

ISLANDS DIGGING FOR BURIED GOLD

Every Resident of Society Group Who Can Get Away Engaged in Quest.

PUBLIC LEARNS "SECRET"

Arrival From Australia of Man With Charts Starts Search for Treasure Believed Left by Peruvian Priests.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—(Treasure of enormous richness buried by a mutinous crew 40 years ago on one of the islands in the Society group has started every resident on the islands on a hunt for the concealed gold, says Madame Lavina Chapman, who arrived today from Papeete on the Royal Mail liner Moana.

Madame Chapman is one of the richest women on the islands and has come here to visit with one of her daughters. The hunt for the lost treasure, she said today, was started last November by the arrival in Papeete of Duncan Balfour from Sydney. He had maps and charts showing the location of the buried treasure, having obtained the drawings from a sea captain when the old tar lay dying in a hospital in Sydney.

Secret of Permit Known.
Balfour obtained permission to hunt for the treasure from the French Governor of the islands and he made two attempts to find the island Tinoche, on which the gold is hidden. The secret became public, and now every resident who can get away, says Madame Chapman, is digging in the hope of unearthing the yellow hoard.

According to the story of Balfour, the treasure ship left Peru 40 years ago with four priests aboard, and the chest of gold was church money. The priests undertook to convey it to safety because Peru was then at war with Chile and they feared the gold would be stolen by the Chileans.

Priests Thrown Overboard.
The vessel was a sailing ship. The crew mutinied, threw the priests overboard and then fought among themselves until only six remained. These buried the gold on "Tinoche."

Four of these six men while in San Francisco were arrested for their part in the mutiny and convicted, while the other two, one of whom gave the charts and maps to Balfour, remained alone in Australia with the secret. They attempted to obtain the money later, but were prevented by fear of exposure and arrest.

CONSUL'S PLEA TECHNICAL

Request for Recall Only Punishment on Serious Charges.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 19.—After reading a transcript of the testimony in the case, John W. Preston, United States Attorney, said today that he should forward to Attorney-General McReynolds a full record of the evidence against Carlos Sanjines, Bolivian Consul-General here, accused of an offense against two small girls. A Police Judge held that his court had no jurisdiction.

"As my opinion stands now," said Mr. Preston today, "I feel I shall recommend that my superior ask Secretary Bryan, of the State Department, to request that Sanjines be recalled. His counsel made no attempt to deny the facts charged against him and the only defense offered was the technical one that he was immune from prosecution. It may seem wiser to try to get the case before the American courts than to bring it to the attention of the Department of State."

GOVERNMENT LOSES SEAT

Liberal Candidate Defeated in English Bye-Election.

LONDON, Feb. 19.—The first Parliamentary bye-election necessitated by the recent changes in the cabinet resulted today in the defeat of C. F. G. Masterman in the southwest division of Bethnal Green by the narrow margin of 34 votes. The Unionist candidate, Major Sir M. Wilson, received 2833 votes to 2894 polled by Masterman. The Socialist, J. S. Curr, polled 318 votes.

Mr. Masterman was appointed chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster to succeed C. F. Sobhouse, who became postmaster-general. In the last general election he polled a vote of 2705 to 2561 polled by the Unionist candidate.

TREATY POLICY DEVELOPS

(Continued From First Page.)

schools of the various states (involving the Japanese question on the Pacific Coast).

All questions arising from the Monroe doctrine.

Provisions of the Panama Canal act exempting American coastwise shipping from tolls.

New York Senators Clash.

Discussion of the subject moved the Senate as it has not been moved in many days and a clash between Senators O'Gorman and Root, of New York, marked the climax of heated debate. Senator O'Gorman assailed the Carnegie endowment for international peace, of which Senator Root is the president, declaring that its prime motive was a "corrupt one," that it did not seek to promote international peace, but to create an international alliance between Great Britain and the United States, to the benefit of individuals who would profit by such a consummation. Senator Root, taking the remarks of his colleague as a personal affront, resented them in vigorous language and precipitated a discussion which was prolonged for more than an hour.

Senator Shively, of Indiana, acting chairman of the foreign relations committee, called up the treaties when the Senate had proceeded to consideration of legislative business and in a speech appealed to the Senate to disregard local issues for the common welfare.

Spanish Treaty to Be Test.

To place the subject formally before the body he offered a resolution that the treaty with Spain, which had expired after five years of existence, be extended without amendment. This was in accordance with the plan of the committee to have thrashed out all the issues before a vote is taken on any of the treaties, it being the purpose to

leave the British and Japanese treaties until the last.

After the executive session Senator Shively and others predicted ratification of all the treaties by a comfortable majority.

Senator Chamberlain opened the fight against the treaties on behalf of the Senators who are opposed to repeal of the free tolls provision of the Panama Canal act. He asserted that this Government should not submit any American question to a foreign tribunal. The pending treaties are alike, providing that disputes at law or over interpretation of treaties which cannot be settled by diplomacy should be submitted to the permanent arbitration tribunal at The Hague.

In his view of general arbitration Senator Chamberlain was supported by Senators O'Gorman, Poindexter, William Alden Smith, of Michigan, and others. It was considered, however, that the policy of arbitration will not be repudiated by this Congress. For this reason Senator Chamberlain did not dwell on that subject long, but offered an amendment to limit the scope.

O'Gorman and Root in Tilt.

References by Senator Chamberlain to the Carnegie endowment for international peace caused Senator O'Gorman to expand the subject with the attack which aroused Senator Root.

According to Senators who heard the exchange, the Republican Senator from New York interrupted Mr. O'Gorman and rebuked him in strong terms. When Mr. Root asserted that he regarded Senator O'Gorman's statements as a personal affront, the latter assured his colleague that he had meant no personal offense; then oratorical parries were exchanged. Senator Root declared that he continued to resent Mr. O'Gorman's remarks, despite his protestation.

When quiet had been restored debate on the general issues continued. Senator Poindexter, of Washington, spoke at length against all the treaties and in support of the Chamberlain amendment.

It was agreed that no vote should be taken on account of absence of Senators who accompanied the body of the late Senator Bacon to Georgia.

LAW MACHINE CLOGGED

EFFICIENCY OF CONGRESS WANES, SAYS SENATOR ROOT.

Revision of Legislative Methods and Committee System Is Backed by Members of Upper House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Congressional efficiency is on the wane and the "whole system of doing the people's business is breaking down," Senator Root constantly growing demands on it Senator Root warned the Senate today in an arraignment of the results of the committee system. Drastic revision of legislative methods in both Senate and House, he declared, must soon be undertaken or Congress would find itself hopelessly swamped.

Half a dozen members agreed with Senator Root. Senator Smith, of Arizona, said it was folly to put Senators on half a dozen committees and expect them to attend the meetings of each. He had repeatedly been called from one committee, he said, to make a quorum in another. Senator Clapp said the size of committees and the tendency to gratify the ambitions of Senators by giving them committee assignments they desired without regard to the efficiency of the committee was the root of the trouble.

An attempt of Senators Smith and Smoot to take from the mines committee a bill dealing with the leasing of Alaska coal lands and refer it to the committee on public lands, of which both are members, precipitated the debate. Chairman Walsh, of the mines committee, opposed the motion, which will be disposed of tomorrow.

Senator Chamberlain, a member of the public lands committee and author of the Alaska railway bill, urged that the mines committee be permitted to continue its work. Quick action on this and several other bills which are to follow was necessary, he said, to knock down the last barrier to Alaskan development.

PRISONER SEALS LIPS

MAN HELD FOR MURDER REFUSES TO TESTIFY AT INQUEST.

Negro Tells of Seeing Suspect Alight From Car Near Where Girl Was Killed in Cemetery.

AURORA, Ill., Feb. 19.—Anthony Petras refused to testify today at the inquest into the murder of Theresa Hollander, formerly his fiancée, who was beaten to death in a cemetery near her home Monday night.

Petras is under arrest in connection with the crime. His attorney said he would be ready to talk one week from Saturday and the inquest accordingly adjourned to that date.

The inquest was begun a short time after the girl's funeral. Prominent among the witnesses was Walter Hickman, the negro at first suspected but soon released. Hickman repeated his story that he was on the trolley in which Petras and Miss Hollander also were passengers and that Petras got off a block beyond the girl and ran back.

Louis Nelson testified he saw a man running in the direction of Petras' home from the vicinity of the cemetery at about the time the murder is supposed to have been committed.

ROAD LAW IS HELD VOID

Circuit Court Makes Ruling in Case Against Polk County Man.

DALLAS, Or., Feb. 19.—(Special.)—Upon the appeal of the case against W. H. Able, from the County Court of Polk County to the Circuit Court, the road law passed by the 1913 session of the State Legislature was declared to be unconstitutional and void. Judge Webster Holmes rendered the decision. The act originated in this county and was introduced in the Legislature by Verd Hill, Representative from Polk County. All the counties west of the Cascades, except Multnomah County, are affected by the law.

Flying Boats to Be Regulated.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 19.—Hydro aeroplanes are motorboats subject to Government regulations and inspection, the Department of Commerce held today, and directed that the flying boats of a commercial line between Tampa and St. Petersburg, Fla., said to be the first in the United States, must be equipped with life belts, a fire extinguisher, a whistle and other accessories, including running lights.

Yankton, S. D., "Dry" Again.

YANKTON, S. D., Feb. 19.—Yankton is "dry" today, the six saloons closing as a result of the Supreme Court decision holding the saloons illegal because a petition calling for license election was invalid.

Lipman Wolfe & Co.

"Merchandise of Merit Only"

To Help Make the House Beautiful for Spring

—We offer Friday some unusual sales in cretonnes, curtain scraps and marisettes. The quality of these draperies and their low prices merit the attention of all with rooms to decorate.

50c-60c Cretonnes and Chintz Unusual at 29c Yard

—Many of the best patterns in floral and conventional designs, and copies of tapestry designs in colorings as well as patterns. Light and dark effects that are suitable for living-room and dining-room windows, as well as for bedrooms. They were a manufacturer's sample showroom pieces, which we bought a good deal less than regular, hence this special price to our customers.

Bordered Scrims, Marisettes 24c a Yd., Regularly 35c and 40c

—In white, cream or ecru with fancy colored borders of blue, pink, yellow and tan. Soft, drapeable qualities, 40 inches wide, that can be used for the windows of any room.

—Fifth Floor

New Doeskin Gloves

Which Fashionable Women Are Now Wearing

—Not the kind of doeskin gloves which you are accustomed to buying, but the practical, washable kind that comes from a tubing as fresh and good as new. No pulling away at the seams, because the seams are so well sewed that they cannot stretch. In pure white doeskin or natural chamois colors, with heavy embroidery stitching on the back in self tones, white or black.

—First quality doeskin gloves, 16-button, pique sewn, three buttons at wrist, made of the finest selected stock, at \$2.95.

—Special—Full 16-button length doeskin gloves of reliable quality, pique sewn, at \$2.25.

—Finest quality doe and chamois gloves, pique sewn, two-pearl clasp, fancy embroidered backs, at \$1.85.

First Floor.

For Hosiery and Knit Underwear

NO STORE IS AS SATISFACTORY AS THIS STORE

Silk Lisle Stockings, 25c Pr.

—Of silk lisle, fast black, seamless, made with six-thread spliced toe and extra spliced sole and heel. Double garter tops.

Silk Lisle Stockings, 35c Pr.

—Full fashioned silk lisle stockings, in fast black, new tan or pure white, made with stop run garter top, high spliced heel, extra soles and six-thread toe. Also fast black silk plated boot stockings with cotton top.

Silk Plated Hose, 50c Pair

—Allover silk plated stockings in fast black, seamless. Also thread silk boot stockings in black, white or tan, as well as gray, bronze, emerald and other colors.

Silk Stockings, 75c Pair

—Full fashioned thread silk boot stockings, with double garter tops of cotton, cotton soles and toe for long wear. Black or white.

Silk Service Hose, \$1.00 Pair

—Silk service stockings, the Lipman-Wolfe brand, fine gauge, extra long and elastic. The most serviceable stocking made at this price. Black, white and 60 colors to choose from.

—Main Floor

"Help Save the Babies"

—The Oregon Congress of Mothers Sale of Flags at the booth on the first floor, in charge of Mrs. Kerr and assistants.

Fourth Floor.

The Subject of the French Lecture Friday Will Be Bordeaux "La Peur de Vivre"

Given by Dr. De Lory, Ph. D., in Phonograph Hall, Basement

Discontinued Models and Broken Sizes of Our Regular \$5.50 to \$12.00

Smart Set and La Vida Corsets Special \$3.95 Pair

—Corsets of fancy brocade material, with extreme low bust, extra long over hips and back, giving the new straight lines, and medium and high bust corsets filled with genuine whalebone, all with hose supporters attached.

The New Nemo Duplex Self-Reducing Corsets at \$3.50

—In two models—No. 327 with low bust, No. 328 with medium bust.

—Made with a new semi-elastic device that makes the very long skirt more comfortable than ever. The improved self-reducing front gives ample support. The best corsets yet for full and stout figures.

Nemo 1914 Model Corset at \$2.00

—Has low bust, long hips and back with elastic across back to give ease in sitting and has elastic band across abdomen. Suited to medium and stout figures. Sizes 23 to 30.

Fourth Floor.



Three of the Smartest Spring Hats That Combine a Bit of Straw With Taffeta or Moire Introductory Sale \$3.95

—These early models are particularly suitable for present-day wear and represent three of the very smartest tailored styles. The semi-sailor model in the center of the illustration is quite the vogue in New York, and one sees these styles of hats frequently worn at the tango teas by the smartly dressed young women. The other two models are also of hemp, having crowns of taffeta, faille or moire and trimmed with high upstanding feather or smartly looped ribbon bows. They are shown in black and the newest colorings. The excellent styles of these hats and the very reasonable price make these models especially attractive for early Spring wear.

Second Floor.

A Sale of New Linens

That Means Much From the Standpoint of Economy

LINEN CLOTHS, SPECIAL, \$2.59, \$3.29 AND \$3.89 EACH

—Pattern cloths of pure Irish linen damask, high count, heavy weight, full bleached. Artistically designed with border on four sides to match designs. Sizes are 2x2 yards, 2 1/2x2 yards and 3x2 yards.

—Napkins to match cloths, size 22x22 inches, special, \$3.75 dozen.

LINEN CLOTHS, SPECIAL, \$2.29, \$2.89 AND \$3.49 EACH

—Another quality of pure Irish linen damask cloths and napkins, beautifully designed, fine even weave. Come in sizes 70x70 inches, 90x70 inches, 108x70 inches.

—Napkins to match, size 22x22 inches, special, \$3.49 the dozen.

FINE AUSTRIAN LINEN SCALLOPED LUNCH CLOTHS, \$1.10 EACH

—These dainty little cloths come in rose scalloped edge, are round in shape, measure 36 inches in diameter, and are made of full bleached, heavy, high count damask in a variety of choice circular patterns.

65c MERCERIZED LUNCH CLOTHS, SPECIAL, 49c EACH

—These cloths will surprise you when we show you one of them laundered. They look like high-class linen; they wear better than cheap linen; they improve by laundering; they are all ready hemmed for use. Size 44x44 inches.

IMPORTED CRETONNE BEDSPREADS, SPECIAL, \$1.75

—These come 2 1/2x2 yards, in white and colored grounds in beautiful scroll designs. They are light to launder, come in fast colors, hemmed ends.

HAVE YOU HAD ANY OF THESE 25c TURKISH BATH TOWELS?

—No equal in this market at the price. They are made of two-ply twisted yarn with hemmed ends, of heavy terry, full bleached. Size 43x22 inches.

HIGH STANDARD SHEETS, SPECIAL, 80c EACH

—Made of evenly-woven sheeting entirely free of starch filling, torn before being made, thus insuring proper shape. Made with 3-inch head hem and 1-inch foot hem. Size 2 1/2x 1 1/4 yards.

—Pillow cases to match sheets, size 45x36 inches, special, 17c each.

Basement.

Because These \$3.50 and \$4.00

White Wool Blankets

Were Slightly Damaged When Manufactured

They Will Be Sold Friday at the

Special Price \$2.19 Pair

—These blankets are termed "manufacturer's seconds," because they were slightly damaged in the factory, and which we secured through a special concession, appreciating the fact that the imperfections were so slight they did not impair the full worth of the blankets. Some have a rough selvage, or an oil spot, which are barely noticeable. They are firmly woven and made in full size and weight and as fine in quality as the best \$3.50 and \$4.00 blankets. They are all white with a border in blue or pink.

—Fifth Floor

The Latest Fashion Ideas

As Expressed in These Moderately Priced Spring Coats, Suits and Dresses

MOIRE COATS AT \$21.50

—In two models, one of which is illustrated. They are 45 inches long and made in the latest ruffled and flounce styles. Sailor or moire collar or shawl collar of bengaline silk, finished at the edge with silk ruching and trimmed with lace collar. Lined throughout with peau de cygne silk.

ONE-PIECE DRESSES AT \$13.85

—Of fine wool crepe and French serge in all the latest colors, such as Chinese blue, tango, paxton blue, olive, tan, black and navy blue. Fashioned with bloused waist, cut low in the neck and finished with either a lace or embroidered collar and kimono sleeves. Crushed girdle and cuffs of messaline silk constitute the trimmings. The skirts show the tunic and ruffled effect.

NOVELTY SPRING SUITS AT \$25.00

—Smartly tailored suits expressing all that is latest in a semi-tailored garment. The jackets are loose models with kimono sleeves, button trimmed and novelty collars. The skirts are made with the tunic and shirred belt. They are fashioned from a fine wool crepe and can be had in navy blue, tango, copenhagen and black and white checks.

—Third Floor

