear the strain of nursing.

FOR THE BABY—Imperial Granum is the food that gives hard, firm flesh, good bone and rich red blood.

25c and 35c Hand and Nail Brushes.....17c
15c and 25c Tooth Brushes.....10c
Kents Tooth Brushes, Assorted Styles, Regularly priced 50c and 60c, Special.....29c
$1.50 and $2.00 Hair Brushes.....98c

50c Pebeco.....38c
50c Sempre Giovine.....28c
25c Lyons Tooth Powder.....13c
25c Packers Tar Soap.....13c
50c Daggett & Ramsdell's Cold Cream..36c
50c Pozzoni's Face Powder.....26c
25c Mum.....15c
25c Imperial Nail Polish.....12c
35c Hazeline Snow.....21c

50c Watkins' Liniment.....40c
25c Hoff's Liniment.....20c
$1 Absorbine.....80c
35c Drake's Croup Syrup.....30c
25c Shilo's Cough Syrup.....20c

Wood-Lark Bldg., Alder Street at West Park

Henry Bramer Greatly Aided by Akoz on Trip to Wellville

Portland Man Says California Mineral Relieved His Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble.

After suffering for 15 years with acute stomach trouble and rheumatism, Henry Bramer, a brick and tile worker, residing at 253 Front street, Portland, has found relief by taking Akoz, the new California medicinal mineral. Not only has he had relief from his distressing ailments, but he has felt the exceptional tonic effects of Akoz and now rests and eats well and has banished that tired feeling.

"I was troubled with a bad stomach and rheumatism for about 15 years," said Mr. Bramer. "In that time I spent a great deal of money for remedies and doctors, but without much benefit until I tried Akoz. I am now getting along very satisfactorily after taking Akoz six weeks. I feel better. I don't have that tired feeling. I eat and sleep well and I take more interest in things generally. I intend to keep on taking Akoz for a time yet, as I believe it will be only a short time now until I am entirely as good as ever."

Akoz is a harmless mineral that is proving very effective in the treatment of rheumatism, stomach, kidney, bladder and liver troubles, diabetes, Bright's disease, eczema, catarrh, piles, ulcers and other ailments. It is nature's own remedy, and is succeeding in numberless cases where physicians and other remedies have failed. Akoz is sold at all leading druggists where further information may be had regarding this advertisement.

Foreign fabrics used in

Hart Schaffner & Marx overcoats

YOU may not know it, but we are the largest distributors of very fine imported weaves for men's clothing in this country. We maintain our buying offices in the important woolen centers of Europe.

The same fabric from which your exclusive custom tailor offers to make an overcoat from $60 to $100, you will find in our goods at $25 to $60.

Not something just like it, but the same identical fabric.

Our label in clothes is a small thing to look for, a big thing to find

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