

NEW HAVEN MAY BE STRIPPED TO BONE

McReynolds Decides on Suit That May Leave Only Shore Line and Feeders.

SPEEDY ACTION EXPECTED

Minority Stockholders Sue Present and Former Directors for Restitution of \$102,000,000, Multiplied by Three.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Negotiations between the New Haven and the Department of Justice to effect a peaceful dissolution of that system apparently came to an end today, and unless there are unforeseen developments, the government will file its Sherman law suit to force a dissolution next week. The bill against the New Haven practically is complete, and finishing touches will be put on it immediately.

Before it is filed Attorney-General McReynolds will confer with President Wilson and lay the whole New Haven matter before him and ask for Presidential approval.

No Other Solution Seen.

Mr. McReynolds is understood to be loath to take the case into court, but feels that there is no other solution of the problem of untangling the New Haven. His ears are not closed to further negotiation with railroad officials, but it was the opinion of the Department today that the New Haven had rejected its case. Official notice of the action of the directors in New York yesterday, refusing to accept conditions laid down by the government for the sale of its Boston & Maine stock, came in the course of the day. There was no intimation of any plan for complying with the government's demand that the Boston & Maine stock be sold, and it was the general feeling that the matter is closed and that only the conference between the president and the Attorney-General remains before the filing of the bill.

Rapid Action Expected.

It became known tonight that the New Haven is not expected to offer any great resistance to a suit which is reported that the government bill might not be fought at all and the New Haven might even go so far as to appear in court, confess judgment and put it up to the government to determine whether a dissolution shall be ordered. This would contribute to a speedy determination of the case in the District Court. It is understood that when suit is begun it will be pressed to a conclusion as rapidly as possible.

There has been some doubt here as to how far the government's bill will go in asking for a disintegration of the New Haven and its subsidiaries. At one time the bill contained a provision asking for the separation from the New Haven of the old New England Railroad, which runs from Boston through Willimantic, Hartford and Danbury, Conn., to a point on the New York Central about 50 miles from New York. This road never had a direct connection with New York, but connected at several points with the line with branches of the New Haven "shore line." It was assimilated by the New Haven management many years ago and is now considered a vital part of the system.

Only Shore Line May Be Left.

There was some question whether the Sherman act will apply to the New England, and it is possible that this feature will be eliminated from the bill.

If it is retained and the government should carry the point, New Haven would be stripped of the shore line and a few feeders projecting north into the New England states which it traverses.

RESTITUTION SUIT IS BEGUN

Minority Stockholders Demand Payment of Three Times \$102,000,000.

BOSTON, July 17.—A restitution suit whereby minority stockholders seek to compel former and present directors to restore to them the assets of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company approximately \$102,000,000, alleged to have been illegally used in building up the system, was begun in the Supreme Court today.

The complaint alleges that losses resulting from the acquisition of the Boston & Maine trolley and streetcar properties by the New Haven amounted to \$102,000,000, and that under the Federal anti-trust act the New Haven company is liable to the plaintiff from the defendants three times that sum, or \$306,000,000.

Judge Bradley, before whom the action was brought, issued an order of notice, returnable next Friday, to show cause why a receiver, special master or other official should not be appointed in accordance with the bill of complaint.

The plaintiffs, who are trustees of the late Olga Bull Vaughn's estate and own 50 shares of the capital stock, asked for a receiver to take possession of all claims in favor of the defendants but not to interfere with the administration of the current affairs of the New Haven company. They asked, also, that shares of capital stock held by the defendants be not distributed, except by order of the court, and that they be applied later to the payment of any court decree that might be issued.

The suit is against the corporation and the directors in office from 1904 to 1909. John L.illard, who is said to have derived a profit of \$2,000,000 from transactions with the company, was not made a defendant because he was not a director during that period.

OVERT ACTS ARE SOUGHT

(Continued From First Page.)

would get the land, whichever way the suit between the Government and the railroad, for the possession of the grant, should go.

"Didn't it strike you as inconsistent that Minard should be attorney for both you and the railroad company?" asked Attorney Strahan, on cross-examination.

"It didn't at the time I signed the papers and gave Harper my check for \$200," said Burcham.

He had explained that the check was for two claims, one for his sister and one for himself.

Check Stopped Too Late.

"But check I got to Seattle I thought of it," he continued. "I was in a hurry to make my train and signed the papers about 1 o'clock. I called up the bank the next day to stop payment on the check, but the cashier told me it had been cashed at 3:30 o'clock the day before."

He said he never had seen Logan and Harper before, but denied that he was depending on Sellers, whom he

know, as a guarantee that the deal was bona fide.

"Had you any notion of becoming an actual settler?" asked Attorney Strahan. "What did you mean when, in your application, you signed an agreement to perform any and all acts required of settlers?"

Occupation of Land Not Known.

"I don't know how to answer that," said Burcham. "I didn't intend to go down to Oregon and make my home on the land. I never was told it was necessary."

Other witnesses likewise said they had had no intention of making actual settlement on the land.

C. A. Betts, a Seattle physician, identified a check for \$25 as one he had given Sellers in January, 1912, as a partial payment on a claim in Oregon. He said he had not received the money back and heard nothing from Sellers for about a year, or until he was informed that Sellers had started criminal action if the money was not returned.

Dr. Betts said he also asked Sellers to return the power of attorney which he had given him, but that he still hoped to find one.

Sellers Offers Money Back.

"Didn't you send a letter to District Attorney Reames, when you learned that this case was coming up, offering your testimony?" asked John Ryan, of Seattle, Sellers' attorney.

"Yes," said Dr. Betts. "Then all that's the matter with you is that you want your \$25 back?" asked Mr. Ryan.

Dr. Betts denied this. A letter from Minard to Frank F. Haight, of Clatsop, dated November 14, 1911, was introduced as evidence of one of the alleged "overt acts," as was also one from Minard to M. B. Peterson, a Tenino merchant, and others to the same effect.

"My son-in-law wanted me to go into this thing," said Peterson, "but I told him it looked a little bit scaly."

Later He "Buys Location."

Later, he said, having had the matter explained by use of a map made by Harper, he paid \$105 for a claim, agreeing to pay \$105 more when he should be furnished with an estimate of the timber on the land.

Mrs. B. Waddington, of Oak Harbor, Wash., formerly of Tenino, told of paying \$165 to Harper for a "location."

E. R. Calhoun, of Clatsop, said he paid \$195 to Logan in Seattle, with the understanding that he was to get a deed to the land in not more than four months. His father and mother, who cook claims, he said, paying \$15 for the two. Calhoun said that Logan gave him a specific description of the land, which was to have good, tillable soil, with a creek underbrush, as could be driven through with a horse.

Carl Peterson, of Seattle, was another who testified to having bought a "location."

Harper's Activities Bob Up.

The activity of Harper, the Tacoma barber, who was indicted with the others, who pleaded guilty, served 30 days and was pardoned by the President so that he could be used as a witness, showed strongly through all the testimony introduced yesterday afternoon.

Harper, who was the government's star witness Thursday, continued on the stand under cross-examination yesterday morning.

He repeated his testimony of the day before that Minard had told him to be careful about what he put in writing, and, questioned about the use of "acting attorney" on Minard's testimony, said that Minard told him that his attorney said it was within the law, but that it often deceived people.

"I don't know that he used the word 'deceived,'" said Harper, "but that was the idea."

Harper Operated Alone.

He admitted that he operated in Seattle on his own account, that Minard's papers simply to file them, and applications for a fee of \$15, but insisted that Minard was the "head" of the scheme.

"When did you quit this business?" asked Attorney Strahan.

"I quit it four or five times." "When did you quit last?" "Last March."

He told how, returning from testifying before the grand jury last February, he had filed an application for a friend in Seattle, believing that the grand jury would not indict him, and he received no money for this application.

Story Branded "A Lie."

"A lie from beginning to end," was Harper's answer to a question as to whether he had not told Minard, after he came down to appear before the grand jury, that he "could get him off for \$50."

"Mr. Sellers, according to your belief," asked Attorney Ryan, "never did anything wrong in connection with the Oregon & California, did he?"

"No," said Harper, "but he knew something was wrong." Harper said he didn't think he had said, since the beginning of the case, that Sellers was innocent.

He did say that I thought he was the best of the lot," he said.

Harper told of going with Sellers to see a Seattle attorney, John Mills Day, and of receiving a brief opinion from him that the grant land seekers would receive their claims.

He said this was what caused Sellers to go into the "location" business, explaining that Sellers at the time was a diamond drill man, and expected to develop some coal lands near Tenino.

Upright Life Qualified.

"You expect to live an upright, straight life?" asked Attorney Ryan.

"From this on, you mean?" "Yes," said Ryan.

"Yes," replied Harper, and then, as though it had been a quick afterthought, "so far as this timber business is concerned."

Edwin G. Emme, a Portland attorney, identified a receipt signed by Harper which he said he had torn from a pad in Minard's office, expecting to use it in a case he expected to bring against Minard for clients who had bought "locations." When his clients gave up the idea of bringing suit, not wishing to "send good money after bad," Emme said he turned the receipt over to the grand jury.

Harper will be recalled today for further cross-examination by Sellers' counsel.

The resolutions also urged the early passage of the bill, when B. D. Townsend, formerly special assistant to the Attorney-General in charge of the case for the forfeiture of the railroad grant lands to the Government, will be a witness.

STRICT FOOD LAW URGED

Officials Favor Physical Inspection of Handlers of Product.

PORTLAND, Me., July 17.—A physical examination of all persons handling food products was favored in resolutions adopted today at the closing session of the American Association of Dairy, Drug and Food Officials.

The resolutions also urged the application of pure food laws to public eating places, indorsed the campaign against fraudulent advertising, expressed hope of the early passage of the Kenyon bill providing for the purity of oil and paint, and called for legislation forbidding all forms of coloring clearances and the coloring and sweetening of immature oranges. A committee was appointed to investigate the egg traffic.

Walls, Food Commissioner for Idaho, was elected a member of the executive committee.

FIRE AND DYNAMITE USED BY STRIKERS

Hundred Guards Routed From Arkansas Colliers and Tipples Wrecked.

DAMAGE OF \$200,000 DONE

Miners and Sympathizers Have Possession Several Hours, Labor With Torch and Explosives. "Open Shop" Is Cause.

FORT SMITH, Ark., July 17.—After a pitched battle between several hundred striking coal miners and sympathizers and 100 guards stationed at the Prairie Creek mines of the Mammoth Vein Coal Company, near Fort Smith, today, which ended in the rout of the guards, tipples of three mines were destroyed by fire and dynamite. The property damage is estimated at \$200,000. So far as can be ascertained no one was killed or wounded in the fighting, which began shortly after dark.

The rioters held possession of the mines several hours, wrecking the plants with torch and explosives. The properties are deserted tonight. Preparations are being made to send additional armed guards to the mines tomorrow.

Courthouse officials went to the scene late today, but before they arrived the attacking party had dispersed.

Today's rioting was a culmination of disturbances in the shooting up of a union mine camp, which have occurred at intervals since the contract with the United Mine Workers was broken last March. An announcement was made that the properties owned by the Bache-Denman Coal Company, but under lease to the Mammoth Vein Coal Company, would be operated on the "open shop" basis.

Coal company officials late tonight expressed concern for several mine guards who had not reported. Several parties will be sent out early tomorrow. All the other company employees are accounted for.

Reports that several men were seen to talk during the fighting could not be verified tonight and it is believed the missing men became separated from their comrades and took a more circuitous route to the city.

One man was severely beaten when he attempted to board a train at Mansfield for Fort Smith.

At seven o'clock Sheriff Anderson tonight established armed patrols, but up to midnight there had been no disorder. Miners' families were removed to the vicinity of the Prairie Creek mines early today and tonight remained at camps in the hills.

Telephone communication with the mines was restored tonight.

OHIO TROOPS IN READINESS

Governor Tells Sheriff Meanwhile to Be More Strenuous.

COLUMBUS, O., July 17.—Officers of two regiments of the Ohio National Guard tonight received unofficial orders to be in readiness to go to Belleair if Sheriff Anderson, of Belmont County, continues unable to enforce order among striking miners who have been rioting for a week under leadership of Industrial Workers of the World agitators. Early today Sheriff Anderson telegraphed Governor Cox 500 soldiers would be necessary to preserve the peace.

In a long-distance telephone call early today and by a letter sent later Governor Cox told Sheriff Anderson to use more strenuous means to secure deputies and to call on the Mayor of Belleair for help.

"Swear in 300 deputies and arrest men who refuse to serve," the Governor ordered.

DUEL SIDES WITH T. R.

WHITMAN DECLARED TO HAVE AUTHORIZED BARNES LETTER.

League Organizer Says Colonel Is Right in Saying He Received Authorized Draft.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Charles H. Duell, Jr., organizer of Charles S. Whitman's gubernatorial non-partisan league, gave out a statement tonight corroborating Theodore Roosevelt's side of the controversy between the ex-President and the District Attorney. The controversy arose recently as to whether Mr. Whitman authorized, as he denied last night that he did, the draft of a letter declaring himself opposed to William Barnes, Jr., Republican state chairman, as much as to Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall.

This draft was sent to Colonel Roosevelt, the Colonel said, several days ago, through Mr. Duell. Mr. Duell says tonight this is true, and Mr. Whitman read the letter and gave it his unqualified approval and expressing his intention of signing it if he could be assured that Colonel Roosevelt would support him, or at least not attack him.

Mr. Duell, in giving out his statement, said he purposed to state the facts, no matter whom they might help or hurt.

FIXTURE PROBE IS ENDED

Whether Gas Improvement Company Violated Law Still Undecided.

WASHINGTON, July 17.—Investigation by the Department of Justice of the United Gas Improvement Company, probably the largest factor in the country in the sale of gas lighting fixtures, is complete, but whether the Government will bring suit against the company under the Sherman anti-trust act has not been determined.

The investigation of the improvement company is said to have developed that it does business in nearly 300 cities and towns in the United States. The company was chartered in 1882 by the State of Pennsylvania with the broadest powers. At the close of 1912 its outstanding stock amounted to \$55,922,950, and it is interested in various companies in 17 states.

5 WOMEN IN AUTO SMASH

Minneapolis Librarian May Die and Others Are Badly Hurt.

ST. PAUL, July 17.—Five clubwomen

of Minneapolis were injured today, when an automobile in which they were riding plunged over an embankment at a sharp curve in the road. The machine fell 50 feet and then caught on a small ledge, preventing a further drop of nearly 300 feet. Miss Mae Wesberg, librarian at the Summer branch of the Minneapolis Public Library, was most seriously injured and may die.

The other injured women are: Miss Gretia Countryman, librarian Minneapolis Public Library; Mrs. Manley L. Fosseen, wife of State Senator Fosseen; Mrs. R. A. Swain and Miss Grace E. Gerrish. All are members of the Women's Welfare League of Minneapolis.

Miss Grace Gerrish will be remembered by thousands of Portland theatergoers and charity workers who had the pleasure three years ago of seeing "The Campus Mouse" produced at the Heilig, when hundreds of Portland society young people participated.

MRS. CARMAN GIVES BAIL

PROSECUTOR HINTS AT ARREST OF ANOTHER IN HOUSEHOLD.

Doctor's Wife Indicted for Manslaughter, Which May Be Superseceded by Higher Degree.

FREEPORT, N. Y., July 17.—Mrs. Florence Conklin Carman, indicted today on the charge of manslaughter in the killing of Mrs. Louise Bailey on June 30 last, returned here tonight, temporarily a free woman. She was released for trial under \$20,000 bail 15 minutes after the grand jury made known its findings to Justice Van Sicken, sitting in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court at Mineola.

When Mrs. Carman was led into the courtroom for arraignment, she showed the strain she had been under since her arrest.

On the understanding that his client would have the right to withdraw her plea within two weeks and file a demurrer and a motion to quash the indictment on the ground of insufficient evidence, her counsel entered a plea of "not guilty."

After the bail bond had been signed the physician's wife was led to an anteroom, where she was met by the jail physician and her husband administered restoratives and then assisted her back through an underground passage to her home.

Five hours later she arrived at her home. While she was on her way, District Attorney Smith reiterated that he had new evidence which might lead to the finding of a superseding indictment charging Mrs. Carman with a higher degree of homicide. The District Attorney also asserted that certain clues were developed a member of the Carman household would be placed under arrest as an accessory after the fact.

FIRE RAGES IN TIMBER

SCHOOL AND GRAIN ARE CAUGHT IN PATH OF CONFLAGRATION.

Populace Turns Out to Fight and Hopes to Check Sweeping Flames as They Reach Bed of Creek.

EUGENE, Or., July 17.—(Special.)—More than 140 acres of timber, a schoolhouse and a grain field were reported burned eight miles southwest of Eugene tonight by a fire which started shortly after noon and threatened several farmhouses.

Every resident for miles around was fighting the blaze this afternoon and tonight and at 8 o'clock tonight they believed that they could get it under control when it reached the creek.

The timber destroyed is some of the best in the vicinity, most of it belonging to the Southern Pacific Company. The flames swept over the farm of Hubert MacBeth and Harry Taylor. The schoolhouse thought to be burned in that of Fox Hollow, which is valued at less than \$1000. It has 18 children.

The fire is said to have been started by a woodcutter who attempted to burn slashings in a pile when the wind today was not heavy saved the homes of the farmers scattered about the burned area.

Steps to organize a crew of firefighters in Eugene were taken this afternoon. They will be ready in case the call for assistance comes. The timber is not in the forest reserve.

RANCH HOMES ENDANGERED

Willow Springs Populace Faces Loss of Grain and Dwellings.

MEDFORD, Or., July 17.—(Special.)—The largest forest fire in two weeks is raging in the Willow Springs district, and has already burned over two miles of timber. Unless the fire is checked in the path of the flames.

All day today the residents of the district—men, women and children—have been fighting the flames and backing up to protect their homes and grain fields. Aid has been asked from the Jackson County Fire Patrol Association.

At a late hour tonight the only loss has been to the timber, which is roughly estimated at \$10,000.

HUMIDITY KILLS MANY

DEATHS AND PROSTRATIONS FOLLOW MODERATE TEMPERATURE.

Five Die in Philadelphia, With Maximum of Only 89, Three in St. Louis at 72 to 86.

PHILADELPHIA, July 17.—Six deaths and more than two-score prostrations from the heat were reported in this city today.

Although the maximum temperature was only 89, the humidity was excessive and a brief thunder shower served only to intensify the sufferings of both men and beasts.

At midnight the mercury had descended less than five degrees.

ST. LOUIS, July 17.—Although the temperature varied between 72 and 86 degrees, three deaths, attributed to the heat, were reported here today.

NEW YORK, July 17.—Three men died today of heat prostration in the New York City district and 17 persons were temporarily overcome by the heat.

Lightning bolts felled 10 trees in Upper New York, interrupting service on the subway line. Lightning struck an elm tree on the golf course in Van Cortlandt Park and several women golfers fainting in the panic that followed. At West Haverstraw a man was struck by lightning on a tin roof. He was severely burned and may die.

BOSTON, July 17.—Two men died and 12 were prostrated as a result of the heat today. The temperature did

Koh-I-Noor Dress Fasteners, Lipman Wolfe & Co. Merchandise of Merit Only, Talking Machines. New, Distinctive Styles in Women's Summer Dresses at \$7.50. Each of these delightful frocks is in the very tip of good style—for the woman who likes to be up to the minute in the way she is gowned. Material is a Pekin stripe fine lawn or voile with long tunic, set on a yoke or with gathered yoke tunic. The bodices have organdie collars and cuffs. These dresses are trimmed with tiny jet buttons with black silk cord under the collar—or with black velvet or black moire silk belts. Shown in smart black and white and dark blue and white stripes. The two models illustrated were sketched from the dresses on sale. For mid-Summer wear nothing would be smarter than these very cool and extremely fashionable dresses. —Third Floor

Women's Bathing Suits That Are Different. —Dozens of them ready for the Summer holidays. Each suit is made to fit and the materials are selected for their sea-service-ability. The styles are individual, too. Mohair Suits, \$1.95, \$2.49, \$3.49, \$4.39, \$4.95. —Of fine quality mohair in black and navy blue, with collars of striped or polka dot material in contrasting colors or self material. They are made with V or round neck, some with colored pipings and button trimming. Made with plain skirts. Sizes 34 to 46. Messaline Suits, \$5.00, \$6.95, \$9.95 to \$18.50. —All silk messaline bathing suits in all black or black with pipings of white or black and white striped silk. They are made in plain or novelty styles, with and without collars, square or V necks, fancy button trimmings, with girdles and buckles, with vest effects, fancy revers, plain and novelty skirts, including the new bustle effect. Some have colored pipings and trimmings. All sizes. —Women's black tights, \$1.00, \$1.50 to \$2.00. —Bathing Shoes, 25c, 29c to \$1.59. —Rubberized bathing caps, 25c to \$1.95. —Fourth Floor

This Annual Clearance of SHOES Has Exceptional Advantages. Aside From Meritorious Savings, It Presents Footwear of High Standard. —Thursday started this well-planned occasion—and this collection of shoes affords an excellent choice among its many stylish, comfortable models for MEN, WOMEN and CHILDREN. —Saturday we specially feature the following specials for men, boys and children. From the Men's Section Men's \$4 Oxfords, Clearance \$2.65. —500 pairs of men's standard \$4.00 Oxfords in tan Russia calf and dull calf. Blucher lace and button styles. Boys' Shoes Up to \$2.75, Clearance \$1.95. —Boys' tan Russia calf and gunmetal calf Oxfords. From the Children's Section Children's Shoes to \$2.75, Clearance \$1.60. —Misses' and children's white nubuck Mary Janes, in tan calf and gunmetal calf, with welt soles. Sizes from 8 to 2. \$2.00 Play Shoes, Clearance \$1.45. —Children's play shoes in tan willow calf and gunmetal calf. In sizes from 6 to 12. Barefoot Sandals to \$1.50, Clearance 95c. —Tan bag leather uppers, heavy edge, flexible sole. Sizes from 5 in children's sizes up to 2 in misses' sizes. —Basement

New Wash Dresses for Girls 6 to 14 Years \$2.69 Instead of \$4.50 to \$6.75. —These dresses practically speak for themselves in styles and materials that have never before been offered at the price. —White lingerie, crepes, poplins, chambrays, ratine, voiles, heavy cords. —In plain colors, checks, stripes and figured patterns, in pinks, blues, rose, brown, tans and many other colorings. —Combination dresses of plain and figured crepes, vest effects of tuckeds nets, collars of embroidery, wide velvet and silk girdles, belts of patent leather, long and short-waisted styles. —24 other pretty wash frocks selling regularly at \$2.75 to \$4.50. Clearance, \$1.98. \$7.00 to \$8.50 Wash Dresses ... \$3.95 \$8.75 to \$10.50 Wash Dresses ... \$4.95 \$11.50 to \$16.00 Wash Dresses for \$6.95 —Fourth Floor

EARLY RESIDENT IS DEAD. Dan J. Ingalls, of Astoria, Succumbs at Age of 78. ASTORIA, Or., July 17.—(Special.)—Dan J. Ingalls died at his home here tonight from an illness that began several years ago. He was born at Richmond, Va., February 17, 1836; came to California in 1860, and to Astoria two years later. Until two years ago he lived on a farm in the Lewis and Clark River district. A widow and two sons, Eaton



Clever Outing Hats of White Felt Clearance 65c. —For general out-door wear the white felt hat is one of the most popular this season. —We show these felt hats in the very popular crushed shape, having a narrow band of ribbon—and the soft brims can be turned up or down as desired. Hats of Golfine Clearance \$1.45. —For Summer wear the golfine hats are very new and very becoming. They can be worn both on the street and for outing purposes. In soft roll and straight brim shapes trimmed with ribbon and self-materials to match. In white only. —Second Floor

Children's Drawers Special 25c and 29c Regular 35c, 40c and 45c. Fine long cloth drawers, in the knickerbocker or open-leg style, trimmed with convent embroidery or tucks, and some are drawn with ribbon. Sizes 3 to 14 years. —Fourth Floor



Haynes, of Hanford, for nomination to the Legislature. Marine Captain Dies From Wound. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., July 17.—Captain E. E. West, retired marine corps officer, who about a month ago shot himself here, died at Rhea Springs, Tenn., today of uraemic poisoning. Captain West formerly was stationed at the Bremerton, Wash., Navy-yard. Mrs. Bush Offers \$50,000. BOSTON, July 17.—In order to ensure the completion of her husband's plans for the new Germanic Museum at Harvard, Mrs. Adolphus Bush, of St. Louis, has offered \$50,000 to the institution, it became known today.

Heat Too Much for Cupid. VANCOUVER, Wash., July 17.—(Special.)—So hot was the weather today that Cupid only worked a short shift, succeeding in inducing but one couple to take out a marriage license, Roy H. Spencer, of Ridgefield, and Florence M. Wendt, of Portland.

Prosser Candidates File. PROSSER, Wash., July 17.—(Special.)—Candidates for the new county offices to be elected this Fall and who filed last Friday are M. C. Delle, for County Clerk; ex-Mayor William Guernsey, for Assessor, and Manly B.

not pass 89, but the humidity was excessive.

W. and Clement C. Ingalls, of Cathlamet, Wash., survive.

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