



FINAL TARIFF VOTE TO BE TAKEN TODAY

Senate in Session All Night Debating.

DEMOCRATIC RANKS ARE FIRM

Attempts to Put Wool on Dutiable List Voted Down.

BIG INCOME TAX DEFEATED

Body to Stay in Session Until 9 o'Clock This Morning and to Vote at 4 in Afternoon on Final Passage.

OREGON SENATORS OPPOSE DUTY ON RAW WOOL.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Sept. 8.—Senators Chamberlain and Lane today went on record as opposing both the La Follette and Catron amendments to the tariff bill, proposing to place raw wool on the dutiable list.

Senator Lane voted against both amendments, as did Senator Chamberlain, but Chamberlain was absent, and subsequently announced his pair and withdrew his vote, so he is recorded as paired and not voting. His pair, however, was equivalent to a vote against placing a duty on wool and in favor of sustaining that provision in the bill which makes wool free.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The sugar schedule without amendment and including the provision for free sugar in 1916 finally was agreed to at 1 o'clock this morning. Senator Brewster yielded in his former demand for another rollcall, because Senator Randall's amendment earlier had been defeated decisively.

After agreeing to numerous minor paragraphs the Senate adjourned at 1:27 A. M. to 9 o'clock this morning.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 8.—The Senate will vote finally on the Democratic tariff bill tomorrow afternoon at 4 o'clock. This agreement was reached tonight at 11:45 o'clock, when it became apparent that it would be impossible to carry the plan to pass the measure before adjournment.

The party leaders agreed to keep the Senate in session until well into the morning to dispose of as many of the reserved amendments still pending as possible, and then to adjourn until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Democrats Stand Firm.

Democratic lines in the Senate stood solidly tonight against the final onslaught of the tariff fight. With party leaders urging their colleagues on to approval of the bill, the ranks closed up against the anti-free wool and anti-free sugar forces and defeated all amendments to the bill as fast as they came to the vote.

Attempts to restore a duty on raw wool and to raise the duty on woollen manufactured goods made in successive amendments by Senators LaFollette, Catron and Penrose were defeated without the loss of a party vote.

A last stand by the anti-free sugar forces led by Senator Norris for Louisiana, held the attention of the Senate throughout the evening, but the vote of Senators Randall and Thornton long had been conceded to the Republicans upon the sugar issue.

Big Inheritance Tax Heats.

Among the amendments defeated was that of Senator Norris for a heavy tax on inheritances. This was heavy as to 15, the following Republicans joining the Democrats in voting against it: Senators Brandegee, Catron, Clark, of Wyoming; Colt, Fall, Gallinger, Jackson, Lippitt, Lodge, Oliver, Penrose, Perkins, Root, Sherman and Sutherland.

Two attempts by Senator La Follette to secure the adoption of substitutes for the Democratic wool tariff failed by strict party votes. There remained the prospect of a final vote when the single item of free wool was reached in the free list of the bill.

Senator Randall, in beginning his fight against free sugar, announced he opposed free wool also and would join in any attempt to have a small duty put on that product. He had voted against the La Follette amendment, which embraced tariff duty on all classes of woollen goods, but it was expected he would support the Republicans in the last fight against the wool item in the free list.

Senator Stone questioned Senator Randall's right to ignore the agreement reached by the Democratic conference to support the bill. Senator Randall insisted he had reserved the right to vote as he pleased on any section of the tariff bill.

Senator Jones, of Washington, Republican, who also had offered an inheritance tax amendment, said he believed the country soon would recognize the justice of heavy taxes on large inherited estates.

PACIFIC OVERLOOKS POTATO DIVIDENDS

MANUFACTURED TUBER WOULD NET PROFIT, SAYS CHEMIST.

C. C. Moore Thinks Surplus Spuds Could Be Turned Into Glucose, Starch or Stock Food.

Possibility that the humble potato will form the basis for a great manufacturing industry on the Pacific Coast was suggested yesterday by C. C. Moore, assistant chemist in the United States Bureau of Chemistry, who is at the Commercial Club and will remain in Portland a week investigating the potato production of Oregon. Mr. Moore says Oregon's surplus spuds would declare big dividends if manufactured into alcohol, starch, glucose and desiccated potato.

"The idea of manufacturing potatoes into glucose is not a new one," he said, "although it has never been applied in the United States. All glucose in this country is made from corn."

"The consumption of starch and glucose in the United States approximates 600,000 tons a year. The demands of the Pacific Coast states may be approximated at 10,000 tons or more a year. All this is manufactured in the corn belt. It could be produced on the Pacific Coast from surplus potatoes."

"Germany annually turns 20,000,000 bushels of tubers into desiccated potato, which is used for stock food and has replaced corn in that country."

Mr. Moore said that the price of glucose ranges from \$50 to \$75 a ton, and the Pacific Coast sends between \$500,000 and \$750,000 to the corn belt each year for this product.

Several business men of Portland are interested in the facts presented by Mr. Moore.

PASTORS STICK TO "WEED"

Methodist Ministers Refuse to Join Anti-Smoking Crusade.

ST. CHARLES, Mo., Sept. 8.—Bishop E. E. Hoss, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, urged ministers attending the Missouri conference of that church here to refrain from the use of tobacco in any form, and he characterized total abstinence from the weed as one of the distinguishing marks of a gentleman. While he was speaking, several preachers were smoking on the lawn in front of the church in which the bishop was held.

The bishop asked those who attended the general conference in Oklahoma City next year, especially, to refrain from smoking. He then asked for a vote endorsing his views as to the general conference, but several ministers voted "no."

PAROLED MEN TO ORGANIZE

Joliet Convicts Plan to Hunt Down Those Who Break Word.

JOLIET, Ill., Sept. 8.—As a result of the recent oath taken by the 45 convicts detailed to work on the roads near Dixon to hunt down those of their number who broke their words of honor, there was instituted at the local penitentiary today a movement for a national organization of paroled convicts who would strive to hunt down those who break parole.

The convicts announced their hearty approval of the idea suggested by Probation Officer Clelland, and requested that steps be made immediately to carry out the idea. Authorities of other penitentiaries where the honor system is in vogue will be asked to join in the movement.

SAYRE LEASES FINE HOUSE

President's Daughter to Preside Over Beautiful Home at Lenox.

LENOX, Mass., Sept. 8.—(Special)—Francis B. Sayre, of New York, who will marry Miss Jessie Wilson in the White House November 25, has leased for a year the house of Professor William E. McElfresh, in Williamstown.

Professor McElfresh is head of the department of physics and is now on a year's leave of absence.

The house over which the President's daughter will preside is one of the most attractive in the college town. It is a two-story structure of 10 rooms, painted white, with green blinds, and has a piazza the full length. There is an attractive lawn with many flower beds. The house is nearly hidden from the streets by much shrubbery.

POINCARÉ TOURING FRANCE

President With 30 Autos Making 750-Mile Trip in Odd Fashion.

PARIS, Sept. 8.—(Special)—President Poincaré boarded a train for Limoges today, where he will begin an official visit to the surrounding country in a rather remarkable procession of automobiles. The tour will last two weeks and will cover some 750 miles. Mme. Poincaré accompanies the President.

The baggage of the party will be carried on a special train.

MRS. SAGE GIVES \$64,000

Money Distributed in Girlhood Home as Birthday Gift.

REPUBLICANS WIN BACK LOST GROUND

'Progressive' Vote Falls Heavily in Maine

DEMOCRATS LOSE IN MAINE

Returns at Special Election Give Peters 553 Lead.

MOOSE STRENGTH WANES

Defeated Democratic Candidate Says Result Is Due to 'Treachery' in Party and Does Not Mean Disloyalty to Wilson.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 8.—Speaker John A. Peters, Republican, of Ellsworth, was chosen to fill the vacancy in the Third Congressional District today by a plurality of 553 over Mayor William A. Pattangall, Democrat, of Waterville, with Edward M. Lawrence, of Lubec, a poor third in the race.

The returns in this special election from all but a small island plantation gave:

Peters, Republican, 18,108; Pattangall, Democrat, 14,553; Lawrence, "Progressive," 6487.

The vote for President in November was: Wilson, Democrat, 14,692; Roosevelt, "Progressive," 13,236; Taft, Republican, 7159.

"Progressive" Vote Shrinks.

The "Progressive" vote showed a falling off of about 50 per cent from that given Colonel Roosevelt last November. On the other hand the Peters vote was 108 per cent greater than the Taft vote while the Pattangall and Wilson vote showed little variation.

Mr. Pattangall, the Democratic candidate, gave out the following statement tonight:

"From the returns which I have received I should judge that Mr. John A. Peters was elected to Congress from this district by a plurality of 300 to 400 in a total vote of about 35,000. The result should not be construed as a rebuke to the National Administration. It is wholly to be attributed to Democratic treachery. Because certain men failed of success in the primaries they deliberately sacrificed the party in this election. The Democracy of Maine is loyal to President Wilson and will present a united front in the next four years' campaign."

Halbert P. Gardner, member of the Progressive National committee of Maine, said tonight:

"The returns indicate the election of John A. Peters in the Third District. We had no money. Lack of funds hampered the Progressive working organization and prevented proper publicity. It is evident that the voters of the Third District are absolutely opposed to the policies of the Democratic party."

Republicans Are Jubilant.

The election, made necessary by the death of Forest Goodwin, the Republican, (Concluded on Page 4.)

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TROUBLE BREWING IN POLITICAL POTS

Nothing but Turmoil in Paths of Aspirants.

ATTITUDE OF WEST WORRIES

Observers Think Governor Is 'Waiting to Be "Forced."

FULTON AGAIN AMBITIOUS

Ex-Senator Would Make Race for Chamberlain's Job — "Progressives" Likely to Force Three-Cornered Battle in State.

The gentle game of politics, always an involved and tangled pastime in Oregon, by all signs of the balloting, will be unusually complex in the approaching campaign of 1914. The political field will be no place for the man who loves peace and quiet and home comforts next year. Always judging from the signs and gudeposts, which just at present point only to turmoil, there will be one grand little scramble and free-for-all from the time the handkerchief drops. And though the primary is still nearly eight months in the future with the general election five months after that, the handkerchief is a-flutter.

Already several interesting situations have developed. One of these relates to the likelihood that Governor West will be a candidate for re-election, despite his repeated public statements that he would not.

West May Await "Force."

Now it is said by those in position to know, that far from being dictated by any intention of retiring from politics, the "I should-worry" attitude of the Governor really is part of a carefully formulated plan of adherence to what is popularly known as the "Harry Lane game," so called after its distinguished exemplar, the present Junior United States Senator from Oregon.

As most persons know, the method so successfully followed by Dr. Lane was to lay low, disclaiming any political ambition until the field was in full cry. At this interesting moment he would be waited on by a select band of patriots who importuned him to become a candidate for the good of the commonwealth, having been "forced" into running by popular clamor.

Similarly, the campaign mapped out by the Governor's political advisers is for him to stand back until comparatively late in the race, when he, too, will be "forced" to give up his cherished ideal of retiring to a farm, in order to "save" the state.

Aspirants Wax Reluctant.

At any rate, this is the trend of current political gossip. Many things lend weight to it, one of them being the vigorous press-agenting in behalf of the Governor by his newspaper supporters. (Concluded on Page 2.)

MOTHER DROWNS; CHILD IS RESCUED

PARENT PLUNGES INTO RIVER AFTER HER BABY.

Workman Saves Little One, but Body of Woman Remains in Water Until Pulled Out by Husband.

When the 5-year-old daughter of Mrs. Sadie Burton, 500 East Market street, fell into the Willamette yesterday afternoon, while she was picking stones along the shore, her mother frantically plunged in after her and was drowned. The child was saved by a workman.

An hour afterward the husband, Frank Burton, an employe of the Columbia Steel Works, fishing about hysterically in the river with a hook he had improvised by driving two nails into one end of a long stick, pulled out the body of his wife.

Mrs. Burton and the little girl were walking along the shore, and the child kept leaving her side to gather little stones. At Clay and Water streets the mother missed the little one altogether and turned around just in time to see her fall into the water.

With a wild shriek the mother rushed to the water's edge and jumped in. At that minute a workman hearing the woman's cries plunged in after her and the baby. He reached the baby first and took it ashore. When he jumped in again the body of the mother was not in sight.

Mr. Burton was notified, and rushing from the plant seized a long pole and drove two nails in one end. With this contrivance he got into a row-boat and began the grim task of exploring the river. Hardly an hour had elapsed before he came upon his wife's body and pulled it into the boat.

Mrs. Burton's body was taken to Skewes' undertaking rooms.

"GREENBACK KITTY" FOUND

Loose Methods in Sub-Treasury Are Ordered Stopped.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 8.—W. D. Van Diver, Assistant Treasurer of the United States, completed today his investigation of irregularities in the St. Louis Sub-Treasury.

Mr. Van Diver said that his investigation disclosed that for years the money counters in the office, had maintained what was known as the "greenback kitty." This was used to conceal errors. If a counter shipped a package of bills to Washington, and the package contained an excess over the amount printed on the package, the surplus was returned to the St. Louis office, where it was put in the "greenback kitty."

Mr. Van Diver found that shortages were made up from this fund.

Although Mr. Van Diver found no apparent discrepancies in the total sums handed arising from the practice, he ordered the "greenback kitty" abolished, as it tended to promote inaccuracy.

Mr. Van Diver found no evidence of a "gold kitty" in which infractions of gold grains were placed to make up shortages.

WAGE HEARING IS PUBLIC

Minimum Pay for Women Factory Workers to Be Ruled Upon.

The first public hearing to be called to consider the recommendations of a minimum wage conference in the United States will be held at the new Public Library tonight, on call of the Industrial Welfare Commission.

The recommendations to be considered are those of the factory conference; that the minimum weekly wage for adult women factory workers shall be not less than \$8.64 a week; that the maximum hours of employment shall not be more than nine hours a day or 34 hours a week, and that the lunch period shall not be less than 45 minutes.

Following tonight's hearing, the Industrial Welfare Commission will issue its rulings, which will be in full force and effect, the same as a state law, with penalties for their violation, in 90 days after they are rendered.

BEES ROUT SPELLING BEE

Humming and Buzzing in School-Room Not That of Industry.

RACINE, Wis., Sept. 8.—A spelling bee at the Somers village school was broken up today by a swarm of angry honey bees.

H. E. Sherman, teacher of the school, had noticed a humming and buzzing in the room during the spelling and attributed it to whispering pupils. He was about to administer corporal punishment when he was met by the vanguard of honey bees which had made a home in the schoolhouse during the summer vacation. He did not wait to dismiss the school nor did the pupils await his permission to depart.

The spelling bee will be composed of drones until the floors of the schoolhouse have been removed and the honey bees evicted.

ACTRESS' HUSBAND IN JAIL

Lillian Lorraine Charges Spouse With Theft of \$5000 Ring.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8.—(Special)—Frederick M. Griesheimer, husband of Lillian Lorraine, the actress, from whom he is alleged to have stolen a \$5000 ring and was indicted for grand larceny, today surrendered himself and was committed to the Toms without bail.

Griesheimer married the actress in April and, according to her affidavit, about the middle of June he forcibly removed the ring from her left hand, set with three large diamonds, and which she valued at \$5000. Then, it is alleged, he disappeared.

JEROME ACQUITTED; JUDGE APOLOGIZES

Gambling Charge Not Sustained.

WITNESSES DESCRIBE GAME

After Short Hearing Magistrate Points Out Law.

THROUGH IN COURT HOSTILE

Jerome Thanks Canadians for Fair Treatment—Thaw Says He Is Glad Because Ruling "Saves Him \$250."

COATICOOK, Que., Sept. 8.—William Travers Jerome was acquitted tonight of the charge of having gambled on Thursday last on the station property of the Grand Trunk Railway here while waiting for the immigration authorities to pass on the case of Harry K. Thaw. In discharging him the court apologized for the humiliation to which he had been subjected.

The hearing before Magistrate Henry Mulvena, of Sherbrooke, lasted less than an hour. It began at 7:35 o'clock and at 8:20 the court said:

"Sir, you are honorably discharged. An attempt to hold an afternoon session failed because the magistrate felt he had no authority to take precedence over James McKee, the justice of the peace who signed the warrant for Mr. Jerome's arrest.

Tonight, however, the magistrate said he was convinced of his authority to act and the hearing moved with dispatch.

Lawyer Ruled Out of Court.

Joseph Beaulieu, a Coaticook lawyer, who said he variously represented justice, the people and the criminal code, interrupted the afternoon session, but when he endeavored to renew similar tactics tonight he was ruled out of court.

When acquitted Mr. Jerome thanked the court, spoke flatteringly of his reception in Canada and added that he did not attribute his arrest and brief imprisonment last week to the thinking people of the Dominion. He took a late train from Coaticook "night in order to be in New York Tuesday, and will return to Montreal for the arguments on the latest Thaw habeas corpus writ, to be held before the King's bench, Montreal, September 15. Townspeople packed the courtroom when the hearing was opened tonight. Jerome looked straight at the court, which plainly was hostile.

A. C. Hanson, joint crown prosecutor, opened the case with the reading of the complaint of Milford Aldrich, a millhand, who swore he had seen the defendant playing cards for money at the railway station. Statutes were quoted to show that this was an indictable offense, punishable by a year's imprisonment. Samuel Jacobus, of Montreal, who has been "banned" by New York in its effort to return Thaw to Matteawan, contended that the statute applied only to gambling on a public conveyance proper. The court took this question under advisement and called for witnesses.

"Little Game" Described.

Michael Knight said he had seen the defendant playing "a little game of draw" in the station yard. The defendant had been pointed out to him as Jerome, of New York.

"Did you see him win any money?" asked the joint prosecutor.

"I saw a bill changed," answered the witness. "I could not say who won it." The cross-examination conducted by Mr. Jacobus was very short.

"Why did you stop to watch the game?" he asked.

"Because it was in an automobile and a man in front had a little typewriter in his lap writing and I was interested."

This was a New York newspaperman writing his story under difficulties.

Jonathan Chesley, nearly 80 years old and snow white of hair and beard, was the last witness. He related the now familiar details of the "little game of draw" and when asked if he had seen Jerome win money said promptly:

"Yes, sir."

"How much?"

"Can't say," said the aged witness. He was not cross-examined.

Summing up the prosecution pointed out that a Dominion law had been enacted to protect the public from card sharps on trains, steamships, and other public conveyances; and that according to the evidence, William Travers Jerome, late District Attorney of New York, had violated this law. Though vague, he contended, the statute undoubtedly applied to railroad yards and stations and he asked for a conviction.

Mr. Jacobus did not even sum for the defense.

"To save the court's time," he said, "we will make no statement."

Magistrate Mulvena said: "In rendering judgment I shall be very brief. I believe every right-minded man in Canada regrets and feels humiliation at the ignity which has been placed upon you. It is excusable neither in law nor in fact. The evidence adduced at this hearing gives no reasons for the charge which was lead against you nor for the indignities which you have suffered.

"I believe, sir, in all the circumstances."

