SOISSONS AGAIN IN HANDS OF FRIENDS

Ancient City Abandoned by Captors and French Drive on Across Aisne.

MANY TOWNS LITTLE HURT

Senlisk, However, Is Mass of Ruins and Germans Are Accused of Destruction-Effects of Artillery Noted Everywhere.

SOISSONS, France, Sept. 15, via London, Sept. 16.—The German right wing in its retreat abandoned Soissons yes-ierday (Monday), at the same time leaving also the southern bank of the River Aisne. The German retirement River Aisne. The German retirement northward continued during Monday The French in their pursuit

crossed the river.
The French artillery is today heavlly in action on the other bank of the Alsne, The only interruption of the almost Sabbath-like stillness here is the crash of French artillery, concealed at a point scarcely 300 yards from Soissons, mingled with the lessened roar of other guns farther distant.

City's Traditions Include Caesar. Here had been a fine little city of 13,000 inhabitants, with traditions since the time of Caesar. A few hundred persons were in the streets back of the river. The rest had left before the Germans returned.

Directions where to find bridges and routes to neighboring towns were painted on the walls of buildings at the corners of streets in the German German soldiers named Schneider,

Schultz and Schwartz had written their names in chalk on the steel shutters of the shop windows.

Prince Jonchim, the youngest son of Emperor William, was here five days ago, before he was wounded.

Last Shell Wounds Woman.

The last German shell fell into the town this morning, wounding a woman. On the roads behind the army are supply trains, Huge automobile trucks, built to carry four and a half tons, or two-wheeled carts, each with one or two led horses, so that if one gives out another may take its place, crowd the way.

In the wide track where the nine days' fighting took piace over the 75 miles of country between here and the Marne, singularly little physical damage was evident. Senlisk, a town of 6000 inhabitants,

Senlisk, a town of 6000 inhabitants, appears to have been burned by the Germans intentionally. The whole place is a mass of ruins. Early today a black kitten seemed to be the sole inhabitant of this French town, but presently some of the inhabitants ener; I from their battered homes, and one says that no fewer than 1900 persons were really in the town. Some of the inhabitants affirm that the Germans organized the incendiarism, acting house ganized the incendiarism, setting house after house after, until it seemed as though everything would burn.

Civilians Burying Dead. Other towns and villages in this vicinity, except for the damage done by artillery and rifle fire, show no signs of the recent antict. Silence reigns over the country back

of the fighting line, and few persons are seen moving about. Small parties of civilians are burying stray dead in the fields where they fell and burning or burying dead horses. An occasional buzzard is seen wheeling in the air. The wheat ricks stand untouched close to the intrenchments with which the countryside is lined. Rows of trees along the fine roads show the effects of artillery fire. An occasional tree trunk a foot thick has been cut off sharp by a single projectile, and at points along the highway where the fire was hottest branches litter the ground.

FIGHT IS ON 110-MILE LINE

(Continued From First Page.) sued tonight announces that headquarters sends no new details of the battle now being fought along the Aisne Outcome Not Predicted.

The text of the announcement was as follows:

"General headquarters has communino new information tonight about the action going on along our front.

"As has been remarked before, it is not to be wondered that during the course of a battle which has lasted several days no definite conclusion of any kind can be inferred. We know, however, that up to 6 o'clock tonight we have not weakened on any position." The fact that the battle is raging within a short distance of Parls passes almost unperceived at the French cap-ital. The trains filled with prisoners

still characterized in Berlin as favor-

Berlin Denies Victory by Focs.

The general staff has authorized the announcement that nowhere along the line of battle have the British or rench forces won a victory. No details of the fighting in France are given out, and it is said that no decisive turn of events ceems probable for some time to come.

Official Hopes Precaution Against Air Attack Will Be Needless.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16.—An official disputch today to the French Embassy from Bordeaux says: "On our left wing yesterday the Germans resisted north of the River Aisne on a line formed by the Forest Laignes

"At the center their line of resist-ance yesterday was north of Rheims and the camp of Charlens towards Vienne (a town at the western border

clared today that it might take several days more of hard fighting to decide the issue.

cide the issue.

Last night's bulletin showed that the armies of General Von Kluck and General Von Buelow were in engagements Sunday and Monday and that the other armies yesterday joined in the general action, including that of the Crown Prince of Germany, who hitherto had his hands full with Verdun.

The Tages Zeitung's military expert, in summarizing the situation, gives the battle line as 180 kilometers from Crepy to Verdun. He declares the opposing armies have closed their gaps and are now in contact along the whole front.

front.

General Von Stein's reassuring announcement to the Upper Silesians that no greater danger is threatening them no greater danger is threatening them seems to have been due to the retirement of the Austrians under General Dankl and Auffenberg, dictated, it is thought here, by a possible flank movement by the Russians.

An official warning has again been issued to East Prussians not to return to their homes in certain parts of the

****************** WAR IS COSTING BRITONS ALONE

\$44.80 A SECOND. LONDON, Sept. 16.—(Special.)— The cost of the war up to today, including the losses resulting from commercial paralysis, has been \$11,-265,000,000, according to figures

omplied here.
The cost to England alone, based on figures covering 48 days from August 1, has been \$166,500,000. This is at the rate of \$3,872,093 a day, \$161,337 an hour, \$2689 a manute and \$44.80 a second.

........ province which are still considered un

The North German Gazette today published the text of President Wilson's call to the people of the United States to be impartial with regard to the war. It has now been made pubthe war. It has now been made pub-lic in Germany. Commenting on the call the paper says:
"It is with satisfaction that we learn

of this noble and worthy announce-Referring to assertions made by the

foreign press concerning peace the newspaper declares: "Our German people will not lay down their arms in the war until the guarantees necessary for Germany's future position in the world have been

MINNESOTA TO GO TO ATLANTIC, SAN FRANCISCO REPORT

Only One Line Under American Fing Will Be Left If the Great Northern Acts on Plan.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 16 .- (Special.)-There was a persistent rumor in railroad circles today which, however, could not be confirmed in this city, that the Great Northern was planning to take the steamship Minne-

The Minnesota is the largest vessel on the Pacific with a capacity of 28,-000 tons and now plies between Seattle, Japan, China and the Philippines, handling Oriental trade.

If the Minnesota is transferred, the only line flying the United States flag to be left on the Pacific will be the Pacific Mail

It was learned today that certain patrons of the Great Northern Steamship Company had negotiated with the Pacific Mail to carry to the Orlent cer-tain refrigerated commodities. The Great Northern is known to have an affiliation with the Nippon Yusen Kaisha or Japan Mail Steamship Com-pany, so that in the event that it should take its big ship off the Pacific it could still handle traffic to the Orient.

BRAZIL DELAYS STEAMER

Clearance Refused Robert Dollar a American Vessel.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16 .- Brazilian authorities at Rio Janeiro have refused clearance to the former British steamer Robert Dollar, recently transferred to the American flag, and the State Dethe American flag, and the State Department has taken up the situation through the American Ambassador.

When the apptain of the Robert Dollar raised the American flag, the British Consul at Rio Janeiro is reported to have refused his consent to the transfer and the Brazilian governthe transfer and the Brazilian govern-ment accordingly declined to grant a

clearance. Representative Kahn, acting for Cal-ifornia owners of the ship, has been in frequent conference with Secretary Bryan, and today the State Department cabled instructions to Ambassador Morgan to ask Brazil to recognize the transfer and clear the vessel

DOUGLAS 'DRYS' BEGIN WAR Campaign Opened at Roseburg, 150 Attending W. C. T. U. Feast.

almost unperceived at the French capital. The trains filled with prisoners or wounded do not pass through the city, but around it over the beit line railway to provincial centers. Those of the wounded who are able to converse declare that the fighting is fierce, but that the allies feel success in the end is certain.

BERLIN, Sept. 16.—(By wireless via Sayville, L. L.)—The German prospects in the battle in the Marne region are still characterized in Berlin as favoreral or at work. Several orators advocating a "wet" Orestal.)

ROSEBURG, Or., Sept. 16.—(Special.)

The "dry" campaign, as far as Douglas County is concerned, was opened in Roseburg last night when 150 men of the city gathered at a banquet served under the direction of the Women's Christian Temperance Union. Speakers included B. L. Eddy, O. P. Coshow, J. E. McClintock and others. It is planned to hold these banquets frequently from now until election.

The "wets" also are at work. Several orators advocating a "wet" Orequently from now until election.

The "wets" also are at work. Several orators advocating a "wet" Oregon have spoken here, and others are booked for dates before the campaign

LONDON MAY GLITTER SOON

LONDON, Sept. 16.—In a statement issued tonight Sir Edward R. Henry, Commissioner of Police in the metrop-olis, expressed the hope that the re-

olis, expressed the hope that the restrictions placed on street and shop illuminations as a precautionary measure against Zeppelin raids on London may be modified later.

For the present, Sir Edward says, he is advised by the air department of the Admiralty that it is desirable in the interests of public safety that they be continued.

ON KAISER'S PLAINT

Reply Made to Germany's Charge Allies Use Dum-Dum Bullets.

PEACE WILL CURE EVILS

Washington Says Conference at End of War, With All Facts at Hand, Will Punish Wrongdoers and Lay Blame Correctly.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 16 .- President Wilson today replied to Emperor William's protest that the allies were using dumdum bullets. The President's reply follows closely the statement he made today to the Belgian commissioners protesting against the alleged German atrocities. His reply to President Poincare's message will follow the same

The text of the President's reply to Emperor William was:
"I received your Imperial Majesty's important communication of the 7th and have read it with the gravest interest and concern. I am honored that you should have turned to me for an impartial independs as the representaimpartial judgment as the representa-tive of a people truly disinterested as respects the present war and truly desirous of knowing and accepting the

"You will, I am sure, not expect me to say more. Presently, I pray God very soon, this war will be over. The day of accounting will then come, when, I take it for granted, the nations of Europe will assemble to determine a settlement. Where wrongs have been committed their consequences and the relative responsibility involved will be

ssessed.
"The nations of the world have fortunately, by agreement made a plan for such a reckening and settlement. When such a plan cannot compass, the opinion of mankind, the final arbiter in such matters, will supply.

Final Judgment Deemed Unwise. "It would be unwise, it would be premature, for a single government, however fortunately separated from the present struggle, it would even be inconsistent with the neutral position of any nation, which, like this, has no part in the contest, to form or express a final judgment.

"I speak thus frankly, because I know that you will expect and wish me to do so as one friend should to another, and because I feel sure that such a reservation of judgment until

planning to take the steamship Minne-sota off the Pacific and transfer it to the end of the war, when all its events the Atlantic. entirety and in their true relation, will commend itself to you as a true ex-pression of sincere neutrality. "WOODROW WILSON,"

The President made a similar reply to the Belgian commission which vis-ited the White House to protest against the alleged atrocities com-mitted by the Germans in Belgium.

The Beigians were headed by Carlon D. Wiart and accompanied by Minister Havenith to the office of Secretary of State Bryan, who escorted them to the White House, where they were received by President Wilson.

CANADA TO URGE FARMERS TO tion. RAISE MORE WHEAT.

Government to Urge Sowing of All Avnilable Land in Order to Meet War Conditions.

OTTAWA, Sept. 16 .- As a war measare the Canadian government will endeavor to have the wheat acreage doubled next year. A conference has been held between the Dominion Minister of Agriculture and experts in wheat production to devise means to enlarge the wheat acreage of Canada for the coming crop it was learned today. Through agricultural papers and lecturers farmers will be advised that it will be good business and good pat-riotism to seed every acre at their dis-

posal to wheat. Efforts will be made to have new land plowed for barley and oats that the cultivated areas may be seeded to wheat alone.

The British government has asked the dominion to co-operate in the work of increasing production so that the food shortage in Europe resulting from the employment of men in war may be met. Later it is likely the Canadian government may give aid towards plowing and planting, and where nes-sary it may advance seed to those who

ALBERT REPLIES TO CZAR

Belgian King Says His Soldiers De serve All Honor.

LONDON, Sept. 16 .- Reuter's Antwerp correspondent says King Albert has sent a telegram to Emperor Nicho-las, gratefully acknowledging the honor conferred on him by the Em-peror in the bestowal of the Cross of Knight of the Military Order of St.

hope Your Majesty will permit King Albert's message said, "to bestow all the merit on my valiant soldiers. Your Majesty's eulogy of the Belgian people and army particularly touches me, and will be received with vely gratitude and praise by the en-

SKIN TORMENTS CEASE WHEN **POSLAM IS USED**

Germany Also Closes Schools to Pupils of Hostile Nations.

LONDON, Sept. 16.—The correspondent of Reuter's Telegram Company of Amsterdam telegraphs that the German ministry of education has ordered the dismissal of teachers and professors in the schools and high schools of Germany who are subjects of hostile result. A staff officer defrom paris to Verdum. There has been to decisive result. A staff officer defrom the schools of the

10c-Peoples Theater--10c

Only Today, Tomorrow and Saturday to See

DUSTIN FARNUM

VIRGINIAN

A Big Man in a Big Man's Play

A Magnificent, Thrilling and Absorbing Picturization

A Cheering Breath From the West That Only Remington Knew

Ask the Thousands Who Have Seen This Picture

Newspaper Man Outwits Germans at Brussels, He Says.

WRITERS ARE SUSPECTED

Belgian Capital Charged With Sup pressed Excitement and Bearers of News From Foes Are to Be Shot Unceremoniously.

BY PAUL SCOTT MOWSER. Correspondent of the Chicago Daily News. GHENT, Belgium, Sept. 16.—(Spe-lal.)—In Brussels during the last week he atmosphere has been violently charged with suppressed excitement The German officers appeared to be nervous and the German authorities have become exceedingly suspicious So far as I know I am the only news paper man who has been in Brussels within the last ten days. If the Gernans had discovered my activities they would doubtless have sent me a pris oner to Aix-la-Chapelle. If by any mis chance they had captured one of the couriers whom I was sending through their lines with unsigned dispatches my fate would have been much worse. The Germans have taken the stand in this war that newspaper men are merely privileged spies. Some good-natured officers, catching American newspaper men in their neighborhood, have provided them with special passes, but the next officer encountered is more than likely to destroy the passes and arrest the hearers.

arrest the bearers. Citizens Come and Go. A small but constant stream of civ-lians have been passing in and out of Brussels by way of the Minove interurban line since the German occupa-tion. The Germans stopped the cars

on this road and searched the pas-sengers several times.

A few days ago the German author-A few days ago the German authorities in some mysterious manner obtained possession of a letter which an American living in Brussels had attempted to send to a brother in London by a courier. The writer in this letter expressed regret that he had not sent his mother and sister out of Brussels before the arrival of "those damned Germans." He further mentioned that a young American named tioned that a young American named

Ayers attached to the American Con-culate was motoring in and out of the German lines bringing newspapers. The German authorities were ex-cedingly angered by this and especially he phrase "those damned Ge They were going to arrest Hibbert Ayers as a spy, but the American Con-sul explained that Ayers had made only one trip through the German lines. He had, indeed, brought English newspapers, but that was before the Ger-mans had ordered an embargo on all newspapers. Simultaneously with the seizure of

this letter the Germans announced that they would unceremoniously shoot any-one caught bringing in newspapers through the lines or reading any but German newspapers. A few hours after this order the newsboys caused a sensation by running along the boule-vards selling a French newspaper call-ing itself simply "The Daily." The ex-cited crowd bought the papers, but were disappointed at finding that it contained only a few love stories and an article concerning built wounds. an article concerning bullet wounds, reprinted from the London Lancet of an ancient date. The people then understood why the Germans were permitting its sale.

Lincoln County Fair Due. TOLEDO, Or., Sept. 16 .- (Special.) -The Lincoin County Annual Fair will be held September 22 to 35. The fair board is working hard under the new

Manning's 35c Coffee

Manning's Coffee Store Jones' Market Fourth and Alder



Yes, It's True That the D. N. Pallay Co., Inc. One of Portland's Most Exclusive Men's Stores

Is Bankrupt!

Have you heard the news?

It is spreading like wild-fire.

Everybody is talking about it.

People are shocked, dazed and amazed in turn.

Some refuse to believe it, but it is true, folks.

The D. N. Pallay Company, one of Portland's highest class Men's Stores, yesterday filed a petition in voluntary bankruptcy.

The store is still open, and the great sale of their high-grade stock at cost prices continues.

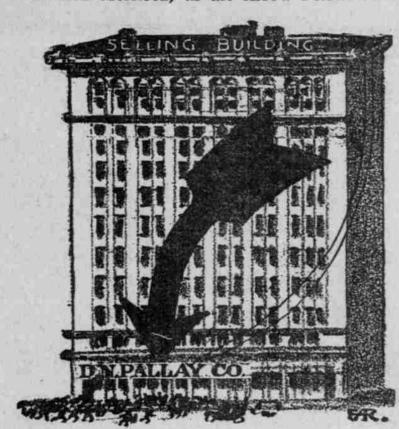
Now take this tip and come to the store at once, for you can buy the very best of Men's Hats and Furnishings, the newest and most seasonable merchandise, at absolute cost, and in many cases less than cost.

We told you that this was an honest sale. The S. O. S. distress signal was flashed, and thousands of people responded to the call, but they came too late to save this great firm from the rocks (bankruptcy).

Now for a limited time only the sale will continue under the direction of the court. It may end at any hour or at any minute.

So act now at once, and tell your friends, for they may not be as fortunate as you in seeing or hearing this highly sensational and startling news.

The Store Is Located at 147 Sixth St., Between Alder and Morrison, as the Arrow Below Shows



NEW SHORT LINE To SPOKANE

OREGON-WASHINGTON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION CO.

Daily Train Service, Effective Tuesday, September 15th, as follows: Spokane-Portland-Portland Spokane Limited Limited Ar. 7:20 A. M. 8:00 P. M. Lv. PORTLAND 5:13 A. M. 9:45 P. M. Hood River 10:25 P. M. 4:30 A. M. The Dalles 1:50 A. M. 1:20 A. M. Umatilla 3:55 A. M. 7:55 A. M. Ar. Ayer Junction 11:22 P. M. Lv. 8:30 P.M. SPOKANE

THE SHORTEST ROUTE BETWEEN PORTLAND AND SPOKANE

Effective same date, a new Local Train will be put in service between

Portland and The Dalles, as follows: No. 8 4:00 P. M. Lv. Portland Ar. 10:00 A. M. 6:40 P. M. Hood River 7:35 A. M.

7:30 P. M. Ar. The Dalles Lv. 6:50 A. M. Full information, tickets, schedules and reservations upon application to

CITY TICKET OFFICE, Third and Washington Streets, request by letter to the General Passenger Agent, Portland, Oregon.

