DEMOGRATS WORRY

How to Raise \$100,000,000 and Cause Least Disgruntlement Is Problem.

FIRST PLANS ABANDONED

Effort to Delay Action to Keep Issue Out of Fall Campaign Futile and Some Are Certain to Have to Explain.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 13 .- Democrats in Conington, Sept. 18.—Democrats in Congress are gravely concerned over the war revenue bill, now pending, as there is little relish for the measure which the President insists shall be passed speedily, in order to add \$100,000,000 to the revenue of the government. It is the political effect of this enactment that causes concern, for the Democrats know they must shoulder the responsibility for any increased burden placed upon the people.

As in the tariff fight, Democratic

upon the people.

As in the tariff fight, Democratic senators and representatives are trying to shift onto the President full responsibility for the war tax, and more than that, they have maneuvered so as to make the President responsible for the character of tax imposed, by requiring White House sanction before presenting their bill for consideration. The object of this maneuver, of course, is to relieve individual senators and representatives of responsibility.

and representatives of responsibility. For no matter what articles are taxed by the pending bill when it reaches its final form and becomes a law, there will be disgruntlement, and at least some of those who are going before the people this Fall asking endorsement will have considerable explaining

Congress Favors Delay. Had Congress been allowed to have ts way, the war tax bill would have been postponed until the regular session, beginning December 7, it being the judgment of politicians that the war tax be kept out of the campaign as an issue. The President, however, refused to view the question from the political standards.

political standpoint.

When the politicians found they could not avoid the passage of the war revenue bill, they set about devising means of raising \$100,000,000 that would create the least dissention among the voters. But the plan first devised. the voters. But the plan first devised, to increase the rate of tax on incomes, and to tax incomes as low as \$2,000 a year, failed to receive the President's endorsement, and for two reasons: Pirst, such a tax would not provide revenue before next July, and, secondly, the President thought such a tax would be harder to defend on the stump than some other forms of tax. Then the ways and means committee turned to the proposal to place a three per cent tax on freight, which in turn was abandoned.

Price Advance Feared. The contemplated freight tax was sought vigorously because of the probable increase in prices that would fol-low the taxing of freight. The leaders feared dealers would advance prices and allege that they were compelled to do so because of the freight tax, and notwithstanding the best efforts the Government might put forth it probably would be impossible to prevent such a general advance in retail

For instance, a 3 per cent tax on sugar, when figured by the pound, would be so infinitesimal as to go unnoticed, yet politicians of experience were aware that the sugar trust would not gbsorb the tax, and they knew full well was jobbers and retailers alike would pass on the tax to the consumer, with the result that the consumer probably

of tax would arouse.

Whisky Tax Headed Off.

At one stage the Southerners, dominating both branches of Congress, had headed off the tax on whisky, which is largely a product of the Southern States; these same men headed off the proposal to tax tobacco, and by the same token were the strongest advocates of increasing the income tax, which falls heaviest upon the states of the North.

Indicates

Indications are that the Senate will consume several weeks in discussing the war tax, and incident to that dis-cussion there will be a revival of the tariff generally, as the two subjects, are closely related, the present deficit resulting from the failure of the Un-derwood law, in time of war at least, to produce sufficient revenue to run the Government.

PRISONERS TO BE LISTED

Germany Prepares to Exchange In-

ers.

The German government intends to permit correspondence between British prisoners and their friends in England. The Austrian government, it is an-The Austrian government, it is an-ounced, intends to grant similar fa-

ACADEMY CHANCES OPEN

Senator Lane to Hold Examination

"Generally speaking, the most pat-

"As far as the famine is concerned received private letters that most prices of the necessaries of life, after a short rise, dropped to a normal level, but some of the foodstuffs like eggs and sugar became cheaper on account of the impossibility of their exports-

riotic spirit inspires the whole nation; he antagonism of classes and parties, the quarrels and jealousies of different nationalities disappeared as by enchantment. The mobilization in Austria-Hungary, with the sole exception of some Servian districts, took place amid unbounded enthusiasm of the population. The reserves, even of classes not called in, mustered so much strength that in one case infantry regiment could have taken the field with 10,000 men. All rumore or news of mutiny, or the surrender of Slav regiments, of the shooting of Slav regiments or leaders, or the disaffection of the Socialists, are slanderous inventions. The fifty million Austrians and Hungarians will fight to the last for the existence of their country and for their beloved Emperor and King."

FEDERAL BUREAU MAY REFUSE EXCEPTIONAL HAZZARDS.

Special Arrangements Must Be Applied For on Cargo Going to Ports of Belligerents.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 18 .- War risk WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—War risk insurance will not be granted by the Federal Bureau here to vessels bound for ports on the North Sea between the latitudes of Christiana and Amsterdam, on the Kattegat or Baltic Sea, or adjacent waters, to ports on the Adriatic, or Black Sea, or on the Bosphorus, without special application and rates. "Owing to the exceptional hazzards involved," Director Delancy announced tonight, "we will consider these special ports only when application is made to the bureau and it reserves the right to itself to decline any risks to these ports, or if accepted to name

these ports, or if accepted to name such rates as may seem in its judgment adequate."

Mr. Delancy announced that rates on cargo between ports of the United States and its possessions or any non-belligerent country in the Western bemisphere would be one-held of 1 per belligerent country in the Western hemisphere would be one-half of 1 per cent; to non-belligerent ports not north of Havre or east of Sicily, 1 per cent; to all other ports, 1½ per cent. On vessels between United States ports or its possessions or non-belligerents in Western hemisphere, one-half of 1 per cent; to non-belligerent ports not north of Havre or east of Sicily, threequarters of 1 per cent; other ports, 1

per cent. per cent.

Time policies will be issued for 90 days only at a 2 per cent rate, or in special cases 1 per cent. The rates are all subject to change without notice.

SIDEWHISKERS OF EX-SENATOR CLASS HIM WITH BRITISH.

Long Live Entente Cordial," Greeting of Troops as American on Train Steps Passes Paris.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Chauncey M. Depew, ex-United States Senator from New York, arrived from Liverpool today on the Baitic.

"I was in Geneva when the trouble

began," he said. "One morning I went to the bank and found I could get no money. We got the last train that left Switzerland for three weeks. "Twenty minutes after crossing the

into France we stopped at a . There was a sign there about the result that the consumer probably would pay even more than the actual tax and the dealer would reap an extra profit.

The tax on beer, of course, does not occasion the protest that other forms of tax would arouse.

Station. There was a sign there about two fet square calling the troops for mobilization. The station agent said the notice had been posted about 20 minutes. We picked up men joining the colors on the way to Paris until our train could hold no more, "Whenever I stuck my head out into

BELGIAN GUNS INFERIOR Soldier Says German Artillery Had

Three Times Range.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18.—Paul Van de Velde, of Dallas, Tex., for 34 days a lieutenant in the Belgium army and already a veteran of the battles of Haelen, Heuton, St. Margaret, Tirelmont and the fighting before Liege, arrived today on the steamer Cretic. Mr. Van de Velde was visiting his parents in Belgium when the war started and

formation With Great Britain.

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The official press bureau says the government has received information that the German government is prepared to communicate lists of British prisoners in their hands in return for similar information as to German prisoners here. It is contemplated that such lists, which will include information as to the physical condition of the prisoners, will be interchanged periodically.

Arrangements also are being made for the transmission to Germany of letters, parcels and money for prisoners. other volunteers from the United States, in order that they might return to their business.

POSTMASTERS ARE NAMED

Civil Service Announcements Add to Oregon List.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 18.—As a result of civil service examinations, the following fourth-class postmasters have been appointed in Oregon:

Frank E, Waskey, Lime; Albert B, Chapman, Lowerbridge; Alva L, Brown, McKinger, Mervore; Rush R. Clarke, Milliwood; Cardle Merce; Rush

Saturday Economies in Girls' and Boys' Apparel



Boys' All Wool School Suits Special \$3.98 Regular Price \$5.00 and \$6.50

serviceable suits, extra well made and finished, made of allwool materials, in fancy mixtures, diagonals and stripes, in grays, tans and browns. These suits come with one and two pairs of pants, full lined and taped seams. The coats are lined with an extra quality of serge lining.—Sizes 9 to 18 years.

Lipman, Wolfe Store Will Be Closed All Day Monday--Jewish Holiday

Sipman Wolfe & Ca. "Merchandise of Merit Only"

Remarkable Sale of Children's Dresses Regular Prices \$6.50 to \$10.00,

Saturday \$3.95

-All-wool challis, in dotted, figured designs, and plain colors, rose broadcloth and white serges, in the prettiest of styles for the girl from 6 to 14 years. They are made long Russian, low-belted, Norfolk and Peter Thompson styles, also with regulation waistline. The trimmings are in greatest variety, consisting of velvet, silk braid, fancy buttons, and collars of lace or embroidery. -Ages 6 to 14 years.

Girls' 3-Piece School Suits \$6.95 Selling Regularly at \$13.50

-These suits come in what is generally called "shoe-top length," made to fit girls from 8 to 16 years old. They are made of diagonal tweeds, serges, tan Bedford cord and white corduroy, in weights just right for Autumn wear. Coats are in box, Norfolk and belted styles, and the one-piece dress is made with pleats, set-in sleeves, panel skirts, braid and button trimming.

Girls' All Wool School Dresses Very Special \$2.45

Selling Regularly From \$6.00 to \$9.75.

-Made of all-wool sponged and shrunk serges, in navy and brown, light and dark all-wool challis, and fancy plaids and stripes. Ordinarily at this price you would expect to find cheap workmanship and material, but these dresses are exceptional. The materials are excellent in quality and made for hard wear, and they could not be finished with more painstaking care if made at home. At this price will be found one and two-piece sailor and Peter Thompson dresses, and many other pretty styles for school wear.

-They come in sizes 6 to 14 years.

ONE NIGHT ON AISNE.

Retreating Army Halts to Battle and Only After Five Days' Battle

Do Allies Win.

A New Style in Girls' Regulation Peter Thompson Dresses \$15.00 and \$16.50

These dresses are made on straight lines, instead of bloused, and have box-pleated tunic or straight skirts. Waists with or without shaped yokes, and set-in sleeves pleated at the wrist. The sailor collar, cuffs and wide belt below the waist line are trimmed with braid. Shield and arm embroidered with emblem. Sizes 15 and 17 years.

Capes and Coats for Rainy Days \$1.75 Girls' Rain Capes \$1.25

Of striped rubber. Made with plaid silk lined hood attached and arm slits. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

Girls' Rain Coats \$5.00

-We have a complete line of rubberized red or blue sateen cloth and tan slicker coats for girls, also black and white checks. They are made loose box fashion or belt-back style, with high and convertible collars that may be buttoned closely around the neck, and with detachable hood. Sizes 6 to 14 years.

FOURTH FLOOR

LONDON, Sept. 18.—The Exchange started at once.

PROPERTY OWNERS ACTIVE Citizens Will Fill Pools on East Side

at Own Expense.

For the Middy Blouse Girl Middies Selling Regularly at \$1.75,

Special 89c

-For school wear there is nothing prettier and more practical than a skirt and middy, and in this sale will be found middy blouses of finest galatea, made on becoming lines, and finished perfectly. They are made with wide belt at the bottom, short sleeves, turn-down collar, and are trimmed with revere on collar, cuffs and pocket of navy, Copen or red material. Sizes 8 to 20

A Complete Assortment of Girls' New Fall Coats \$4.95 to \$16.95

-The materials are boucle, heavy broadcloth, cheviot, striped zibeline, plaids and velvets, in the most attractive youthful styles, including the new military and capecoats. They have collars of velvet or plush, convertible or revere effects, trimmed with novelty buttons.

—For girls from 8 to 14 years.

New Suits for Junior Girls \$25.00

-Suits for dress and school wear, in all the newest styles brought out this Fall-redingotes, country club styles, models with high and low wide belts. Skirts made in long tunic and the new yoke fashions. They have collars and cuffs of the material, or of velvet, and are trimmed with novelty and velvet buttons, and black tailored silk

-These suits are made of fine French serges, cheviots and checks, in navy blue, brown, green and brown, and black and brown. Ages 15 to 17.

Pattern & Dress Hats For the Little Girls Are Now Here

-Velvets, velours, chiffons, satins, with trimmings of fur, French flowers and ribbons. \$3.95 to \$15.00.

Boys' Suits With Two Pairs of Pants \$5.00 and \$6.50

-These suits are made of an extra fine quality of all-wool cloth in fancy mixtures and plaids, made in new styles for Fall wear, with box and knife-pleated coats, sewed-down belts, patch pockets. Both coat and pants are full lined, with the best quality of material.

-For service and appearance, you cannot find the equal of these suits at this price. They come in sizes 6 to 17 years.

Boys' Tapeless Blouses 50c, \$1.00, \$1.50

Of Flannels, fancy striped or plain colors, of soisettes, madras, percales and sateen, in all desirable colors. Made with golf or detachable collars, in sizes 6 to 14 years.

\$1.00 Corduroy Pants Special 69c

Sizes 4 to 17 years. -Made of mouse-colored corduroy of an extra quality for hard usage. In knickerbocker style with taped

Boys' Fine Rain Coats Regular Price \$10.00 to \$12.50, Special \$7.50

-Boys' best raincoats in fancy cloth finish, in brown, tan and blue mixtures, also plain tan. An extra fine coat, made in regulation style, with set-in sleeves. These coats are cut full and perfectly tailored.



Boys' Rubber Capes \$1.75 to \$2.25 —Black rubber capes for boys from 4 to 16 years old. Made in military

style with or without arm slits. -Rubber hats to match, 75c.

Felt Hats for Boys Regular \$1.25 to \$2.00. Special 75c

-Fine French felt hats in gray, black, red, navy, tan, brown and white in regulation and telescope shapes with self bands. Sizes 3 to 12 years.

Boys' Caps 35c

-A special lot of boys' school caps of navy blue serge and fancy mixtures, made in band or golf shapes. -All sizes.

New Coats for the Little Tots From 2 to 6 Years Old \$3.00, \$4.95, \$5.95 to \$13.50

-Attractive little coats of broadcloth, zibeline, velvet, corduroy, boucle, plush, fancy mixtures and checks, trimmed with velvet, plush, corduroy, fur and fancy buttons. The styles are exceptionally pretty, including military, cape and belted fashions.

-All the colors used this season will be found in this assortment, as the selection is great.

FOURTH FLOOR

3500, according to the count of one man, but only \$290 by the count of another and both men be right?

While the solution of this question was being sought in the First National Bank of Milwaukee the cashier of the bank became wroth and the man to whom \$300 had been counted out stubbornly refused to take the bundle. for Army and Navy Appointments.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUILDEAU Washington street, the control of the street of the stree borniy refused to take the bundle which he said contained only \$290.

After the bills had been rummaged over for nearly half an hour there came a more minute examination, and then the discovery of a fallacy.

In the pack was a note which was of the value of \$20 an one side and are the contract.

As a result of a campaign promoted by the city public works department against stagnant pools of water in the city four property owners on the East. Side have agreed to fill the pools at their own property of the pools at the pools

A letter from C. L. Burton, of Chicago, to Mrs. Bertha Taylor Voorhorst, of the Oregon Commission on the Panama-Pacific Exposition, tells of the furtherance of the exposition. Practically all present at the meeting, said

Mr. Burton appropried their intention

SIO-BILL IS ALSO S20

directly over, so that the reverse side of the \$20 would meet the face side of the \$20 would meet the face side of the the stand, have been doing excellent work. One French airman succeeded in dropping bombs at an important railroad junction, with the result that the reverse side of of a \$10 bill met the \$20. This would indicate that there is another bill in clirculation with a \$10 face and a \$20 reverse side."

MANY TO VISIT OREGON

Chicagoan in Letter to Mrs. Voor-horst in Doubtful Position.

Chicagoan in Letter to Mrs. Voor-horst side. When the count of one the the count of one man, but only \$290 by the count of an-horse Says 50,000 May Come.

A letter from C. L. Burton, of Chicagoan in Letter to Mrs. Woorhorst of the Oregon Commission on the Pan-hought to Troyes were 17 imperial guardsmen who were captured in the woods near Vitry-le-Francois, department of Marne. Attached to their sleeves by plns were Red Cross insignia, to which, it is suspected, they had no right. They have been sent to a Prench ambulance corps, where their qualifications may be tested.

A letter from C. L. Burton, of Chicagoan the Country around the battlefield is of the man, but only \$290 by the count of an-

Mr. Burton, announced their intention of coming through Portland on their way to the exposition. "The Arkansas travelers," the letter