

NATION'S WORK NOT DONE, SAYS WILSON

Days of Sacrifice, of Cleansing, Not Over, President Declares at Gettysburg.

DUTY IS HARDER TO SEE

More Calm Balance of Judgment and More Candid Searching for Light Required in Tasks Still to Be Performed.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., July 4.—President Wilson's address to the veterans of the battle of Gettysburg today was as follows:

"I need not tell you what the battle of Gettysburg meant. These gallant men in blue and gray sit all about us here. Many of them met here upon this ground in grim and deadly struggle. Upon these famous fields and hillsides their comrades died about them. In their presence it were an impertinence to discourse upon how the battle went, how it ended, what it signified; but 50 years have gone by since then and I crave the privilege of speaking to you for a few minutes of what these 50 years have meant.

"What have they meant? They have meant peace and union and vigor and the maturity and might of a great nation.

Reunion Made Complete.

"How wholesome and healing the peace has been! We have found one another again as brothers and comrades in arms, enemies no longer, generous friends rather, our battles long past, the quarrel forgotten—except that we shall not forget the splendid valor, the manly devotion of the men arrayed against one another whose grasping hands and smiling into each other's eyes. How complete the union has become and how dear to all of us, how benign and majestic as it has unfolded. How added to this, our great family of free men! How handsome the vigor, the maturity, the might of the great nation, with its happy wearers that will touch all alike with deep contentment! We are debtors to those 50 crowded years, they have made us heirs to a mighty heritage.

"But do we deem the Nation complete and finished? These venerable men crowding here to this famous field have set us a great example of devotion and utter sacrifice. They were willing to die that the people might live. But their task is done. Their day is turned into evening. They look to us to perfect what they established.

None Can Make Nation Afraid.

"Have affairs paused? Does the Nation stand still? Is what the 50 years have wrought since those days of battle finished, rounded out and completed? Here is a great people, great with every virtue that has ever shined in the life blood of mankind. And it is secure. There is no one within its borders, there is no power among the nations of the earth to make it afraid. But has it yet squared itself with its great standards set up at its birth, when it made its solemn appeal to the moral judgment of mankind to take notice that a government had how at last been established, which was to serve men, not masters? It is secure in everything but the fact of its life is right, adjusted to the uttermost to the standards of righteousness and justice. Are the days of sacrifice and cleansing now closed. We have harder things to do than were done in the heroic days of war, because harder to see clearly. Requiring more vision, more calm balance of judgment, a more candid searching of the very springs of right. Look around you upon the field of Gettysburg. Picture the array, the fierce heats and agony of battle, column hurled against column, battery hurled against battery. Valorous men! Greater no man shall see in war; and self-sacrifice and loss to the uttermost; the high readiness of exalted devotion which does not count the cost. We are made by these tragic, epic things to know what it costs to make a nation—the blood and sacrifice of multitudes of unknown men lifted to a great stature in the view of all generations by knowing no limit to their manly willingness to die for the cause, thus marshaled from the ranks of free men you will see, as it were, a nation embattled, the leaders and led, and may know, if you will, how little except in form its action differs in days of peace from its action in days of war.

Action Never Ceases.

"May we break camp now and be at ease? Are the forces that fight for the Nation dispersed, disbanded, gone to their homes forgetful of the common cause? Are our forces disorganized, without vigor, without heart, and the might of men consciously united because we contend, not with armies, but with principalities and powers and wickedness in high places? Are we content to lie still? Does our union mean sympathy, our peace contentment, our vigor slighted action, our maturity self-comprehension and a clear confidence in choosing what we shall do? War fitted us for action, and action never ceases.

"I have been chosen the leader of the Nation; I cannot justify the choice by any qualities of my own, but so it has come about, and here I stand, whom do I command? The ghostly hosts who fought upon these battlefields long ago and are gone? These gallant gentlemen stricken in years whose fighting days are over, their glory won? What are the orders for them, and who rallies them? I have in my mind another host, whom these set free of civil strife in order that they might work out in days of peace and settled order the life of a great nation. That host is the people themselves, the great and the small, without class or difference of kind or race or origin, and undivided in interest, if we have but the vision to guide and direct them and order their lives aright in what we do.

"How shall we hold such thoughts in our hearts and not be moved? I stand not here to live even today wholly in the past, but would wish to stand with you in the light that streams upon us now out of that greater day gone by. Here is the Nation God has builded by our hands. What shall we do with it? Who stands ready to act again and always in the spirit of this day of reunion and hope and patriotic fervor? The day of our country's life has but broadened into morning. Do not put uniforms by. Put the harness of the present on. Lift your eyes to the great tracks of life yet to be conquered in the interest of righteous peace, of that prosperity which lies in a people's hearts and outlasts all wars and errors of men. Come, let us be comrades and soldiers yet to serve our fellow men in quiet counsel, where the blast of trumpets is neither heard nor heeded, and where the things are done which make blessed the nations of the world in peace and righteousness and love."

R. M. GRAY'S MORRISON AND BROADWAY STORE

Puts on Its First Clearance Sale Today (Saturday) July 5th

When the Entire Stock of CHESTERFIELD CLOTHES and Straw Hats, Ladies' Suits, Coats, Dresses and Waists Go on Sale at Immense Price Reductions. This Is Following Our Custom Enabling Us to Close Out Our Stock Entirely Each Season

Special Prices on Chesterfield Suits and Overcoats

Table with 4 columns: Value, Price, Value, Price. \$20.00 Values at \$15.00, \$30.00 Values at \$23.50, \$40.00 Values at \$29.50, \$25.00 Values at \$19.00, \$35.00 Values at \$26.50, \$45.00 Values at \$34.50

Special Prices on Straw Hats

Table with 2 columns: Hat Price, Panama Price. \$3.00 Hats at \$2.25, \$7.00 Panamas \$5.00, \$4.00 Hats at \$3.00, \$8.00 Panamas \$5.50, \$5.00 Hats at \$3.50, \$10.00 Panamas \$6.50, \$6.00 Hats at \$4.50, \$12.00 Panamas \$8.00

Special Sale on Ladies' Suits and Dresses

Table with 4 columns: Value, Price, Value, Price. \$30.00 Values \$15.00, \$65.00 Values \$32.50, \$35.00 Values \$17.50, \$75.00 Values \$37.50, \$40.00 Values \$20.00, \$100.00 Values \$50.00, \$50.00 Values \$25.00, \$125.00 Values \$62.50

Special Reductions on Ladies' Fine Chiffon Marquisette and Tailored Waists—1/3 Off Regular Prices

Table with 2 columns: Waist Price, Waist Price. \$5.00 Waists at \$3.50, \$10.00 Waists \$ 6.50, \$7.00 Waists at \$4.75, \$12.00 Waists \$ 7.75, \$8.00 Waists at \$5.50, \$20.00 Waists \$13.25

COME TODAY—SELECTIONS ARE FINE—STOCK ALL NEW

R. M. GRAY, BROADWAY AND MORRISON

BORAH POSITIVELY DENIES CANDIDACY

Senator Will Not Permit Enthusiastic Friends to Boom Him for President.

LETTER WRITTEN KANSAS

"Lightning Rod Not Up," and There Is No Intention of Conning at Its Raising—Party Reorganization to Go On.

TOPEKA, Kan., July 4.—(Special.)—

Senator Borah, of Idaho, one of the leaders of the movement to rehabilitate the Republican party on "same, progressive lines," who has been mentioned frequently as a possible standard-bearer in the new National campaign, declares in a letter to a resident of this city that he is not a candidate for the Presidential nomination.

The Idaho Senator has won a strong following in Kansas City by his course in Congress and by his general attitude toward National political affairs. Some time ago James A. Troutman, of Topeka, wrote him saying that the slightest intention of putting it up or organizing a systematic movement in behalf of his nomination for the Presidency, would result in his resignation in 1915, and asking consent to use his name.

Lightning Rod Is Not Up.

Mr. Troutman has received a letter from Senator Borah in reply to the one referred to, written from Washington under date of June 25, and reading as follows: "My Dear Troutman: Replying to your kind letter of the 26th, permit me to thank you sincerely. I appreciate what you say and what you have said. As you have been generous enough to treat the subject with sincerity, I must answer with equal sincerity. I am not a candidate for that high office. I have not my lightning rod up, as is now being published abroad, and I haven't the slightest intention of putting it up or conning at its being put up. I am not and cannot be misled by the generous words of friends as to the real situation or persuaded into the belief that there is any possibility, much less a probability, of such a thing happening. I promise you as my personal friend that I do not propose for a moment to divert my mind from the things in which I am interested and the work I am now in a position to do or help do into a serious consideration of the matter.

Denial of Candidacy Retorted.

"I should like to be helpful in making the Republican party a positive and affirmative influence in political affairs again and to help direct it along progressive and aggressive lines, to rehabilitate it in principle and restore it to power, to make it the faithful medium through which its millions of devoted supporters can enjoy the realization of their hopes and aspirations, and I do not want to be considered while doing this as the candidate at all for any office. I positively am not. "Please accept this as conclusive of the whole subject, both now and later. I feel sure you will understand how very much I appreciate your more than generous suggestions, but that you will

well know also that I am not speaking with any mental reservations."

BONES OF PRINCESS FOUND

Skeleton of Indian Woman, Bead-Decked, Uncarried at Salem.

SALEM, Or., July 4.—(Special.)—What is believed to be the skeleton of an Indian princess has been unearthed by workmen grading in front of property near State street. The bones were in an upright position, and around them were quantities of beads and other rare Indian ornaments. Near the bones was a stone foot which is believed to have been the totem of the last of the tribe. That the woman was at least 100 years of age when she died is indicated by the condition of her teeth, which were worn to the roots. Pioneers say that the body was found at a place which was an Indian burying ground. The skeletons of two Indians were unearthed at the same place two years ago.

U'REN HAS NEW TAX IDEA

Exemption of Personal Property to Value of \$1500 to Be Sought.

SALEM, Or., July 4.—(Special.)—W. S. U'ren, Oregon City, evidently intends to have submitted to the people at the next general election an amendment to the constitution providing for the exemption of personal property to the value of \$1500 from taxation. Mr. U'ren called Secretary of State Olcott over the telephone today and asked him to approve a form of petition which will be circulated for the initiation of the law.

HOUSE HAS OWN INQUIRY

Resolutions to Be Reported Under Agreement for Speedy Action.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—Resolutions for a broad investigation of Martin Mulhall's sensational charges that present and former members of Congress were "influenced" by a lobby of the National Association of Manufacturers will be reported to the House tomorrow by the rules committee under an agreement for speedy passage.

MILITARY WORK PRAISED

War Department Commends Oregon Agricultural College Cadets.

OREGON AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, Corvallis, July 4.—(Special.)—According to an official order received from the United States War Department, by Lieutenant P. J. Hennessy, commandant of the Oregon Agricultural College cadet regiment, this is one of six universities and colleges especially commended by the Secretary of War for the work of their military departments during the past year.

TARIFF TO GO INTO EFFECT PROMPTLY

Wool and Sugar Only Exceptions to Decision Reached by Committee.

CAUCUS TO BIND PARTY

Chairman Simmons Announces Senators Who Are Absent Will Not Be Exempt—Convict Labor Clause Amended.

WASHINGTON, July 4.—The majority members of the Senate finance committee decided today that all schedules of the new tariff bill except sugar and wool should become effective immediately after the enactment of the measure into law.

Sugar, with the approval of the Democratic caucus, will be subject to the Payne-Aldrich rates until March 1, 1914. The committee tentatively agreed on a date for the wool schedule, but did not announce it because of a promise to confer with Senators Walsh and Thomas, who could not be reached today.

Additional revenue was provided for by the committee when it decided, in view of the revenue tax on brandies used in fortifying sweet wines, to levy a revenue tax of 25 per cent ad valorem on what are known as "spurious wines," wines made from pomace and fortified with chemicals.

Containers of such wines must bear a label showing what materials enter into their product. Just how much revenue will be derived from this the committee could not estimate, because the tax probably will curtail the present output considerably.

Convict Clause Amended.

Another change proposed relates to the clause prohibiting importation of convict-made goods. It was amended so as to read that such goods shall be excluded from countries which do not "prohibit convict labor." Originally the clause read from countries which did not "restrict" convict labor.

Chairman Simmons said today that he expected general debate on the bill to begin a week from Monday. He will report the measure probably next Wednesday.

Regarding the binding resolution which will be adopted by the caucus tomorrow, Senator Simmons said that its provisions would bind every Democratic Senator who did not withdraw from the caucus, whether he voted for the resolution or against it, or even if he was absent when the vote was taken, unless he had previously pledged himself to his constituency to vote against some rate or principle involved in the bill.

Senator Simmons has given no notice that he desires to be freed from the caucus pledge, said Senator Simmons, "and the resolution would bind him just as much as any other Senator." The amendment to the bill fixing a stamp tax on cotton sales sold for future delivery, members of the committee believe, will bring in considerable revenue. Though the primary design of the amendment is to abolish stock exchange gambling on cotton futures, it is the general opinion that it will not do so, but that it will considerably curtail it. In that case, the Government will derive some revenue, but this could be estimated.

TARIFF OBJECTION VOICED

French Minister at Fourth of July Dinner, Urges Specific Duty.

PARIS, July 4.—The members of the American Chamber of Commerce of Paris and their American and French friends celebrated the Fourth of July together tonight.

The French government honored the occasion by sending a detachment of Republican Guards, who, in their picturesque uniforms, were disposed at intervals behind the long guest table. The American Ambassador, Myron T. Herrick, dwelt at length on the advantages to the United States of financing farmers by long time cheap credits, with gradual amortization such as farmers of France, Germany, Hungary and Italy now enjoy.

M. Masse, the Minister of Commerce, alluding to the American tariff, expressed doubt whether the revision under consideration would be advantageous to French commerce. The principal complaint of France against the tariff was in its administration. He believed it would best promote international commercial peace if the United States imposed specific duties only, and not specific and ad valorem duties.

FLAG IS TRAMPLED ON

RIOT BREAKS IN WINNIPEG AS STARS AND STRIPES APPEAR.

American Citizen Disappears and Canadians Show Anger at Interruption of Parade.

WINNIPEG, Man., July 4.—The Stars and Stripes were torn from the hands of an American citizen as a parade of Winnipeg and Manitoba soldiers was passing today, and the American flag was torn to shreds and trampled on. A riot ensued in which several persons received minor injuries.

"Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is the best medicine in the world."

Thousands have said this, and you will agree with them if you have need of it and give it a trial. Every family should keep it at hand. It only costs a quarter.

appeared on the curbing waving an American flag and shouting "Hurrah for the American Eagle!" J. B. Mitchell, Colonel in command of the regiment, ordered one of his men to request the American to put away the flag, but before the soldier could say so a number of angry civilians pounced upon the American, tore the flag from him and threw it into the street. Before it could be rescued the flag was torn and dirtied.

In the free-for-all fight which followed, several civilians were injured, but none seriously. The American, whose name could not be ascertained, escaped without serious harm and with his carrying capacity of 15,500 tons the largest oil tank steamer in the world has been completed in England for the Mexico trade.

the aid of the police eluded the crowd. Soldiers of the regiment took no part in the demonstration.

Rockefeller Wealth Aids Y. M. C. A. COLUMBUS, O., July 4.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., has offered \$42,000 for the restoration of the Y. M. C. A. buildings at Dayton, Hamilton and Marietta, which were badly damaged by the March floods, according to a telegram received from New York today by Dr. Andrew Timberman, vice-chairman of the Ohio State Y. M. C. A.

Social Hygiene Books for Use in the Family

Carefully Selected and Recommended By the Oregon Social Hygiene Society

- How Shall I Tell My Child? \$.25 Mrs. Wood Allen Chapman. Life's Beginnings .25 From Youth to Manhood .50 Reproduction and Sexual Hygiene 1.00 Winfield S. Hall. Confidential Talks with Young Men .75 Confidential Talks with Young Women .75 Husband and Wife 1.00 Lyman B. Sperry. The Renewal of Life 1.25 Margaret Morley. Marriage and the Sex Problem 1.35 F. W. Forster. Complete List on request. See our Special Display this week.

SPECIAL FROM RELIGIOUS BOOK DEPT. \$5.00 OXFORD BIBLE this week ONLY \$3.25. Your name stamped in gold FREE OF CHARGE on all Bibles and Testaments retailing at \$1.00 or more.

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