

OPPORTUNITY GIVEN BY CHAMBERLAIN

Surrender of Lands Committee for That on Military Surprise to Friends.

WEST DEEPLY CONCERNED

Lands Chairmanship Would Have Carried With It Real Service in Shaping Legislation of Real Moment to Settlers.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Oct. 4.—From the point of view, the most important committee of the United States Senate is the committee on public lands. No other committee handles so much legislation affecting the West. In fact, this committee handles Western legislation exclusively. All bills affecting the disposal of the public domain, including the public land laws and otherwise touching on the broad topic of conservation must pass through this committee before being considered by the Senate. In consequence of this, most every Senator from the West strives for membership on the public lands committee.

Senator Chamberlain, of Oregon, recognizing the importance of this committee, sought membership on it when he first came to the Senate, and he was assigned to the committee at the beginning of his term. He still retains membership on the committee and at the beginning of the present Congress, when the Democrats came into control, Senator Chamberlain was made chairman, that was March, 1913.

Chamberlain Prefers Military Committee.

In August of that year Senator Johnston of Alabama, who was chairman of the committee on military affairs, died. Senator Chamberlain was the ranking member of the military committee, and he was called to the committee at the beginning of his term. He still retains membership on the committee and at the beginning of the present Congress, when the Democrats came into control, Senator Chamberlain was made chairman, that was March, 1913.

As Senate committees are listed, the committee on military affairs ranks above the committee on public lands. The main distinction, as Chamberlain sees it, is that the chairmanship of the military committee carries with it more patronage than the chairmanship of the public lands committee, and furthermore, the military committee handles and reports the army appropriation bill, whereas the public lands committee does not handle any of the appropriation bills, and in other respects the committees are about equal.

Militia Pay Bill Neglected.

There has been just one opportunity for the Senate committee on military affairs, since Senator Chamberlain became its chairman, to consider legislation in which the West was interested and that was the militia pay bill. That bill was introduced in the Senate on July 10, 1913, and was paid to it until about six weeks ago, when it was formally introduced by Senator Chamberlain and then laid aside for consideration. The bill, however, was whipped into shape by the War Department more than a year ago. The National Guard Association was called to the attention of the bill, and the bill was somewhat amended so as to meet both the views of the War Department and of the militia officers of the various states. The bill was sidetracked and not heard of again until introduced by Senator Chamberlain in August.

Army Bill Extravagant.

As far as the army appropriation bill is concerned, it was one of the measures on which Chamberlain failed in extravagance. The Army appropriation bill passed this session carried a total of nearly \$7,000,000 more than was appropriated for the Army a year before Senator Chamberlain became chairman of the military affairs committee. The aggregate amount appropriated this year for the Army was \$101,019,212, as against \$94,266,145 appropriated last year.

The increase in this bill, furthermore, was made by the Senate on recommendation of Senator Chamberlain's committee, for as the bill passed the House it carried less than was appropriated for the Army a year before Senator Chamberlain became chairman of the military affairs committee of the Senate, therefore, must shoulder a part of the responsibility for extravagant appropriations made by the present Democratic Congress. Meanwhile the committee on public lands, the chairmanship of which Senator Chamberlain voluntarily relinquished, has handled hundreds of bills involving the public domain, including the development of the West. All bills proposing to amend the homestead law, the bills affecting the development of water-power on the public domain, bills providing for the leasing of coal, oil and other lands; the bill amending the cultivation clause of the homestead law, and other bills of vital interest to the Western settler, all were referred to that committee. Some of these bills were of benefit to the settler; others were harmful; some, if passed, would tend to aid in the settlement and development of the public domain; others would have a retarding effect.

As chairman of that committee, Senator Chamberlain could have done much to shape the work of the committee, could have called the committee together much oftener than it has been meeting and could have aided materially in bringing about desired reform in the land law. The Oregon Senator put aside this chairmanship, preferring the chairmanship of the committee on military affairs, where he could do nothing of benefit to his state or the West, except by reporting and pressing the militia pay bill, and that lone opportunity was neglected.

FISH TRUST TO BE BROKEN

Philanthropist to Open 20 Stores in New York to Fight Prices.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—"A philanthropist, with a well-developed business sense, intends to open 20 stores or stands in this city for the sale of fish in an effort to break the so-called fish trust." This announcement was made

recently by Joseph Hartigan, Commissioner of Weights and Measures and member of the Taylor's committee on food supply. This man, it is said, has \$50,000 to invest in the venture, and he proposes to buy fish from independent dealers and sell at low prices. His name was not made public.

In this connection Mr. Hartigan said that two Tom's River fishermen told him of some of the difficulties they encountered in getting their fish to market. They said that they had been obliged to combine and put up their own freezer, having been forced to do so because the New York commission men sent so much fish back to them.

A report has reached the open market committee, of which Borough President Marks is head, that a commission man has been traveling along the river trying to persuade farmers to sell to the commission men rather than take their goods to the Fort Lee Ferry market. A New Jersey farmer reported that a man approached him on the ferryboat and asked him to buy his load of 500 pounds of chickens. He was told that

RAILROAD HEAD WHO DIED SATURDAY WELL KNOWN IN PORTLAND.



George A. Goodell, general manager of the Northern Pacific Railroad, who died in St. Paul Saturday, was well known to railroad men in the Northwest, having made numerous trips to this Coast. He had visited Portland on his inspection trips several times. Starting as a messenger boy in a railroad office, by strict attention to duty, Mr. Goodell advanced himself through the various positions in the railroad until he held one of the leading offices of a great railroad system. He was born in Knoxville, Ill., in 1855, and obtained his first position, after a common school education, in the capacity of a messenger boy for the Chicago & Burlington & Quincy Railroad Company. He was advanced through the offices of telegrapher, train dispatcher, superintendent, general superintendent and finally went to the Northern Pacific as general manager.

he could not sell them in the market. The price this man quoted, it was said, was below the wholesale price for fresh killed chickens.

GRADE TEACHERS ELECT

ST. JOHNS PROGRESSIVE STUDY CLUB ORGANIZES FOR YEAR.

Sewing Club Formed With Object of Making Garments for Worthy Poor. Lecture Announced.

ST. JOHNS, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—At the regular meeting of the St. Johns Grade Teachers' Association Thursday night at the St. Johns Public Library, officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President, Beatrice Rundall; first vice-president, M. Dorothea Clinton; second vice-president, Flora McNeive; third vice-president, Ruth Croucher; fourth vice-president, Lulu Parmenter; recording secretary, H. Mae Jefferson; Miss Grace DeGraff, president of the League of Teachers' Association, was the speaker, and she gave a report of the session of the National Educational Association. A social hour was held. Refreshments during the school year the lecture-room of the St. Johns library will be used by the St. Johns Grade Teachers' Association.

The Progressive Study Club met at the home of Mrs. E. O'Hara, 619 East Folk street, this evening. The club will include the study of the Bible and American literature. Officers of the club for the ensuing year are: President, Mrs. E. Gilpin; secretary, Mrs. E. C. Geeslin; treasurer, Mrs. Fred Houghton; press committee, Mrs. C. O'Hara and Mrs. A. Donnelly; sick committee, Mrs. E. Arnold and Mrs. A. W. Arnold. The next meeting will be held at the home of Mrs. A. W. Markle with the following officers: President, Mrs. A. W. Markle; vice-president, Mrs. E. Arnold; secretary-treasurer, Mrs. Morrow; committee appointed to take care of the club's charitable work, Mrs. Gambee, chairman; Mrs. Gilstrap and Mrs. Brown. A name will be selected at the next meeting. The club will do fancy work and make garments which will be donated to worthy people in need.

Professor Hermann S. Herring, of the board of lecturers of the First Church of Christ, Scientist, in Boston, will lecture next Friday night in the auditorium of the James Johns High School under the auspices of the St. Johns Christian Science Church.

Salern Car Victim Unconscious.

SALEM, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—Mrs. S. C. Price, who was struck by a streetcar near the fair grounds Friday, is still unconscious at the Willamette Sanitarium. Physicians say she cannot recover. She is suffering from concussion of the brain. Mrs. Price is 70 years old and lives in Polk County, near Dallas.

Miner Drops Dead.

ROSEBURG, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—Henry Martindale, for 50 years a resident of Camas Valley, died suddenly today of heart failure while working about his mines on Cow Creek. Mr. Martindale is survived by a sister, Mrs. Benhen, of Portland.

It Ought To.

(London Opinion.) "What are you going to call the new baby?" "Reginald Claude," replied Mr. Higgins. "Isn't Reginald Claude a rather affected name?" "Yes; I want him to grow up to be a fighter, and I fancy that Reginald Claude will start something every time he goes to a new school."



TRAINING SCHOOL, EASTERN OREGON NORMAL

THE above picture was taken in 1908. It shows the critic teachers, the student teachers and the pupils of the Training Department. The students of the Normal Department remained in the building. This picture is in itself a sufficient answer to the criticism that the Eastern Oregon Normal was merely a "local High School." High schools do not maintain training schools—neither does 81 per cent of their attendance come from counties other than the one in which they are located, which was true of the Eastern Oregon Normal. Its flourishing training school included a model kindergarten.

MORROW COUNTY TEACHERS ENDORSE EASTERN OREGON NORMAL

The following resolution was unanimously adopted by the teachers present at a recent session of the Morrow County Institute:

"Whereas, The professional training required by those who may teach in the elementary schools of Oregon is rapidly advancing in order to keep abreast of the times; and,

"Whereas, Oregon is one of the largest commonwealths in the Union, making it inconvenient and prohibitively expensive for the teachers of Eastern Oregon to attend the Normal School at Monmouth; therefore be it

"Resolved, By the teachers of Morrow County, in annual institute assembled, that they appeal to all friends of the public schools of Oregon to work for the success of the referred bill, No. 316, providing for the re-establishment of an Eastern Oregon Normal School, at the election to be held November 3, 1914."

Vote 316 X Yes

Many other states have more than one normal school. Why not Oregon? The adequate and permanent maintenance of this school will cost you but 2 1-2 cents on every thousand dollars assessed valuation of your taxable property. The Oregon normal schools were never, and never will be, the cause of high taxes.

(Paid Advertisement, Authorized by Publicity Committee, Clark Wood, Secretary, Weston, Or.)

T. R. AIDS SHERMAN

Colonel's Tour of Illinois Reflects in Favor of Foe.

EXTREMIST IN DISFAVOR

State Not Ready for Socialistic Doctrines and Single Tax Theories Espoused by Moose Candidate for Senator.

CHICAGO, Oct. 4.—(Special.)—Theodore Roosevelt has invaded Illinois, fired his 11-inch siege guns, and retired. Notwithstanding all this, Senator Sherman still maintains an unbroken battle front and the indications are that the Roosevelt invasion, which was intended to help Raymond Robins, at the expense of Senator Sherman, has had the effect of strengthening Sherman all along the line.

White Salmon Entertains Mid-Columbia District Members. Farm Home of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Jewett Scene of Annual Reunion Attended by 250 Persons.

HOOD RIVER, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—Thursday was red letter day among the club women of the Mid-Columbia district, the Woman's Club, of White Salmon, entertaining the members of the Mid-Columbia district, the Woman's Club, of Underwood, and the Woman's Club, of this city.

As for the voters, however, they cannot see that the Lawrence Sherman of today is any different from the Lawrence Sherman whom Roosevelt praised so lavishly a few years ago, except that he is more seasoned, more able and stronger in every way. So the Roosevelt tour, as far as Senator Sherman is concerned, seems to have had a sort of "reverse English" effect. The Republican Congressional committee has opened headquarters in this city and has laid out a "hurry-up" campaign of heavy battles in the districts to be sent into the districts that may be considered at all close. Raymond Robins has been touring the state lecturing and other legislation, but it is not yet ready for the socialistic doctrines espoused by Mr. Robins or for his single tax theories. On the Republican special train there will be

LAW TRIED 3 YEARS

Washington Workmen's Compensation Act Tested.

43,321 ACCIDENTS LISTED

\$2,407,231 Paid in Settlement of Claims of Laborers—1914 Shows Decrease in Number of Injured—Report Made.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—Three years' experience under actual operation of the Washington industrial insurance law ended last Thursday, the Washington law being the first state workmen's compensation act to go into effect.

WOMEN'S CLUBS GATHER

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Church Merger Proposed.

ASHLAND, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—The recurring question of merger of the Presbyterian and Congregational churches has come up again. The overtures to this effect are advanced mainly by the Presbyterian, who outnumber the Congregationalists considerably. The Presbyterian church was organized here about 1875, and the Congregational a score of years later. The edifices are about half a mile apart, each having an eligible site, and both equipped with substantial parson-

ACCIDENTS AS COMPARED WITH 1914

Since the first of this year the industrial insurance department, in cooperation with the state labor department, has been actively engaged in a "safety first" campaign in an effort to reduce the increasing accident rate shown by the second year under the law. Shop safety committees of employees have been organized and are working actively toward accident prevention in most of the large industrial plants of the state.

PUPILS TO HEAR FARMERS

CHEHALIS, Wash., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—The executive committee of the Lewis County Farmers' Extension Course, comprising J. C. Bush, chairman, V. L. Bevington, Peter Thompson, Charles Gessell and J. A. Roundtree, met in the Citizens' Club rooms, with President D. W. Bush, of the club, and Secretary Dick McDonald, to lay plans for the farmers' school, to be held here in November under the auspices of the State Agricultural College.

OREGON MEN TO TAKE PART

AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE TO FURNISH JUDGE AND SPEAKER AT APPLE SHOW.

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PANAMA CANAL WORKER GETS MEDAL

LA GRANDE, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—L. P. Ivanhoe of this city, has just received a handsome bronze medal as an award for continuous service during the construction of the Panama Canal where he was stationed for more than two years. The medal, which bears a bas-relief of Colonel Goethals, has been presented to all of the employees in the different departments of the work on the canal.

\$60,000 LAND DEAL IN PROGRESS.

GRANTS PASS, Or., Oct. 4.—(Special.)—An Eastern syndicate represented by Judge Burney, of Kansas City, and W. B. Sherman, of this city, today contracted for the F. D. Eismann and T. B. Cornell fruit ranch, about eight miles down the Rogue River from Grants Pass. The property includes 155 acres of highly developed land, 100 acres being in 8 and 8-year-old orchard, and the consideration was \$60,000.

IN FIVE MINUTES NO SICK STOMACH, INDIGESTION, GAS

"Pape's Diapepsin" Is the Quickest and Surest Stomach Relief.

If what you just ate is souring on your stomach or lies like a lump of lead, refusing to digest, or you belch gas and eructate sour, undigested food, or have a feeling of dizziness, heartburn, fullness, nausea, bad taste in mouth and stomach headache, you can surely get relief in five minutes. Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on these fifty-cent cases of Pape's Diapepsin, then you will understand why dyspeptic troubles of all kinds must go, and why it relieves sour, out-of-order stomachs or indigestion in five minutes. "Pape's Diapepsin" is harmless; tastes like candy though each dose will digest and prepare for assimilation into the blood all the food you eat; besides, it makes you go to the table with a healthy appetite; but what will please you most is that you will feel that your stomach and intestines are clean and fresh, and you will not need to resort to laxatives or liver pills for biliousness or constipation. This city will have many "Pape's Diapepsin" cranks, as some people will call them, but you will be enthusiastic about this splendid stomach preparation, too, if you ever take it for indigestion, gases, heartburn, sourness, dyspepsia, or any stomach misery. Get some now, this minute, and rid yourself of stomach misery and indigestion in five minutes.—Adv.