

We Offer

\$350,000

Lipman, Wolfe & Company

(Incorporated)

6% Collateral Trust Gold Notes

Dated November 1, 1912 Due Serially
 Interest Payable Semi-Annually, on the First Days of May and November

Denomination \$500 and \$1000
 Coupon Notes

Principal and Interest Payable at the Office of the Trustee
TITLE AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE
 Portland, Oregon

Legality of the issue has been approved by Earl C. Bronaugh and W. C. Bristol.

COLLATERAL—Secured by One Million Dollars cumulative preferred stock of Lipman, Wolfe & Company, deposited in trust; said amount being the total authorized issue of Preferred Stock.

The company will not in any manner encumber its property during the life of the notes.

The company agrees to keep current quick assets of \$500,000 or more in excess of all current liabilities as long as there are any of the notes outstanding.

Letter from Adolphe Wolfe, President, relative to the purpose of the issue, history and growth of the business, attorney's opinion, copy of trust agreement, and statement of financial condition certified by chartered accountants, open to inspection at request.

We offer the above notes at par and accrued interest subject to previous sale, withdrawal or change in price

TITLE and TRUST COMPANY
 J. F. DALY, President
 Fourth and Oak Streets Portland, Or.

COUPON

TITLE & TRUST COMPANY
 4th and Oak, Portland

Please send prospectus.

Name.....

Address.....

JUDGE'S PARTNER CONFESSES DEAL

"Silent Party" Presumed to Be Judge on Trial in Impeachment Case.

DEFENSE FIGHTS GROUND

Chief Interest in Impeachment Proceedings Centers in Charge That Influence Was Used on Erie Officials.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Admission that Judge Robert W. Archbald of the Court of Commerce had been interested with him in a deal for the Katydid culm dump, near Scranton, Pa., and would have profited from the sale of the property, were drawn today from Edward J. Williams, of Dunmore, Pa., before the Senate court of impeachment.

Mr. Williams was the first witness summoned in the impeachment of Judge Archbald. Standing at the clerk's desk and facing Judge Archbald, who had been his friend for 30 years, the aged Welchman became a silent witness to the duel between the House managers and Judge Archbald's lawyer as to what evidence should be admitted.

Judge to Share Profit.
 Interest today centered about the first article of the charges which alleged that Judge Archbald had exerted influence upon officers of the Erie Railroad when they had a lighterage case pending in his court, to compel them to give an option to Williams upon its portion of the Katydid refuse coal heaps, owned through its subsidiary company, the Hillside Coal & Iron Company.

Mr. Williams said Judge Archbald had had nothing to do with getting the option, further than to act as his friend and recommend him to the officers of the Hillside Company. Later, however, under the questions of Representative Webb, of North Carolina, he said Judge Archbald would have received half the profits from the sale of the property.

Admissions Wrong From Witness.
 "What did Judge Archbald do for which he was to receive one-half the profits from the coal dump?" demanded Representative Webb.

"It was none of anybody's business if I wished to give it to him," retorted Williams.

To this he later added that the interest of Judge Archbald resulted from what "he did for me" and that "it was partly through his influence that I got the options."

The deal, as outlined by Mr. Williams, began when he went to Judge Archbald and asked his assistance in getting an option on the Hillside company. Judge Archbald, he said, gave him a letter to W. M. May, superintendent of the Hillside Company, but Captain May declined to give him an option on the dump.

"I went back and told Judge Archbald I could not get it and he said he would see about it," said Williams.

Judge Archbald's attorneys fought against the admission of a document purporting to assign part of Mr. Williams' interest in the coal dump to William P. Boland and a "silent party," supposed to be Judge Archbald.

Defense Charges Conspiracy.
 A. S. Worthington, counsel for the accused man said the paper "had been prepared in the office of William P. Boland, of Scranton, and that 'it shows part of the conspiracy against Judge Archbald and the attempt to get him into trouble.'"

The Senate was forced to vote and the document was admitted as evidence.

From Mr. Williams' testimony, Representative Webb finally drew the admission made last Summer in the House investigation, that he had drawn up an assignment of part of the option to Mr. Boland and Judge Archbald, naming Archbald as the "silent party" because he thought it might get him into trouble if he were an open party to the deal."

RATES ON WESTERN WOOL ARE UPHELD

Commission Holds No Hardship Is Imposed by Minimum Requirement.

FOURTH CLASS TO STAND

Contention of Carriers With Respect to Interior Shipments Is Overruled and Modification Is Ordered.

FACTORY IS SUPPRESSED

WITNESS SAYS HARVESTER MADE ADVANCE PLANS.

Piano Officers at Time of Transfer Aware That Plant Is Not to Be Opened.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 4.—Negotiations for the sale in 1902 of the Piano Company, of Chicago, to William C. Lane and later its incorporation into the International Harvester Company were described this afternoon at the Government hearing in its suit to dissolve the International by G. W. Jones, of St. Louis, collection agent for the International, who was secretary, treasurer and a stockholder in the Piano Company.

All negotiations were carried on through George W. Perkins, Jones testified, and he and the other Piano Company officers acted on the advice of the Piano Company's attorneys and Mr. Perkins.

When he, with the other Piano officers, went to New York in August, 1902, to transfer the stock and receive in return stock in the International, he knew, he said, that Lane was not going to operate the Piano property.

After the transfer Jones became manager of the sales department of the Piano division of the International, he said, and with four other men holding similar positions, constituted a sales committee that was abolished in 1904.

Another witness introduced by the Government, John Plattner, of the Plattner Implement Company, of Denver, testified that his company began manufacturing reapers in 1905 and that every year since the output had doubled.

William L. Carr, of Kansas City, an agent for the International at Salina, Kan., from 1908 to 1907, refused to answer certain questions concerning contracts and the severance of his connection with the company, on the ground that he did not wish to "testify" the International by "showing up" methods used by it in attempting to drive out competition.

Every shoe of our great stock is on sale and must be sold. Rosenthal's, 7th and Wash. sts.

KING COUNTY VOTE COSTLY

Squak Precinct Records Only Five Ballots, Expense Being \$42.

WASHINGTON NEWS BUREAU

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The Interstate Commerce Commission, after rehearing and reinvestigation, today announced its determination to stand by its report of March 21, 1912, with reference to rates and classifications of wool shipped from the Rocky Mountain and Pacific Coast territory to Boston and other Eastern markets.

The Commission announced that both railroad and shipper have accepted and are carrying out most of the requirements of the order of March 21, but on several grounds vigorous protest was made and the contention made that the commission's orders were not practicable and could not be enforced. The Commission falls to find the complaints well grounded.

Minimum Declared Reasonable.
 One point involved in the reinvestigation was the minimum of 24,000 pounds for cars 36 feet in length, prescribed by the Commission for transportation of wool in the grease. The Commission now holds that the minimum imposes upon the shipper no unreasonable burden, but increases car efficiency and economy of transportation. It holds that if cars less than 36 feet long are tendered for shipment, a smaller minimum should be provided in the railroad tariffs. It was also contended by shippers that the Commission should apply the rates established for baled wool in all instances where the loading of sacks of wool equals or exceeds the minimum of 24,000 pounds per 36-foot car, which was prescribed for baled wool, but this contention is denied, the Commission holding it would work an injustice to the carriers.

Fourth-Class Rate Stands.
 The Commission also refuses to withdraw its ruling that wool in the territory involved should take the fourth-class rate, with a minimum of 24,000 pounds. Carriers were particularly insistent that westbound wool from interior points should not take the fourth-class rate, but the Commission stands firm on its order and will require carriers to modify their classification so that wool shall take not higher than the fourth-class rate.

Mayority Aspirant Seeks Advice.
 ABERDEEN, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—That the city conduct all dances and some other amusements is the strong plank in the platform of Joseph Jacobs, a candidate for Mayor of this city, who also makes it a point to inscribe a plank urging all municipal employees to give as much free advice as to how the affairs of this city should be run as they wish, without fear of removal.

89,759 GIVE MONEY

\$1,110,952 Donated to Wilson Campaign Fund.

ELECTION COST \$1,159,446

Charles R. Crane, Who Gave \$40,000, Is Largest Contributor—All Except 1625 Sent in Amounts of Less Than \$1000.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—It cost the Democratic National Committee \$1,159,446 to carry the election for Wilson and Marshall, according to its final statement of contributions and expenses filed with the House today. Charles R. Crane, of Chicago, was the heaviest contributor with \$40,000, closely pressed by Cleveland H. Dodge, of New York, \$35,000, and Herman Ridder, of New York, as treasurer of the funds collected for the committee, \$19,974.

The total of \$1,110,952 contributions received by the committee came from 89,759 separate contributions of which 86,134 but 1625 were in amounts less than \$100.

W. J. Bryan gave \$1000, as did David E. Francis, ex-Secretary of the Interior; John F. Fitzgerald, Mayor of Boston; Senators Newlands, of Nevada, and O'Gorman, of New York. Senator Watson, of West Virginia, contributed \$7500 and Governor Foss, of Massachusetts, ex-Senator Clark, of Montana, and Roger Sullivan, of Chicago, gave \$6000 each. George F. Baer, president of the Philadelphia & Reading Railroad, gave \$1000; B. F. Yoakum, New York, \$2500, and J. D. Phelan, ex-Mayor of San Francisco, \$2000.

John Barton Payne, of Chicago, put \$15,000 into the committee's chest; Judge J. G. Girard, New York, \$13,000; Jacob H. Schiff and B. M. Barmuch, of New York, \$12,500 each.

The \$19,900 contributors, were Charles S. Guggenheimer, Samuel Untermyer, James Speyer, Jacob Ruppert, Henry Goldman, Henry Morgenthau, all of New York; F. C. Penfield, Cincinnati; Thomas D. Jones, David J. Jones, B. M.

TAYLOR SECURES PLEDGES

Washington House Speaker Hopes for Re-election.

SEATTLE, Wash., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—Howard D. Taylor, Speaker of the last House of Representatives, has pledged in writing the support of a majority of the Democratic and Republican Representatives-elect of the next House.

It is apparent from the support already tendered Taylor received today that pledges of support given Taylor yesterday insure a majority of the Democratic Representatives voting for him.

LATE INAUGURAL OPPOSED

Democratic Club Would Not Separate Oath and Pledgeant.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—The National League of Democratic Clubs concluded its sessions here today by the election of officers and the adoption of resolutions recommending that the ceremonies of swearing in of the President and the attendant pageant should not be separated, favoring only one term of office for President and deploring as unjust and reprehensible the manner in which the Panama Canal zone was acquired.

Perry Belmont, of New York, was elected president.

Springfield Couple Honored.
 SPRINGFIELD, Or., Dec. 4.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. John Danks, a prominent couple living on their farm four miles east of this city and near the village of Thurston, a few evenings ago celebrated the 45th anniversary of their wedding. After an interesting programme in the schoolhouse, given under the supervision of the teacher, Miss Margaret Ferrill, the younger people enjoyed a box supper and games, while the older members of the party assembled at the Danks home and spent a social evening.

CROOK COUNTY WINS PRIZE

Eastern Oregon Has Best Forage Exhibit at Minneapolis Land Show.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 4.—Crook County, Oregon, secured the Northern Pacific Railway's silver cup offered for the best display of forage plants exhibited at the recent Northwestern Land Products Exposition at Minneapolis.

The display at the exposition was made by the Prineville Commercial Club jointly with the Oregon and Western Colonization Company.

The forage plants in this display consisted of various bundles of alfalfa, field peas, mammoth and medium clover, wild peas, bromo grass, red top, wheat grass, vetch, sweet clover, timothy, timothy and wild rye. The alfalfa was of the first cutting and measured seven feet in length. Several heads of the timothy were 14 inches long, while a bundle of the wild rye measured 11 1/2 feet in height.

This forage was raised in the interior of Oregon from 10 to 30 miles distant from Redmond, a station on the new Oregon Trunk Railway, an affiliated line of the Northern Pacific Road.

ASSAY OFFICES ARE ISSUE

House Committee Strikes Out Funds for All Except Three.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Dec. 4.—(Special.)—The fight over Western assay offices is to be renewed at this session, the House committee on appropriations having stricken from the legislative bill reported today all appropriations for assay offices except those at Seattle, Deadwood and New York.

At the last session the House reversed the committee on this issue, and probably will do so again this session. If the House does not, the Senate will restore the appropriations.

Choice Offered Entrymen.
 OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Dec. 4.—(Special.)—Senator Poindexter today introduced a bill providing that all homestead entrymen who settled on public lands prior to

Our First Annual Diamond Exposition

has proven a pronounced success.



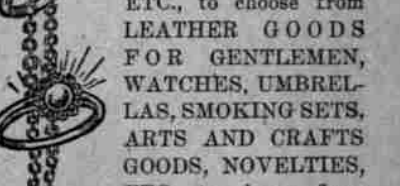
ONLY THREE DAYS MORE

If you have not already witnessed this magnificent display of rare mounted and unmounted gems, come in today.

Our store is fairly teeming with Xmas beauty and attractiveness. Our holiday stock is complete and now at its very best. Never have we had such a variety of, for example:

WRIST WATCHES, DINNER RINGS, BAR PINS, NECKLACES, PENDANTS, ARTISTS, ETC., to choose from LEATHER GOODS FOR GENTLEMEN, WATCHES, UMBRELLAS, SMOKING SETS, ARTS AND CRAFTS GOODS, NOVELTIES, ETC., to choose from and at prices that are incomparably low. Make your selections now.

Let us put aside for you anything which you may select now and wish to have delivered later.



The Leading Jeweler.
 350 Washington St., Wilcox Bldg.
 Established 1870.

YOUR HAIR IS FLUFFY, BEAUTIFUL AND LUSTROUS IN A FEW MOMENTS

Girls! Get a 25-cent bottle of "Danderine" and try this. Also stops falling hair; destroys dandruff.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff, cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any Drug-gist or toilet counter and just try it.