



BAN ON NORTHWEST LUMBER REMOVED

San Francisco Chamber Frowns on Embargo.

VICTORY IS ONLY PARTIAL

Labor Interests Say Products of Union Mills Only Wanted.

RESOLUTIONS ARE PASSED

Representatives From Portland, Spokane, Seattle and Tacoma Are Assured Bay City Chamber of Commerce Will Lead Aid.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 27.—(Special.)—Representatives of the Chambers of Commerce of Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane and Portland, who came here last Friday to attend the meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, returned to their homes tonight with only a partial victory in their fight to have removed the embargo which they allege has existed in San Francisco and other bay cities, pronounced by the labor organizations, against finished lumber products from Oregon and Washington.

The board of directors of the local Chamber had a meeting this morning and received in conference J. E. Chisholm, president, and C. R. Vandell, secretary of the Seattle Chamber of Commerce; A. H. Averill, O. M. Clark and S. C. Knapp, of Portland; J. P. M. Richards and Herbert Witherspoon, of Spokane, and T. H. Martine, of Tacoma.

Lumber Boycott Made Issue.

The visitors represented that the lumber interests of the north were suffering greatly by reason of the boycott, and that 15 of the largest lumber firms on Puget Sound had telegraphed them to secure an expression of the business men of San Francisco on the subject. At their request, the board of directors of the Chamber unanimously adopted a resolution expressing their opposition to any efforts in this city to discriminate against lumber products manufactured outside of the city.

The resolution follows:

"Whereas, statements have been made that there exists in this city, on certain lines of manufactured lumber products, discrimination against these articles when manufactured outside of this city; and

"Whereas, if such discrimination did exist it could not be defended from a standpoint of justice and fairness to other sections or states, and if persisted in must inevitably lead to reprisals against the products of San Francisco and California; therefore, be it

Chamber Approves Boycott.

"Resolved, That the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce do and declare that it is unalterably opposed to any action that will interfere with the free exchange between the various states of their products, both raw and manufactured; and be it further

"Resolved, That the proper officers of this chamber are instructed to take such steps and make such representations as will tend to the removal of these restrictions."

The Northern visitors conferred at length with ex-Mayor McCarthy, representing the Building Trades Council. He told them that there was no discrimination here against the products of the mills of the Northwest that are manufactured in union shops. The only boycott, he said, is against the product of non-union plants. Lumber manufactured under conditions similar to those in California mills, he said, will be treated as fairly as California lumber.

All the vast quantity of lumber to be used in the Exposition building, by special agreement between labor unions and the Exposition officials, is to be exempt from all embargo or boycotts, even if the lumber comes from non-union plants.

INQUIRY MAY BE EXTENDED

Investigation of General Election Expenses of 1912 Probable.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—The proposal by Senator Clapp to extend the investigation into campaign expenditures to cover the general election expenses of 1912 was approved today by the Senate committee on contingent expenses.

The Senate investigating committee has thus far covered the campaigns of 1904 and 1908 and the primary campaign of 1912, but had no authority to look into expenditures for the Presidential fight ending November 3, Senator Clapp will make another effort to secure the adoption of the resolution into the Senate this week.

In case it is approved his committee will summon the financial representatives from the different parties.

MURRAY CRANE LOSES WAY

Expert on Congressional Machinery Wanders in House Cellar.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—Senator W. Murray Crane, of Massachusetts, known as much about Congressional machinery as anybody, but when he ventured to the House side of the Capitol today, he got lost in the cellar. He had to find an elevator man to guide him out.

MESSANGER WITH ARIZONA VOTE LOST

VAIN SEARCH MADE FOR BABY STATE'S COURIER.

Time Limit for Receiving Returns From Election Expires and Bearer Fails to Arrive.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—"Lost"—The electoral vote of Arizona and its bearer, Finder please send at once to the office of the Vice-President of the United States.

Sensors and Representatives of the baby State of Arizona sent broadcast tonight the foregoing notice, when at 6 o'clock the time limit had expired for receiving returns from the National election last November and Wilfred T. Webb, custodian of three perfectly good votes for Woodrow Wilson and Thomas R. Marshall, had failed to appear at the Vice-President's office in the Capitol.

Arizona's patriots and legislators were much perplexed and disappointed for, though no political upheaval would be caused should the three votes never be found, they did not want missing from history's archives Arizona's first vote for Chief Executive of the Nation.

For 24 hours before the Vice-President's office was closed for the night with every electoral vote except Arizona's on file, a systematic search of Washington hotels and clubs had been conducted in vain for Elector Webb, who, it was known, had left Phoenix with his credentials more than 10 days ago, and was due to arrive here Saturday. Until a late hour tonight the wires were kept singing with messages to points between here and St. Louis, where he last was heard from, in the hope of discovering some information as to Webb's whereabouts, but none was forthcoming.

If the penalty for failure to arrive on time should be enforced Arizona would lose its vote in the electoral college and the official messenger lose his mileage for the trip. The duplicate set of Arizona's ballots that were sent by mail are on hand, and it is probable that no penalty will be enforced if Webb arrives before tomorrow.

Meanwhile Arizona's Representatives in Congress are nervously awaiting developments.

OREGON VOTE AT CAPITAL

Messenger Arrives and Is Paid Total of \$783 Mileage.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 27.—Electoral votes of Oregon, Washington and California were brought to Washington today by messengers from those states.

Hugh McLane, of Marshfield, brought the Oregon vote and was paid mileage amounting to \$783, or 25 cents for each mile traveled in coming to Washington. His was highest mileage paid to any messenger bringing electoral votes to Washington.

G. Alfred Haynes, of Prosser, who brought Washington electoral vote was paid \$751 mileage and ex-Governor Peden, California's messenger, drew \$744.

Four years ago Oregon's messenger was late, but eventually was allowed mileage because it was shown he was delayed by storms.

CANDIDATES HAVE FIGHTS

Aldermanic Aspirants Are Parted by Chicago Police.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Rough-and-tumble fighting, quelled by the police today, marked the filing of petitions of aldermanic candidates for Spring primaries. The broils grew out of contests for positions at the head of the lines, for names appear on the ballots in the order in which the petitions are filed, and in some wards a name at the head of the ballot is regarded as equivalent to election. Some of the petition-bearers had been in line since last night, subsisting on sandwiches until the County Clerk's offices opened.

There were Democratic candidates in all of the 35 wards of the city; Republican candidates in 21 of them, and Roosevelt Progressives in four. The Progressives have no candidates for the three city offices to be filled—City Treasurer, City Clerk and Municipal Court Judge.

VOTE ON BONDS IS DENIED

Seattle Council Refuses to Submit Municipal Phone Issue.

SEATTLE, Jan. 27.—The City Council today, by a vote of 6 to 2, rejected the proposition to submit for approval at the March election a \$2,000,000 bond issue to provide funds for building a municipal telephone system. The Council also rejected a \$25,000 bond issue for extending public markets, but an initiative bond issue for \$150,000 for the same purpose will be on the ballot.

Councilman Oliver T. Erickson plans for a municipal bank, to be conducted by the City Treasurer, who will receive individual deposits and invest the deposits and city funds in city, county and state bonds, was approved by the Council for submission to the voters.

ARMED TOURISTS FINED

Englishmen Say They Thought Gunmen Infested Streets.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—"Our English papers said the streets of this city were full of blooming gunmen," said Thomas Connor today as he paid a fine for carrying a revolver. Connor and his friend, Thomas Smalley, wealthy Englishmen, were arrested the very day they landed.

They explained that they thought it necessary to carry weapons to protect their property. Each was fined \$25.

PRISON URGED FOR SCHEMING BROKERS

Sulzer Wants State to Rule Stock Exchange.

RIGOROUS LAWS ARE PROPOSED

Public Pictured as Victims of Shifty, Clever Operators.

EVILS HELD TO BE GROSS

New York Governor, in Message to Legislature, Says Time Is Now Ripe for State to Step In and Stamp Out Practices.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—State supervision and regulation of the New York Stock Exchange and other stock exchanges are advocated by Governor Sulzer in a message sent by him to the Legislature tonight.

The time is ripe, in the Governor's opinion, for the state to step in and send "flagrant abuses, shifty schemes and clever combinations to catch the unwary and to mislead the public." To effect this he recommends the enactment of a group of laws, at least one of which shall provide imprisonment as a penalty for its violations. These laws, the Governor says, should apply to certain practices which have been shown to exist by the Puffo committee of the House of Representatives and other investigators.

State Urged to Act.

"The testimony of some of the governors of the exchanges," Governor Sulzer says, "leaves no doubt in the minds of men of judgment that the exchanges have been either incapable or unwilling to devise measures that will effectively eradicate the evils. It now is the obvious duty of the state, it seems to me, to devise the remedies. If the state neglects to do its plain duty, the state should find no fault if the Federal Government sets in the promises."

Among the measures which Governor Sulzer would have enacted into law are:

"A law to distinguish clearly proper transactions of purchase and sale from those that are the result of combinations to raise or depress artificially the price of securities without regard to their true value or legitimate supply and demand."

Sales Among Brokers Target.

"A law to prohibit brokers from selling backward and forward among themselves blocks of a particular stock, with intent to deceive or mislead outsiders."

"A law to prohibit brokers from selling for their own account the same stocks they have been ordered to buy."

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WOMEN AS JURORS MEET OPPOSITION

COLORADO LEGISLATORS HAVE HEATED QUARREL.

One Senator Says Denver Women Drink and Smoke and Argue They Should Act.

DENVER, Jan. 27.—The bill of Helen R. Robinson, State Senator, to amend the constitution to permit the Legislature to pass a bill admitting women to jury duty precipitated a heated quarrel in the Legislature today. Senator Williams attacked the bill on the ground of morality.

"I should hate to see the time come," said he, "when my wife or my daughter would be chosen for jury service and be locked in a room with several men jurors overnight or for several nights. I should hate to see the time come when my wife or my daughter were forced to appear in court and show cause why they should not serve on a jury. There are many criminal cases in which it is a crime to ask a woman to listen to the evidence."

Senator John Hecker, of Denver, replied in defense:

"Women have equal suffrage. If they want to sit on juries I can't see why they shouldn't. When the liquor question was brought up in Denver it was the women who voted the town well. The women of this town drink more highballs and cocktails than the men do, anyhow, and they smoke more cigarettes a day than the men do. I cannot see why they shouldn't be allowed to serve on juries if they are anxious for it."

The bill was passed on second reading.

SENATOR WARREN TO WIN

Wyoming Democrats, However, Will Contest Election in Senate.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Jan. 27.—When the Senate at its meeting at 4 o'clock this afternoon adopted the report of the House committee on rules, privileges and elections, seating the two contested Republican Senators, the reelection of United States Senator Warren became virtually assured. The Democratic Senators in caucus tonight, however, decided to contest the election of Senator Warren in the National Senate.

The full text of the evidence gathered by the Democratic members of the State Legislature in connection with what they charged were gross frauds perpetrated in Uinta County to secure the preferential election of Senator Warren will be filed before the Senate committee on privileges and elections at Washington.

GASOLINE CRAFT SINKS

Myrtle, Belonging to L. I. Wheeler, Strikes Log Boom.

RANDON, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special.)—The gasoline boat Myrtle, belonging to L. I. Wheeler, struck Ashton's log boom above Parkersburg, yesterday, and was sunk with her entire cargo, which amounted to about \$3000, and the value of the boat about the same, making a total loss of \$6000.

Parkersburg is on the Coquille River a short distance above Randon. Mr. Wheeler's boat was coming down stream rapidly with the swift stream and struck the log boom with great force.

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INCENSED WOMEN INFLAME ENGLAND

Suffragettes Urge All to Violent Deeds.

2000 POLICE CHECK CROWDS

Outbreak Follows Dropping of Franchise Bill.

TRUCE DECLARED AT END

Shopkeepers Board Up Windows in Anticipation of Storm—Militant Leaders Arrested While Advancing Turbulent Acts.

LONDON, Jan. 27.—England is on the brink of another campaign by the suffragettes in comparison to which former outbreaks of the militant women will appear insignificant. Two thousand policemen were engaged tonight in dispersing huge crowds near the Parliament buildings, shopkeepers were boarding up windows and excited women were making incendiary speeches in several halls.

Police Reserves Called.

In the House of Commons the Speaker, the Right Honorable James William Lowther, in response today to an inquiry by the Premier, announced that if any of the amendments to the franchise bill giving women the vote should be adopted he would be obliged to rule that they made it substantially a new bill, which would compel its withdrawal.

Mr. Asquith thereupon announced that the Cabinet had decided that under such circumstances it would be useless to proceed. This was announced to a crowded house, which displayed more interest in the subject than had been shown in the last stages of the home rule bill.

In the meantime police in great numbers mounted and afoot, were having great difficulty outside the buildings keeping the crowds in check, while preserving the saloons of the city in readiness to quell disorders of a more serious nature.

Truce Declared Ended.

The suffragettes held heated meetings tonight, Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst and other leaders denounced this afternoon the enemies and supporters of suffrage in the Cabinet for their treachery. They declare an end of the truce, which the women had observed while awaiting Parliament's action on the bill.

Several women were arrested tonight, some of whom declined to give their names.

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AUTO DEPICTED AS CRIMINAL'S WEAPON

JUDGE ADVISES FINGER PRINT LAW FOR CHAUFFEURS.

McAdoo Says Responsibility of Car Drivers Is Enhanced by Methods of Modern Desperados.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—"The automobile is the most dangerous weapon ever used by criminals," said William G. McAdoo, Chief Justice of the Magistrate's Court of New York, in an address today to the Judges of the Municipal Court here.

"Use of the automobile must be curbed," he said, "chauffeurs must be identified by finger prints and subjected to a rigid character test, and a 'finger print law' of wide application to every person found guilty of any offense must be enacted."

In addition, Judge McAdoo said, detectives and uniformed police should be so far apart that they do not even know each other by sight.

The automobile has been eagerly seized by criminals as the most effective weapon devised for their purpose," said Judge McAdoo. "Chauffeurs have exceptional responsibility, therefore, and every man driving a car should be compelled to prove that he is a man of moral standing."

Use of fingerprinting in identifying women residents of disorderly districts also was recommended by Judge McAdoo. Chicago is likely soon to have a court for women only, Chief Municipal Judge Harry Olsen told Judge McAdoo.

CORONER'S JURY REPORTS

Hodes' Death Caused by Sharp Instrument but No One Blamed.

OREGON CITY, Or., Jan. 27.—(Special.)—The Coroner's jury today at the inquest into the death of Carl Hodes, the well-to-do saloonkeeper whose body was found on a rocky cliff in West Oregon City, decided that Hodes came to his death as the result of a wound in his neck made by a "sharp instrument," but whether the wound was inflicted by Hodes we are unable to say.

The jury was composed of S. S. Walker, T. J. Meyers, D. E. Frost, E. P. Elliott, E. L. Johnson and John Kent. Gilbert L. Hedges, alderman and coroner, presided in the examination of witnesses.

Conrad Priester told of having found a razor near where the corpse was found. Other witnesses were Sheriff Mass, Caspar Krapp, brother-in-law of Hodes; Dr. M. C. Strickland, who held the autopsy; John L. Cameron and Edward Bettner.

The funeral will be held at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning at St. John's Catholic Church, Rev. Father Hillbrand officiating. All the saloons of the city will be closed between 11 and 12 o'clock. The interment will be in the Catholic Cemetery.

BAGGAGE LIABILITY ISSUE

Railroad Appeals Judgment of \$700 for Lost Wearing Apparel.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—An attempt to procure a decision from the Supreme Court of the United States to the effect that the Hepburn rate law allows railroads to limit their liability for loss of baggage in return for a low passenger rate, was inaugurated today when attorneys for the Oregon Short Line Railroad appealed to the court from a decision handed down by the Utah Supreme Court.

In the case in question, Mrs. Charlotte A. Homer, of Salt Lake City, sued for the loss of \$700 worth of wearing apparel carried as baggage from Salt Lake City to Los Angeles. The Utah courts would not permit the railroad to offer in evidence agreement on the ticket that in return for the rate at which the ticket was sold, the liability in case of loss of baggage would be limited to \$100.

The court recently declared that such limitations could be placed on freight and express shipments.

"CHILD OF 45" TO BE HEIR

Woman Applies to Court for Permission to Adopt Spinster.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—A petition to adopt a "child about the age of 45 years" was presented to Judge McKinley in the Superior Court today by Mrs. Martha Frances Collins, 65 years old. In her application to the court she set forth that she desired to adopt Miss Elina Robinson, who has lived with her for 40 years, to make her the legal heir to a large estate.

Judge McKinley took the request under advisement.

CALIFORNIA FRUIT HELD UP

Chicago Inspector Will See if Oranges Are Fit to Be Sold.

CHICAGO, Jan. 27.—Twenty-two carloads of California oranges were stopped in a railroad yard today by Dr. B. E. Sherman, of the city food inspection bureau. Samples of the fruit will be examined to ascertain if they are fit to be sold in Chicago.

Five cars were rejected last week. Bills of lading furnished to Dr. Sherman showed that the rejected cars were re-shipped, four to New York and one to Detroit.

MEASURE UP TO GOVERNOR

Vermont Sterilization Bill Cause of Much Discussion.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Jan. 27.—A legislative measure providing for the sterilization of defective criminals will be held before Governor Fletcher tomorrow. Strong pressure both in favor and against the bill will be exerted. No recent act of the Legislature has aroused more discussion.

Those who will appear before the Governor include representatives of medical societies, scientists and some who oppose the law on religious grounds.

THORPE CONFESSES HE IS PROFESSIONAL

Act Upsets Results in Olympic Games.

RED LOSES AMATEUR HONORS

World's Greatest Athlete Asserts Wrong Unrealized.

BASEBALL PLAYED FOR PAY

Former Student at Carlisle Indian School Writes Letter to James E. Sullivan and Admits Truth of Charges.

THORPE CHAMPION ATHLETE OF ALL NATIONS.

James Thorpe, the Sac and Fox Indian, possibly the greatest athlete the world has ever known. Not only is he the champion track and field athlete of all nations, winning the pentathlon and decathlon at the 1912 Olympic games at Stockholm, Sweden, and the all-around title of the United States last Labor day, but he is a leader in other major branches of sport. He is known as the world's greatest football player and is rated as among the best basketball, increase and basketball players.

A week ago Thorpe was charged with being a professional since 1910, through having played professional basketball with the Winston and Salem, N. C., team. It was contended that he was therefore ineligible to compete as an amateur at the Olympic games. His confession to the charges means the loss of his position as the United States' return of all trophies and his future disbarment from amateur athletics.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—James Thorpe, the Indian athlete and Olympic champion, admitted today that charges of professionalism brought against him were true and formally retired from amateur athletics. Thorpe's confession was contained in a letter to the registration committee of the Amateur Athletic Union which met today to investigate his case.

The letter admitted that Thorpe had played baseball for a salary on a professional team three years ago while a student of the Carlisle Indian school, but said Thorpe's name was there were several Northern College men who were regarded as amateurs and Thorpe did not realize that his participation was wrong. Thorpe said that he did not play for the money he earned, but for the love of the game.

Record Is Wonderful.

Thorpe's winning of the pentathlon and decathlon events at the Olympic games in Stockholm and later his wonderful performances which won for him the all-around championship of the Amateur Athletic Union at Celtic Park last September stamped him the most marvelous all-around athlete of modern times. In addition his prowess as a football player had earned for him last season by unanimous choice of leading sporting writers the position of half-back on the all-American football team for 1912.

All the prizes and the honors which Thorpe has gained since 1909—the date from which his standing as a professional begins—must be transferred through the officials of the Amateur Athletic Union to the men who finished second to the Indian in every event. This will mean that the trophies and points won in the pentathlon and decathlon must be given respectively to E. H. Bio, Norway, and H. Wieslander, Sweden, and that J. J. Donahue, Los Angeles, and G. Lomborg, Sweden, will take second places.

John Bredebus, of Princeton, finished second to Thorpe in the American all-around championship and Bruno Brodd, of the Irish-American Athletic Club, third, and, therefore, now must be accorded the honors. In this championship Thorpe made a total score of 7416 points and broke the former record of Martin Sheridan by 91 points.

American Still Winner.

The loss of the six points scored by Thorpe in the Olympic games still leaves the United States winner by a wide margin, however, the total standing being: United States 79, with Finland in second place with 29.

Charges that Thorpe had played professional baseball in Winston-Salem, N. C., first were published last week in a Worcester (Mass.) newspaper, James E. Sullivan, the secretary and other officials of the Amateur Athletic Union, immediately began an investigation, which culminated today in a meeting of the officials of the Amateur Athletic Union and the American Olympic committee in this city. Those in attendance were Gustavus T. Kirby, president of the Amateur Athletic Union and vice-president of the American Olympic committee; James E. Sullivan, secretary and Bartow S. Weeks, of the registration committee of the Amateur Athletic Union and vice-president of the Olympic committee.

Warner Presents Confession.

Prior to the meeting Glenn S. Warner, athletic director of the Carlisle Indian school, called on Mr. Sullivan and presented to him Thorpe's confession of the professionalism and some letters expressing the regret of M. (Continued on Page 12.)

