WEST PARKANDALDER EXCHANG

WOODLAWN EXCHANGE

OFFICE 1895-20 AND ANKEN

TABOR EXCHANGE

EAST EXCHANG

SELLWOOD EXCHANGE

# STRICT NEUTRALITY AMERICA'S STAND

Wilson Inclined to Let War Developments Shape Without Entering Tangle.

#### AID EXTENDED DIPLOMATS

England and France Ask United States to Care for Embassies Where Needed-Lines Laid to Prevent Money Catastrophe.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 2.-Although the United States is but a neutral observer in the European war, the manifold interests of America in Europe commanded the incessant attention of President Wilson and officials through-

out the day.

The White House officials, the State and Treasury departments, usually deserted Sunday, presented scenes of unwonted activity. Wires and cables were kept busy with messages and orders to care for Americans abroad and to take necessary precautions for stabilizing financial conditions in this country.

President Whouse officials, the State countries.

The board of agriculture has issued a statement that there is sufficient whole population for four months, allowing for normal consumption, irrespective of imports.

The panic has been enhanced by the closing of a number of the smaller paris hotels and the report that others are about to close, on account of the French servants being called to the colors. The German and other foreign servants employed in these hotels left several days ago.

country.

President Wilson sent Secretary McAdoo to New York to be accessible to
bankers, large and small. The Secretary conferred with several big bankers here about shipping gold to Europe, called together members of the Federal Reserve Board, already confirmed, as well as Paul M. Warburg, whose nomination is pending, and discussed for-eign exchange.

Situation Increasingly Grave.

Diplomatic officers of the Govern-ment revealed by their dispatches that ment revealed by their Europe were be-conditions throughout Europe were be-

ment revealed by their dispatches that conditions throughout Europe were becoming increasingly grave. Word came that England was mobilizing her army and navy along the North Sea, threatening Germany.

Ambassador Gerard, at Berlin, formally notified the State Department that Germany had declared war on Russia. Official messages did not mention war between Germany and France. Further indication of Italy's desire to remain neutral was conveyed to the American Government.

As Russia, Austria and Germany, the countries already in a state of war, had asked the United States to care for their diplomatic interests, the American Embassies at St. Petersburg, Berlin and Vienna today were entrusted with new duties. England and France have inquired if the United States would take charge of their affairs in Europe, in case of emergency, and this request likewise has been favorably acted upon. It is regarded as certain that the American Embassies, legations and consulates will be the means of communication between all the coast will get through, as the authorities are seizing all autos.

Carlton Closes Grill.

All the way from Paris to Calais the passengers saw French soldiers making their way to concentration points. It was to content and it was a tired and hungry lot of tourists who reached hungry lot o the countries in conflict.

Far East Causes Concern.

Nothing of a definite character came to the Washington Government about the situation in the Far East, though this is giving officials no little concern. The probability of a naval concern. The probability of a naval concern. this is giving officials no little con-cern. The probability of a naval con-flict in the Far East between German and Russian warships was discussed among naval officers. With the de-parture of the Germans from the al-lied forces at Peking, complications in China have been temporarily removed. Officials here are determined neutrality shall be strictly observed in American

States will not make any attempt to mediate in the tangle. The futility of England's mediation proposals having already been demonstrated, the disposition of President Wilson is to make no move in diplomacy, at least until the situation develops more clearly.

tended a helping hand today to more than 150,000 Americans who are stranded abroad, without means of cashing their checks or letters of credit, owing to the financial stringency produced by Gold and Silver Only Good, buropean war.
Besides forwarding hundreds of tele-

grams to Americans through diplomatic channels orders were sent by the State Department to all consulates, legations and embassies to use every influence at their disposal to obtain money for citizens of the United States. All American diplomatic officers were instructed to exchange letters of credit or travelers' cheques for "embassy checks" or certificates. These are is-sued by the authority of the United States Government and Secretary Bryan tonight was confident "embassy checks" would be honored by railroads, steam-

State Department in Washington and an equivalent sum will be advanced in an embassy check abroad. Americans

## BRITISH PLANS PROCEED

(Continued From First Page.)

famine. Most of them depend upon the Scandinavian countries for stock and have only a few weeks' stores in the country, and shipping in the North Sea is paralyzed. The peace movement continues, but finds little popular re-

Lord Charles Beresford has issued a letter calling upon the country "to pay a debt of honor to France." He declares that England would forever be disgraced in the eyes of Europe If

she failed

Private Vehicles Commandeered. The railway stations are filled with the naval reservists in bright uniforms entraining for the coast stations. Of-ficials raided the streets today and commandeered the latest and most powerful motor vehicles, turning out the passengers and ordering the driv-ers to proceed to naval and military headquarters, where the cars were to be used for military and red cross puroses. A number of reservists are em-loyed on the motor busses and traffic a consequence has been curtailed. Reports have reached Hull that the Wilson liner Castro and the freight steamer Saxon, loaded with coal, have been seized in German waters. All sailings to Germany and Russia have been canceled.

London maintained her calm to the last moment tonight. A great crowd

assembled around the government offices at Whitehall awaiting the decision of the cabinet as to whether England would take part in the war, but when it was found no statement was to be made the crowd melted away, cally a few groups remaining to discuss only a few groups remaining to discuss whether the cabinet, as some put it, "had decided to funk or fight."

### Announcement Due Monday.

Premier Asquith will announce Great Commons tomorrow. Prior to this an-

nouncement another cabinet meeting will be held. The general impression is that the war party in the cabinet is in the ascendancy, but not a word was allowed to leak out of the cabinet chamber concerning today's proceed-

Ings.

It was said that Viscount Morley.
Lord President of the Council and
Viscount Haldane, Lord High Chancellor, led the peace party, and that
Winston Spencer Churchill, first lord of
the Admiralty, threatened to resign
if the government did not stand by its
unwritten agreement to support France
against German attack. against German attack.

Liberals Oppose War,

It is known that the Lancashire Liberals are putting strong pressure on the government to keep out of the conflict at all costs, and it is said that Premier Asquith is somewhat influ-

enced by this.

But the average Englishman is saying tonight that the government has no alternative, after the neutrality of Luxemberg has been disregarded by Germany and after Germany's refusal to say what her attitude will be with record to Relgium.

to say what her attitude will be with regard to Belgium.

The Socialists held a big meeting in Trafalgar Square tonight to protest against war. James Kier Hardie, Independent labor and Socialist member of parliament who was the chief speaker, declared that Italy although bound by treaty, remained neutral and there was no reason why Great Britain should not do likewise. He announced his intention of calling a national strike against the war.

Four Months' Wheat on Hand.

Four Months' Wheat on Hand.

The railway stations are crowded with German, French and other reservists returning to their respective

ountries.

several days ago.

Oscar Straus to Use Motor.

Among the guests at one of the big hotels in Paris, which has already closed, were Oscar Straus, the former American Ambassador to Turkey, and his wife, who decided to motor to Dieppe. Some doubt is expressed as to whether anyone attempting to motor to the coast will get through, as the authorities are saled as all outes.

thorities are seizing all autos.

One from Aix Les Bains said that a crowd of Americans were sitting around the gaming tables when the

There is considerable uneasiness among Americans anxious to return home because of the report, which is confirmed by the Cunard Steamship Company that the Mauretania, which sailed for New York from Liverpool on Saturday, will be recalled if England becomes engaged in war.

fficials here are determined neutrality hall be strictly observed in American orts in the Philippines.

So far as can be learned the United tain bills of exchange. The proclamation postponing the payment of certain bills of exchange. The proclamation bills of exchange. tain bills of exchange. The proclama-tion says that if on the presentation for payment of bills of exchange other than check or bill on demand, which have been accepted before August 4, the acceptor reaccepts the bill, that bill shall for all purposes, including the situation develops more clearly.

150,000 Stranded Abroad.

The United States Government exdate of its original maturity.

Although the pockets of many are full of American and English bank notes and American express company bills they might just as well have nothing, for only gold and silver are taken anywhere.

The flight from Paris has become The flight from Paris has become almost a panic. One of the Americans who arrived from the French capital today said the train which left Paris at 9 o'clock last night was jammed with Americans. Many of them went to the station as early as 3 o'clock in the afternoon and stood for hours waiting for a chance to get aboard. The heat was intense and there was much suffering among the ship companies and hotels abroad.

Relatives and friends of Americans in Europe can deposit funds with the give up his place.

When the train was drawn up ther was a frantic rush for the cars and what is described as almost a pitched devoid of funds will be given loans, just as was the case in Mexico.

Baggage was abandoned in the rush and some of the passengers arrived in London without even a change of linen.

### fronted with the possibility of a paper AUSTRIAN TROOPS SHIFTED

Servian Campaign Dropped to Pre-

against Servia in order to prepare for sible Russian attack. pare for Russia.

NISH, Servia, via Saloniki, Aug. 2.—
Austria appears for the present to have abandoned her aggressive campaign desultory bombardment of Belgrade.

MASSED FLEETS OF THREE GREAT POWERS NOW IN THE

WATERS OF NORTHERN EUROPE. GREAT BRITAIN—BATTLESHIPS (29) IRON DUKE (FLEET FLAG-SHIP.

First squadron-Collingwood Colossus, Hercules, Neptune, St. Vincent, Superba, Marlborough, Vanguard.
Second squadron-Ajax, Audacious, Centurion, Conqueror, King George V, Monarch, Orion, Thunderer.
Third squadron-Edward VII, Africa, Britannic, Commonwealth, minion, Hibernia, Hindustan, Zealandia. Fourth squadron-Dreadnought, Bellephoron, Agamemnon. Tre-

Battle cruisers (4)-Lion, Queen Mary, New Zealand, Princess Armored cruisers (13)—Second squadron: Shannon, Achilles, Cochrane, Natal. Third squadron: Antrim, Argyll, Devonshire. Roxburgh. Fourth squadron: Suffolk, Berwick, Essex, Lancaster, Hermione.

The British Armada, here included, comprises only the first fleet, which sailed from Portland (England) Wednesday under sealed orders. The second fleet, which is also ready for action, includes 15

battleships and eight cruisers. GERMANY—BATTLESHIPS (25) FRIEDRICH DER GRÖSSE (FLEET FLAGSHIP).

First squadron—Ostfriesland, Thuringen, Helgoland, Oldenburg.
Nassau, Rheinland, Posen, Westfalen.
Second squadron—Proussen, Schleswig-Holstein, Pommern, Honnover Hessen, Schleisen, Lethringen, Deutschland.
Third squadron—Kalser, Kaiserin, Konig Albert, Prinz Regent.
Luitpold.

Reserve squadron—Wittelsbach, Braunschwaif, Elsass, Zabringen-Battle cruisers (4)—Seydlitz, Goben, Von Der Tann, Moltke. RUSSIA.

Battleships (4)-Andrei Pervozvannyi, Imperial Pavel, Slava, Cesarevitch. Armored cruisers (5)-Rurik, Gromboi, Admiral Makaroff. Bayan,

In 1895 Portland's population was 91,550; only

The small building, corner Second and Ankeny, was our

As the population has increased—as the city has extended

-the Pacific telephone has maintained an equal growth.

1113 telephones were in use.

"Central."

OREGONIAN'S CONTEST.

OAK AND PARK STREETS

one industry essay contest for July by making a daring excursion into the future, and predicting something of the change that will be wrought in Oregon in 1925 by the application of the patronize-tome-industry Charley Johnson, of 867 Seventh street, who gave many excellent reasons for buying Oregon-made goods. Miss N. M. Jones, of 1159 Michigan avenue, took hidrd prize; Lula Maloy, with a certain the text of the patronize-tome-industry cramer was hurjed from the gave many excellent reasons for buying Oregon-made goods. Miss N. M. Jones, of 1159 Michigan avenue, took hidrd prize; Lula Maloy, with a certain the was endeavoirs to the certain the contest edivided of Portion and the was endeavoirs to the case and John A. Ten two ok, of Hood River, fifth prize, with easy written in sprightly verse. Thus three of the five prizes wend hows and girls outside of Portions for the case until assistance reached would like to see try again next the case of the case until assistance reached would like to see try again next th, are: Ann McMahon, 1262 Divisioned Rayers and the contest edivided of Portions and the contest edivided power company.

sion street; Gracie Mathews, 6107 Six-ty-second avenue Southeast; Dorothea Wolfken, The Dalles; Ruth Blowers, Hood River; Hazel Danford, Beaverton.
There are but two more months of these contests, which were started by The Oregonian last September.

War Worries Grain Growers. POMEROY, Wash., Aug. 2 .- (Special.) system whereby farmers in all parts of

NEW TELEPHONE BULLDING

States.

A most cordial invitation is extended to call upon us in our new building.

THE PACIFIC TELEPHONE

AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

— 1895 to 1914

ST. JOHNS EXCHANGE

Buyers Put in Touch With Those Who Want to Sell.

STOCKTON, Cal., Aug. 2.—(Special.)
—Frank F. Lyons, county farm adviser,
has announced to the farm bureau
directors that he has worked out a

-What effect the war between Austria and Servia will have upon the grain market in the Pacific Northwest, is a question that is worrying Garfield County farmers. Local agents of the Portland grain merchants received notice yesterday not to buy any wheat until the market was more stable.

1 DIES, 2 HURT IN MIDAIR

the county might list with him whatever they want to sell and whatever they want to buy. Whenever a card is filed by a farmer desiring something wanted by another, the name and address of the person wanting to sell is sent to the person wanting to sell is sent to the person wanting to buy so that they may get together and make their deal.

The scheme will, it is believed, be adopted by farmers' bureaus through the state.

Fields Burn Near Roseburg.

ROSEBURG, Or., Aug. 2.—(Special.)

A large crew of men were at work

Today, with an estimated population of 270,555,

Our new 11-story building represents our sixth operating

It is one of the most modern, and will be one of the most

completely equipped telephone buildings in the United

there are 42,552 Pacific telephones in Portland.

building in Portland, and seventh, including St. Johns.

**MAIN 8800** 



Ask your dealer or phone A 1172, Main 72.

Henry Weinhard Brewery

## HOOD RIVER ESSAY WINS MARION RAND, 15, VICTOR IN THE