

"I ACCUSE MYSELF," CRIES M. CAILLAUX

Ex-Premier Dramatically Declares He Should Not Have Left Wife to Act.

LIFE'S HISTORY REVIEWED

Publication of "Thy Joe" Letters Inspires Deep Fear in Both. Love Recital Causes Prisoner to Blush Crimson.

(Continued From First Page.) prayer was: 'I hope he is not seriously hurt; I meant only to give him a lesson.'"

Caillaux was shaken by emotion and showed weariness. He asked for 10 minutes' rest, and at the recess went over to the dock, took one of his wife's hands and kissed it fervently.

M. Caillaux now entered on the purely political phase of his deposition. The excitement of the listeners reached fever heat; hardly an inch of the courtroom was unoccupied. Some of his statements were greeted with hoots and cheers, despite the stern orders of the presiding judge to arrest any disturber.

Opponents of Income Tax Accused.

The campaign carried on by the Figaro, he asserted, was meant to strike him down at any cost, because he stood for the income tax, and the interests behind the Figaro hated that measure of financial reform.

"The Figaro," he said, "was condemned for publishing things about Parnell which were not true. If we had English laws in France there would have been no Figaro campaign."

He had been accused of criminal preparation in the Rochette affair and of treason in connection with the Franco-German treaty. To this he replied:

"We are simple bourgeois; we have no coronet, but we will defend our honor and our honesty. The postponement of the Rochette case was a step for which I would not hesitate to take the responsibility even today."

He emphasized his words by striking the bar with his clenched fists.

"I will now show the court and the jury," he continued, "the absolute falsity of the charges leveled against my conduct in the Franco-German crisis of 1911."

Morocco Affair Mentioned.

"During seven months of my Premiership I went through a violent and terrible experience. In my conduct of the affair I was guided by the principle that the great Moroccan empire was the indispensable complement of France's African colonies. I did not wish that under the cover of previous conventions a sort of Franco-German consortium should be established in Morocco, but peace with honor."

"A previous witness has referred to some document. I do not know to what document he refers, but I challenge him to produce it. I can prove the absolute correctness of my conduct throughout that period."

M. Caillaux said he knew that the Figaro had diplomatic papers in its possession which it intended to publish, although that would have been a grave peril for the country.

"I am obliged now to speak now of Calmette," said M. Caillaux, after he had gone at some length into the political aspect of affairs, "but with the greatest moderation and the deepest emotion. If by allowing him to cover me with mud I could recall him to life, I would do so at once, but I am bound to defend my honor."

German Cash in Figaro, Is Charged.

"Calmette attacked me about the Franco-German agreement when, in 1911, he continuously supported my policy. He even went farther. He advocated on August 10, 1911, the quotation of a German stock on the Paris Bourse. I well remember the sensation the article caused."

M. Caillaux went on to declare that when Calmette took the direction of the Figaro he obtained funds from a group of German financiers.

"My parents," he said, "left me 1,200,000 francs. I have now 1,000,000. I defy the attorney for the Calmette family to deny that he, who 20 years ago had nothing, has left a fortune of 12,000,000."

M. Caillaux then asked to be confronted with Louis Latzarus, one of the members of the Figaro staff, who previously testified that Calmette had told him he had diplomatic documents important enough absolutely to crush Caillaux.

The courtroom broke into a violent uproar; the scene recalled the famous Zola trial. Caillaux shouted above the din:

"I cannot tolerate such language. I respect the sentiment and devotion which prompts it, but insist that you subordinate the charges. I defy you to produce authentic documents which show me to have been wanting in patriotism and in patriotic foresight at that time."

Maurice Chenu, counsel for the Calmette family, here interposed and declared that the documents had been handed to President Poincare by Calmette's brother after the editor's death. The President had given them to the Foreign Office. He asked M. Caillaux to let the matter drop under these circumstances. At this M. Labori, chief counsel for the defense, sprang to his feet and completely dominated the situation. In tones of thunder he declared:

"I will have no equivocation. I demand a full statement from the government."

The Procurator-General, M. Herbaux, explained that some doubt existed as to the authenticity of the documents, and an inquiry was necessary.

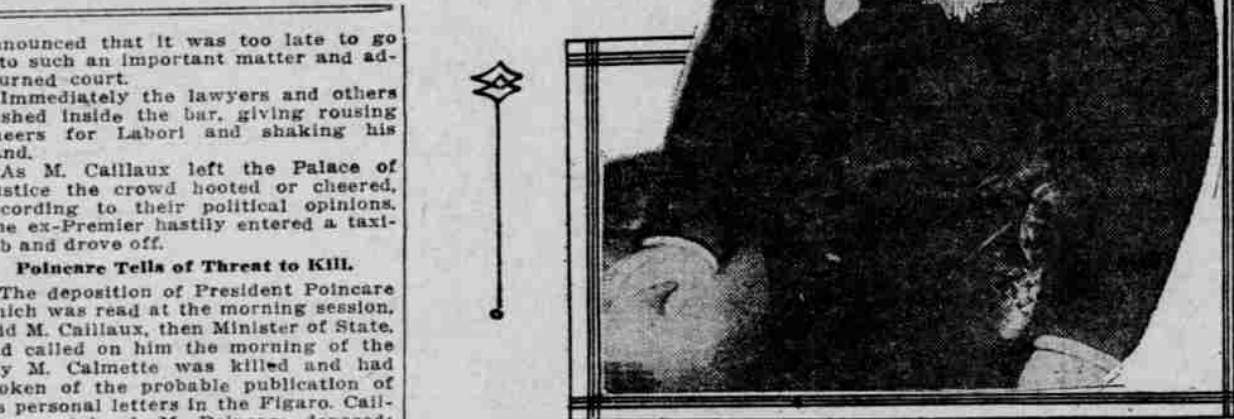
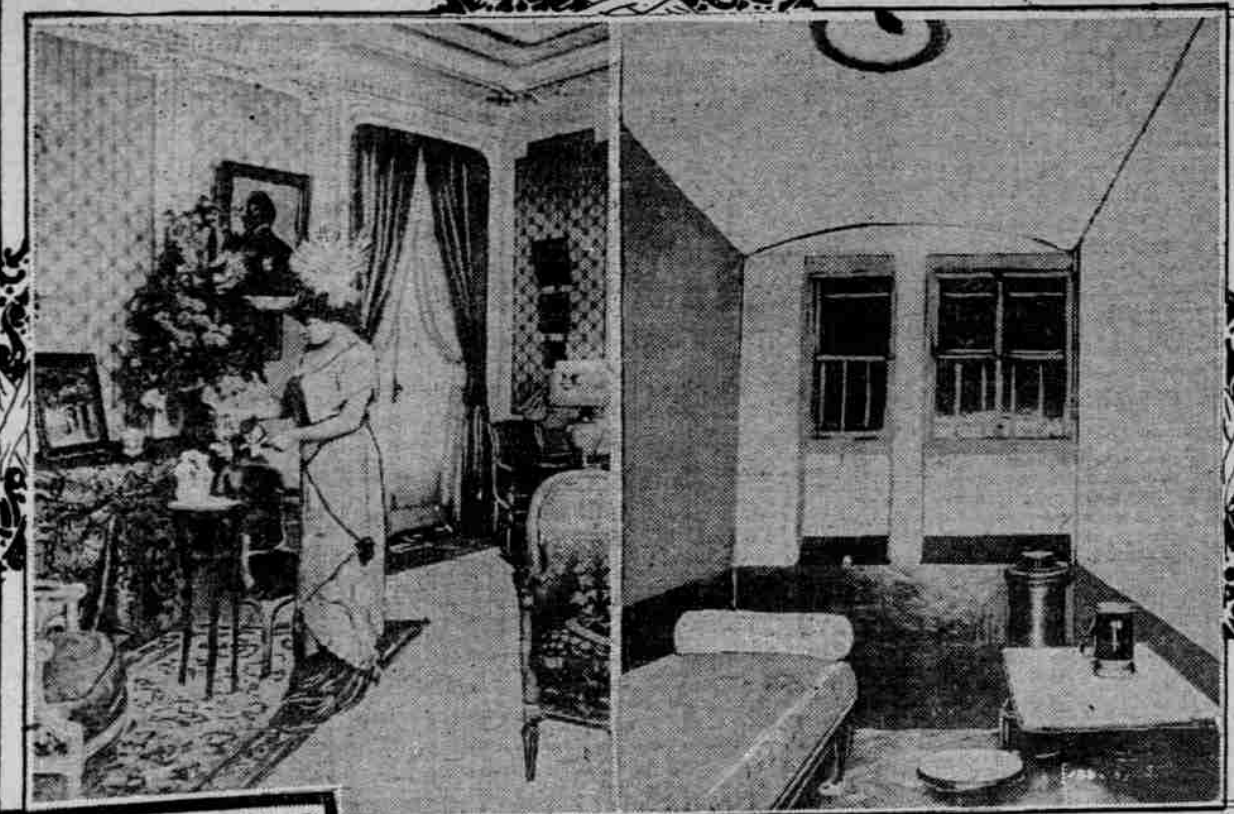
"Have you authority to express such doubt?" retorted Labori.

Receiving an evasive answer, he shouted at the top of his voice:

"I refuse to plead under such circumstances. I will not permit equivocation which might be tolerated in Parliament."

Wild cheers greeted M. Labori's outburst, and the tumult looked as if it might degenerate into a serious disturbance. The judge took a rapid decision, and

PROMINENT FIGURES IN MURDER TRIAL AT PARIS, WHICH IS STIRRING THE WHOLE WORLD.



Top—Photos Showing Mme. Caillaux in Her Luxurious Apartment Prior to Arrest, by Contrast With Prison Cell, Which Is Her Present Abode. Below, Left to Right—Maitre Labori, Famous French Counselor, Who Appears for Defendant; Joseph Caillaux, Ex-Premier, Who Was Star Witness Yesterday, and President Poincare, Who Testified.

announced that it was too late to go into such an important matter and adjourned court.

Immediately the lawyers and others rushed inside the bar, giving rousing cheers for Labori and shaking his hand.

As M. Caillaux left the Palace of Justice the crowd hooted or cheered, according to their political opinions. The ex-premier hastily entered a taxicab and drove off.

Poincare Tells of Threat to Kill. The deposition of President Poincare which was read at the morning session, said M. Caillaux, then Minister of State, had called on him the morning of the day M. Calmette was killed and had spoken of the probable publication of his personal letters in the Figaro. Calmette exclaimed, M. Poincare deposed: 'If Calmette publishes the letters I will kill him.'

Paul Bourget, one of the immortals, was with M. Calmette in the office of the Figaro when the editor was shot. 'You will not see her,' Bourget said he remarked to Calmette.

"I cannot refuse to receive a woman," he replied. Maitre Labori read dramatically a dialogue from Bourget's novel, 'The Demon of the Mid,' in which characters condemn the publication of the heroine's love letters.

"Literature is not life," was Bourget's calm retort. He agreed, however, that private letters ought not to be published, and said he did not believe Calmette had intended to publish the Caillaux letters.

Various employes of the Figaro reconstructed the scene of the shooting. Judge Latzarus declared that Mme. Caillaux was perfect mistress of herself when he saw her after the crime. He admitted he had talked with Calmette case many times with Calmette, adding:

"My chief said he had diplomatic documents important enough absolutely to crush Caillaux. 'Perhaps he can tell the president of the Figaro when he printed the 'Thy Joe' letter, according to Latzarus, he remarked: 'My pockets are empty. I have nothing more.'"

Judge Albalade then asked Mme. Caillaux if she had anything to say about the Victor Fabre document, and Mme. Caillaux replied:

"I had no fear of that because I knew the part my husband had taken in the Rochette affair."

Prisoner Explains Her Calmness. Then, alluding to her calmness after the shooting, Mme. Caillaux said:

"All the world knew that night the condition of M. Calmette except myself and I did not know until the next day that my action was irreparable."

Maitre Labori remarked to the court that two of the documents found on the person of Gaston Calmette had been sent to President Poincare and that all the others had been sent to Georges Prestat, the president of the board of directors of the Figaro.

"I see that M. Prestat is among the spectators," continued Maitre Labori, "and he can tell the court what was done with those papers."

"The papers I received," said M. Prestat, arising, "were only copies of the handwriting of M. Calmette. One was the Fabre document, then already published; the second was the 'Thy Joe' letter, from which the intimate passages had been expurgated. I considered I had the right to destroy these papers, and I burned them."

Then, turning toward the jury, M. Prestat said: "They had cost the life of my relative."

MERCY TO BE SHOWN Carranza Promises Vengeance Will Not Be Indiscriminate.

ASSASSINS MUST SUFFER Men Responsible for Death of Madero and Suarez to Be Hunted Out—Bryan Appeals for Early Settlement.

LAREDO, Tex., July 21.—"No nation need fear an indiscriminate taking of vengeance against the federalists," General Carranza has told representatives of President Wilson, according to reliable reports which today reached the border.

When Philip Hanna, United States Consul-General; John R. Silliman and T. Ayers Robertson questioned General Carranza as to his plans, they were told, it is said, that there would be neither universal political amnesty nor universal condemnation of political prisoners. Each case would be dealt with "according to the procedure of civilized countries which have passed through a similar stress of civil war," he said.

Madero's Assassins to Suffer. It was made plain, however, that the men implicated in the death of President Madero and Vice-President Suarez would be dealt with severely.

A high constitutional official at Nuevo Laredo, opposite here, said to the banderilla of M. Carranza, an edict forbidding all constitutionalist Generals becoming candidates for the Presidency of Mexico at future elections.

WASHINGTON, July 21.—The United States, through its Consul representatives, appealed today to General Carranza and General Villa, in the interest of patriotism and permanent peace in Mexico, to bury their personal differences and work in harmony for the establishment of a new government.

EXTRACTS FROM DRAMATIC TESTIMONY OF M. CAILLAUX, WHOSE WIFE KILLED EDITOR OF FIGARO.

"I accuse myself. I committed a fault. I should myself have acted, but absorbed by public affairs, I failed to realize the ravages Calmette's calumnies had made on the soul of my wife."

"She (Mme. Caillaux) was the most tender, affectionate wife. We lived in the closest communion of heart and mind. My wife, however, took alarm at the dangers my political campaign exposed me to. She tried to dissuade me from entering Doumergue's Cabinet. The income tax, she said, had formidable adversaries and I should be the object of fierce press campaigns."

"My lawyer told me that nothing could be done. I then said to my wife: 'Be reassured; I will go and smash Calmette's snout myself.' After that I felt relieved in mind, but my wife, on the other hand, was depressed."

"If we had English laws in France there would have been no Figaro campaign."

"We are simple bourgeois; we have no coronet, but we will defend our honor and our honesty. The postponement of the Rochette case was a step for which I would not hesitate to take the responsibility today."

"I am obliged now to speak of Calmette, but with the greatest moderation and the deepest emotion. If by allowing him to cover me with mud I could recall him to life, I would do so at once, but I am bound to defend my honor."

"My parents left me 1,200,000 francs. I have now one million. I defy the attorney for the Calmette family to deny that he who 20 years ago had nothing has left a fortune of thirteen millions."

NEW YORK GUNMEN LINKED WITH CRIME

"Man in Gray" in Chicago Vice District Described as Emisary of East Side Gang.

MURDER PLOT SUSPECTED

Drastic Cleaning Out of Old Levee District Promised by Newly-Assigned Police Captain in 30 Days or Less.

CHICAGO, July 21.—Police circles were stirred today by the declaration that Rocco Venille, said to be the "man in gray" accused of starting the shooting which led to the death of Detective Stanley J. Jones and the wounding of five others last Thursday night in the levee district, was a New York gunman who had been sent West after the electrocution of the murderers of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler.

State's Attorney Hoyne was the author of the statement linking Venille, who is now in a Chicago hospital suffering from a wound in his foot, with the New York East Side gang of gunmen.

Plot Directed at Morals Staff. In addition Mr. Hoyne asserted that he had evidence that Venille was sent to Chicago to aid in a plot to put W. C. Dannenberg, inspector of morals in Chicago, and the men on his staff out of the way so that the vice district of Chicago would not be interfered with.

Eight years ago, according to the information obtained by the State's Attorney, Venille, who is accused of John Torrio, business manager for James and Louis Lippa, "crazy" owner, shot named Bastistick, Venille fled to Putte, 20 years. After serving less than eight years he was released.

Cleaning Up Promised Levee. A cleaning out such as the old levee district has never known is promised for twenty-second street and its environs with the advent of Captain Max Nothbaar, as the commanding police officer in the district in the place of Captain Egan, transferred.

"I will clean out the district in 30 days—and maybe quicker than that," said Captain Nothbaar, as he took up his work today. "The chief's orders are to drive 'em out, and I'm going to keep them moving till the district is clean."

ONE MINE UNION URGED

MOYER SAYS WESTERN FEDERATION FAVORS CONSOLIDATION. Dissension in Butte Characterized as Blot on Organization—L. W. W. Sabotage Is Condemned.

DENVER, July 21.—The consolidation of the United Mine Workers of America and the Western Federation of Miners is recommended in the report of President Moyer, presented today at the organization convention of the latter organization in session here.

"I want to say," he said, "that there is not going to be any opposition on the part of the Western Federation of Miners to an amalgamation of the two miners' organizations; there are not going to be any officers stand in the way of a one-miners' organization in this part of the West."

Referring to the riot of June 22 at Butte, in which several were killed and the hall of the Miners' Union was wrecked with dynamite, Mr. Moyer said:

"It is a blot on the history of our federation that can never be obliterated, as it will go down in history as the greatest crime ever perpetrated against the labor movement in America."

Reference is made to the action of the so-called insurgent faction in forming an independent local union with a constitution "patterned after that of the Industrial Workers of the World."

The report adds: "The intent of the framers of this constitution was the application of sabotage and direct action as advocated by the I. W. W. is beyond question of this kind must end in disaster, and if permitted to continue will work great injury on the miners of Butte City, as well as on other labor, should be apparent to everyone."

"That the convention take 'extraordinary action' to meet the situation at Butte is one of the chief recommendations of the report."

Bids on Coal Creek Bridge Asked. CENTRALIA, Wash., July 21.—(Special.)—Declaring that the condition of existing on account of the condition of the Coal Creek bridge near Kelso, and condemning the old structure, the Cowley County Commissioners have called for bids on a new structure. The bids, which are on either wood or steel construction, will be opened tomorrow.

Farmer Struck by Train. ECHO, Ore., July 21.—(Special.)—Sam Samuelson, a farmer living a few miles east of Echo, was struck by the engine of eastbound freight No. 51 at the crossing above the depot here about 1 o'clock today and was rendered unconscious. The back part of his wagon was demolished, but his team escaped unhurt.

Gravel Plants Run at Capacity. OREGON CITY, Ore., July 21.—(Special.)—The two new county gravel plants, completed within the last week at a cost of several thousand dollars, are operating at capacity. The plant at New Era, using gravel dredged from the river, opened Saturday and the Barton plant began operation yesterday.

Astoria Fish Station Burns. ASTORIA, Ore., July 21.—(Special.)—S. Schmidt & Co.'s fish receiving station and net racks at Hungry Harbor were destroyed by fire Sunday. The flames caught from a cooking stove, and in addition to the building and net racks three nets were burned.

16 Umpqua Sections to Be Opened. ROSEBURG, Ore., July 21.—(Special.)—By an order from the Government received at the local United States Land Office, 16 sections of land, formerly a

CARTOON IS REJECTED

Mr. Olcott Considers Drawing Offered as Argument Against \$1500 Tax Exemption By National League.

SALEM, Ore., July 21.—(Special.)—Secretary of State Olcott, as editor of the state election pamphlet, today rejected a cartoon depicting W. S. U'Ren, of Oregon City, operating a shell game.

In the cartoon, which was tendered by Robert E. Smith, of Roseburg, Secretary-Treasurer of the Oregon National Tax Reform Association, Mr. U'Ren was shown at a table juggling three shells. One of the shells is labeled "Graduated Surtax Amendment," another "Poll Tax" and the third, which is in the center, is labeled "1500 Tax Exemption." Under this shell, which is slightly raised, is the pea, which is labeled "Single Tax." The cartoon has the operator of the game saying: "I'll surely buffalo them this time." "Find the pea," is the caption.

Mr. Smith tendered with the cartoon an argument against the \$1500 tax amendment. He argued that it would exempt more than \$150,000,000 worth of property from taxation, but that no farm land would be exempt under the law. If \$150,000,000 of property is exempt, said the argument, land owners will have to pay a higher tax on what is left.

Another argument filed by the same association is an appeal to the voters of the cities to oppose the amendment. Mr. Smith authorized the Secretary of State Olcott that the Oregon National Tax Reform Association had a membership of 8000 farmers, and that 21 counties were represented.

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For Party Dresses Selling From \$14.50 to \$65.00

—The illustration shows but one of the many charming models in this sale. It is of shell pink chiffon, having the new pleated skirt and tunic and trimmed with pink satin.

—There are many other exquisite frocks of chiffons, net, crepes, crepe de chine, lace, taffeta and brocaded silk, in the newest modes of the day, which have been especially designed for young girls in their teens.

—In light blue, pink, green and white, fashioned with tunic, ruffled, shirred and bustle skirts, and waists with puff or elbow-length sleeves and round or V necks. Dainty ribbons or velvet at the waist and trimmings of silks, laces and nets, and others with corsage bouquets.

Summer Linen Needs for a Trifle

\$2.00 Table Cloths \$1.29 Each —Full-bleached cloths of heavy German damask shown in new attractive patterns, such as band center with elaborate floral and scroll border on four sides. Sizes 2 1/4 x 1 3/4 yards.

\$1.25 Crochet Bedspreads 98c Each —Full size bedspreads, pure white, in assorted designs, bordered on four sides, firmly made.

Sheets and Pillow Cases Greatly Underpriced —Made of firm, high count cotton, full bleached. 2 1/2 x 2-yard sheets, 69c each; 2 1/2 x 2 1/4-yard sheets, 65c each; 2 3/4 x 2 1/4-yard sheets, 72c each.

Pillow cases, special, 11c and 12c each, in sizes 42x36 inches and 45x36 inches. Turkish Bath Towels 18c Each —Bleached Turkish bath towels made of two-ply yarn, heavy terry, size 40 by 20 inches.

To Hurry Out These \$4.00 Lingerie Blouses—Clearance \$1.95

—Some of the cleverest and most attractive blouses shown this season are included in this lot, which have sold regularly as high as \$4.00 each.

—Blouses of voile, crepe, net and lingerie.

—Fancy turned-down collars, beautifully trimmed with embroidery and lace.

—Models having panels of embroidery, shadow lace and many with the attractive organdie vests and collars.

—Others with net frills and large pearl-button trimmed. —Long and short sleeves in kimono or set-in styles.



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Saturday to Monday Tickets \$3. Season \$4. Low tides this week favorable for enjoyable jaunts along the Wonderful Surf Line. Clam and Crabbing Expeditions.

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