SILENCE MENACES RACE, SAYS ELIOT

President of Sex Hygiene Congress Would Reverse Ancient Policies.

THREE CAUSES OUTLINED

Priest Opposes Teaching Details and Says Results Must Be Attained by Training That Makes Character.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Aug. 27.—Scientists and educators of world-wide fame, at the fourth International Congress on School Hygiene, in special session today, agreed with practical unanimity that the time had come when the attitude of the world's educational institutions toward sex hygiene should be revolutionized. They saw in the silence of the past on the subject a growing and real menace to the future of the race that must be combatted by a system of education without exaggeration or morbid suggestion.

Public opinion, they maintained, already had reached the point where this revolution was demanded. Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president of the congress; Rev. Richard J. Tierney, S. J., of Woodstock College, Maryland, and other prominent delegates discussed the subject at a symposium attended by the entire congress today.

Opinion Changing, Says Eliot.

"A remarkable change in public opinion has taken place in regard to sex hygiene," Dr. Eliot said, using the term in its broadest sense. "The policy of silence was almost universal. Medical discoveries have contributed to the shift in public opinion, which also has been moved by the many signs of physical deterioration, consequent on the rush to city life.

"The most important question is: What force can now be put in play against the formidable evils which gravely threaten the very life of the race? No one force or agency can be completely relied upon."

This attack, he said, must be made against the three principal causes of the present evil conditions: First, lust in men; second, complete lack of moral principle in certain classes of woman, and, third, depravity of those who make a commerce of these two.

Regulation Declared Failure.

"Commercialized vice should be attacked in all its forms by all the powers of the law. The ancient policies of toleration and licensed segregation and regulation must be uprooted. Segregation has nowhere been successful. Regulation is a confessed failure. The laws against undesirable marriages need to be revised."

Rev. Father Tierney said his convictions were not favorable to the movement in all its details; neither were they adverse.

"Eliminate the details of sex hygiene, train character, teach purity that is noble and possible, that vice is vile and carries its own punishment, that marriage is inviolable, that the family is sacred, knowledge is not moral power, Christ, not hygiene, will cleanse the world," was his advice.

He also urged the abolition of "animal dances" and the discontinuance of co-educational institutions for senior students.

BEAUTY SECRETS TOLD

Lecturer to Women Explains How to Remain Young.

"The Woman Who Worries" will be the subject of a lecture to be given this afternoon at Meier & Frank's tearoom by Mme. De la Vie, a health and beauty expert, who has written many articles on the subjects that are so interesting to women.

A lecture along similar lines was given yesterday by Mme. De la Vie, who spoke of the beauty of the Oregon women and of the ideal climate that was so helpful to the complexions and so beneficial to the general health of those who live here.

"It is a woman's duty to be beautiful, and with very little care and thought it is easily accomplished in your lovely city," said the authority on beauty. The lecture tomorrow will be for "The Woman Over 35," and many who have not yet reached that age will attend to find out how not to get old.

The following musical programme added to yesterday's entertainment:

March, "Vater Rhein" ..... P. Linke
"As Thro' the Street" from "The Bohemians" .....
Ruth C. Bigelow.
Valse, "Monte Cristo" ..... T. Cotlar
Overture, "Il Guarany" ..... Gomez
"If I Were on the Stage," from "Mlle. Modiste" .....
Ruth C. Bigelow.
(a) Dance Orientale ..... Lucomirsky
(c) Serenade Espagnole ..... G. Bizet
"Song of the Melorose" ..... Glickman
Ruth C. Bigelow.
Selection from "Naughty Marietta" ..... V. Herbert
Finale, march ..... Marion Rose

TWO AUTOS ARE MISSING

County Physician and H. A. Anderson Mourn Loss of Cars.

Because their automobile had disappeared while they were at the boathouse near the Riverview Cemetery, Dr. H. R. Cliff, County Physician, and Henry D. Griffin, of the County Relief Department were compelled to walk back to a place where they could board a car and come into the city. The car has been traced to Oregon City and descriptions of it have been sent out broadcast. It is a 1910 Cadillac, with a red cross on the radiator. It is a four-passenger car and is blue black in color. The factory number is 21,540 and license number 380.

The machine of H. A. Anderson, bearing license number 2041, was also lost Monday and descriptions were sent out at the same time. It is a black car with gray wheels, left-hand drive and new tires on all but the left front wheel.

NAVAL MILITIA TO CRUISE

Aberdeen Contingent Will Make Sunday Trip to Portland.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Plans are being laid for a cruise to Portland and return Sunday, September 21, by Division No. 4, Naval Militia, in muster here. The trip will be made on the United States torpedo boat Fox, stationed at Aberdeen permanently for use by the Naval Militia division.

The cruise will begin Saturday night and will end late Sunday night. The division, which is the last formed, has been trained by Lieutenant E. A. McKenna. It lacks but three men of having its roster complete.

NEW PHOTOGRAPHS ILLUSTRATING THAW'S ARREST AND DETENTION IN CANADA.

—Photos Copyright by Underwood & Underwood.

Above, Five Men Who Stood Between Harry Thaw and Liberty in His Dash From Matteawan to Canada (Left to Right), B. H. Kelsey, Harry Johnson, O. Madeau, John Boodreau, D. Neven—At Left, Dr. Shurtleff, Thaw's Attorney—Below, Mrs. George Lauder Carnegie, Thaw's Sister, and Her Husband, Who Are Working to Secure His Release.

THAW WINS THRICE

Threat of Jail Sentences Accompanies Rebuke.

JEROME STILL CONFIDENT

Right of New York State to Appear as Party in Habeas Corpus Proceedings Summarily Denied by Sherbrooke Judge.

(Continued From First Page.)

will depart late tonight or tomorrow Sheriffs and Deputy Sheriffs of Vermont and New Hampshire who were ready to string themselves along the border line and seize Thaw in event of his deportation.

Hope Rests With Quebec.

Jerome and Kennedy will confer at Quebec with the Attorney-General of the province in the hope that he, as the province's chief officer of the Crown, may be able to open the legal lock that holds Thaw in jail.

The three points in which Thaw's lawyers were successful in the first legal skirmishes were:

1. New York State lost the right to be party to the proceedings in court.

2. Counsel for the state failed in their efforts to have Thaw arraigned before a Magistrate and the committment on which he is held quashed. This would have released him to the immigration officers.

3. Judge Globensky granted the plea of Thaw's counsel for a discontinuance of the writ of habeas corpus which might have brought about his release today. This remedies a strategic blunder made last week by Thaw's attorneys, who apparently did not realize then that in seeking their client's release they were playing into the opposition's hands.

Thaw Thanks Canadians.

From his cell tonight Thaw issued the following statement:

"May I ackwnowledge the fair play accorded by every one since my arrival in Canada, and express my gratitude for the sympathy shown by Canadian people in my present struggle to regain my liberty and to thank specially all the Canadians that I have come in contact with personally. It is much better than I deserve and entirely at variance with the malice shown in New York.

"It is only fair to make clear that the people of New York are all right; no unfairness can be found in the people of New York. A proof of this was found in the vicious opposition to giving me an honest jury trial shown by the undemocratic Attorney General. He and his pals know that a New York jury would stand for fair play, too."

The unexpected burst of sympathy in Thaw's behalf—for until today residents of Sherbrooke had appeared apathetic—came when Judge Globensky declined to allow Samuel Jacobs, of Montreal, chief counsel for New York, to submit arguments against the discontinuance of the habeas corpus writ. Jacobs had arisen to address the court after Thaw's attorney had begun their arguments to have the writ abandoned. At this point J. N. Greenshields, Thaw's leading defender, demanded of Jacobs:

"Whom do you represent—the State of New York?"

Counsel for State Ignored.

His lordship: "Gentlemen, you need not discuss it."

Mr. Jacobs: "Do I understand that your lordship will not hear any arguments on the other side——"

The court: "I will not hear you."

Jacobs: "I ask that it be noted in the records that we have no status in this court."

His lordship: "Make no entry."

Jacobs: "My lord, I want to bring to the court's attention that the man who has made the complaint against him (Thaw) is an interested party, inasmuch as he is liable to damages, and ask that the entry be made, my lord, that you refuse to hear any other party. We except especially to the judgment of the court on this matter——"

The court: "Do not make such entry."

The words came sharply and then from the back of the courtroom came the cry: "Give him fair play."

A woman screamed and the crowd surged forward.

Prisoner Bows Profoundly.

Thaw responded to the demonstration with profound bows, but retreated as the courtroom throng swept toward him, sweeping court attendants and police aside in its rush. The prisoner sought refuge in the ante-room used by newspaper men and soon afterwards was on his way back to jail, again cheered by the crowd outside.

When court reassembled this afternoon the crowd, double that of the morning, arose as the judge took his seat.

A hush fell over the room. Then the court spoke, first in English, then in French.

"I must say I was shocked this morning," he said, "to be a witness of a most disgraceful scene in this court, one which would give a poor idea of the dignity with which the sittings of our court are held, and which I trust and hope will be taken as the exception, not the rule. I have long been at the bar, and I have been some time on the bench, but I must declare that I have never witnessed such a scene, and if any attempt is made to repeat the conduct of this morning, I will have the guilty parties put in jail."

Recommitment Is Ordered.

In the face of such solemn warning not a sound escaped the crowd when the court sustained Thaw's counsel in their contention that they were within their rights in withdrawing the writ of habeas corpus. The court held, in brief, that a man may discontinue any proceedings he has undertaken in his own behalf, provided that there is no specific law forbidding it.

"I therefore grant the application," he concluded, "and order him (Thaw) recommitted to jail to be dealt with according to law on the charge that stands against him."

Opinion differed tonight as to whether this meant that Thaw would remain in jail until some high Dominion official interfered, or whether he could demand trial by jury at the King's Bench next October. Mr. Jerome said that in his opinion Thaw ultimately would be sent back to New York.

The immigration authorities said tonight that they would keep agents on the scene, pending developments. Counsel for Thaw shrugged their shoulders and said that the next move was up to the State of New York.

Crowds Continue Cheering.

Thaw, flushed and happy, returned to the hilltop jail, while the crowds, which began cheering at the Courthouse when he emerged, kept up their plaudits as he passed. A prisoner by his own election, he has staved off the first move to return him to the asylum, where for five years he was a prisoner.

Developments in the case tomorrow and the next day depend largely on the outcome of the trip of Jerome and Kenney to Quebec and the renewed efforts which it is understood will be made to have the magistrate who committed Thaw, Alexis Dupuis, of Coaticook, rush the commitment.

RAILROAD HEADS CONFER

Southern Pacific Officials Called to San Francisco Meeting.

To attend the same conference of Southern Pacific traffic men at San Francisco which has kept John Scott, general passenger agent, in that city for the last week, three other officials here were summoned by telegraph to go south last night. They were: H. A. Hinshaw, general freight agent; C. W. Martyn, assistant superintendent, and W. H. Jenkins, traveling passenger agent.

D. W. Campbell, superintendent of the northern division of the Southern Pacific, extending from Red Bluff, Cal., to Portland, has been in San Francisco nearly a month. He is attending the same conference.

One of the subjects said to be under discussion is proposed extensive changes in the time cards. An additional passenger train between Portland and San Francisco is said also to be in view.

JUDGE IS ACCUSED

House to Investigate Federal Jurist in Georgia.

CHARGES ARE NUMEROUS

Attempted Bribery, Nepotism, Dissipation of Receivership Assets and Use of Drugs Among Accusations Made.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The House today adopted a resolution authorizing investigation of charges against Judge Emery Speer, of the Federal Court of Georgia. The investigation will be conducted by a sub-committee of the judiciary committee, which originates impeachment proceedings.

In response to repeated demands by Republican Leader Mann, Chairman Clayton, of the judiciary committee, today gave the House the substance of the charges made against Judge Speer in a report from Attorney-General McReynolds. These charges set forth that Judge Speer attempted bribery; took money from court funds for private purposes; contrary to the law employed his son-in-law about his court and offices; violated the bankruptcy laws; violated laws relative to the selection of juries; violated Supreme Court mandates; decided in favor of his son-in-law in matters relating to fees; used court officials as private servants; allowed the dissipation of assets of estates in the custody of the court; established receiverships without notices to owners; refused to allow the dismissal of litigation giving relatives generous fees; allowed money to remain without interest in banks in which relatives were interested; unlawfully seized and ordered sold property in litigation, and used drugs.

It is probable that the investigation will not be undertaken before late in the Fall. The judiciary committee of the House tomorrow is expected to accede to Judge Speer's request for postponement, which was accompanied by an affidavit from Dr. S. R. Rodgers, the Judge's physician, saying that his patient was a hay fever sufferer, and that it would be dangerous for him to come to Washington at this time of the year. The doctor, who said he had been Judge Speer's family physician for 22 years, declared that the Judge "does not yield to any conduct or habits which would receive the condemnation or disapproval of his physician."

This was in answer to a charge that the Judge used drugs.

New Paving to Be Tested.

"Bitucrete," a new form of paving, will be given a tryout in the Groveland Park district. A resolution will be adopted at a special adjourned meeting of the Commission this morning, starting proceedings for the paving of the entire Groveland Park tract. It is expected a contract can be awarded and work commenced within 60 days. The paving there will be in the form of a test. On its condition after a season's wear will depend the question of whether or not it will be permitted in other districts.

Medical inspection is particularly well organized in the Department of the Seine, France, where 270 medical inspectors visit the schools of their districts every week.

INCREASED INCOME TAX IS VOTED DOWN

All Democratic Senators and 13 Republicans Oppose Bristow's Plan.

NEW AMENDMENT OFFERED

La Follette Proposes Further Levy on Incomes Above $10,000 and Predicts Further Vacancies in Senate.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—In a verbal tilt marked by sharp debate on both sides, Senator LaFollette today predicted the retirement of Senator Gallinger, of New Hampshire, the Republican leader, and others of "his type" because of their failure to adjust themselves to changing industrial conditions.

The colloquy followed Senator LaFollette's declaration that Republican Senators who were voting against a heavier income tax on big incomes included many who had "always opposed the establishment of any income tax." He was commenting on the defeat of the Bristow amendment proposing a tax running up to 10 per cent on incomes of $100,000 and against which 13 Republicans and the solid Democratic side had voted.

"I am sorry there is a division on the Republican side," Senator LaFollette said. "There is a new day coming in this country. If the Republican party will not see it, then its place will be taken by some party that will."

Gallinger Makes Retort.

He recalled that he had predicted "vacant seats" six or seven years ago and the prediction had been filled.

"It is true that some Senators have disappeared from this side," Senator Gallinger retorted, "and it is equally true that the Republican party has been put out of power by some men who sympathize with the Senator from Wisconsin in his extreme views."

"The Republican party has been put out of power by the people of this country who sympathize with the views which I am now expressing," Senator LaFollette cried, shaking his hand, "and they will put more men out of the Senate of the type of the Senator from New Hampshire before we get through with the disposition of these issues."

The defeat of the Bristow amendment by a vote of 46 to 16 came at the end of a short debate, in the course of which many Republicans had urged a heavier tax on the larger incomes of the country. The Democrats voted solidly against the change and were joined by the following Republicans: Senators Bradley, Brandegee, Catron, Colt, Gallinger, Lodge, McLean, Oliver, Penrose, Root, Smoot, Townsend and Weeks.

Changed Basis Proposed.

Senator LaFollette proposed another amendment as soon as this was defeated, changing the basis of the tax. It proposed an increase of one-half of one per cent on each $10,000 up to $50,000; an increase of one per cent on each $10,000 from $50,000 to $100,000; and a jump from seven per cent to 10 per cent for all incomes above $100,000.

Senator Hitchcock, of Nebraska, today introduced his proposed amendment to the tariff bill to levy a graduated tax on corporations, for the purpose of curbing monopolies and breaking up trusts. This represents a plan that has many supporters in both parties and a strong effort will be made to have it incorporated in the tariff bill. It will provide:

A tax of five per cent, or five times the normal corporation tax, on the income of any concern that produces or sells from one-quarter to one-third of the total amount of any given line of production; ten per cent on corporations producing or selling from one-third to one-half of the total; and of 20 per cent on corporations producing or selling more than one-half of the total.

This penalty tax would not apply to concerns whose product is valued at less than $10,000,000 a year; nor to concerns having a total capital of less than $50,000,000.

ARMOR BIDS ALL ALIKE

THREE COMPANIES' FIGURES SAME IN EVERY CLASS.

Daniels Requests Confernece to Inquire Into Process of Telepathy Steel Men Use.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—When bids on a larger quantity of armor for the American battleship now designated No. 39 were opened at the Navy Department today it was found that the bids of the Bethlehem Steel Company, Midvale Steel Company and Carnegie Steel Company were identical on all classes, and also identical with the bids submitted previously by the same companies for armor for the Pennsylvania, now building.

Secretary Daniels held up all the bids and does not propose letting contracts until another effort has been made to secure competition. With this end in view he asked the officials of the Midvale, Bethlehem and Carnegie companies to confer with him.

"The Secretary has requested a conference," says a statement from the Navy Department today, "with a representative of each bidders bidding the same figure. He is desirous of learn- from each by what process of telepathy they arrive at the identical figures in their bids. It looks like the only hope for relief from exorbitant prices is for the Government to establish an armor plant.

"These gentlemen profess that no understanding in prices exists between them and each attests in an affidavit submitted with their respective bids that said company 'is not engaged in any such combination, agreement, conspiracy or understanding as is prohibited by the Naval appropriation act of August 22, 1912.' Without delving at this time into the cause of this surprising coincidence in uniformity of bids, the Department cannot but note with disfavor the agreement that exists. They speak more eloquently than any explanation which may be offered; they prove conclusively that competition for this enormous amount of Government business is a farce."

Lilienthal to Succeed Calhoun.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 27.—The recent announcement by Jesse W. Lilienthal, a San Francisco capitalist, to the effect that he would succeed Patrick Calhoun as president of the United Railroads of San Francisco and that the change in administration would be made at a meeting of the stockholders tomorrow, was confirmed tonight by Mr. Calhoun from his home in Cleveland.

Aberdeen Increases Teachers.

ABERDEEN, Wash., Aug. 27.—(Special.)—Six teachers, three more than were employed last year, have been secured for Aberdeen schools this term. School opens September 8. Seven buildings will be occupied. The new schoolhouse in West Aberdeen will be completed in time for occupation the second semester.

An ordinary cup of coffee contains about 2 1-2 grains of caffeine—a poisonous drug.

Five grains of caffeine is enough to kill a rabbit. Of course that much wouldn't kill a man.

But continual coffee drinking usually produces biliousness, headache, dullness, sleeplessness, irritability and heart agitation. Many people have gotten rid of these troubles by quitting coffee and using

INSTANT POSTUM

It is pure and made entirely of Northern wheat and the juice of Southern sugar-cane. Postum is a genuine food-drink—rich in Nature's phosphates, and contains no drug whatever.

Postum comes in two forms.

Regular Postum (must be boiled).

Instant Postum requires no boiling, but is made **instantly** by stirring a level teaspoonful in a cup of hot water with cream and sugar to taste.

Experiment until you get it to suit your taste, then have it always made that way. Made right, Postum has a delightful flavor, resembling high-grade Java.

If coffee don't agree, suppose you leave it off ten days and try Postum.

Drink it instead of coffee.

"There's a Reason"

False Economy

One day Simon saw a pin and remembered the old adage, "See a pin, pick it up, and all day long you'll have good luck." He stooped to get the pin; his hat tumbled off and rolled into the gutter; his eyeglasses fell on the pavement and broke; his suspenders gave 'way behind; he burst the buttonhole on the back of his shirt and nearly lost his new false teeth. But he got the pin.

Some people who try to economize by purchasing goods of unknown quality find in the end that such policy is about as profitable as Simon's lucky (?) pin.

They save a few cents on the first cost, but the annoyance and discomfort bring a second cost that only the wise can foresee.

Moral: Wear Thompson's eyeglasses.

Thompson
OPTICAL INSTITUTE
209-10-11 Corbett Bldg.,
5th and Morrison

FREE ADVICE TO SICK WOMEN

Thousands Have Been Helped By Common Sense Suggestions.

Women suffering from any form of female ills are invited to communicate promptly with the woman's private correspondence department of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman and held in strict confidence. A woman can freely talk of her private illness to a woman; thus has been established a confidential correspondence which has extended over many years and which has never been broken. Never have they published a testimonial or used a letter without the written consent of the writer, and never has the Company allowed these confidential letters to get out of their possession, as the hundreds of thousands of them in their files will attest.

Out of the vast volume of experience which they have to draw from, it is more than possible that they possess the very knowledge needed in your case. Nothing is asked in return except your good will, and their advice has helped thousands. Surely any woman, rich or poor, should be glad to take advantage of this generous offer of assistance. Address Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., (confidential) Lynn, Mass.

Every woman ought to have Lydia E. Pinkham's 80-page Text Book. It is not a book for general distribution, as it is too expensive. It is free and only obtainable by mail. Write for it today.

PROFESSIONAL NURSE MADE THOROUGH TEST

Plant Juice Has Helped This Portland Lady After All Other Remedies Failed.

Mrs. Annie L. Hill, who is at present housekeeper for the Gilbert Hotel, corner of Third and Taylor streets this city, has something to say that will interest her friends. Mrs. Hill graduated as a trained nurse at the age of 21, and served as student five years under Dr. J. M. Tolan, of San Francisco. She formerly lived in Spokane, Wash., for 15 years. She has many friends in Portland and elsewhere who will be interested in the following statement from her. She says:

"When I commenced to use Plant Juice I was pretty well discouraged. I had tried so many things without results that I did not expect much relief from anything. It was like catching at the proverbial straw. I was suffering from catarrh and it had become so bad that my whole system was affected. I was told that nothing would help me. My hearing was so bad that I could only hear by the greatest effort. My kidneys were in bad shape and I suffered from severe pains across my back and also in my forehead just above my eyes. There was also pain in the back of my neck. I am a graduate nurse and followed my profession until my hearing became so bad I had to give it up. The change that has been brought about in my condition by Plant Juice is simply wonderful. The terrible pain in the back of my neck and across my forehead is entirely gone, my hearing is much improved, so much so that I often think I must have been mistaken when I hear what people say. Plant Juice has helped my entire system, my nerves are stronger. I sleep well and wake up rested and am feeling fine in every way."

Plant Juice has done for others what it will do for you. All it needs is a trial. For sale at The Owl Drug Company's stores.