

DECIES COUPLE TO ENJOY SIMPLE LIFE

Former Vivien Gould and Her English Husband Sought by Western Society.

PLANS STILL UNCERTAIN

Lady Decies Wants Her Daughters to Be Real Americans, and They Will Have Governance When They Grow Older.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 13.—(Special.)—Lord and Lady Decies, who arrived here last night after a tour of the Gould lines, intend to enjoy their stay here. They both said today, after the mail had brought them numerous and diversified invitations from the smart set of San Francisco and the Peninsula.

"What will our programme be for our four days' stay here?" Lord Decies, whose other names are John Graham Hope Horsely Beresford, asked, and answered by adding:

"Well, I can hardly say. Perhaps a bit of polo, my favorite sport, and some sightseeing and maybe—just maybe—a little dancing. Not that I care for dancing—no, I can't talk dancing, because I don't know anything of its mysteries, but perhaps my wife might enjoy it after our long journey across the continent. We will plan our entertainment as the days go by."

Lady Decies Wants to Walk. Lady Decies, the former Vivien Gould, known as one of the best-dressed women in American and England, entered San Francisco in a stunning skin coat, with a French toque of the same fur and a blazing red tulle worn near her throat. In a half dozen trunks that came with them Lady Decies has some gowns that are expected to prove "fetingh."

Distinctive in a Parisian suit of royal purple, the most chic of bonnets, under which her dark eyes were sparkling with the joy of living, Lady Decies gave a little skip as she stood in the lobby of the Fairmont at noon today and enthusiastically declared that the first thing that she desired to do was to take a walk in the San Francisco sunshine.

Accompanied by her traveling companion, Mrs. O. E. Huntman, wife of vice-president of the Missouri Pacific, she turned a machine and democratically enjoyed a brisk walk.

Babies Have Simple Training. "I don't know what the programme of our stay will be," she said, taking a deep breath of the fresh air, "but there will be many walks. We will not have time to attend many social affairs. So I expect we will just be lazy and enjoy ourselves quietly while in the city. I wish my two little girls were with me. I want them to love the out-of-doors and be real American girls as well as English ones. I intend to bring them to America every year to play with their cousins in New York."

"I am so proud of my babies and I am ambitious for them to be real Americans, loyal to the Stars and Stripes. I am raising them simply, giving them much exercise, and as they grow older will have a governance for them, as I don't want to send them away to school."

"You know," she continued, her eyes serious, "daughters are a great responsibility, even when they are babies. I am interested in suffrage—I believe in it—but I am not in favor of the window-smashing means of obtaining it. I am not in sympathy with militant methods when it comes to destroying life and property."

Her little ladyship, the Hon. Eileen Vivien Decies, the young daughter of the couple, remains in New York with Grandma Gould. Lady Decies was afraid to bring her along because of the discomforts of the long journey.

After three or four days here the couple will go to Los Angeles and Santa Barbara for a week or so, and later return to New York and England, sailing about March 10.

AMERICAN AUTHORS MEET

Movies Will Show Home-Life Scenes of Foremost Writers.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Secretary of State Bryan will be one of the guests of honor at the first annual banquet of the Authors' League of America here tomorrow night. He will deliver a message from President Wilson.

One of the features of the dinner will be the presentation of a moving picture screen of characteristic incidents in the home life of the authors' works. The business of the meeting will be a dramatization, also by moving picture, of selections from the authors' works. The business of the meeting will be a dramatization, also by moving picture, of selections from the authors' works.

EARLE ON WAY TO FRANCE

Painter Sails From Christiania in Charge of Policeman.

CHRISTIANIA, Norway, Feb. 13.—Frederick Phinney ("Affinity") Earle, the American painter who is wanted in France on a charge of kidnapping his son, sailed today for Skien in charge of a policeman. From that port a steamer will take him to Bordeaux.

The application for the extradition to France of Miss Charlotte Hermann, who is jointly accused with Earle of kidnapping, has been postponed until February 20.

\$49 CLAIM COSTS \$500

Senate Now Postpones Indefinitely Action on Refund Request.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—Frank Hodges, brother of the Governor of Kansas, has failed in his efforts to get a \$49 refund from the government for a \$50 hunting license in Alaska he did not use because he was ill with typhoid fever. The Senate has postponed indefinitely the bill urged by Senator Thompson.

The claim has already cost the Government about \$500 for printing, etc., and I am in favor of ending it here," Senator Smoot told the Senate.

Society Sees Racquet Contest.

TUXEDO PARK, N. Y., Feb. 13.—In the semifinals for the gold racquet championship in racquets at Tuxedo Park today, Clarence C. Pell, of Tuxedo, defeated H. F. McCormick, of Chicago, three games to one, and C. G. Osborne, of Chicago, defeated G. Maurice Heck-Scher, of New York, 3 to 2. The matches were witnessed by a fashionable gathering.

AMERICAN PEERESS NOW VISITING PACIFIC COAST AND HER ELDEST DAUGHTER.



—Copyright by Underwood & Underwood.
LADY DECIES, WITH EILEEN VIVIEN.

LAW OF SEA BLAMED

Captain of Monroe Says He Might Have Saved Vessel.

CAUTION IS DEMANDED

If He Had Gone Ahead Full Speed When He First Heard Whistle, He Would Have Avoided Collision, Skipper Testifies.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—Captain Edward E. Johnson, commander of the steamship Monroe, testified today in the trial of Captain Osmyn Berry, of the steamship Nantuxet, that if he himself had violated the international rules of the high seas, he probably could have avoided the collision of the two ships and the consequent loss of 41 lives. This was brought out in his cross-examination by counsel for Captain Berry, who is charged with negligence.

The international rules provide that in case of fog a vessel proceeding at the fog signal of a vessel, the position of which is not ascertained, shall, so far as circumstances permit, stop her engines and then navigate with caution until danger is passed.

Captain Johnson testified that when he heard the Nantuxet's fog whistle he stopped his engine and that a minute later when he saw the look of the Nantuxet's light he went ahead full speed to port.

"If I had put my helm hard a-starboard and gone ahead full speed when I heard the fog whistle, I probably would have cleared the Nantuxet. That is the only possible thing, I think I could have done to avoid the collision, but I would have been violating the law."

MUNICIPAL SALOON URGED

Hamilton Candidate for Mayor Makes Pledge to Start Institution.

HAMILTON, Mont., Feb. 13.—(Special.)—Albert Murray Miles, a candidate for Mayor, has announced through the local press a pre-election pledge that is unique. He declares himself in favor of a municipal saloon, and agrees, if elected, to authorize an election to bond the city for \$15,000 with which to acquire, equip and operate such an institution. He goes on to prove by statistics that such an institution would mean a profit of \$25,000 a year to the city, and therefore the taxes could be cut down. He pledges himself not to permit the existence of a disorderly resort in Hamilton unless such a place is petitioned for by 100 mothers.

PLANT MAY BE REMOVED

(Continued From First Page.)

new company were not effected, Attorney Skulason said, because of a desire to get closer to the manufacturing center of the country, as it had been averred, but because the corporation department of the state had opposed.

"The only thing the company ever has done to raise funds except sell stock," he said, "was the sale of two machines. It has spent \$1,000,000 in four years and has only sold two machines. It holds no basic patents. The company has only three patents, according to this affidavit by Mr. Birrell, and these are almost worthless. Neither of the two Bilyeu patents covers any

LAW OF SEA BLAMED

Captain of Monroe Says He Might Have Saved Vessel.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 13.—Captain Edward E. Johnson, commander of the steamship Monroe, testified today in the trial of Captain Osmyn Berry, of the steamship Nantuxet, that if he himself had violated the international rules of the high seas, he probably could have avoided the collision of the two ships and the consequent loss of 41 lives. This was brought out in his cross-examination by counsel for Captain Berry, who is charged with negligence.

The international rules provide that in case of fog a vessel proceeding at the fog signal of a vessel, the position of which is not ascertained, shall, so far as circumstances permit, stop her engines and then navigate with caution until danger is passed.

Captain Johnson testified that when he heard the Nantuxet's fog whistle he stopped his engine and that a minute later when he saw the look of the Nantuxet's light he went ahead full speed to port.

"If I had put my helm hard a-starboard and gone ahead full speed when I heard the fog whistle, I probably would have cleared the Nantuxet. That is the only possible thing, I think I could have done to avoid the collision, but I would have been violating the law."

MUNICIPAL SALOON URGED

Hamilton Candidate for Mayor Makes Pledge to Start Institution.

HAMILTON, Mont., Feb. 13.—(Special.)—Albert Murray Miles, a candidate for Mayor, has announced through the local press a pre-election pledge that is unique. He declares himself in favor of a municipal saloon, and agrees, if elected, to authorize an election to bond the city for \$15,000 with which to acquire, equip and operate such an institution. He goes on to prove by statistics that such an institution would mean a profit of \$25,000 a year to the city, and therefore the taxes could be cut down. He pledges himself not to permit the existence of a disorderly resort in Hamilton unless such a place is petitioned for by 100 mothers.

PLANT MAY BE REMOVED

(Continued From First Page.)

new company were not effected, Attorney Skulason said, because of a desire to get closer to the manufacturing center of the country, as it had been averred, but because the corporation department of the state had opposed.

"The only thing the company ever has done to raise funds except sell stock," he said, "was the sale of two machines. It has spent \$1,000,000 in four years and has only sold two machines. It holds no basic patents. The company has only three patents, according to this affidavit by Mr. Birrell, and these are almost worthless. Neither of the two Bilyeu patents covers any

SOCIALIST ISSUE IS RAISED AT HEARING

Mineowners Say Men Thought Strike Would Result in Government Ownership.

WITNESS REFUSES REPLY

Audience, Composed Largely of Strikers, Cries in Derision When Point Is Made and Union Attorney Makes Denial.

HANCOCK, Mich., Feb. 13.—Socialism was mentioned for the first time as a factor in the Michigan copper miners' strike situation today at the Congressional hearing. In asking a witness if he was a member of the Socialist society, Allen F. Rees, of counsel for the mining companies, encountered violent objection from the union attorneys, who declared it was an effort to connect a political party with the present strike.

Chairman Taylor asked Mr. Rees what was his object in putting such a question and the latter replied that the attitude of the strikers would be shown later to have had an important bearing on the refusal of the companies to recognize the Western Federation of Miners.

The witness, Gust Strenger, refused to answer and the committee decided that it would not compel him to do so.

"Do you understand that this committee is here for the purpose of aiding the Government in taking over the mines?" Mr. Rees then asked.

Audience Howls Derision. A howl of derision from the audience, composed largely of strikers, caused Mr. Rees to exclaim above the din: "We expect to show that the miners went on strike with the understanding that if they remained out for three months they would be promised that the Government would take over the mines."

"That statement is unqualifiedly wrong," shouted O. N. Hilton, counsel for the miners.

The committee decided that the witness need not answer the question if he insisted on standing on his constitutional rights. Mr. Rees then asked Strenger if he had not been told in the union or if he had not read in Finnish newspapers that the Government soon would take over the mines. The witness replied in the negative.

"Do you believe in constitutional government as we have it in this country?" asked Mr. Strenger.

"Of course," Strenger replied. "I have taken the oath of allegiance to it."

More Freedom in Mines Wanted. Mr. Rees then asked if he believed the Government should take over the mines and the miner asserted that he would not care about the Government taking them over if private concerns would give the men a little more freedom in the mines.

Strenger was placed on the stand to testify. He charges that the Quincy Mining Company had erected a fence across a private road on its property, and that the only means of reaching the public highway from the piece of leased land on which he lived. He said he had worked for the Quincy as a miner and had gone on strike with the other members of the union.

Counsel for the Western Federation of Miners contended that he was deprived of a means to reach the postoffice, and that the only means of reaching the public highway from the piece of leased land on which he lived. He said he had worked for the Quincy as a miner and had gone on strike with the other members of the union.

MINERS BANK WITH COMPANY. Colorado Owner Says Saloons Were Found to Be Necessary.

DENVER, Colo., Feb. 13.—The Colorado Fuel & Iron Company is custodian for \$400,000 of the money of its employees, and the money is being used to reach the public highway from the piece of leased land on which he lived. He said he had worked for the Quincy as a miner and had gone on strike with the other members of the union.

Mr. Welborn also testified that in the case of two disasters of recent years the average sum paid by the company to the relatives of the miners was \$1000. No suit for death in a mine had ever been brought against the company, he said. He said John D. Rockefeller was a stockholder in the company, but denied he controlled the corporation. He also said that in nearly all the camps the men lived in company houses rented at a uniform rate of \$2 a room a month.

"Many of the miners leave their savings on deposit with the Colorado Supply Company, a subsidiary which operates our stores," he said. "We pay 4 per cent interest. When the strike was called, \$500,000 was on deposit. Of the amount \$400,000 remains."

"Are there saloons at your mines?" "Saloons are located on our property," Welborn replied. "We have found it almost impossible to keep a force of men at a mine without a saloon. We receive no revenue from them except rent."

The mine company president told of conferences he held with Governor Ammons about August 1, 1913, in which he had declared that the company was ready to agree to all the strikers' demands except recognition of the union.

Near the close of Mr. Osgood's testimony, before Mr. Welborn took the stand, Chairman Foster questioned the witness as to his views on industrial questions. Mr. Osgood said that he did not believe in compulsory arbitration in labor.

"What rights do you think the public has in the management of your business?" he asked.

"I don't think it benefits the public to regulate business by law," replied the financier. "I think I am the best judge of how to operate my affairs, and if I do not deal fairly I will be punished through the operation of the natural economic laws."

INTENT IS TO COAX HENS

Congressional Inquiry on Ways to Get More Eggs Authorized.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—How to multiply the laying hens was the subject of the investigation authorized in the agricultural appropriation bills reported today.

Congress will continue to distribute free seeds, the weather bureau service will be extended to the Panama Canal and insular possessions, more than \$200,000 will be spent studying how to eliminate the waste and profits in foodstuffs between the producer and the consumer and a general reorganization of the Department of Agriculture along lines of great efficiency was laid down by Appropriations House was authorized in appropriations aggregating \$25,000,000.

New Retired List Proposed.

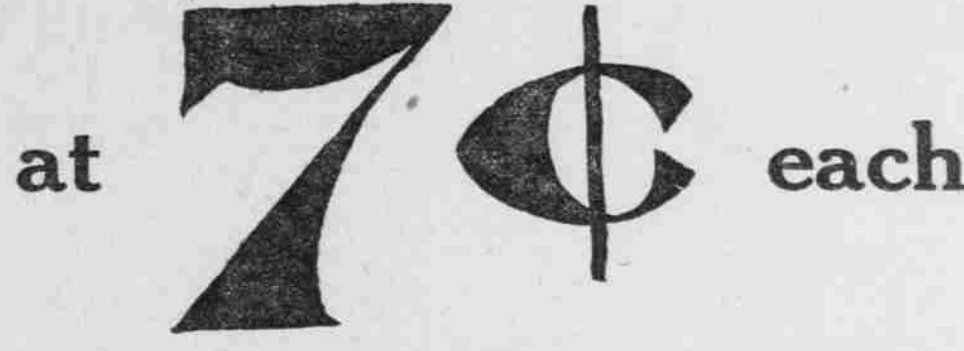
WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.—A Civil War officer retired list will be created by a bill favorably reported today by the Senate military committee. Such officers would be listed at the highest rank they held and receive one-half the initial active pay now received by officers of like rank. Any man, however, who with his wife enjoys an income of \$2400 or more annually would be excluded from its benefits.

While they last!

Regular 12½c Size

"El Telegrafo"

(Havana Cigars)



Made at Key West, Florida, by Ferdinand Hirsch

UNITED CIGAR STORES

4th and Washington 5th and Washington
4th and Stark 147 Third Street Park and Washington

BRITISH HIRE YANKEE

English Railway System Gets American Manager.

HENRY THORNTON CHOSEN

Lord Claud Hamilton, in Engaging New York Man, Admits "Something Is Wrong" With Method in Vogue on Isle.

CHINA IS MADE PARTNER

Government to Hold Minority Interest With Standard Oil.

NEW YORK, Feb. 13.—Dispatches from Peking yesterday that the Standard Oil Company had entered into an agreement with the Chinese government for the development of oil fields in certain Chinese provinces were confirmed today by W. E. Bemis, president of the Standard Oil Company, of New York.

Mr. Bemis said the proposed Chinese-American company to be organized would be a partnership between the Standard Oil Company, of New York, and the Chinese government, in which

the government would hold a minority interest.

Preliminary arrangements for the agreement, he said, included a loan of \$15,000,000 to the Chinese government, but that feature was dropped in the final plans. The company's investment in China now amounted to \$23,000,000, he added.

Cotton Steamer Driven Ashore.

LEWES, Del., Feb. 13.—The steamer Katherine Park, bound from New Orleans to Hamburg with a cargo of cotton and grain, was driven ashore in a snowstorm today at the mouth of Chesapeake Bay, near Cape Charles. The steamer is lying easy and is in good condition. Life savers from the Smith's Island station went to the rescue, but the crew refused to leave the vessel.

London consumes 50 tons of salt a day. Arkansas has two mountains each 2800 feet in height.

Chicago is nearer

Santa Fe's new three-times-a-day service from San Francisco makes it so.

—quicker time on the California Limited this season. All steel equipment too. Double track for miles and miles. Standard sleeper to the rim of the Grand Canyon.

The California Limited The Tourist Flyer The Overland Express

Santa Fe City Offices 122 Third St., Portland Main 1274. 673 Market St., San Francisco Phone Kearney 315. 1218 Broadway, Oakland Phone Lakeside 125.



—also Santa Fe-de-Luxe from Los Angeles Tuesdays—Extra fare \$25

POSAM'S RARE HEALING POWER AMAZES ALL

Poslam daily proves a cause of wonder to thousands because of the rapidity of its action in soothing, controlling and eradicating any skin disease. Its healing powers are felt at once. Itching stops. Inflamed skin is comforted. Improvement may be noted daily.

All Eczemas, Acne, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Piles, Barbers' Itch and similar diseases demand precisely the curative properties which Poslam supplies. Poslam brings freedom from skin distress. You cannot get it too difficult task. All druggists sell Poslam. For free sample, write to Emergency Laboratories, 22 West 25th Street, New York. Poslam Soap is best for skin and scalp. Improves, Beautifies—Adv.

Omega Oil FOR Rheumatism and Lumbago

If you suffer from Rheumatism or Lumbago, rub the aching parts with Omega Oil, then soak a piece of flannel with the Oil, lay it on the place that hurts and cover with dry flannel. This simple treatment has brought nights of peaceful rest to people who have suffered agonies. Trial bottle free.

Get this idea of rough, high-proof, strong whiskey out of your head---or it will get you---play the devil with your nerves---ruin your digestion. Why punish yourself?

Cyrus Noble, pure, old and palatable—Bottled at drinking strength. Sold everywhere—and costs no more than any other good whiskey. W. J. Van Schuyver & Co., General Agents Portland, Oregon