

RAIN DIMINISHES NAVAJO'S BRAVERY

Bad Weather Helps Chances for Peaceful Capture of Violators of Law.

MEDICINE MEN LOSE SWAY

Complaint Is That Agency Schools Hurt Occupation — Renegades Encamped on Beautiful Mountain in Storm.

FARMINGTON, N. M., Nov. 20.

Continued rain for 24 hours made the position of the recalcitrant Navajo Indians encamped on Beautiful Mountain near the Shiprock Agency exceedingly trying today and cooled materially the ardor of their sympathizers. These conditions gave encouragement to agency officials, who have been trying to secure a settlement without bloodshed. The hope was expressed today that continued unfavorable weather would cause the Indians to weaken in their avowed determination to fight if any attempt were made to capture the seven braves wanted by the United States Court in New Mexico.

Another hopeful sign was the action of one of the accused Indians in surrendering today to Indian Agent Shelton at Shiprock. The brave was confined in the County Jail awaiting orders from United States Marshal A. H. Hudspeth, at Santa Fe. That order will be restored and the present differences adjusted with little, if any, actual resistance, was the opinion expressed today by Agent Shelton.

Medicine Men Fear Schools.

The medicine men, who declare that the school work at the Agency destroys their occupation, continued their efforts today to induce others to join in the uprising, but it was said with little, if any, success.

The present incipient uprising developed from filing with Agent Shelton in September of charges of murder, bigamy and statutory offenses against several Indians in a remote part of the reservation, known as the Black Hills. It is said the information on which the charges were based was secured from Navajo women, who were held at the Agency for their protection.

In Shelton's absence a dozen Indians, including the accused men, visited the Agency, overpowered the police and carried away the women prisoners.

Agent Shelton's efforts to induce the leaders to surrender were unsuccessful and the cases were taken to the United States District Court for New Mexico. Judgments were returned and warrants placed in the hands of United States Marshal Hudspeth.

Renegades Still Obdurate.

Negotiations conducted by Marshal Hudspeth and Agent Shelton, through mediators, secured a promise that the men wanted would surrender November 12. Relying on this, Marshal Hudspeth returned to Santa Fe, where he received word from Agent Paquette, of the Defiance Agency, that he had positive information that the Indians were on their way to Shiprock to demand absolute pardon for all the braves, falling in which they planned to attack the Agency.

The chief of the recalcitrants was taken sick and the expedition delayed, giving Marshal Hudspeth time to reach the Agency with a force sufficient to resist the promised attack. The renegades then retired to Beautiful Mountain and negotiations were reopened for their surrender. The men, who were turned over to the authorities, but with the exception of the fourth, who gave himself up today, the remainder continued obdurate.

THREE CURRENCY BILLS UP

(Continued From First Page.)

accept. The Republicans reduced the number to four, holding that the smaller number could more effectively concentrate the reserves of the country.

Point of Disagreement Reached. The 12 regional banks proposed by the House bill would be owned by the banks, through compulsory subscription to the stock, and the banks would elect six of the nine directors of each regional institution. This plan was retained by the Democrats of the Senate committee, although it was further provided if the banks did not furnish enough capital to run the system, the stock might be sold to the public.

On this point Senator Hitchcock and the Republicans departed from the Administration theory of creating a "bank of banks" and materially changed the bill. They provided that the reserve banks' capital should be subscribed by the public, the banks taking whatever part the public would not take, and that the Government through the Federal reserve board should appoint five of the nine directors of each regional bank. This was the proposition which split the Senate committee into two camps.

Each Bill Reduces Reserves.

Each of the bills materially reduced the present reserve which National banks must hold against deposits. The House bill would fix the reserve at 12 per cent for country banks and 18 per cent for banks in present reserve cities. These rates were retained by the Administration forces in the Senate committee, but the Republican wing cut down the reserves of the city banks to 15 per cent.

In the House bill the paper made eligible for rediscout and as a basis for currency is commercial paper based on actual merchandising transactions maturing in not less than 90 days. This provision was retained by the Democrats in the Senate committee, but the Republicans broadened it materially. Under this bill, a part of the member banks' rediscouts may be made in paper maturing up to six months. The provision gives the advantage to banks with small capital which have little so-called short-time paper.

Under the House bill and the draft by the Senate committee Democrats have discretion as to rediscouting for member banks without limit. In the Republican bill each member bank has the right to secure rediscouts up to the full amount of its capital and, under a tax, to twice that amount.

Reserve Question Opens.

The gold reserve to be held by the regional banks in their vaults and in the treasury against the new circulation is fixed at 33 1/3 per cent in both the House bill and the measure drawn by the Senate committee Democrats. The Republican draft, however, provides for a 25 per cent reserve, with a tax on reserve below that figure down to a minimum of 25 per cent. The House bill provided for redemption of the new notes in "gold or lawful money," at the treasury or at the reserve banks. The Owen amendment

would make the notes redeemable in gold at the treasury and gold or lawful money at the banks and the Republican draft would provide for a straight gold redemption in both instances.

Both the House bill and the Owen bill would allow country banks to lend on one-year farm mortgages. The Republicans amended this to allow banks to lend one-third of their time deposits on five-year farm mortgages.

Steering Committee Meets Today.

The Republicans eliminated from the bill a provision which would have required National banks to maintain separate departments to handle savings accounts in business. Numerous objections, principally on minor matters or relating to the language of the measure, are apparent.

To prevent a disturbance of financial conditions while bank reserves are being shifted to the proposed new regional banks, the Owen bill would provide that banks may deposit commercial paper and currency as part of their reserve, under certain conditions. The Hitchcock-Republican bill would extend the life of the Aldrich-Vreeland emergency law for another year.

The Democrat steering committee will meet tomorrow in an effort to arrange a program for the debate and to determine how the bills shall be handled on the floor of the Senate. The debate is expected to open early next week.

PINDELL'S NAME GOES IN

WILSON NOMINATES EDITOR FOR RUSSIAN POST.

Dana Child Chosen for Postmaster at Spokane — Many Transfers in Consular Service Made.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—President Wilson today sent to the Senate the nomination of Henry M. Pindell, the Peoria editor, to be Ambassador to Russia. Other appointments were also made and a long list of transfers in the consular service was announced. Among the appointments, in addition to Pindell's were:

Secretary of the Embassy at Madrid—Fred Morris Hearing, of Missouri.
Postmaster—Dana Child, Spokane, Wash.
Secretaries of Legation—Hugh S. Gibson, of Los Angeles, Cal.; at Brussels, Belgium—Gustave Schels, of St. Paul, at Havana.

Naval Officer of Customs at Chicago—William Brown, of Illinois.
Consul-general at Large—Stuart J. Fuller, now Consul at Iquitos, Peru.

The following transfers were made: William W. Handley, Consul at Naples to Consul-General at Calicut, Peru.
Michael J. Hendricks, Consul at Menton, to Consul-General at Christiania, Norway.
Carl Bailey, Consul at Lyon, to Consul-General at Barcelona, Spain.

Hansford S. Miller, chief of Far-eastern division, State Department, as Consul-General at Seoul, Korea.
Henry M. Morgan, Consul-General at Barcelona, to Consul-General at Hamburg, Germany.
Thomas Sammons, Consul-General at Yokohama, to Consul-General at Shanghai, China.

George H. Schildmer, Consul-General at Seoul, to Consul-General at Yokohama, Japan.
Robert P. Skinner, Consul-General at Hamburg, to Consul-General at Berlin, Germany.
John Q. Wood, of Hawaii, Consul at Tripoli, to Consul-General at Adis Ababa, Abyssinia.

Henry D. Baker, Consul at Nassau, N. P., to Consul at Bombay, India.
John K. Baxter, Consul at St. Pierre, Mich., to Consul at Maracaibo, Venezuela.
Herold D. Clum, Consul at Celba, to Consul at Corinto.

William Dawson, Jr., Vice-Consul at Frankfort, to Consul at Rosario, Argentina.
W. Rodrich Dorsey, Consul at Jerez de la Frontera, to Consul at Tripoli, Libya.
William F. Doty, Consul at Higa, to Consul at Nassau, Bahamas.

Julius D. Dreher, Consul at Port Antonio, Jamaica, to Consul at Toronto, Canada.
Cornelius Ferris, Jr., Consul at Ansonia, to Consul at Port Antonio, Jamaica.
Charles Foreman, Consul at Turks Island, to Consul at Moncton, New Brunswick.

Artiliano E. Haberle, Consul at Tegucigalpa, to Consul at San Mateo, Azores.
Lewis W. Haskell, Consul at Hull, to Consul at Belgrade, Serbia.
Charles M. Hathaway, Jr., Consul at Puerto Plata, to Consul at Hull, England.

Frank A. Hecox, Consul at Guadalupe, to Consul at Puerto Plata, Dominican Republic.
Charles A. Holder, Consul-General at Christiania, to Consul at Cologne, Germany.
Douglas Jenkins, Consul at Goteborg, to Consul at Riga, Russia.

Million B. Kirk, Consul at Manzanillo, to Consul at St. Johns, Quebec, Canada.
Myrt S. Myers, Vice-Consul at Mukden, to Consul at Swatow, China.
Kenneth S. Patten, Vice-Consul at Lisbon, to Consul at Cognac, France.

Alberk W. Ponting, Consul at Dalm, to Consul at Sheffield, England.
Emil Sauer, Consul at Bagdad, to Consul at Goteborg, Sweden.
Maddin Summers, Consul at Belgrade, to Consul at Santos, Brazil.

Robert J. Thompson, Consul at Sheffield, to Consul at Aix la Chappelle, Germany.
Frederick Van Dyne, transferred from State Department to Consul W. Lyons, France.
Jay White, Consul at Santos, to Consul at Nassau, Bahls.

Charles L. Williams, Consul at Swatow, to Consul at Dalm, Massachusetts.
Paul H. Foster, of Texas, was appointed at Jerez de la Frontera, Spain.

ACCUSED PRIEST AIDED

EMINENT LAWYER AND MEDICAL EXPERTS APPEAR IN CASE.

Doctors at Head of Their Specialty in County Said to Have Declared Hans Schmidt Is Insane.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.

District Attorney Whitman's office had a report today that someone had come to the aid of Hans Schmidt, the priest who confessed the murder of Anna Amulter last September, and had made it possible for him to employ eminent counsel and alienists.

This report followed an application today by Schmidt's lawyers for the appointment by the court of a commission of two alienists to pass on Schmidt's sanity. In making the application, W. M. K. Olcott, who was brought into the case a week ago, said that Doctors Menas Granery and Smith Ely Jolliffe, two of the best-known experts in their specialty in the country, had examined Schmidt and believed him to be insane. Olcott did not say how or by whom the alienists had been retained. The court will make a decision tomorrow morning on the application.

Schmidt had \$700 in the bank. This, in the opinion of the District Attorney, would hardly attract two medical experts and a lawyer of Judge Olcott's standing to the case.

SHORT HAUL RATE ORDERED

Railway Commission Rules in Favor of Independence.

SALEM, Or., Nov. 20.—(Special.)—The State Railway Commission has just held that the Salem, Falls City & Western Railway Company must give its patrons the benefit of short haul freight rates between this city and Independence.

Facts and Figures for a Busy Friday

This Sale of Women's Suits, Coats, Dresses and Blouses Presents an Opportunity for the Practice of Remarkable Economies



Models on Sale Exactly as Illustrated

From the Phenomenally Successful Sales of the Past Two Months We Have Accumulated Throughout the Store Remnants, in Every Section--Today They Go at 'Cost'

AN UNLIMITED ASSORTMENT OF Fine Wash Goods Remnants That Sell Regularly at 12 1/2c to \$1.00 Yard Friday, HALF PRICE

—Ratines, crepes, poplins, madras, chevots, fine lawns, ginghams, percales and children's suitings. In plain colors, including all the staple as well as latest shades, stripes, checks, plaids, figured and dotted patterns. In lengths that vary from one to five yards. Suitable for making entire dresses, waists, or as trimmings. —Basement

Remnants—Odds and Ends of Table Linens

—Table cloths and napkins at a fraction of their regular prices. Linens from Ireland, Scotland and Germany. Shown in various patterns.
—Pure Linen Napkins, now 69c to \$3.59 half dozen.
—Table Damask in lengths from 1 1/4 to 4 yards, special, 39c to \$1.29 yard.
—Mercerized Damask Lunch Cloths, hemmed ready for use. Size 45 by 45 inches. Special, 39c each.

Remnants of Linen Crashes

—Selling at 12 1/2c to 25c yard. Special now, 8c to 13c yard.

Remnants of White Fabrics

—35c to 50c fancy Marquisesettes, special, 19c yard. 2 1/2 to 7 yards in the piece.
—25c White Mercerized Jacquard Waisting, 12 1/2c yard.
—25c to 50c White Crepes, special, 12 1/2c to 25c yd. From one to five yards in length.
—Remnants of Sheeting in all widths at a fraction of their regular prices.

50c and 40c Scotch Flannel Remnants 29c Yard

30c Scotch Flannel Remnants 19c Yard

—In lengths that vary from 2 to 7 yards. In dark, medium and light colors. In staple and fancy stripes. —Basement

Smart Set and La Vida Corsets Selling Regularly From \$6.50 to \$10.50 Special \$3.98

—These are models that the manufacturers have discontinued making, but for the woman who prefers this style corset they will prove of utmost satisfaction. Made with medium and high bust with long hip and back.
—Come in the finest coutils, beautifully trimmed and finished.
—All have three pairs of hose supporters attached.

Odds and Ends in Brassieres, Special 50c

—These constitute a number of models, both cross back and hook front styles. Trimmed with embroidery edgings and insertion, also torchon lace. Ribbon run and finished in perfect manner. All sizes. —Fourth Floor

75c Slip-over Gowns 59c

—These gowns are made of soft longcloth, full in width and length. Made with kimono sleeves. Edged with torchon and ribbon drawn. —Fourth Floor

Odds and Ends of Women's Knit Underwear and Hosiery From One-Third to One-Half Off

An Extraordinary Out-Going of Trimmed Millinery Involving Our \$10 to \$12 Hats

Friday \$4.95

DRESS HATS TAILORED HATS STREET HATS

—Of Velvet-Plush, Panne Velvet and Hatter's Plush.
—These picturesque hats have the rich touches of far more expensive models—many of which are original styles from our own work-rooms, and others copies of imported models.
—Many in colors, but mostly black, trimmed with ostrich, fancy feathers, furs, beautiful flowers, ribbon and lace.
—There are medium, small and close-fitting shapes, each one representing the latest styles of the season.
—This sale includes every hat in the store that sells regularly at \$10.00 to \$12.00. —Second Floor

Victor and Columbia Talking Machines \$1 Down, \$1 Week



Ribbon Remnants Half Price

—Including satins, taffetas, grosgrains, velvets, Dresdens, dark warp prints, ratines, Persians, Roman stripes, checks and fancy plaids; also hat bandings.
—Widths from one-half inch to nine inches.
—Lengths from one-half yard to three yards.
—All colors, both staple and the new shades.
—These are in lengths suitable for fancy bags, millinery purposes, dress trimmings and all kinds of fancy work.
—These ribbons are all fine in quality and perfect in weave and finish.
—Selling regularly from 20c to 65c the yard. Special in Two Lots
Lot No. 1, 10c the remnant Lot No. 2, 15c the remnant —First Floor.

Aprons FOR KITCHEN WEAR, FOR NURSES, FOR MAIDS

Special 15c to 50c Regular 35c to \$1.00 Each
—Aprons of best quality ginghams in plain band and bib styles. Nurses' aprons of heavy white muslins with bibs and shoulder straps; maids' aprons in a large variety of swisses, dimities and pretty lawns, trimmed with lace and embroidery or plain styles. —Fourth Floor

98c Fancy Knitted Bags 50c

—Made in drawstring style in a number of pretty colors. Trimmed at bottom with fancy beaded fringe. —First Floor

Great Sale Toilet Goods and Drugs Second Day

Over 1800 Special Reductions

All in Force for Friday's Selling

Buy Your Toilet and Drug Requirements Now and Supply Your Immediate and Future Needs —First Floor.

Lipman Wolfe & Co.

Merchandise of Merit Only

FRIDAY'S FRENCH LECTURE
Pierre Loti Pecheur, D'Islande
To Be Held in the Phonograph Hall
From 11 to 12 A. M.