



WILSON ASKS REIN IN FOREIGN POLICY

Tolls Message Accepted as Portentous.

"OTHER MATTERS" MENTIONED

Congress Strongly Urged to Repeal Exemption Clause.

GOOD FAITH IS PLEADED

President Says All Nations Outside of United States Agree Present Law Violates the Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—President Wilson pleaded before Congress today for repeal of the provision of the Panama Canal act which exempts American coastwise shipping from tolls.

He asserted that his reason for asking for the repeal was everywhere apparent except in the United States. He said tolls exemption was regarded as a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty and he further asked support of the Administration's general foreign policy.

Victory for Wilson Expected.

That the President's request will be granted there seemed thought to be little doubt, despite the fact there will be vigorous opposition to the repeal, both in the Senate and the House. Initiative action on the question will be taken tomorrow when the House Interstate and Foreign Commerce committee will meet to consider the message. It was said tonight that this committee would report a bill to repeal the exemption provision.

Senator Clifton, a Democratic member of the Interstate Commerce committee, introduced an amendment to the canal act which would give the President authority to make or suspend tolls by proclamation and to prescribe the tolls in cases exempted. This would put it up directly to the President to eliminate the exemption.

Phrases Explained Aways.

Aside from the bearing of today's message on the Panama tolls question, some of the phrases used by the President caused widespread comment in Congressional quarters, as relating to foreign relations in general. In some quarters there was a disposition to regard some of his statements in the nature of a warning on the difficulties involved in "other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence."

Later in the day the President, in talking with callers, explained that these phrases had no significance beyond their bearing on the need of rigorous good faith in the Panama tolls question, as an evidence of unwavering good faith in all other questions, and that nothing critical was pending in foreign relations. The language of the message continued to be commented on as having an application considerably broader than the Panama question.

Great Complications Mentioned.

Three points in particular were noted:

First, the President's statement that no communication he had yet addressed to Congress carried "graver or more far-reaching implications to the interest of the country; second, that everywhere outside the United States the language of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was subject to only one interpretation; and third, the concluding statement as to "other matters of even greater delicacy and nearer consequence."

The President told his callers that while he had had no formal communications on the subject he had understood that European nations generally took the same view as did Great Britain, that the Hay-Pauncefote treaty was violated by the Panama Canal act. He pointed out that in dealing with foreign affairs nations which believed the United States did not keep a promise on so important a treaty as the Hay-Pauncefote convention would not be likely to expect sincerity on other delicate questions.

Foreign Feeling Interpreted.

Word had come to the President of a general impression in Europe that the United States was "sailing as close to the wind as possible" in interpreting promises made on its treaties. No pressure had been brought to bear by any nation to emphasize its view in this connection, but the President felt confident that foreign governments had this feeling on the subject. In this connection Mr. Wilson revealed the fact that since he took a year ago with ex-Ambassador Bryce in which he gave assurances that the tolls question would be taken up at the regular session of Congress, no communication, formal or otherwise, had passed between Great Britain and the United States.

President Said no Particular thing had caused him to read the message except a doubt that had existed in some quarters in Congress as to how strongly convinced he was as to the necessity of repeal. He had felt that he wanted members of Congress to realize that he earnestly sought them to reverse their action of a year ago.

Senator Shively, acting chairman of the foreign relations committee, said

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JOBS OPEN FOR 2 GOOD LAWYERS

PRESIDENT NEEDS ADVICE AS TO AFFAIRS OF STATE.

Word From White House Is Party Lines Will Be Ignored in Filling Existing Vacancies.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—Wanted—The best authority in international law, and the best lawyer obtainable for the positions of counselor and solicitor respectively in the State Department.

This was the word which came from the White House today with the information that President Wilson sought the most efficient men for these places irrespective of their political affiliations. For the post of counselor vacated by John Bassett Moore, the President realizes that he will have a difficult task in finding another such authority on international questions. He hopes, however, to find an experienced international law expert who has had broad diplomatic training as well.

The names of W. W. Rockhill, ex-Ambassador to Turkey and Russia, who was recently mentioned for the position of diplomatic adviser to the President of China, was prominent in today's discussion. Henry White, ex-Ambassador to France, also was mentioned, as was William Bayard Hale and John Lind, who have been unofficial representatives of the President in Mexican affairs.

STREET SAFER THAN HOME

Horse Vehicle Also More Deadly Than Auto, in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 5.—Streets in Chicago are safer than the homes, and the horse-drawn vehicle contributes to more accidents than the motorcar, according to the first report today of the Public Safety Commission named by Peter Hoffman, Coroner.

"In 1912 there were more accidental deaths reported in homes than in the streets," the report said. "Asphyxiation, falling downstairs, out of windows and from porches, burning, scalding and smothering of children were the causes of the greater number of home deaths."

"Out of every 5,000,000 miles of travel of horse-drawn vehicles there were 26 and a fraction accidents. For the same distance of automobile travel there were 12 and a fraction accidents."

The conclusions were based on reports to the Coroner's office for the last four years.

WOOL HIGHER THAN IN 1913

Sale at Pendleton Made at Reported Advance of One Cent.

PENDLETON, Or., March 5.—(Special.)—At a reported advance of 1 cent a pound over last year, 26,000 pounds of wool changed hands in the first local sale of the season. The deal was made by J. N. Burgess, State Senator, of the Cunningham Sheep & Land Company, to R. H. Bicknell. The wool was from old and young bucks, the price paid being 13 cents.

This is the same figure at which the company sold its wool last year but is really 1 cent higher according to Mr. Burgess for the reason that 60 per cent of it was from old bucks, whereas last year but 25 per cent of it was from the old sheep.

Buyers discount old buck wool one-third, taking the young buck wool at market price.

BABE TO BE BORN FREE

Convict Mother Removed From Prison to Greet Stork.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—(Special.)—Mrs. Ruby Bartol, serving a 40-year term in San Quentin penitentiary, was moved today to a sanitarium in Reno, where she expects to become a mother tomorrow. She was taken away from the prison reservation so that the child might be born on free ground. Mrs. Bartol has been in prison about eight months.

Twice before have women convicts given birth to babies while in prison, the first child being born in a prison ward and the next in a cabin on the prison reservation.

FOLK SONG RECITAL SET

German Literary Society Will Give Programme Tonight.

The German Literary Society will hold a folk song recital tonight in the Journal Hall, Broadway and Yamhill streets. All interested are invited to attend. The programme follows:

Pot pourri of 12 German folk songs for piano, by Dr. Paul J. A. Semler; vocal duet, "Das ist Tag Des Herrn" (Mendelssohn), Mrs. Elise Schwabe and Mrs. May Goodall; soprano solo, "Wenn die Schwalben Helmwarts Zieh'n" (Aht), Mrs. May Goodall; selection of German folk songs for piano, Dr. P. E. Schwabe, vocal duet, "Die Jaeger" (Kuseken), Mrs. May Goodall and Dr. Paul J. A. Semler.

PIONEER THRICE NOW 93

Mrs. Stewart Once Resident of Illinois and Iowa, in Oregon.

ALBANY, Or., March 5.—(Special.)—Mrs. Anna Rebecca Stewart, a pioneer of Albany continuously for almost half a century, celebrated her 93rd birthday at her home in Albany today. She was a resident of Illinois, Iowa and Oregon in the pioneer days of each state.

She was in Illinois in the days of the Black Hawk Indian War, and later was one of the first white women to cross the Mississippi River at Burlington. Mrs. Stewart crossed the plains to Oregon in 1855.

REBELLION FANNED TO FLAME IN BRAZIL

Three States Declared in Revolt.

CAPITAL UNDER MARTIAL LAW

Population and Half Millions in State of War.

EDITORS UNDER ARREST

Two Colonels and Other Officers Also Made Prisoners and Troops at Rio de Janeiro Are Held Ready for Emergency.

LONDON, March 5.—Reports that three states in Brazil were in revolt, and that the capital, Rio de Janeiro, had been declared in a state of siege, were confirmed here today. The censorship at Rio de Janeiro, which has been exceedingly strict, has kept the news of what is said to be an exceedingly grave situation from the world at large.

The managing editors of three of the principal newspapers, A Epoca, Correio de Noite and O Imparcial, were placed under arrest today, while Generals Thaumaturgo Azevedo and Pellino Mendes de Moraes, two Colonels and some other officers of the army also were made prisoners.

Action Prompt in Capital.

The declaration of martial law in the capital itself is a measure of precaution. The government's action is taken as a preventive measure against any possible troubles.

Disturbances were feared among certain elements of the population as a result of the recent insurrection in the Province of Ceara, where the situation is reported worst.

The Brazilian states involved are Pernambuco, Ceara and Para. Fighting is in progress in each between the local authorities and the federal government troops. More than 2,500,000 people are involved. The state of Ceara at the last census had a population of about 850,000. Para 450,000 and Pernambuco 1,500,000.

Racial Differences Are Cause.

The causes of the disaffection were said to have been racial differences. In the last week of February a body of fanatics was reported to be marching on Rio Janeiro.

The situation in the various states was reported as becoming worse, especially in Ceara.

Business was said virtually to be (Concluded on Page 3.)

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SEVEN DRUNK IN DRY TOWN

Oregon City Police Chief Reports on Arrests in February.

OREGON CITY, Or., March 5.—(Special.)—Seven arrests of men on charges of drunkenness, one vagabond, four violating the ordinance prohibiting drinking on cars, two runaways and the lodging of 188 one-night guests in the City Jail were items mentioned in the report of Chief of Police Shaw for February.

The police officer said that the number of drunken persons was lessening since the saloons were closed the first of the year.

Liability Is Based on Shares.

SALEM, Or., March 5.—(Special.)—Attorney-General Crawford today informed the members of a co-operative cannery association that they were liable for the debts of the concern only to the extent of their interests, there being no statute limiting the liabilities of such concerns.

"CAVEMAN'S" WIFE TO UNDERGO KNIFE

Operation for Brain Pressure Planned.

ELOPEMENT IS RECALLED

Woman Captivated by "Brutality" of Cattle Rancher.

LOVE FOR SON DOMINANT

Letter to Husband Deserted Because Gentleman Tells of Conflicting Emotions Inspired by Her Affinity.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 5.—(Special.)—Surgeons' instruments as delicate as the methods of the psychologist are to be used in an attempt to restore to normal condition Mrs. Florence Folsom, the "caveman's" wife.

Mrs. Folsom awoke the wonder and censure of a continent a few months ago when she wrote her husband, Charles Wright Folsom, of New York, that she loved him no longer because he was too much of a gentleman. She eloped with Gus Williams, a Nevada rancher, declaring that his brutality had captivated her.

Brain Pressure to Be Relieved.
Trepanning will be resorted to in the hope of relieving a brain pressure. Depression is attributed to a fall she had when 4 years old. Mrs. Folsom is at Chico. Word of the plans for the operation was received from there today. She is ill, but will soon be strong enough to endure the operation, it was said. Her former husband, it is said, will pay for it in part.

This decision was reached after a course of mental suggestion which to a great extent has lessened the hysteria to which her actions are attributed.

The remarkable attitude of Mrs. Folsom, who is also known as Mrs. Frances Ford, was revealed in a letter to her husband in which she told of her love for the brute in her affinity. It resulted in Folsom's securing a divorce in New York. In it she told of her love for their 15-year-old son, now a pupil in the Chico high school. "This love is understood to have brought about her determination to undergo the operation that may change her entire attitude."

The letter follows:
"Dear Dwight—I am stronger now and able to write you the full truth, and, before God, I mean to do it. The (Concluded on Page 2.)"

TALENTED WOMEN MAY WIN REWARD

PLAN PATTERNED AFTER NOBEL PRIZES LAUNCHED.

Object Is to Furnish Fund So Winners May Undertake Bigger Tasks, Says Head of Association.

CHICAGO, March 5.—A plan for recognition in America of noteworthy achievements of modern women by the bestowment of prizes similar to the Nobel prizes was outlined today by the Chicago Woman's Association of Commerce.

The plan will be submitted for action next June, when the biennial convention of the General Federation of Women's Clubs will be held here. "Our object will be not only to give women proper recognition for their work, but provide means to devote their entire attention to it," Mrs. Florence King, president of the Woman's Association, said. "We believe that women have not less initiative than men, but that it has not been spurred on in the proper way."

"I am in favor of prizes from \$10,000 to \$40,000, which would be enough to permit women to undertake bigger things."

"We would recognize achievements in literature, music, arts, science, inventions, movements to promote world peace and the arts and crafts. Recognition would not be given except to real achievement."

YAKIMA MOOSE WILL MEET

Successor to Chairman Peacock Is to Be Elected.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., March 5.—(Special.)—A successor to M. A. Peacock, as chairman of the Yakima County Progressive committee, will be elected at a meeting of the committee called by him for Monday evening. Mr. Peacock is a candidate for the Progressive nomination for Representative in Congress and will devote his attention to his candidacy. At this meeting the question of putting a Progressive county ticket in the field will also be considered further.

It is understood that an effort has been made to bring about an agreement with Democratic leaders by which Progressives would support Democratic candidates for county office and Democrats would support Progressive Congressional candidates.

YOUTH AND AGE CELEBRATE

Youngest and Oldest Members of Linn Bar Hold Birthdays.

ALBANY, Or., March 5.—(Special.)—The oldest and youngest members of the Linn County bar celebrated their birthdays today. They are J. J. Whitney, 75 years old, and Mark V. Weatherford, aged 28.

Mr. Whitney has been practicing law in Linn County for 48 years. He has represented Linn County in the State Legislature at various times and has served also as County Judge of Linn County and District Attorney of the Third Judicial District. Mr. Weatherford is a graduate of the Oregon Agricultural College and his law department of the University of Michigan. Both are prominent Democrats. Mr. Weatherford also celebrated her natal day.

Falling Birth Rate Ominous.

A reconstructed scheme of eugenics, however, Professor Ritter was willing to believe might aid in arresting ominous processes of racial decay.

For instance, there was everywhere apparent a falling birth rate. Those portions of society which tended to reproduce were said to be the least intelligent and lowest. Thus we were confronted with the phenomenon of multiplication at the lower end of the human scale and decrease at the upper end, he said.

In part these conditions had been brought about by the influence of racial action on the course of instinctive propagation, he added. How, then, escape the conclusion that the cure also lay in the sphere of reason?

Man Progressing Racially.
Professor Ritter disagreed with Professor Korerer that man had not advanced since the times of the cavew-dweller.

"Man as represented at his best in America and Europe," he said, "has actually progressed racially above the level reached in any other race."

"Judged thus, I believe we are racially and evolutionarily superior to the Greeks and Romans."

SALOON TOUR IS OMITTED

Chief of Police Refuses to Escort Woman Convancing for Home.

VANCOUVER, Wash., March 5.—(Special.)—Mrs. Finley, who is soliciting funds for the Home for Orphan Boys and Girls, of Eugene, Ore., had anticipated to Lee Brotton, Chief of Police, that he might assist her materially by accompanying her on a tour through the 20 or more saloons in Vancouver, saying that the town marshal of Springfield, Or., had been kind enough to assist her in this way.

Chief Brotton refused, saying that it was out of his line.

MANAGER PLAN IN FAVOR

Eight of 15 Elected to Draft Seattle Charter Have Preference.

SEATTLE, Wash., March 5.—Eight of the 15 freeholders elected last Tuesday to frame a new charter for Seattle have expressed a preference for the city manager form of government, and it is likely that the charter will provide for it. It is hoped to hold the first meeting of the charter commission tomorrow.

The new charter must be submitted to the City Council not later than May 12.

APPLE TO BE ADVERTISED

Increased Consumption of Fruit Is Object of New Organization.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The Apple Advertisers' Association of America was organized here today to increase the consumption of apples, especially in foreign countries.

Secretary Border said there are 3,000,000 apple growers in the United States and the rapid increase of the crop made it necessary to find a wider market.

LOG KILLS CAMP WORKER

Luther C. Haskell, of Gardiner, Is Victim Near Marshfield.

MARSHFIELD, Or., March 5.—(Special.)—Luther C. Haskell, a resident of Gardiner, was killed today while slinging rigging in Camp 4 of the Smith-Powers Logging Company, on South Inlet.

Haskell was about 20 years old and had been at work in the camp only a few days. His death occurred when a heavy log rolled over him. It started without warning.

EUGENICS ASSAILED AS OMITTING SOUL

Biologist Says Idea Is Not Large Enough.

EMPHASIS ALL ON PHYSICAL

Reconstructed Scheme Held to Have Possibilities of Good.

BIRTHRATE IS OMINOUS

Associate of Professor Koerber Disagrees With Assertion That Man Has Not Advanced Since Days of Cave-Dweller.

BERKELEY, Cal., March 5.—A new attack on eugenics by a number of the faculty of the University of California, because, as now taught, it tends, in taking thought of the body of man, to leave out of account his soul, is contained in a lecture on "The Probabilities of Good and the Possibilities of Harm in Eugenics," delivered by Professor William E. Ritter, head of the Scripps Institute for Biological Research, and published today.

Ten days ago Professor A. I. Korerer, of the department of anthropology, said that 99 per cent of that which is commonly attributed to heredity was merely a matter of individual or National environment and that although civilization had advanced, men had stood still for untold thousands of years and probably would remain always the same.

New Line of Attack Adopted.
Professor Ritter's angle of attack is different. "To extend the bounds of reason," he says, "into the realm of emotion and passion does not mean the supplanting of emotion and passion by reason. Affairs of the heart are as primal, as powerful, as essential, as independent as those of the head. It is not a question of suppressing sex instinct or of subordinating it to reason. It is a question of making the individual man larger and more complete."

"Beware of eugenic doctrine, the spirit of which is largely that of man's lower physical nature, whose knowledge and faith in mankind are more secure as touching his germ cells than as touching his mind and morals. Eugenic science, which is not large enough to encompass the whole of man's nature is not large enough to pass muster as sound biology."

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DYING MOTHER CONFESSES

Bellingham, Wash., Girl Asks Authorities to Find Father.

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Believing that her father, Gus Ebert, from whom she was kidnaped when she was two years old, is a resident of Portland, Miss Martha Ebert, a young woman of Bellingham, Wash., has written City Auditor Barbur, asking him to try to find the father. Miss Ebert says she was always told by her mother that her father was dead.

The mother on her death-bed confessed that such was not the case and that instead he was in Portland. The dying mother said in her confession that many years ago she kidnaped Miss Martha and since then the father has not known her whereabouts.

PLAYWRIGHT'S INCOME BIG

George Broadhurst Averages \$102,000 a Year by Writing.

NEW YORK, March 5.—The rewards for a successful playwright were revealed in court today by George Broadhurst, whose wife is suing him for separation. Mr. Broadhurst said that his annual income from his plays during the last two years had averaged \$102,000.

During the last seven years he had earned \$242,000, the strength of this declaration, the playwright was ordered to allow his wife \$10,000 a year pending the trial of her suit.

