

GERMAN LAMENTS ACT OF JAPANESE

Ex-Ambassador to Tokio Says Nippon Shows No Gratitude for German Favors.

RETURN HOME DIFFICULT

Members of Embassy and Consular Staffs in Danger of Being Taken From Neutral Ships—Japan Is Not Excited.

SEATTLE, Wash., Sept. 13.—The steamship Minnesota, which left Yokohama, August 20, arrived here today, bearing Count von Rex, late German Ambassador to Japan, a big, ruddy-faced man wearing a Texas cowboy hat; the members of the embassy staff and the various German consular officers recalled from Japan, Korea and Vladivostok.

Count von Rex said Japan declared war against Germany under pressure from England, and that the Japanese people and Cabinet did not desire war. "There were many urgent telegrams from London, many conferences between the British embassy and the Japanese Foreign Office, before Japan entered the fight," declared the Count.

Garrison's Right Hopes.
Being asked what he thought of Japan's action the Ambassador replied: "I have no opinion to express. I should like to know what the United States thinks of it. You have islands in the Pacific that may be taken over by Japan the next time you get in trouble."

Count von Rex seemed to consider the plight of the Kiau-Chau garrison hopeless. "The Japanese," he said, "are free to attack with 200,000 men if they choose, while we have only a few thousand defenders. Peking-Tau is not a fortress like Port Arthur. It is not a strong place. Its fall is only a matter of time. What military glory can Japan gain by capturing Peking-Tau?"

Debt to Germany Recounted.
The Count continued: "Japanese military skill was acquired from German teaching. We have taught them all they know in medicine, engineering and the higher learning. Japanese students have been welcomed in all our great universities, and this is our reward. Japan turns against us at the first opportunity."

All the Germans except Baron Schoen are on their way to Germany, but do not know exactly how they will attain their destination. The Ambassador is beyond military age, as he says regretfully, and he probably could reach Italy unmolested, but nearly all the other men are young and suitable for army service and would be taken from any neutral ship that was searched by the British. The travelers are at a hotel here, awaiting orders from their government. They may go East tomorrow. They say they were treated with perfect courtesy by the people of Japan. They were not declared. Germans employed or engaged in business in Japan have not been molested.

Japan Not Much Excited.
There were numerous English passengers on the Minnesota. They did not mix with the Germans in any way. Through the Strait of Fucus the Minnesota kept on the American side, fearing search by a British warship. Passengers belonging to neutral nations agreed that Japan was not greatly excited over her war with Germany, feeling that it was undertaken out of a sense of duty and that it would occupy only a small part of Japan's fighting force.

PARTY SHIFTS TAX BLAME

(Continued From First Page.)
Loss of customs revenues and knew additional revenue must be had to support the Government.

Tax on Freight Protested.
The bone of contention is the burden to be placed on freights. Shippers are making the protest on the ground they are paying already excessive freight rates. They see no opportunity to pass the 3 per cent additional tax along to the consumer, where most such taxes eventually rest. Railroads are quiet during the protest. The tax will not fall on them. They insist freight rates now are too low and the additional tax will educate the shipper to a higher rate, which railroads may be able to win from the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The loudest protest is from the South, and Administration leaders argue they stand no chance of losing Democratic Congressional votes from that section, but it is an effort to get support for the tax from present Southern members of Congress and to hold the Southern Congressional votes for the future Administration measures. This is the task the President takes up on his return to Washington.

Some Insist on Stamp Tax.
Several Democratic members, including members of the ways and means committee, already are preparing substitutes for the coinage bill. Some of them insist that a stamp tax still will have to be accepted. They show that nearly \$40,000,000 was raised annually from this source in 1909 and 1910, and that despite the fact that it caused some general inconvenience and involved intricate detail of administration it caused no resentment among the people. A stamp tax, they insist, is not so politically inexpedient as a freight or income tax.

Another source of trouble for Congress is the failure of the Senate committee on commerce in its reappointment bill to satisfy the Republican members who are conducting the filibuster against it. Senator Burton says he will continue to fight against items in the bill which he considers "unnecessary, unwise and extravagant."

"I think that I am able to talk at least another month on the bill," said the Ohio Senator.

Senators Gallinger, Kenyon and Borah are ready to continue the fight with him. Some Democrats say they would rather let the bill fall than to yield to the demands of the Republicans.

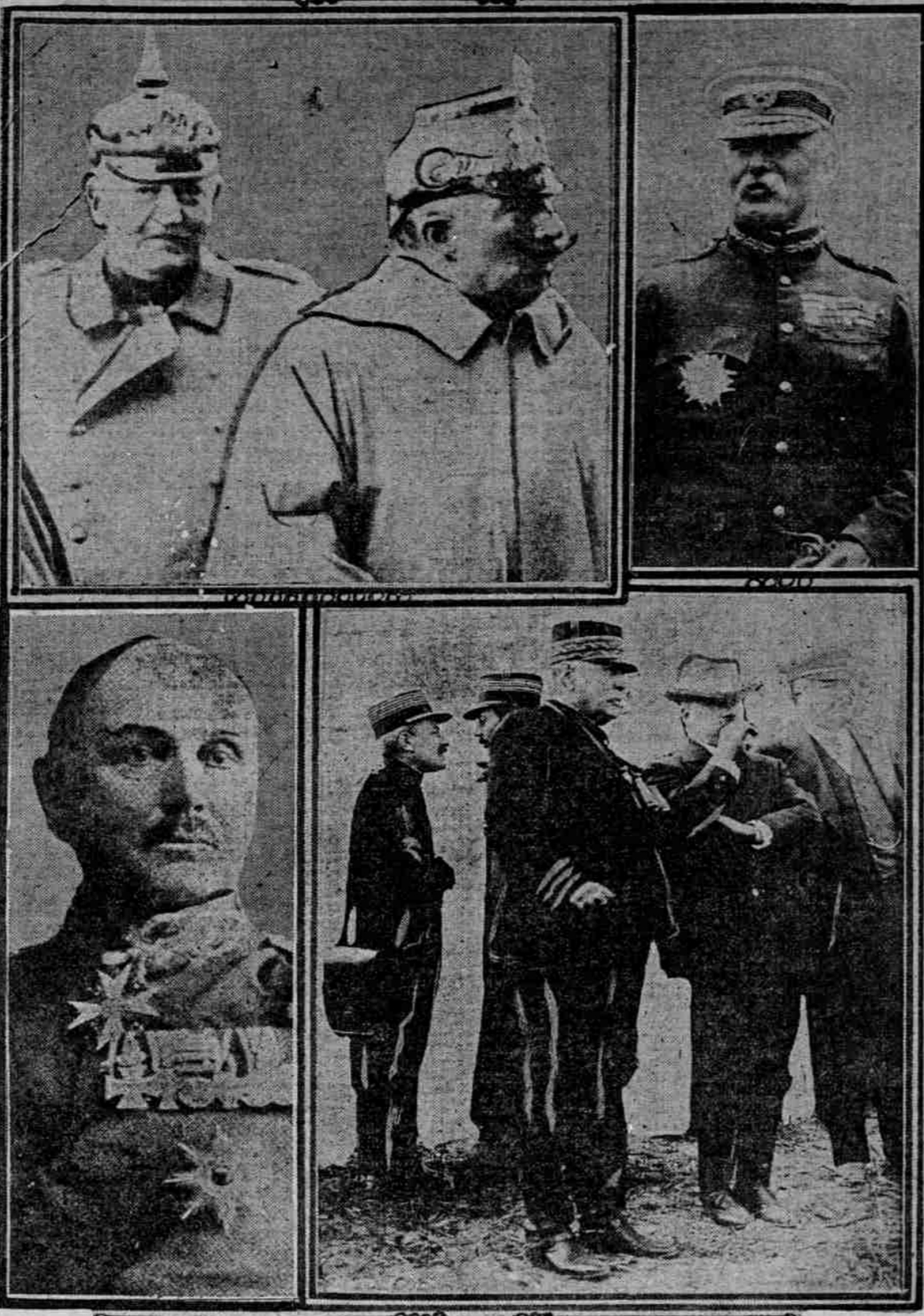
Milwaukee School to Open.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 13.—(Special.)—Milwaukee Grammar and High School will open here Monday. The main building has been repainted and standpipes constructed for fire protection. An outside building has been built which will take care of about 40 pupils, releasing space in the main building for the high school department. The school will open with 12 teachers. Robert Goets is principal.

Russian Alliance Japanese Wish.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 13.—Japanese officers have told a Russian journalist that the whole of Japan is in favor of an alliance with Russia.

LATE PHOTOS OF DIRECTING HEADS IN CONFLICT IN FRANCE.



TOP, LEFT, KAISER WILLIAM AND GENERAL VON MOLTKE IN FIELD.—RIGHT, GENERAL SIR JOHN FRENCH, COMMANDER OF BRITISH FORCES.—BELOW, LEFT, GENERAL VON KLUCK, WHOSE ARMY BORE BRUNT OF FIGHTING AFTER EXECUTING BRILLIANT FLANKING MOVEMENT.—RIGHT, GENERAL JOFFRE, WHO IS CREDITED WITH FRENCH VICTORY, AND PRESIDENT POINCARRE.

BRITISH MAN LIEGE

Professor Frank Radmaker Says Belgians Were Helped.

TROOPS ARE EARLY SENT

Educator Gets Admissions From Intelligent Londoners That Large Forces Went Across Before War Was Declared.

That there were at least 5000 British troops in Belgium before Germany declared war on France, and that a large part of this force helped with the defense of Liege, is the conviction of Frank Radmaker, principal of schools at Orting, Wash., who has just returned from Europe, and who is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Radmaker, of 783 Pacific street.

British Send Troops Early.

Mr. Radmaker declares that, for all the official British attitude, intelligent Englishmen in London admitted to him that England, foreseeing that she would be drawn in, sent her troops into Belgium before Germany assumed an aggressive attitude against Belgium.

"I was talking with the proprietor of the hotel at which I stayed in London," he said, "and when I planned him there were French and English in Belgium before the declaration of war between France and Germany, he said that there were French there, undoubtedly, and that he knew that some of the best British gunners were behind the fortifications at Liege. I had asked him if he thought the Belgians could have put up the defense that was made of the Liege forts."

In support of his contention that England was sending fighting men into Belgium before the alleged violation of that country's neutrality by Germany, Mr. Radmaker cites the fact that passenger service between Dover and Calais and Dover and Ostend was suspended July 31.

Man Falls Dead on Street.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Sept. 13.—(Special.)—William Davis, a resident of this city for a number of years, died on the street last night of heart trouble. He was 55 years old.

POPE WRITES KING

Britain Called Guardian of Peace, Master of Justice.

REBUFF IS REMEMBERED

Pontiff Displeased by Refusal of Prussian and Austrian Ambassadors to Give Safe Conduct to Belgian Cardinal.

WEALTHY FUGITIVE CAUGHT

Eugene Hewlett to Return to Los Angeles on Fraud Charge.

DEMING, N. M., Sept. 13.—Eugene Hewlett, reported to be a wealthy clubman for whom the police of Los Angeles have been conducting a search for several days on the charge of obtaining fraudulently money and property.



Frank Radmaker, of Orting, Wash., Who Has Just Returned From Europe.

BATTLE IN AFRICA NEAR

BRITISH DISPATCHED TO MEET STRONG INVADING FORCE.

GERMANS REPORTED RETREATING ON TASSO

River; Officers and Native Troops Are Captured.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—A dispatch to Reuters from Nariobi, British East Africa, says a strong force of Germans from German East Africa crossed the border at Mohora and occupied Karungu, and is now advancing on Kisii.

"British forces," the correspondent adds, "have been dispatched from Kisumu and from Fort Florence, on the northeastern shore of Lake Victoria Nyanza, to check them."

"The German force on the Tasso River is retreating, and is in conflict with troops sent from Bura and Mto and Andei. Full details of the fighting are not yet obtainable, but the capture of two German officers and some native troops is confirmed. Another German officer has surrendered."

"Details of last Sunday's action also are not yet to hand, but the wounded have been brought to Nariobi. They report that the British were subjected to the fiercest machine gun fire. In a gallant but unsuccessful effort to reach the machine gun by a bayonet charge, the Twenty-seventh Punjab regiment suffered heavily."

MULTNOMAH COUNTY FAIR

Gresham, Oregon Sept. 15, 16, 17, 18, 19

BIGGER AND BETTER EXHIBITS

Livestock, Poultry, Vegetables, Fruits, Flowers, Domestic Science and Art, also Grange and Juvenile Displays, Horse and Driving Races. Full Line of Amusements

Citizens of Portland—Attend Our Own County Fair

"Meet Me on the Furrow"

Round-Trip Fare 25c
Take Car at First and Alder

SLAVS HEAR 4 TONGUES

SPEECHES RESULT IN DONATIONS OF \$200 TO RED CROSS.

Patriotic Addresses Made to Portland Society by Bohemian, Serb, Russian and Briton.

At a meeting of the Slavonic Red Cross Auxiliary yesterday in Dana Hall on Russell street, speeches were delivered in Bohemian, Servian, Russian and English, resulting in donations to the amount of \$200 for the Red Cross fund.

The addresses were in patriotic vein, urging subscriptions to the fund for the relief of their countrymen in Europe. V. Krenar, president of the society, was the first speaker. He discussed the purpose of the meeting and introduced E. Pekich, secretary, who read a report of the work accomplished by the Red Cross Auxiliary.

A. Chotenovsky next spoke in Bohemian, telling of the conditions of the Slavs in Austria-Hungary under the Austrian rule. His hope was for a confederated Slav nation. He said that while German races looked down on the Slavs as half-civilized people, if half the reports of German actions in the war were true they would show what civilization can do in warfare.

Joseph Uzakovick spoke in Servian about the conditions of the southern Slavs in the Balkans, under Turkish rule and later under Austrian rule. He said that while Turkey persecuted them for their religion, and the Austrians do not, that the educational facilities provided by the Austrians are no better.

Russian rule is not as bad as it is

UHLANS SCARCE IN LILLE

ADVANCING FORCE OF GERMANS PASSES TOWN BY.

Inhabitants Resigned to Situation, Realizing Own Safety Lies in Doing as They Are Told.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The Boulogne correspondent of the Times has visited Lille to ascertain the truth of the statement that a German army corps was marching southward to reinforce the main army. The inhabitants of Lille knew nothing of such a movement and there were no Uhlans in that town. Their attitude was one of resignation; they had come to understand that so long as they remained quiet and satisfied the demands of the unwelcome visitors they would not be hurt.

Only a dozen Uhlans were present in Lille. They had ridden in that morning to ascertain whether the district was quiet and left early, proceeding in the direction of Tournai. It was thought that these Uhlans comprised one of the patrols of the right wing of the reinforcement.

According to reports received in the town, the advancing force of Germans, which would pass but would not enter the town, was 60,000 strong. At Dunkirk the correspondent found a motor car armed with a mitrailleuse, which had been returned from a Ulian chase. At Calais he was stopped by sentries guarding a strongly entrenched position.

Australia has 83,243,086 sheep.

GERMAN GAIN REITERATED

Crown Prince Again Reported to Have Taken Fort Near Verdun.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—A dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Rome says that it is officially announced in Berlin that the army of the German Crown Prince, Frederick William, has captured a fortified position southwest of Verdun, and "it is now beginning an attack with the heaviest artillery pieces on the forts south of Verdun."

(The capture by the Germans of a fortified position southwest of Verdun was reported in news dispatches Saturday.)

Famine in Turkey Reported.

PETROGRAD, Sept. 13.—Travelers from Constantinople and Sofia bring the report that there is a famine in the Turkish capital.



Along the River of Doubt

—there, are multitudes in perplexity as to the cause of their headaches, biliousness, sleeplessness, heart flutter, nervousness, etc.—ills that constantly interfere with personal comfort and success.

There are others who have learned that coffee—with its drug, caffeine—is very often the cause of these troubles, and that a sure, easy way to escape such discomforts is to quit coffee and use

POSTUM

—a pure delightful food-drink made entirely of wheat and a bit of molasses. It is absolutely free from the coffee drug, caffeine, or any other harmful or comfort-destroying ingredient.

Postum now comes in two forms.
Regular Postum—must be well boiled. 15c and 25c packages.
Instant Postum—a soluble powder. Made in the cup with hot water. No boiling required. 30c and 50c tins.
Both kinds are delicious, and the cost per cup is about the same.

Grocers everywhere sell POSTUM