GARY DINNERS SET PRICES, SAYS COREY

Ex-President of Steel Trust Contradicts Corporation's Answer to Complaint.

ARMOR POOL IS ADMITTED

Judge Gary, Witness Says, Knew of Existence of Agreements Which He Said He Stopped—Clash Over Policy Shown.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—William Ellis Corey, ex-president of the United States Steel Corporation, again a witness in the hearing of the Government suit to dissolve the corporation under the Sherman anti-trust law, gave further testimony today in support of the Government charge that the corporation is a monopolistic combination.

He testified that "understandings" to maintain prices were reached at the famous "Gary dinners," given in New York by Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the corporation, at which a large majority of the steel manufacturers of the country were represented.

Armor Plate Pool Confirmed.

He gave testimony, the first adduced from any witness in the suit, as to the existence of an international armor plate pool in which the United States Steel Corporation had participated. He confirmed in testimony the existence of a "plate and structural pool," and declared that Judge Gary had had knowledge of it.

He declared that he himself had given orders to close down blast furnaces for the purpose of maintaining the price of pig iron. He said steel rails were sold to foreign consumers at a lower price than to domestic, and he furnished testimony intended to prove that the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company was a competitor of the Steel Corporation in the rail market prior to its acquisition by the corporation.

Clash Over Policy Indicated.

Mr. Corey, who resigned as president of the corporation in 1910, made it plainly evident in his testimony that in many respects he had clashed with Judge Gary and the members of the finance committee on the matters of policy. He declared that he never had favored the lease of the Hill ore lands by the corporation in 1907, which was abrogated by the corporation almost coincidently with the filing of the present suit.

"We paid double the price the ores were worth," he said, adding that the finance committee had overruled him.

On the question of maintaining prices through the agency of the Gary dinners, Mr. Corey said he had been in "favor of competitive conditions," and that prices were maintained "longer than seemed advisable." His testimony in regard to these dinners was in direct contradiction, it was pointed out by counsel tonight, to what the Steel Corporation said in its answer to the Government's complaint. This answer denied that "at any of said meetings or at any other time and place there was any agreement or understanding that prices should be maintained."

Dinners Really Pools.

The "Gary dinners," which began in 1907, took the place, the Government maintains, of various pools in maintaining prices in the steel trade. In his testimony concerning several of these pools Mr. Corey said that the Steel Corporation was represented in the "plate and structural pool" by the Carnegie Steel Company. He admitted that the pool divided business and imposed penalties when the business of a member exceeded its allotments.

"Was it known at the executive offices of the Steel Corporation that subsidiaries of the corporation were operating under the agreements which you have described?" asked Jacob M. Dickinson, chief attorney for the Government.

Before Mr. Corey could answer counsel for the Steel Corporation objected to the question on the ground that the term "executive offices" was indefinite.

"Did E. H. Gary know about it?"

"He did," said the witness.

Judge Gary in his testimony before the Stanley steel investigating committee said he had put a stop to the pools as soon as he learned of their existence. Gary has not testified in this suit.

HOMES OF 120,000 TO GO

Paris' Purchase of Fortifications Makes New Problem.

PARIS, Jan. 23.—The problem of finding accommodation for 120,000 people, who are to be evicted from their dwellings owing to the sale of the antiquated fortifications of Paris to city authorities by the French government, is now before the Municipal Council for solution.

The space occupied by the 21-mile wall encircling Paris and the "fring zone," 500 yards in width, facing it, is to be converted into public parks. This space is now covered by many thousand ramshackle houses, occupied by the poorer working people.

The amount of money expended on these old fortifications erected in 1840, and now to be razed, exceeded $200,000,000.

NAVAL MILITIA HELPED

Senate Would Advance Status to That of National Guard.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Naval militia would be put upon a new footing by a bill passed today by the Senate. It provides for the treatemnt of the Naval militia as a part of the regular Navy, in the same way that the National Guard is now related to the regular Army.

Enlistments in the Naval militia would make its members subject to call by the President in time of war. The bill has been strongly indorsed by the Navy Department.

HOUSE UPHOLDS CHAPLAIN

Instruction to Omit Reference to Legislation From Prayers Beaten.

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 23.—A resolution introduced in the lower house of the State Legislature today by Assemblyman Killingsworth, instructing the chaplain, Rev. Franklin K. Baker, not to refer to pending legislation in his prayers, was tabled by a vote of 41 to 20.

Killingsworth announced yesterday, after the chaplain had included in his prayer a plea for the passage of a Sunday-closing law, that he would present such a resolution today.

FORMER HEAD OF STEEL CORPORATION WHO SAYS UNDERSTANDING AS TO PRICES WAS REACHED AT GARY DINNER.

WILLIAM E. COREY.

TROOPERS FIRED ON

Border Patrol Encounters Mexican Rebels:

CAVALRY RUSHED FORWARD

Raiders Near Fabens, Texas, Are Repulsed by American Ranchmen, Who Drive Them Across Border, Killing One.

EL PASO, Tex., Jan. 23.—Telephone reports late this afternoon said that Mexican rebels this morning fired on United States troopers of the Thirteenth Cavalry patrolling the border near Fabens, Tex. Raiding of ranches by rebels in the same vicinity today resulted in a fight with American ranchmen, who drove the raiders over the line, killing one of them.

It was said that the Troop C patrol did not return the rebels' volley and that none of the American soldiers was injured. The firing on the United States troops occurred directly opposite Guadalupe, where 400 rebels were located. The American ranches were raided some miles to the west. Troop B, of the Thirteenth Cavalry, has been rushed to the scene.

Peace Offer Is Scouted.

It is said that General Jose Blanco, released by rebels at Guadalupe, brings a peace offer to the federal government from the rebels, who threaten to take Juarez unles sitheir demands are granted. The matter is rejected by the Mexican Consul here as "impossible," the details of the proffered plan being withheld. General Blanco said he was under parole not to enter the field against the rebels.

The insurrectos at Guadalupe are under command of Colonel Roque Gomez and American ranchmen report them well armed and mounted. They will co-operate with another group organized at Palomas, opposite Columbus, N. M., by Colonel David de la Fuente, who recently jumped bond at San Antonio, Tex., where he was held on a neutrality violation charge.

Cannon Placed in Juarez.

Other groups are said to be operating immediately below Juarez along the railroad lines. Inez Salazar, who appears to be acting as rebel commander-in-chief, is believed to be operating farther to the south and may encounter federal reinforcements being rushed to the Juarez garrison from the state capital.

At Juarez today the cannon throwing shrapnel were placed on a hill commanding the town from the southwest. Two machine guns complete the artillery strength. Aside from 300 regular troops, some 150 rural and city police and customs guards have been called upon to be ready.

12 DROWN, 3 ARE SAVED

Each Time Boat Capsizes, Some Sailors Are Swept Away.

GREAT GRIMSBY, England, Jan. 23.—Twelve of the crew of the bark Agda were drowned when that vessel foundered on Tuesday at the mouth of the Humber. Three sailors, the only survivors, were picked up by a trawler and landed here today.

When the Agda went down in a violent storm, the members of the crew took to a boat, which was capsized three times. On each occasion some of the struggling sailors were swept away and sank.

The three survivors clung to the boat and drifted for 12 hours.

MILLIONS YEARLY STOLEN

(Continued From First Page)

dollars annually, have been unearthed in New York City alone, while illegal trafficking in stamps in Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Pittsburg, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Minneapolis, Cincinnati, New Orleans, Kansas City, Denver, San Francisco, Seattle Portland, Or., and many other cities has reached large proportions.

In New York approximately 20 so-called stamp brokers make a business of purchasing postage stamps at a discount ranging from 50 cents to 90 cents on the dollar and selling them to merchants at prices varying from 95 cents to 99 cents on the dollar.

One stamp broker in New York City, who sells from $300 to $1000 worth of stamps a day to merchants, it is alleged, has been purchasing some of his supply from an employe of the New York State Government at Albany, who is said to have confessed to postoffice inspectors that he remitted to the stamp broker from $25 to $50 a week in stamps stolen from the state.

Office Boys Steal Cards.

One broker advertised by means of a sign carried through the New York financial district at the noon hour that he purchased printed uncancelled post cards. This resulted, it is said, in many office boys stealing cards from their employers and selling them for three cents a hundred. The printed portion of the cards then was skillfully covered by the broker with a piece of thick paper and the cards were sold. The culpable broker, according to his admission to the inspectors, sold the last two years more than 2,000,000 post cards, many of which were stolen by office boys.

The department redeems postal cards from original purchasers at 75 per cent of their face value. A few weeks ago a member of Congress and a former deputy commissioner of police of New York City requested the third Assistant Postmaster-General to redeem over a million cards from a constituent of the Congressman. Inquiry by inspectors developed the fact that the cards were the property of a stamp broker whose business is declared by the department officials to be clearly illegitimate.

Two Arrested in New York.

NEW YORK, Jan. 23.—Detectives arrested Richard Fredericks, a stamp dealer, and Irving Sevel, keeper of a news stand, today, on charges of having received stolen stamps. Other arrests are expected.

PRETTY NURSE IS BRIDE

MILLIONAIRE'S SON WOOS AND WINS FATHER'S ATTENDANT.

Parents on Learning of Secret Marriage to San Francisco Beauty are Surprised, Not Displeased.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—(Special.)—The marriage of Norma Anderson, reputed to be the most beautiful trained nurse in San Francisco, and Ernest Rochat, son of the millionaire furniture manufacturer and realty operator, became known after being a secret since Saturday.

Rochat and his bride are passing their honeymoon in Santa Barbara, where the days are blue and silver, and the waves make music for the glowing moonlight nights.

The marriage was the denouement of a romance that began at the bedside of the father of the bridegroom.

The elder Rochat became ill recently after returning from a tour to Europe with his son. Miss Anderson became his nurse, and in that way met the son. Their engagement was kept secret, and intimate friends were not taken into their confidence when they decided to be married.

The wedding followed a quiet dinner to which young Rochat had taken the bride-elect at the Palace Hotel. The ceremony was performed at the home of the Rev. William Rader, pastor of Calvary Presbyterian Church.

The father of Rochat made his millions in the furniture business and in realty operations. The Rochat family home in Burlingame and the Rochat country estate in Sonoma County are among the finest in California.

The Rochat family had no objection to the marriage but was surprised at the news.

Colonel Stevens Transferred.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 23.—Lieutenant-Colonel Gustave W. S. Stevens, under orders issued today, is relieved of command of the artillery in the District of the Columbia and of Fort Stevens, Or., and is ordered to Charleston. He will be succeeded by Lieutenant-Colonel Oscar L. Straub, now at Fort Baker, Cal. Major James Canby, Quartermaster, in addition to his other duties, has been detailed to take charge of construction work at Vancouver Barracks.

Mrs. Mosier on Tour.

MOSIER, Or., Jan. 23.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. N. Mosier, wife of the president of the Mosier Valley Bank, was a passenger on the steamer Bear, which sailed from Portland on Tuesday. Mrs. Mosier will visit friends in California cities and spend a few months in Los Angeles, where she hopes the climate may be beneficial to her health.

MORGAN BANKER IN FAVOR OF CONTROL

Combination Under Supervision Held Better Than Unregulated Competition.

TRUSTS "GREAT BLESSING"

Henry P. Davison Tells House Committee It Is Unfortunate for Entire World That Courts Have Interfered.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—That the present concentration of financial resources in New York is "sufficient to care for the business and commerce of the country," was the statement today of Henry P. Davison, of J. P. Morgan & Co., on the stand before the House money trust committee. The question of further concentration, Mr. Davison asserted, depended entirely upon the development of the business and commerce of the country.

Mr. Davison went on record as favoring "combination and control of industries under Government regulation, as opposed to free, unrestricted competition."

Samuel Untermyer, counsel for the committee, had a tilt with the witness on the conduct of banking affairs in European countries. Mr. Untermyer insisted that England, France and Germany prevent control of banks through interlocking directorates.

Concentration Strong Abroad.

"Talk about concentration, why, we haven't even started in this country, as compared with the European nations," was Mr. Davison's reply to this statement.

Mr. Davison said he saw no objection to a law forcing the publicity of bank assets, "if the public thought it desirable," but he was opposed to any law that would force banks to make public lists of their stockholders.

"Do you favor the principle of controlling concerns through holding companies?" asked Mr. Untermyer.

"Generally speaking," said Mr. Davison, "I have a prejudice against holding companies, but I think there are circumstances which make a holding company the best means of handling a situation."

Trusts Regarded as Blessing.

"Do you believe three or four or half a dozen men should be allowed to monopolize any industry so long as they do not operate through a holding company?"

"I don't know how you could prevent it, if they had the financial backing and the ability to do it," asserted Mr. Davison.

"Are you opposed to trusts?" asked Mr. Untermyer, a few moments later.

"I would not say that I was wholly in favor of them in the making, but I was not opposed to them after they were made. I think they were a great blessing to the country."

Mr. Davison further said that he thought it was "unfortunate for the people of the entire world" that the courts interfered with the trusts, "as they have done."

STEAMER PORTLAND SOLD

Globe Milling Company Starts Fleet for Bulk Wheat Trade.

When the steamer Portland finished unloading New York cargo at San Francisco this week she was bought by the Globe Milling Company as the first of a fleet to be used in transporting grain from this city to San Francisco and San Pedro. The steamer recently completed a voyage under charter to Bates & Chesebrough.

The Portland was built in 1900 and was first known as the A. B. Wolvin. She is of 2286 tons gross and 1587 tons net register, her length being 242 feet, beam 42 feet and depth of hold 26.6 feet. She carries a crew of 19 and boasts 900 indicated horsepower. The Globe Milling Company has begun preliminary work on a grain elevator to be erected on the East Side, and it is the announced plan to handle cereals in bulk from here.

W. J. Turnridge Dies at Scio.

SCIO, Or., Jan. 23.—(Special.)—William J. Turnridge, aged 71 years, and long a resident of this section, died recently. He was a native of Holt County, Mo., but resided 26 years on a claim four miles west of this place. He is survived by three children: Joseph Turnridge, Mrs. Ellen Henness and Mrs. Gene Gordon.

Civil War Veteran Made Citizen.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 23.—For 51 years a resident of the United States, a veteran of the Civil War and 76 years of age, William Westhoff was admitted to American citizenship today. He wants to return to Germany for a visit and, to make sure he is not detained, applied for citizenship.

Marsrfield Waters Recede.

MARSHFIELD, Or., Jan. 23.—(Special.)—The high water of the past few days is now receding and it is possible to run trains over the local branch of the Southern Pacific, though water civers it in places to the depth of six to eight inches.

Retired List oNt to eB Augmented.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 23.—The Senate committee on military affairs today refused to report favorably the bil lto place surviving officers of the Civil War on the retired list of the Army. It would require an annual expenditure of about $11,000,000.

Camas Factory Girls Strike.

CAMAS, Wash., Jan. 23.—(Special.)—The 39 girls employed in the Crown Columbia Paper Company's bag factory went out on strike this afternoon. The girls are paid $1.10 a day and have asked for an increase to $1.50. This request has been refused by the company. The company has shut down the bag factory and has laid off the 50 men employed.

Millman in Auto Drowns.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 23.—James Izett, aged 38 years, president of the Izett Lumber Company, of Seattle, was drowned yesterday at Brinnon on Hood Canal, when his automobile plunged off a wharf while he was trying to turn it in an insufficient space. The company's mill is at Brinnon.

Condon Young Man Dead.

CONDON, Or., Jan. 23.—(Special.)—James Smith, aged 23 years, died at the home of his parents in this city Wednesday. He was the son of W. J. Smith, a prominent farmer of this vicinity. He was one of the candidates for the postmastership.

Slayer of 30 Apaches Dies.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 23.—Stewart Wall, who fought a battle almost single-handed against the Apaches in 1864 and killed 30 Indians before he fell with 14 bullets in his own body, died here today. Wall was 81 years old.

Hawley to Make Address.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Jan. 23.—Representative Hawley will deliver an address on William McKinley before the Young Men's McKinley Republican Club of Pittsburg next Wenesday.

Fullerton Signs With Seattle.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 23.—(Special.)—Pitcher Charlie Fullerton's signed contract was received by President Dugdale today. The headquarters of the Seattle baseball club will be changed to the New York block this week. The contract for new offices was signed today.

Friday and Saturday Only

5--BIG SPECIALS--5

$12.50 and $15 Men's Overcoats and Slip-Ons — $7.45
The Overcoats are made of fancy mixtures and storm collars, latest styles and patterns

$15 Men's High-Grade, Tailor-Made Suits for — $9.85
Brown, fancy mixtures and striped effects. Genuine $15.00 values.....

$2.50 Men's Pants, Extra Special for This Sale — $1.65
Made of striped and fancy cloths. Belt straps and flap pockets.....

$1.25 Men's Wool Underwear, Very Special at — 89c
Natural wool, the very best of workmanship. A rare value.....

$1.50 Men's Flannel Shirts, Specially Priced at — $1.15
Grays, browns and tans, made with plain collars or with military styles.....

The Red Front Cor. First and Taylor Streets

"My! This goes to the spot!"

And this isn't the first time this hungry man has said the same thing about our wholesome Tomato Soup. Every time you eat it you realize more than ever that there is nothing like good tomato soup to put the right edge on your appetite; and that there is no tomato soup like Campbell's. Fresh, tempting, nourishing, it is ever welcome and satisfying, alike at the formal company-dinner or the simplest home-meal.

Don't you need another dozen today?

21 kinds 10c a can

Look for the red-and-white label

Campbell's SOUPS

Everybody Admires a Beautiful Complexion.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S

Oriental Cream

OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

An Indispensable and Delightful Toilet Requisite for Fashionable Women.

A daily necessity for the ladies' toilet whether at home or while traveling. It protects the skin from injurious effects of the elements, gives a wonderfully effective beauty to the complexion. It is a perfect non-greasy Toilet Cream and positively will not cause or encourage the growth of hair which all ladies should guard against when selecting a toilet preparation. When dancing, bowling or other exertions heat the skin, it prevents a greasy appearance.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream has been highly recommended by physicians, actresses, singers and women of fashion for over half a century and cannot be surpassed when preparing for daily or evening attire.

Gouraud's Oriental Cream cures Skin Diseases and relieves Sunburn, Removes Tan, Pimples, Blackheads, Moth Patches, Rash, Freckles and Vulgar Redness, Yellow and Muddy Skin, giving a delicately clear and refined complexion which every woman desires.

No. 11 For sale by Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Ferd. T. Hopkins, Prop., 37 Great Jones Street, New York.

Blood Humors

Commonly cause pimples, boils, hives, eczema or salt rheum, or some other form of eruption; but sometimes they exist in the system indicated by feelings of weakness, languor, loss of appetite, or general debility without causing any breaking out.

Hood's Sarsaparilla expels them, renovates, strengthens and tones the whole system, according to the testimony of thousands annually.

"My little boy was a sufferer from skin disease. A sore formed on his jaw and began to discharge. I gave him Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when he had taken six bottles he was completely cured." C. Smith, Altheimer, Ark.

There is no real substitute for

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Get it today in the usual liquid form or in the tablets known as Sarsatabs.

Your Family's Health

depends largely on proper sanitary conditions. You can have the kind of sewer pipes in Portland streets that won't disintegrate and emit deadly fumes. It's made in Oregon, too. Boost for Portland Glazed Cement Sewer Pipe.

INVESTMENTS

In buying securities from this company the customer has the careful and constant attention of officers, counsel and directors and the assurance that the interest and principal will be paid promptly.

The 1st Trust Company of Portland Oregon

THIRD AND WASHINGTON.

The man who spends all he earns is but a slave, for his work brings him nothing but a living. Work is a pleasure to the man who saves, for by it he gains independence.

A Savings Account is the beginning of independence. Open one at the

SECURITY SAVINGS AND TRUST COMPANY

Fifth and Morrison Streets

Capital and Surplus $1,400,000

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LARGEST AND NEWEST STEAMERS ON THE COAST.

Sailing 4 P. M. Jan. 26, 31; Feb. 5 and 10 and every five days.

SAN FRANCISCO—First-class $10.00, $12.00 and $15.00. Second-class $6.50.

LOS ANGELES—First-class $21.50, $23.50, $26.50. Second-class $11.35.

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