



## BORDEN PROPOSES NAVY FOR CANADA

### Mother Country to Enjoy Real Benefit.

## THREE BATTLESHIPS PLANNED

### Premier Says Dominion Would Have Voice in Councils.

## SITUATION DEEMED GRAVE

### Admiralty Also Prepared to Order Smaller Craft in Near Future. Disaster Predicted if Britain Suffers Defeat.

OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 5.—Canada proposes to add three of the most powerful battleships afloat, at a cost of \$35,000,000, to the naval defense of the British empire. These vessels are to be built in Great Britain and will form part of the British fleet, but they can be recalled to form part of a Canadian navy should such step be necessary.

This policy was announced late today in the House of Commons by Premier Borden in a carefully-prepared address in which he reviewed the status of the naval affairs of the world and told of the burden thrown on the mother country through the aggressive naval policy of Germany, in particular.

### Co-Operation Declared Essential.

Premier Borden dwelt upon the growth of Canada and other over-sea dominions and with it the increasing need of protection. There had now come up, he said, the problem of combining co-operation with autonomy and it seemed essential that there should be such co-operation in defense of trade as will give to the whole empire an effective organization in these matters of vital concern.

Here the Premier announced that with the new order of things, Canada would have a voice in foreign affairs.

"When Great Britain no longer assumes sole responsibility for defense upon the high seas," he said, "she can no longer undertake to assume sole responsibility for the sole control of foreign policy."

### Margia Diminishes Strain.

He quoted a long memorandum prepared for the Canadian government by the Admiralty. It reviewed the recent growth of the naval forces, especially those of Germany. It said that in the Spring of 1915 Great Britain would have in home waters 25 dreadnoughts, two Lord Nelsons and six battle cruisers; Germany, 17 dreadnoughts and six battle cruisers. Today Britain has 18 dreadnoughts, against 19 possessed by the other nations of Europe. In 1913 the comparative strength will be 24 to 21, in 1914, 31 to 24, and in 1915, 35 to 21.

"Larger margins of superiority at home," the memorandum states, "would restore a greater freedom to the movements of the British squadrons in every sea and directly promote the security of the dominions. Anything which increases our margin in the newest ships diminishes the strain and augments our security and our chance of being left unmolested."

### Defeat Would Mean Disaster.

Premier Borden pointed to the disastrous effect on Canada and the empire that would result from the defeat of the British navy.

Twelve years ago the British navy and flag were predominant on every ocean of the world," he said. "Today they were predominant nowhere except in the North Sea."

The duty of preserving safety at home had led to calling ships from distant stations, he declared, and this in spite of greatly increased expenditures for national defenses.

The Premier explained that none of the dreadnoughts would be built in Canada, as the country was not prepared to construct such ships, but he announced that the admiralty was prepared to give orders in the early future for the building in Canada of small cruisers and auxiliary craft. In connection with the department of ship-building, he said, he would not be surprised to see the establishment of a higher class of engineering work which would produce articles now imported into Canada.

### Canada to Be in Cabinet.

Mr. Borden announced that he had been assured by His Majesty's government that it would welcome the presence in London of a Canadian Minister and that this Minister would be regularly summoned to all meetings of the committee on Imperial defense and would be regarded as one of its permanent members. No important step in foreign policy, he said, would be undertaken without consultation with Canada's representative.

The Premier said that upon the information he had disclosed to the House, the situation, in his opinion, is sufficiently grave to demand immediate action.

Debate on the proposals was set to begin next Thursday.

### Lands Irrigated for Indians.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Dec. 5.—The Secretary of the Interior reports to Congress that last year \$111,859 was expended by his department for the irrigation and drainage of Yakima Indian lands and \$47,127 for irrigating Fort Hall Indian lands in Idaho.

## SON INVOKES LAW TO BLOCK ROMANCE

### FATHER WILLS \$1000 TO OLD VIRGINIA SWEETHEART.

### G. H. Gatts, of Linn County, Files Petition to Have Bequest Set Aside by Court.

ALBANY, Or., Dec. 5.—(Special.)—The cold procedure of the law, in the form of a petition to set aside the will of the late F. M. Gatts, today stepped in to frustrate a unique romance whereby Gatts gave \$1000 to a woman he had loved a quarter of a century ago and whom he had not seen for more than 20 years. The petition was filed by G. H. Gatts, a son, and only heir at law of the estate.

When the will of F. M. Gatts, who died at his home in Lebanon in September, was presented for probate it was discovered that the old man had bequeathed \$1000 to Mrs. Louisa Yancey, of Wilmington, Va. According to the story which developed at that time Gatts met Mrs. Yancey when he was living in Virginia more than 25 years ago. He was then living with his first wife and Mrs. Yancey also was married. Later Gatts and his wife came to Lebanon, where Mrs. Gatts died several years ago. In 1903 Gatts married again. Five years later Mrs. Gatts obtained a divorce.

After this divorce had been granted Gatts learned that Mrs. Yancey's husband was dead and a correspondence sprang up between them. Gatts wanted to marry her, but friends persuaded him not to do so because Gatts, who was 55 years old when he died, had been in poor health and was far different in appearance from the man Mrs. Yancey had known in Virginia 20 years ago. But though he gave up the idea of marriage, Gatts continued the correspondence with the woman until his death.

Besides being married twice, Gatts narrowly missed a third matrimonial venture in an experience with a marriage bureau. A prospective wife, obtained through correspondence, went to Lebanon to marry him but for some reason the marriage did not take place. In the petition to set aside the will G. H. Gatts alleges that when his father made the will he was feeble in mind and body and incapable of making a will. He also asserts that in her frequent letters to him Mrs. Yancey made many protestations of love, but always ended them with pleas for money. He asserts that she so swayed his mind that he was incapable of making a just will.

The value of Gatts' estate is estimated at \$2000.

## BULL MOOSERS ARE ALONE

### Pointdexter, Dixon and Clapp Vote With No Republican Aid in Senate.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Dec. 5.—Pointdexter, Dixon and Clapp, the only admitted Bull Moosers in the Senate who have severed connections with the Republican party, found out today just how they are regarded by their colleagues. During the hearing of the Archbold case, Senator Pointdexter moved to admit as evidence certain papers which had been referred to in the hearing. A roll call was demanded and when it was concluded it was found that the entire Senate, with the exception of Pointdexter, Dixon and Clapp, had voted to reject Pointdexter's motion. Even the insurgent Republicans present voted against the men who have left the Republican party.

## HANGING INVITATIONS OUT

### Executions at Salem, December 13, to Start at 7:30 in the Morning.

SALEM, Or., Dec. 5.—(Special.)—Invitations to his executions at the State Penitentiary on Friday, December 13, which are now being prepared for, show that it is the plan to hang John M. Taylor and Nobel Faulder at 7:30 o'clock in the morning.

The executions of Mike Morgan, H. E. Roberts and Frank S. Garrison, according to the invitations are scheduled for 11:30 o'clock in the morning. It has been customary to hang the prisoners during the noon hour. The fact that there are three men to be hanged at that time may have caused the earlier hour to be set so as to not prolong the executions past 1 o'clock if possible.

## JACOB KAMM SLEEPS WELL

### Pioneer and Capitalist Shows Improvement in Illness.

The condition of Jacob Kamm, one of the earliest pioneers connected with the steamboats of the city, and a wealthy capitalist as well, continued satisfactory all through yesterday. During the day he rested comfortably, and he was enjoying a welcome period of sleep at a late hour last night.

Inquiries at his home elicited the news that, with careful watching and nursing, necessary more on account of his advanced age than any particular ailment, there is every probability of his speedy return to health.

## LAND GRANT CASE CLOSES

### Final Testimony Taken, Preparatory to Arguments.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—Final testimony in the Government's suit to divest the Oregon & California Railroad Company of title to 2,380,000 acres of land extending 30 miles on each side of the Southern Pacific's main line right of way from the California state line to Portland, was taken today before Special Examiner Willis.

The suit is now ready for presentation by the United States District Attorney at Portland for a decision.

## WILSON TO RELY ON NO SINGLE ADVISER

### Invitation to Bryan Merely Casual.

## WAY PAVED BY NEBRASKAN

### Letter Hinting at Visit Forwarded to Bermuda.

## MANY LEADERS WILL CALL

### President-elect Points to Course in Past as Proof That It Is Against His Policy to Form Individual Alliances.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Dec. 3.—The story of just how the engagement for the approaching conference of President-elect Wilson with William Jennings Bryan came to be made was told today.

It seems that just before Mr. Wilson's departure from Princeton and while he was keeping his destination secret in order to avoid callers, word came to Mr. Bryan that Mr. Wilson was going to Florida. It happened that Mr. Bryan already had made plans to visit Miami and in writing the President-elect, casually mentioned the fact and adding that he might drop in on the next President some day if the latter happened to locate nearby.

### Letter Received in Bermuda.

The letter was not received by Mr. Wilson until after he arrived at Hamilton. In reply he said he would be pleased to meet Mr. Bryan when he returned to the United States. This is the extent of the correspondence on that subject between the two Democratic leaders since the election.

The President-elect is not permitting himself to be troubled by the factional differences affecting his administration. "I know that there have been all sorts of crises," he said today, "but there is not going to be any trouble. Why, it would be downright stupidity to start trouble in the present state of things and those who expect it are going to be fooled, and badly fooled, too."

## Individual Alliance Shunned.

It is known that Mr. Wilson's mind is an open one on many momentous matters and he has made it clear that he will have no single adviser. He has said that anyone who has followed his course in public life knows that it is contrary to his principles to form individual alliances. His idea is to counsel with all those who are in a position to aid him in the furtherance of policies that are for the common good.

Immediately upon his return home he will meet many party leaders, though no engagement other than that with Mr. Bryan has been made.

## Confidence Felt in Underwood.

In his hope that Congress will fulfill its campaign pledges, Governor Wilson is encouraged by his confidence

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## INDIANS SHOOT AT AVIATORS IN ANDES

### HOSTILE REDMEN BLOW POISONED DARTS AT AIRMEN.

### Three French Aeroplans Buffeted by Snow Storm—Biplane Is Left With Aborigines.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—(Special.)—Three French aviators, who crossed the Andes in a biplane through blinding snow storms and dared the poisoned darts of hostile South American Indians, sailed from New York for home today on the La Savole.

The aviators were Dr. Ignace Allende, Pierre Villard and M. Le Compta Saint Croix de la Boniere.

The trio started from San Diego, Chile, August 14 in a Curtiss biplane with a supply of evaporated food and many thicknesses of clothing. They intended to make 150 miles a day and land in Southern Bolivia.

On the fourth day, at an altitude of 4000 feet, the airmen became lost. Villard became frostbitten and the men descended in a blinding snow storm. The aeroplane landed on a narrow ledge barely wide enough for it to rest on, where the eagles had made their nests. In danger of freezing, they started out again in three hours and reached a sheltered valley.

On the sixth day the biplane descended in a thick forest. Indians with blowguns and poisoned darts attacked them and the aviators fled after a hard fight, leaving their machine. They made their way through thick forests to the village of Esang, Bolivia.

## MISS MORSE BRINGS SUIT

### Former Banker's Sister Holds Railway Gets Property Illegally.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Sue in behalf of a sister of Charles W. Morse, the former banker, was filed today against the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Company.

The action was instituted by Miss Jennie Morse in the court of chancery as a stockholder of the Metropolitan Steamship Company. She, as the holder of 167 shares of stock, alleges that the Metropolitan Company was so illegally manipulated that it came into the control of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad and thereby gave to that corporation a complete monopoly of the passenger and freight traffic water lines between New York and Boston.

Miss Morse requests the court to have the transactions annulled and the steamers Yale and Harvard sold to a Pacific Coast line, returned to the Metropolitan Steamship Company.

## TRAIN PASSES OVER YOUTH

### Lad Stealing Ride Falls and Saves Life by Clinging to Ties.

REDDING, Cal., Dec. 5.—Flattened between the rails, John Crews, of Spokane, 19 years old, lay on the roadbed near Delta last night when a heavy passenger coach passed over his body. Stealing a ride on the brake beams, he had lost his hold and fallen. The engineer of the next passenger train that came along saw him in the glare of the headlight, stopped and brought him to the hospital here. His injuries did not include any broken bones.

## Plan to Rob John D. Felled.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Written directions for entering the house of John D. Rockefeller at Pocantico Hills, New York, and burglar tools were found today upon a man arrested here, charged with burglary in Highwood, N. J. The man gave his name as Michael Ryan.

## GREECE AGREES TO JOIN PEACE MOVE

### Operations at Janina Are Continued.

## REASONS FOR DELAY GIVEN

### Fleet Moved to Prevent Turks From Gaining by Armistice.

## PROBLEMS TO BE SOLVED

### French Premier Points Out That It Will Be Necessary to Determine Amount of Turkish Public Debt to Be Assumed by Balkans.

LONDON, Dec. 5.—Greece, officially announced tonight that she would participate in the peace negotiations.

It is expected both from Sofia and Athens that Greece held out from the armistice in agreement with the allies to prevent Turkey from profiting from the armistice to improve her military positions.

An unconfirmed report from Athens says the Greeks are continuing their operations against Janina, but elsewhere orders have been received to cease hostilities.

Reports current yesterday that arrangements had been made for re-occupying the besieged garrisons appear to have been incorrect.

## Provisional to Be Delayed.

Provisioning will not begin until the peace conference has been inaugurated. The Bulgarian government organ, Mir, in an editorial today dilates on the advantages to Turkey of a good understanding with Bulgaria. It declares that Turkey's salvation lies not in continuing the war, but in seeking a rapprochement with Bulgaria.

The French Premier, M. Poincaré, in a speech in the Chamber of Deputies, made an important pronouncement indicating that the difficult problems would be solved at the London conference and expressed the hope that Turkey speedily would recover her prosperity.

## France May Call Convention.

He said it would be necessary to determine what part of the Turkish public debt should be taken over by the Balkan states, and added that France probably would arrange special conventions with the allies for the protection of French interests in the conquered territories.

A semi-official statement issued tonight at Athens protests against interpreting the fact that Greece did not sign the armistice as proof that dissensions existed among the allies and declares that it was by a demand of the allies that Greece adopted an attitude of difference from that of the other states.

## Naval Freedom Desired.

The explanation given that Greece's course was due to her anxiety that her naval action had not been interrupted in the Ionian Sea to prevent the

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## STUDENTS WRECK SUFFRAGE OFFICES

### GLASGOW UNIVERSITY MEN ENGAGE IN RIOTS.

### Demonstration by Women Resented. Police Quell Disturbers Only After Pitched Battle.

GLASGOW, Dec. 5.—Hundreds of organized students of Glasgow University went to the headquarters of the Women's Social and Political Union today and completely wrecked the offices.

The attack was the outcome of suffragette demonstration during the installation of Augustine Birrell, Chief Secretary for Ireland, as lord rector of Glasgow University.

Wild scenes followed the wrecking operations, finally culminating in a riot which was subdued only by baton charges by the police.

After smashing the front windows of the women's headquarters with stones the students rushed in, disregarding the cries of "onwards" from the three women left in charge of the place. They demolished the interior and destroyed everything they could lay their hands on.

One student, seizing a suffrage banner, marched out through the wrecked front of the building, leading a howling mob to meet the attack of the police. A lively battle ensued, and finally the police drew their batons and charged. They arrested a student, but his comrades fell upon the police in an effort to rescue him. The fight was waged up and down the streets, but the best the police could do was to hold their prisoner and capture one of the rescuing party. Later two other students were taken into custody, but all were liberated on bail.

The installation ceremonies at the university were carried out, but ten women were ejected during their progress.

## JURY OF WOMEN CONVICTS

### Idaho Woman Found Guilty by Panel of Own Sex in Half Hour.

BOISE, Idaho, Dec. 5.—(Special.)—Women jurors were on trial in Idaho for the first time in the history of the state today and they made good.

Impaneled as a jury in the Probate Court at Twin Falls, leading society women of that city returned a verdict of guilty against one of their own sex, Mrs. Edward Booth, charged with a misdemeanor in flourishing a deadly weapon, a Colt's 38 revolver, at Arthur Regus.

The women jurors, members of the Twentieth Century Club, filed into the jury box at 10 o'clock in the morning and as their names were called they responded as follows: Mrs. P. W. Roberts, Mrs. J. H. Seaver, Mrs. Burton E. Morse, Mrs. W. F. Pike, Mrs. E. B. Williams and Mrs. J. B. Hill.

Probate Judge J. W. Shields designated Mrs. Pike as forewoman. Early in the afternoon the jury retired with the case and returned a verdict of guilty within half an hour. Mercy was recommended by the jury.

## TEAL CAMPAIGN FAVORED

### Gratifying Reports Received by Committee Urging Candidacy.

Under the leadership of the committee from the Portland Ad Club, the campaign to secure the appointment of J. N. Teal to the office of Secretary of the Interior is being extended to all parts of the country, especially the Pacific Coast cities, and the pledges of support being received are highly encouraging to Mr. Teal's adherents.

Prominent men in the National affairs in the waterways and reclamation organizations have, almost without exception, willingly lent their indorsement to the Teal campaign when they have been requested for such an indorsement.

Phil S. Bates, chairman of the committee which is carrying on the campaign for the Ad Club in Mr. Teal's behalf, announces that more than 3000 copies of various articles indorsing Mr. Teal's candidacy have been sent out and that they will reach the majority of the important commercial organizations in the United States.

## CAMORRIST GOES INSANE

### Prisoner Sentenced for 10 Years Is Removed to Asylum.

PISA, Dec. 5.—Giuseppe de Marsalis, one of the members of the Camorra, who was convicted at Viterbo of being implicated in the murder of Cuccolo and sentenced to 10 years' imprisonment, has become insane.

He has been transferred to an asylum for the criminal insane.

## TREES EVIDENCE OF WRECK

### Fishermen Find Christmas Greens; Ship So Laden Is Missing.

MANITOWOC, Wis., Dec. 5.—Mute evidence tending to show that the schooner Rose Simmons lies at the bottom of Lake Michigan off Two Rivers Point, 22 miles north of this city, was brought here today by fishermen who found entangled in their nets several Christmas tree tops, presumably part of the schooner's cargo.

## 23D CHILD IS WELCOMED

### Iowa Father, Married Four Times, Is Parent Again at 73.

Davenport, Iowa, Dec. 5.—Henry Disher, of Davenport, aged 73 years, and a veteran of the Civil War, just welcomed his twenty-third child. It is a few days old. His oldest is a son, 47 years old. All are living.

He has been married four times.

## WOMEN FLEE WHEN GOVERNOR SPEAKS

### Bleese Profane in Defending Lynching.

## CONSTITUTION HELD NAUGHT

### Mob Law Views Arouse Protests of Associates.

## DIVORCE LAWS DEBATED

### South Carolinian Defends Position of His State, Which Permits No Divorce for Any Cause, and Boasts Pardon Record.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 5.—Many women in attendance on the Governor's conference today hurriedly left the hall when Governor Bleese, of South Carolina, for the second time defending his doctrine of lynching negroes guilty of criminal assault, shouted the words: "To hell with the Constitution."

This sentiment was in response to a question by Governor Carey, of Wyoming, who desired to know whether Governor Bleese had not taken an oath to uphold the Constitution and laws of his state, and if these laws did not protect negroes as well as white men.

## Bleese Says He's Fighter.

"I will answer that question," replied the South Carolinian, "and I hope the newspapermen will get it right, for in my campaign in South Carolina they found that I am a fighter—and a cold-blooded fighter. When the Constitution steps between me and the defense of the virtue of the white women of my state, I will resign my commission and tear it up and throw it to the breeze. I have heretofore said, 'To hell with the Constitution.'"

When women, some of them wives and daughters of Governors, left the hall on hearing this, Governor Bleese subsided.

## Plan for Thoughtfulness Made.

Governor Gilchrist, of Florida, answered Governor Bleese.

"The first thing," he said, "that indicates a manly man or a womanly woman is thoughtful consideration for other people."

Later Governor Shafroth, of Colorado, referred to the lynch-law doctrine.

"One mob can do more injury to society," he said, "than 20 murderers, because a lynching permeates the entire community and produces anarchy. The influence of mob rule is most reprehensible. When laws are made it should be the duty of a Governor to enforce them, whether he approves them or not. When the law prescribes hanging for an offense and a man is found guilty, he should be hanged, whether white or black, and there is no excuse for mob rule. I conceive it to be our duty as Governors to declare for law and order."

## Divorce Laws Under Debate.

Papers read by Governors Oddie, of Nevada, and Hawley, of Idaho, on uniformity in divorce laws, were under consideration when Governor Bleese spoke. He defended the position of South Carolina, where no divorce is permitted for any cause. He reverted again to his pardon record, boasting that he had pardoned and paroled more negroes than all other Governors of his state combined since 1876.

"Unless there is a change in North Carolina in six years," Governor Kitchin, of that state, said, "the sentiment for standing by the law daily gains strength." He believed there should be convictions in nearly every case when there is a lynching.

Governor Mann, of Virginia, said that he would call out every soldier in the state, if necessary, to protect a man under arrest and give him a fair trial.

## PARIS FEARS WAR FAMINE

### Steps Taken to Provide City With Wheat to Anticipate Clash.

PARIS, Dec. 5.—M. Gallit, president of the City Council, called today on M. Millerand, Minister of War, and urged that the government take steps to insure the efficacy of the law of 1897, providing for the proper provisioning of Paris with wheat in case of war.

M. Gallit affirmed that if war were declared Paris would be without bread in three or four days.

This was due, he said, to the fact that all the railroads leading to Paris would be used for the mobilization of troops and no merchandise or food could be brought to the metropolis.

## RAILWAY LIABLE FOR MAIL

### Government Rules That Roads Must Pay for Losses in Wrecks.

SALT LAKE CITY, Dec. 5.—The Government has won a point in its contention that railroads which carry mail are liable for damages to registered matter destroyed in wrecks.

The Union Pacific demurred to the complaint of the Government asking \$12,000 compensation for postal losses in a disaster seven years ago at Assay, Wyo. Judge John A. Harvath, in the United States District Court, overruled the demurrer today.

