REBELS PREFER TO TAKE MEXICO CITY SALAZAR'S COUNSEL CALLED Baca Receives Message to Hurry to

Huerta's Unconditional Surrender Acceptable, but Peace Parley Opposed.

WILSON WARNS CARRANZA

Constitutionalists Will Not Be Recognized if Excesses Are Committed-Huerta Expected to Resign by Tomorrow.

MEXICO CITY, July 14 .- (Tuesday.) Provisional President Huertn and his family, according to reports prevalent Vern Cruz some time today and will states. probably embark on the steamer Es-

The Espagne already has a number of prominent Huerta officials aboard.

WASHINGTON, July 13 .- The Bramilian Minister to Mexico, who is car-ing for the interests of the United States in that country, telegraphed the State Department today that the resignation of General Huerta in favor of Francisco Carbajal, the newly-appointed minister of foreign affairs, was expected tomorrow or Wednes-

was expected tomorrow or Wednesday.

Minister Suarez, of Chile, one of the three mediators, anticipating the retirement of Huerta, sought in an informal talk with Secretary Bryan to learn what the attitude of the United States would be toward the Carbajal government. While the Washington Government will not recognize Carbajal, Minister Suarez learned that the American Government was not distinctined to treat informally with the new administration until a transfer of power to the constitutionalists could be effected.

Huerta's Forces Awaited.

Huerta's Forces Awaited.

Earlier in the day Minister Suarez had a conference with Fernando Iglesias Caldron, head of the Liberal party in Mexico, and here on a private mission for General Carranza. While Mr. Suarez and Mr. Caldron are old friends, and their meeting was said to have been social, it is believed that they talked about the efforts being made to bring the two contending Mexican factions into communication so that there may be a change of government in Mexico City without further bloodshed. Mr. Caldron holds the view that unless the Huerta forces that unless the Huerta forces eady to capitulate, conferences ould be futile.

General Carranza, himself, notified the United States through John R. Silliman, ex-American Consul at Saltillo and now personal representative of President Wilson there, that under no circumstances would be sanction conferences with representatives of General Huerta to draft terms of peace. He told Mr. Silliman that only the unconditional surrender of the authorities at Mexico City would be accepted.

General Carranza explained in detail why it would be impossible to engage in peace parleys with Huerta delegates. The constitutionalist chief said he had consulted all his Generals and their unanimous opinion was that the pian of Giadalupe, providing that he himself as President ad interim, take military possession of Mexico City, be carried out to the letter.

Carranza Promises Order.

Carranza assured the American representative that the constitutionalist forces soon would enter Mexico City and maintain order there. The suggestion was made by Carranza that the powers of the directors, and raises the powers of the directors. would be futile.

General Carranza, himself, notified the United States through John R. Silliman, ex-American Consul at Saltillo and now personal representative of President Wilson there, that under no circumstances would be sanction

formed by the United States in une-quivocal terms that they will not be accorded recognition if excesses are mitted on their entry into Mexico

The Washington Administration and the South American mediators are not relaxing their efforts to bring about the change of administration in Mexico city without disturbance and to avoid one." The report, pointing out that on the New Haven board were representatives of the Pennsylvania Rail-marker bloodshed. further bloodshed. While no formal conferences will be held, plans are making for the transmission of suggestions between representatives of the two factions with a view to effecting

Iglesias Calderon and other rebel rep-

Dog Springs, N. M.

Dog Springs, N. M.

DOUGLAS, Ariz., July 13.—A brisk exchange of rifle fire, without damage to either side, took place between three Minth Cavalry troopers and 15 Mexican irregulars Sunday night, three miles east of Dog Springs, N. M.

According to reports reaching here, the Mexicans opened fire a short distance north of the border when they were surprised in the act of rounding up and stealing a number of cattle belonging to American ranchers. The Mexicans retreated into Chihauhau when their fire was returned.

Another brush between the Ninth Cavalry border patrol and Mexicans is reported to have taken place near Antelope Wells, N. M., when the Mexicans are said to have begun shooting across the border. There were no casulaties.

started on its homeward voyage to the United States today on board the bat-tleship Florida. Dysentery was the cause of Captain Owen's death.

SALAZAR'S COUNSEL CALLED

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., July 13.—
Eifelgo Baca, counsel for General Jose
Ynez Salazar, the Mexican federal
officer held prisoner with the other
Mexican federals, received a telegram
today to come to Fort Wingate at
once at Salazar's request. A rumor
gained circulation here and in El Paso
yesterday that Salazar had escaped.
This is officially denied by the commanding officer at Fort Wingate, who
reports Salazar in confinement.

Baca says Salazar was to have received a considerable sum of money,
\$30,000 or more in gold, this week, and
thinks his confinement may have been

thinks his confinement may have been the result of discovery of an alleged plot to liberate the prisoners, in which Salazar was suspected of being im-plicated. Baca will go to Fort Wingate

NEW HAVEN MEN ACCUSED

(Continued From Pirst Page.) J. Pierpont Morgan and William Rockefeller, the Commision finds to be clearly in violation of the Sherman anti-trust act and a monopoly in pracin the capital, are expected to leave for tical control of transportation of five

The commission's report is unusual in the manner in which the directors of the New Haven are scored for their feeds. It speaks of criminal maladministration and negligence, asserts with positiveness that the directors knew they were perfecting an illegal combination and says that the dream of a transportation menopoly was un-

knew they were perfecting an illegal combination and says that the dream of a transportation monopoly was unsound and mischlevous.

The New Haven, the commission says, employed dummy directors, manipulated accounts, used questionable methods in increasing its own stock, paid dividends of subsidiaries to make a showing and used many other devices to deceive the stockholders and the public. It dipped into politics, was a factor in "invisible government," made large campaign contributions to the two dominant political parties, bought officials and tried to distort public opinion. All this it did, the commission says, "to carry out a scheme of private transportation monopoly, imperial in its scope."

"If these directors, who were faithless to their stewardship, were held responsible in the courts and at the bar of public opinion for their failure to do those things they should have done, the lessons to directors who do not direct would be very salutary," says the report.

Neglect Held Criminal.

"Most of the directors of the New Haven accepted their responsibilities lightly. They failed to reslize that their names gave enfidence to the public and that their connection with the corporation led the public to inthe corporation led the public to invest. When these directors were negligent and serious losses resulted therefrom, they were guilty of a grave dereliction of duty and breach of trust that was morally wrong and criminal in its fruits.

"Directors should be made individually liable to civil and criminal laws for the manner in which they discharge their trust. A corporation can be no

forces soon would enter Mexico City and maintain order there. The suggestion was made by Carranza that the Huerta forces surrender unconditionally and that he would give ample guarantees for the protection of life and property.

that any expenditures in violation that any expenditures in violation to the anti-trust act were beyond the anti-trust act were beyond the powers of the directors, and raises the uestion of whether the directors may not be held personally responsible to satisfy any losses which resulted.

"Directors," the Commission declares, "cannot without accountability deplete a corporate treasury in ven-tures which are in violation of the laws of the land."

Interlocking Directorate Scored.

further bloodshed. While no formal conferences will be held, plans are making for the transmission of suggestions between representatives of the two factions with a view to effecting the transfer in quick time.

Precedent of 1860 Cited,
Local constitutionalists said the precedent of 1860 might be followed. When Miramon, who had overthrown Benito Juares, the legally-elected President, was crushed by the revolutionists, who also called themselves "constitutionalists."

Miramon abdicated, leaving executive authority in the hands of the "Ayuntamiento," or the City Council. That Huerta or Carbajal should retire, leaving the police power of the City of Mexico in the hands of the Council until General Carranza could reach the capital, is the suggestion advanced by Fernando Igleslas Calderon and other rebel representatives. Iglesias Calderon and other rebel representatives.

The constitutionalists say their military campaign has progressed too far to admit of compromises. A complete triumph of the revolution must be realized and no transaction should be a superior of the su

The constitutionalists say their military campaign has progressed too far to admit of compromises. A complete triumph of the revolution must be realized and no transaction should be entered into which could be construed as legalizing the government of Huerta.

For this reason the rebels will not accept executive power direct from the hands of Huerta or Carbajal, but hope to assume it directly after the brief interregum of the City Council.

General Carranza, it was learned from official dispatches, will arrive in Tampico in a day or two. From there he will be in readiness to proceed directly to Mexico City should an agree-rectly agree and in the dark" and finds in secret and in the dark" and finds in secret and in the dark" and finds full justification for its action in the resulting discoveries.

"End Must Be Now," Is View.

"The insuring of honesty through the management of the great railroads of the understood that he was to be a "dummy," he said, but on cross-examination maintained that he considered the proceeding "legitimate."

Miss Gaucher, who was Logan's stenographer, was asked by District Attorney Reames to tell the jury all about a "bell code system" that she had mentioned as being used in Logan's office. rectly to Mexico City should an agreement be reached for a change in administration there.

AMERICANS RETURN FIRE clering which has blighted this railroad system be ended, and until this is
fully done there will be no assurance that the story of the New Haven will
not be told again with the stockholders
of some other railroad system as the

of some other railroad system as the victime."

Evidence that agents of the Commission did not have an easy time securing information it desired was contained in an appendix filed with the report. On July 9, D. E. Brown, accountant of the Commission, wrote to Commissioner gation, that his efforts to get at facts about the New Haven had not been met in a friendly spirit by J. P. Morgan & Co. Brown wrote that full access to the Morgan records had not been granted him, as had been promised; said he was unable to say whether he had been allowed to inspect all New Haven transactions on their books, and was given only such correspondence as the firm submitted.

"By appointment, as people would come in and Mr. Logan would be talking to them he would press the buzzer. which would ring in the private office. Mr. Miller, of Tacoms, now dead) would then leave the private office, go out in the hall, and come in the general office as if he had come from the street. Then he would pose as a man who had just come up from Oregon, where he had seen the land, or who wanted to buy land, according to the people that were in the office.

"As a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, of which would ring in the private office. Which would ring in the private office. Which would ring in the private office, who had just come up from Oregon, where he had seen the land, or who wanted to buy land, according to the people that were in the office."

"As a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who was a matter of fact, Logan and Miller, or who had just come up from Oregon, where he had seen the land, or who was a matter of fact, Logan

Lane on Conference Committee,

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-VERA CRUZ. July 13.—The body of the late Captain Clarence S. Owne, of the United States Marine Corps, the first officer to die here from disease the American occupation, was

BILL IS ATTACKED

Senator Reed Says Public Sentiment in Favor of Legislation Is Menaced.

MERGE MEASURES IS PLEA

Missouri Democrat Says No New Remedy Is Proposed-Borah Says There's Plenty of Law but Too Little Enforcement.

WASHINGTON, July 13 .- Attacking the Administration Interstate Trade Commission bill on the floor of the Senate today, Senator Reed, of Missouri. Democratic member of the judiciary committee, urged that the interstate commerce and Judiclary committees should work out the trust leg-islation jointly with a view of consoli-dating all pending measures on the

Senator Reed declared that the "unfair competition" section of the trade commission bill would dispel public sentiment in favor of trust legislation without giving the people a single remedy not already accorded them by the courts. Moreover, he declared, he did not believe the people ever would sanction a bill which would place the business of the country in the control of a board governed by no rule of conduct except its own concepts of right and wrong. Senator Reed declared that the "un

Specific Amendment Wanted.

Specific Amendment Wanted.

Senators Newlands and Saulsbury, of the interstate commerce committee, repeatedly urged Senator Reed to suggest amendments to the trade bill to make it more specific.

Senator Nelson, another member of the judiclary committee, attacked the trade commission bill as merely "nibbling" at the trust problem, while pretending to solve the entire problem. He declared the unfair competition section would act as a protection to trusts which had feit the uncomfortable effect of the Sherman anti-trust law.

Senator Newlands demanded a vote on the unfair competition section, so that the country might know if Senators were in favor of preventing big concerns driving out of business little competitors before the big concerns reached the stage of monopolies.

Senator Borah declared the Sherman anti-trust law, as interpreted by the anti-trust law, as interpreted by the Supreme Court, prohibited acts tending to monopolize as well as monopolies.

Borah Cites "Need." "There is plenty of law," he insisted.
"What we need is somebody to enforce

what we need is somebody to enforce it. What we need is to put a few big fellows where they belong."
"In places of honor," interrupted Senator Nelson, who is strenuously opposing the confirmation of Thomas D. Jones, a director of the International Harvaster Company, as a member of Harvester Company, as a member of the Federal Reserve Board. The judiciary committee continued its work of whipping the Clayton bill to supplement the Sherman law into shape.

ARE STUDIED

WAR DEPARTMENT TESTS FOOD VALUES WHILE IN MEXICO.

Troops, Being Isolated From Base of Supply, Face Conditions Similar to Those in Actual Warfare.

To further experiments to determine

50 FILE ON SAME LAND

Methods Are Exposed. "We had two rooms," said Miss Gaucher, "a private office and a general office, with a bell system between, and a buzzer in the private office.
"By appointment, as people would come in and Mr. Logan would be talk-

"Sometimes, but not always," replied Miss Gaucher, "he would go in and was ready to buy land; he had heard about it and the property appealed to him."

Psychic Treatment Used.

"Now what would he do?" asked Mr. city this afterno ple would come in and find fault with damage was done.

what they had done in taking locations, and be cross about it?"

"Yes."

"When this happened, how would Miller come in?"

"Then he would be a man who had just come up from Oregon, had bought the land, had seen it down there and was well pleased."

Max Hoffman, of Two-Dot, Mont., who gave his occupation as a New Thought lecturer, told how he met J. J. Wilson, a brother of the man referred to by Miss Gaucher. On Miller's advice, he "took a claim," paying \$150.

Later Hoffman came to Portland, he said, and met Minard, whom he described as "looking a lot more prosperous" then than he did as he appeared in the courtroom.

Minard, as he appears in court, is a pathetic figure. He has about two weeks' growth of gray beard, his clothes are old, he wears no collar and has a general "run-down" appearance.

The Government introduced as evidence a photograph of Minard, said to have been taken in 1809, when he was engaged in "locating" people on the railroad lands, which showed him as well dressed.

On meeting Minard in Portland, Mr.

engaged in "locating" people on the railroad lands, which showed him as well dressed.

On meeting Minard in Portland, Mr. Hoffman said, Minard explained the land scheme to him, and said that people who located were taking some chance, but that if the railroad company won in the suit brought by the Government to forfelt the grant, there would be no question but what they would want people on the land. Minard told him, Hoffman said, that he was "acting attorney" for the Oregon & California Railroad Company.

Thus reassured, Hoffman said that he got all his friends to make "locations." It was in September, 1912, he said, that he received his first intimation that all was not right. He received a letter from Minard, he said, saying that he had better stop taking applications for locations, as a new United States Attorney had been appointed who asserted that the locations were fraudulent.

Minard Admits Deceit.

He heard from Minard again in March, 1914, he said, at which time Minard told him that the Federal grand jury had adjourned without indicting him "or his confederates."

Hoffman said that he was dumfounded when he received a subpena

GOING 300 MILES.

Berry, Veteran Aeronaut, Who Met Elements in Portland Race, Runs Into Electrical Disturbance.

ST. LOUIS, July 13. — The balloon "San Francisco 1915" landed 11 miles southeast of McLeansboro, Ill., at 10 o'clock Sunday morning, according to a telegram received today from E. S.

Cole, the pilot. Miss Hobbs Likens Criticism to Tem-McLeansboro is 95 miles southeast of St. Louis, and the balloon covered about 106 miles in an air line.

All eight balloons that started from here last Saturday noon now have been heard from, and the winner of the Na-

ar to
national race—R. H. Upson, of Akron.
O., and H. E. Honeywell, of St. Louis.
The dispatch to the Associated Press
from Cole said:
"Balloon San Francisco 1915 landed
g with
experiTexas
Texas actually traveling 108 miles in a round.
Texas about course in light variable winds."
State Desert Land Board should defray WASHINGTON, July 13.—War Department officials are watching with interest the outcome of certain experiments with Army rations, at Texas City, Tex., and at Vera Cruz, where the troops are separated from the bases of countered a severe storm in the function of war.

Based upon their observations in the two camps, officers will make reports upon the nutritive value and digestive properties of certain of the rations, as well as upon various devices evolved to conserve the health of troops on field service.

To further experiments to determine the confidence of the con

most peculiar," said Captain Berry.
"We were ascending rapidly and had
but little ballast. I applied the blow. To further experiments to determine the value as food products of dehydrated vegetables, 25,000 rations of potatoes and onions have been requested. First it was decided to try out this diet on one of the companies of the Twenty-Third Infantry at Texas City, but it was found that such a task would occupy one company more than a year. So the dehydrated vegetables will be distributed among all of the commands at Texas City, and General Bell, commanding the Second Division, may add dehydrated vegetables to the men of the troops at Vera Cruz.

Upon the results obtained during the next few weeks will depend whether dehydrated vegetables supplant those fresh from the garden on the Army bill of fare.

POWER DIRECTORS TARGET Buffalo Company Receiver Named on Fraud Allegations.

BUFFALO, July 13.—Receivers for the United States Light & Heating Company, capitalized at \$16,000,000, were appointed today. The company has a plant here and headquarters at Niagara Falls.

The complaint was made by Frederick R. Humpago, one of the board of managers of the company, who declared that the directors were practicing fraud in the conduct of the business and that their methods would bring on insolvency in a limited period.

Tall dand Washington (With O.-W. R. & N.)

Tel. Marshall 4500, A 611

TOLEDO ELKS ARE HOSTS Albany Lodge, 70 Strong, Is Enter-

TOLEDO, Or., July 13.—(Special.)—
The Albany Ledge of Elks arrived in Toledo 70 strong. They were met at the station and escorted to Antone Jacobson's and Mike Mackey's resort. After lunch an opportunity was given for them to see the town.

After dinner they departed for Newport on a special train.

tained on Visit.

HAIL STORM DAMAGE BIG (Continued From First Page.)

and it is estimated that 2000 tons of hay is lost. The apple crop loss canhay is lost. The apple crop loss cannot be estimated.

The streets of Ellensburg were miniature rivers for 30 minutes or more. While the storm was at its height the volunteer firemen were called for emergency. In the suburbs and outlying districts many franchers had hay down, and in some cases the loss will be heavy. A second storm visited the city this afternoon, but was light. While the lightning played havor, little damage was done.

WITHOUT TROUBLE

Rival Nationalists and Orange Processions Jeer at Each Other; Police Act.

LEADERS' SPEECHES FIERY

Battle of Boyne Celebrated With Tremendous Enthusiasm but With Apparent Feeling of Great Responsibility.

LONDON, July 13.—The recognition of the danger in the existence of two armed volunteer bodies seems to have imbued Irishmen with a sense of added responsibility, for the battle of the Boyne was commemorated with tre-mendous enthusiasm, but with less dis-

order than in previous years.
Following the custom, a great procession marched from Belfast to Drumbeg, where Sir Edward Carson, the Ulster Unionist leader, made his now-familiar speech defying the gov-ernment either totally to exclude Ulster

Police Maintain Order. Lord Londonderry at Enniskillen, and Walter Hume Long, Unionist mem-ber of Parliament for Strand, at Garvagh, made speeches in a similar vein to other big gutherings of Ulster men out no disorders were reported at any founded when he received a subpena to appear as a witness in the present case.

He came to Portland, and went out to Minard's house, and there on July 2 last, he said, Minard told him for the first time that he was not attorney for the Oregon & California Railroad Company.

But no disorders were reported at any point up to a late hour tonight.

Rival Nationalists and Orange processions at Glendermot reached the stage of jeering at each other and for a few moments it looked like trouble, but the police succeeded in keeping them apart until the danger was over. One feature of the situation seems Company.

Hoffman said Minard told him to be careful, not let the Government have any letters, and to see Minard's lawyer at once.

The case will be continued today, the Government still presenting its witnesses.

to be that while Sir Edward Carson and the other leaders are using unrestrained language, both Ulstermen and Nationallists are showing admirable self-control. Another feature is that the more defiant the Ulster leaders speeches become, the more pronounced becomes the feeling among the mambers of Parliament on both sides One feature of the situation seems to be that while Sir Edward Carson

members of Parliament on both sides that a satisfactory compromise eventu-ally will be reached.

Home Rule Is Law Soon. Premier Asquith announced in the House of Commons today that the present session of Parliament would come to an end about the close of August and to an end about the close of August and that the new session would begin in early Winter, which is thought to mean December. Before the present session ends the government will introduce its proposals for the reform of the House of Lords.

Under this arrangement home rule and Welsh disestablishment automatically will pass into law by the end of August.

pest in a Teapot. All eight balloons that started from here last Saturday noon now have been heard from, and the winner of the National elimination race to select the third American entrant to the international race that will start from Kansas City next October is the balloon sas City next October is the balloon and Constance. Ky., about 200 miles from St. Louis.

The two other entrants for the international race are the men who won first and second place in the last international race—R. H. Upsen, of Akron.

was no intention or intimation that the State Desert Land Board should defray the expenses of the trip.

"Billy" Baxter, Minstrel, Dies.



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Poslam brings skin comfort always; quick relief from soreness, itching and aggravation. When Pimples, Sunburn, Rashes, Hives, Prickly-Heat, Ivy-Polsoning, Stings, Abrasions or other surface troubles annoy, Poslam is the soothing antisoptic remedy to quickly heal and drive them away. Clears inflamed skin overnight. For Eczema and stubborn skin diseases there is no surer treatment.

irer treatment.
Your druggist sells Poslam. For free
Your druggist sells Poslam. Laborasample write to Emergency Labors-tories, 32 West 25th Street, New York. Poslam Soap contains Poslam—the most beneficial medication sny soap can have. Improves the skin's health, color, quality, 25 cents and 15 cents.

> "Rheumatism No More" E. F. DAVIS, For sale by all druggists



old-time minstrel, who frequently ap- Planagan, Or., vice Thomas Planagan, peared with his banjo before royalty in resigned. Europe, died here last night. A few years ago he retired from the stars and since then had made his home as the Press Club in this city.

Sioux City Has \$160,000 Fire. the Press Club in this city.

Postmaster Is Named.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 13.—Lewis A. Bleakney was today appointed postmaster of from communication for several hours.

PORTLAND'S premier dining salon, distinguished

for the excellence of its cuisine and service. Jules Jouillard, chef, formerly of the Astor House, MUSIC

By our augmented orchestra of soloists, George Jeffries, director.

Entrance Either From Oak Street or Through the Lobby.

Hotel Benson



Why drink water when you can get the most popular beverage on the Pacific Coast? 9 SALEM BEER is brewed in one of the most modern plants on the Pacific Coast. It is aged in steel glass-lined tanks. It is conveyed by modern pips line system direct to the bottle house, bottled under pressure and therefore never comes in contact with the air from the time it leaves the fermenting tank until the bottle is opened by the consumer. The consumer is absolutely assured a beer of ideal effervescence, snap and purity. A trial will surely convince any one of the ex-rellence of Salem Bottled Beer. The family trade of Portland is supplied by the firm of PENNEY BROS.

379 EAST MORRISON STREET

A Large, Comfortable, Three-Story Hotel well furnished, affords accommodations for those who do not wish to keep house in a furnished Summer bungalow. Service and cuisine of the best. Rates reasonable.