6000 HEAR KNOX CITE TAFT'S MERIT

"Noiseless Worker" Is He, Says Statesman—"Man of Deeds, Not Words."

ORDERLY PROGRESS SHOWN

America Must Remember Its High Standard of Comfortable Living Before Abusing With Strong Words, Declares Speaker.

(Continued From First Page.)

diction upon the wayward states, and withdrew the last soldier from Southern soil; with Harrison it extended the friendly hand of reciprocicty to the Nations, and hopeful pan-Americanism was born; to McKinley was given the scepter when Cuba was freed, and we found place in the council chambers of Christendom as a world power; Roosevelt was a Republican and occupied the Executive chair by the gift of that party, when he secured the brightest jewel of his political diadem, the matchless waterway, which will unite the oceans. A thousand other things, all necessary and most of them important, mark these administrations, and with them a thousand others, useless, blundering and unblest, the driftwood of human effort. The great central achievements, however, of which I speak, are lasting as the age; they are the heights above the clouds.

Party to Lead Peace Movement.

"The place of the Administration now sitting at Washington is fixed in history. Its niche in the hall of fame will be determined by its leadership in the world-wide peace movement and those magnificent arbitration treaties negotiated with France and Great Britain. President Taft has remembered in the conduct of the Government that above the glory of war and the gilded glamour of material triumph rests the eternal truth of the prophetic declaration, 'The work of righteousness shall be peace; and the effect of righteousness quietness and assurance forever,' and it is the recognition of this record which in this time of storm is bringing to his banner the mighty forces of the religious world and the army of recruits from the fields of social uplift.

"At the right hand of the President in the conception and inauguration of his magnificent scheme of peace has been the distinguished gentleman who honors us with his presence tonight, the Secretary of State, Philander C. Knox, of Pennsylvania, whom I now present to you."

Northwest Routs Pessimism.

"I am glad to be in the great American Northwest," said Secretary Knox. "Life here is an expression of achievement wrought out of conditions and opportunities unknown in any other age or any other country. It is a continuing and increasingly emphatic protest against pessimism. It is text from which an abler and more eloquent tongue could preach a sermon of sound and sober Americanism that should stay the march of self-slander that has alas, been sweeping over our fair land, carrying on its baleful crest the unthinking, the ungrateful, the envious and the unjust.

"The opportunities that were and are enjoyed here are the results of a struggle for equality of social, political and economic rights that has been progressively advancing since the foundation of our Government. Let us not be deceived about ourselves. The vigor, zeal and courage of the American people are not symptomatic of evil.

"Our great cities, fertile farms, prosperous industries, matchless facilities for transportation, intercourse and communication are not evidence of disease. This country has neither the measles, the mumps, nor is it myopic or paralytic, and this I assert, notwithstanding the strenuous efforts that are being made to convince the people that it is so. Diseases that require argument to establish their existence are not serious and yet there is nothing more common than the conviction that we suffer from ills over the possibility of whose existence we habitually brood.

"Quack's' Interest Evident.

"There is usually a direct relation between the zeal of the quack who insists upon your fatal illness and his interest in putting upon you his own remedy or insuring his own employment.

"The violence with which the place-hunters proclaim the general decline, laud their own virtues and denounce those who do not agree with them need not alarm the thoughtful. Divergences of opinion among our people—the differences in motives and policies represented in the more radical modern movements have been, I believe, and may be exaggerated. The reasons are not that we are hopeless. The reasons appear to lie around an opposite or contrasted attitude towards fundamental principles, and especially the principle of the rights of the individual.

"No honest man differs from another as to such moral issues as honesty in public life, rebuke of bossism, equality of opportunity, repression of corporate aggression, control of irresponsible and conscienceless wealth and corrupt alliances between business and politics. We are all one there."

Orderly Progress Urged.

Referring to the large measure of prosperity that exists throughout the United States with the farmer, the laboring man, the business and professional man, the speaker remarked that this was a condition which made for strong and effective as well as progressive government. He expressed confidence that the great masses of the people favored policies of "orderly progress under the Constitutional guaranties of life, liberty and property, and will not be long misled by inconsistencies and dangerous vagaries and extravagancies." The policies under which the Nation had grown so great, prosperous and influential, he pointed out, were, and are, Republican policies formulated and made effective through the Republican party.

Continuing, Secretary Knox said that no country at an important time in its history had been so nearly dominated by a political party as the United States had been by the Republican party for the last half century. The party in that time had met the demands of humanity and the responsibilities of legislation and administration, unassisted for the most part by consistent and intelligent opposition. All problems had been met and solved as the patriotism and intelligence of the party directed. In no other period of the country's history, declared the speaker, had any more been done to effect the real purposes of human government than stands to the credit of the Republican party and at no time had its service to the people been more conspicuous than in the last ten years.

Taft's Accomplishments Listed.

Here Secretary Knox enumerated the important accomplishments of President Taft during his administration, the list making up a series of progressive and constructive legislation. He said:

"Within these years we have added to our glory as a Nation by our assumption and creditable discharge of wider international obligations and by our humanity and charity towards peoples of other lands. No finer page has appeared in the annals of nations than the one recording our conduct towards Cuba, China and the Philippines.

"Within three years the value of American citizenship has been enhanced, the privilege of American opportunity has been equalized and the unfair and oppressive methods that marred the splendid development of American prosperity have been corrected. These results were attained through sound legislation, enlightened judicial decisions, and, where the evils lay beyond the corrective functions of Government, by relentless exposure and stirring appeal to the ethical sense of the world.

"Within these years, as the result of Republican statesmanship and unrelenting insistence, it has been finally and forever settled that through no human device can the plenary control of Congress in respect to the regulation of commerce between the states be evaded; and basing further advance upon this victory, the party moved on to the accomplishment of an effective system of railroad regulation having for the corner stone the equitable proposition that upon the highways of commerce all men should be equal and should be afforded equality of opportunity upon equal and reasonable terms.

Government's Purpose Outlined.

"The Government's purpose was that combinations of capital should be regulated and not destroyed, and that while effectual measures should be taken to correct the tendency toward monopoly, regulation beyond the point necessary to accomplish that end was a thing to be avoided; that competition should be assured an open field and protected against unfair and discriminating practices; that the highways to the markets should be available to the small producer for the same tolls as were charged to his powerful competitor; that overcapitalization and false returns of values and earnings should cease; that the laws against rebates should be strengthened by prohibiting transportation at less than published rates and applying all the prohibitions to the shipper as well as the carrier. In accordance with these views and the principles of fair-dealing, honesty and reform in other matters vitally affecting the public welfare, a splendid body of progressive and constructive legislation was enacted.

"The quiet, scientific statesmanship so conspicuous in President Taft has been most admirably shown in his broad tariff policy. President Taft and the American people wanted the tariff reduced in so far as by undue protection it gave a swollen unearned increment to any special interest. They wanted the tariff reduced in so far as it might be considered a contributing factor to the excessively high cost of living. Surely the tariff should not be reduced enough to destroy prosperity and turn loose the wolves of hard times that always first attack the poor. Surely the tariff should not be reduced enough to interfere with that progressive high standard of comfortable living, enlightened citizenship and splendid opportunity to which it has been the axiom of the Republican party to hold fast and defend as trustee for the laboring men of America.

"Here was a complex task; clearly one for scientific statesmanship—a work in which the blind attack of the demagogue had no place. Here was a work for scientific examination and deliberate action. In it there should be equally no place for stupid political dogma nor for the political trading of special and local interests, which was the curse of our out-of-date and unscientific methods, under both parties, up to March 4, 1909.

Taft Has Distinction.

"President Taft has the distinction of being the first Republican President to sign a tariff bill substantially reducing the rates. In the same bill, by the new maximum and minimum clause, the United States at last took a step toward becoming able-bodied instead of helpless in the severe struggle of international commerce. Before many years we may be importing food. Already a considerable section of our industrial workers would be thrown out of work if we lost our foreign trade. Anyone can see that every year our prosperity at home will be more and more dependent on foreign markets. I know of one important factory that would be closed today were it not running on full time to fill foreign orders got for it by the direct action of President Taft's Administration.

"With the maximum and minimum clause, the administration got substantially from all countries as low rates for our goods sent to them as were given the competing goods of other countries—that is, "the most-favored-nation treatment." Finding that there were some discrimination, against us, not big enough to justify our using the maximum, a club of 25 per cent increase of duty on all imports, and thus disrupting our commerce with the nation to which it was applied; and finding, also, that we had no means of bringing pressure upon a foreign country whose exports were mostly on the free list, to which the maximum cannot be added, with the foresight of scientific statesmanship President Taft's Administration has advocated a flexible sliding scale of increase applicable to the free list also.

"This will arm the President with weapons of different sizes with which to exact from all countries still juster and better treatment of American exports. This policy represents a great advance. We can get from the producing countries of the world cheap necessities, but reserve the right to tax them or threaten to tax them in the case of countries of origin which discriminate against us.

Western Problem Solved.

"The Republican party cannot maintain the high standard of living of the American people and avoid the abuses sometimes incidental to protection in any other way than the President's way of scientific tariff revision, schedule by schedule. Because you cannot have two reservoirs connected by an open pipe and keep the level in one higher than the level in the other, President Taft has favored a reasonable strengthening of our immigration policy, and with offense to none and upon a purely economic basis, without the slightest reflection upon any race, his Administration has solved for the Pacific Coast the problem of Oriental immigration threatening to undersell our home labor. So shall we solve, if it arises in the exercise of our sovereign power, any immigration question threatening the interests of American labor in any section of the country.

"Another matter bearing upon prosperity is our terrible need for a more flexible currency and credit system on modern lines proved by the experience of other great countries. This has been the work of the monetary commission. The results are pending before Congress, and, like so many of the President's great progressive reforms, will surely become realities when the people know the facts and have done their part at the polls by re-electing their truly progressive President with a Congress that will cooperate in a truly progressive spirit for the real good of the American people.

Taft No Visionary.

"In the field of world affairs we have all felt proud, I am sure, that an American President should have set the highest mark in humanity's asperation toward peace and the substitution of reason and justice for the sword. President Taft did this in the magnificent arbitration treaties drafted and signed with France and Great Britain and recently defeated in the Senate by a coalition between the Democrats and certain Republican Senators. We are proud, also, of the advance made toward the establishment at The Hague of an international court of arbitral justice. We know what happened to the arbitration treaties and we know that the President has not abandoned them.

"President Taft is no visionary; he believes in peace with honor and he knows that in the present stage of international civilization America must have a first-class Navy and the nucleus of an effective Army. It is curious to observe that one and the same party cuts down the Navy, cuts down the Army, and yet weakened the means of arbitration, designed, in the last analysis, to take the place of both and weakened through scant appropriation the Department of State, whose work of peaceful diplomacy is an alternative and minister of chances of war.

"The sphere of foreign relations seems far away, perhaps, but our place among the nations is something that must affect, even if unconsciously, every American citizen. In foreign affairs President Taft's Administration has made the open door of commercial opportunity in China a reality and the Pan-American policy of the United States a living thing and a mutual benefit to the 21 sister republics.

Farmers Aided Much.

"For the farmers of the country President Taft has established postal savings banks and millions of dollars are already on deposit. Rural free delivery, so necessary to consolidating our National thought and to keep town and country in touch, has been greatly extended. The indefatigable operations of the Department of Agriculture have been vastly increased.

"Bonds have been issued to complete irrigation projects in the West. What is now generally known, arrangements have been made for investigations and report to the President upon the most advanced methods of foreign countries with a view to the elaboration and recommendation of a plan whereby communities of farmers shall have the same advantages that municipalities have in the matter of long-time bonded debt on easy terms for the important improvement and development of farms and the modernization of methods of agriculture. This system has worked well in other countries. The bonds of associations formed for the purpose have found a good market as a favorite investment for well-to-do farmers and the loans have been found easy to carry and have resulted in a wonderful increase of agricultural prosperity. This is a subject in which the President is greatly interested.

"This is a great railroading and mining country. Let us see what is being done for the great body of citizens engaged in those pusuits. On the 20th of last February President Taft sent to Congress a most important message, transmitting the report of the Employers' Liability and Workingmen's Compensation Commission. Here again we see in action the President's characteristic scientific statesmanship, his thorough, effective and noiseless work. The concrete legislation which the President urges has for its object, to use the language of the message, "to secure justice to the weaker party under existing modern conditions." The proposed law will create a separate tribunal and so enable the injured workingman or his family to get damages without delay. It fixes the compensation beyond controversy. It compels the payment by the employer of compensation for injury to the employe in every case except where the employe was intoxicated or deliberately brought the injury upon himself. What is vitally important, it limits the fees of the lawyers so that the damages shall not be eaten up in litigation. The President truly says in his message that the proposed bill is 'one of the greatest steps of progress towards a satisfactory solution of an important phase of the controversy between employer and employe that has been proposed within the last two or three decades.' The President's recommendation is for legislation overriding some of the most time-honored principles of the old law. It shows true progressiveness, responsive to the changed conditions of our intricate modern industrial life.

Constructive Work Looms Up.

"The report of the Railroad Securities Commission, the Economy and Efficiency Commission, and other activities might be cited. All reveal the same quiet constructive work, the same scientific statesmanship of the true and sound progressive.

"I cannot believe that high-grade American labor and wide-awake business men will shut their eyes to these realities, will prefer strong words to quiet, courageous and effective deeds.

"Finally I call upon you Republicans to forget your animosities, to heal your factional dissensions, to clear away every root of bitterness and present an unbroken front to your antagonists. Can you fail to recognize our distinguished President for what he is—able, upright, patriotic, courageous, devoted to his country and its welfare, the great President of the people, the fit leader of his party? I appeal to your good sense and wisdom and patriotism to stand by the ship of state at this critical juncture, and loyally to uphold and support the Republican party and policies and the Republican Administration which under Republican laws is energetically enforcing those policies."

Cheers Thunder at Close.

The close of Mr. Knox' speech was the signal for an outburst of enthusiastic cheering.

Before the last note had died away Mr. Fulton was paying a pleasing tribute to the speaker of the evening.

"Were I able to ask every laboring man of the United States today what measure he considered had been of the greatest advantage to him in the past decade or so, by far the greater majority would side with me in naming the employers' liability act." (Cheers).

In connection with this, Mr. Fulton showed how the first bill contained pitfalls and injustices, into which the second appeared likely to fall. "This would have suffered the same fate had it not been for one man, the greatest lawyer in Congress," he said.

"When the question was asked in Congress: 'Who is the man best fitted to be entrusted with the drawing up of this bill in an impartial manner?' the almost unanimous opinion was that Secretary Knox was the one person for the post. How well he has performed an arduous and ticklish duty you are as well able to judge as I."

Mr. Fulton asked for a motion thanking the speaker of the evening and the whole audience rose to its feet and a great chorus of "Ayes" rang out across the room, followed by three hearty cheers.

Big Men of State Here.

Prominent Republicans from various sections of the state came to Portland to attend the meeting, and many of them accepted invitations and occupied seats on the platform. Conspicuous among them was John Minto, of Marion County, who only recently celebrated his 90th birthday. Among others on the platform were: H. C. Campbell, H. L. Pittock, T. T. Geer, C. F. Beebe, I. W. Sullivan, of Oregon City; E. W. Haines, of Forest Grove; W. N. Barrett, of Hillsboro; D. Solis Cohen, C. B. Aitchison, Phil Metschan, Sr., McKinley Mitchell, Ralph E. Williams, L. R. Webster, Charles B. Moores, C. N. McArthur, J. H. Hall, C. W. Nottingham, M. G. Griffin, Colonel D. M. Dunne, Circuit Judge Kavanaugh, Robert C. Wright, O. P. Hoff, B. S. Pague, J. K. Gill, Gus C. Moser, George S. Shepherd, Thomas McCusker, I. N. Day, Wallace McCamant and William H. Galvani.

Secretary and Mrs. Knox arrived in Portland from Seattle on the Shasta Limited at 5:30 o'clock yesterday. They were met at the depot by a reception committee and escorted immediately to the Multnomah Hotel, where the Secretary rested until the hour for the Armory meeting. The members of the reception committee were: Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Fulton, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Moores, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph E. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar B. Piper, Colonel and Mrs. D. M. Dunne, Joseph Simon, Theodore B. Wilcox and George W. Hazen.

Secretary Knox will be the guest of the Commercial Club at a luncheon to be given at the club at noon today. A list of people invited to meet him has been prepared, and comprises many of the most influential business men in the city.

After the banquet, at a time most convenient to the guest of honor, Mr. Knox will be taken for an automobile ride throughout the city. He leaves tonight at 7 o'clock on the Great Northern, and will go direct to Chicago and thence to Washington.

PORTLAND RECEPTION COMMITTEE MEETS SECRETARY AND MRS. KNOX AND PARTY AT UNION DEPOT.

READING FROM LEFT TO RIGHT, JUDGE STEPHEN A. LOWELL, OF PENDLETON; RALPH E. WILLIAMS, NATIONAL COMMITTEEMAN FOR OREGON; C. W. FULTON, EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR; GEORGE W. HAZEN, SECRETARY KNOX, CHARLES B. MOORES, CHAIRMAN REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE; MRS. KNOX, EDGAR B. PIPER AND THEODORE B. WILCOX. JOSEPH SIMON, EX-UNITED STATES SENATOR, STANDS AT THE EXTREME RIGHT.

BERNHARDT TO COME

"DIVINE SARAH" BILLED FOR APPEARANCE AT ORPHEUM.

Portland Is One of Few Western Cities to Get Great Actress—Date Set for Week January 23.

That Sarah Bernhardt is to be the headliner of the bill at the Orpheum here in the early part of the new year was the announcement made yesterday by Martin Beck, managing director of the Orpheum circuit, who passed the day in Portland with John W. Considine. Owing to the brevity of "the divine Sarah's" vaudeville engagement it had been intended first for her to appear only in the large-capacity houses, said Mr. Beck, but Mr. Considine insisted upon the famous actress gracing the Orpheum houses of the Pacific Northwest under his charge, and the vaudeville chieftain consented.

As Sarah Bernhardt is to receive $7000 a week net, the expenses of her big company to be a separate charge, it has been decided by the Orpheum management to charge more for seats during the Bernhardt engagement. That the highest price exclusive of boxes may be $1.50 is the estimate made by Mr. Beck. That detail will be decided in San Francisco, Mr. Beck and Mr. Considine departing for a conference there with other Orpheum officers last night.

Not only will Sarah Bernhardt appear in Portland, but all other stars under contract with the Orpheum circuit will be seen and heard here. That was announced by Mr. Beck, who, in revealing the Portland plans of his vaudeville circuit, declared Ethel Barrymore will shine as a headliner here next March, that Virginia Harned will play a week here in her vaudeville tour and that all the big foreign acts obtained for the Orpheum circuit will not skip the Portland house.

On the same bill with Bernhardt there will be five other acts, and the cost of the bill for the week will be $12,000. The great French actress will travel in a special car, and a cabin de luxe has been provided for her for her trip across the Atlantic and back. She is due to arrive in New York next Saturday. In her 14 weeks' tour of the Orpheum theaters she will present condensed versions of "La Tosca," "Camille," "Le Buffons," "Lucretia Borgia," "La Sorciere" and "Madame X." It is probable that she will appear here for the week of January 23.

An engagement at the Seattle Orpheum also has been scheduled for the great actress, but whether she is to appear at the Spokane Orpheum has not yet been decided.

"My contract with Madame Bernhardt," said Mr. Beck, "is for 14 weeks, and there is a big demand from all parts of the country to see her. As Mr. Considine has insisted that she be booked for Seattle and Portland, she will play an engagement here. There will be no money made by Mr. Considine in Bernhardt's visit to Portland, but as he is willing to take a chance, I bow to his wishes. At top capacity the house here cannot hold more than $8000. Madame Bernhardt never before has played at less than $5 a seat, but such a price cannot be commanded in vaudeville. Our price probably will be $1.50 a seat."

Mr. Considine was host at dinner at the Portland Hotel yesterday for Mr. Beck, Louis M. Sonnenberg, attorney for the Orpheum circuit in New York, who accompanies Mr. Beck on his tour of the Coast, and Mose Oppenheimer, of the Spokane Orpheum.

ALICE HOLMES IS BURIED

Impressive Ceremony Attends Funeral of Auto Accident Victim.

Impressive scenes marked the burial services yesterday at St. Stephen's Episcopal Church by the Rev. H. M. Ramsey over the late Miss Alice Holmes, who was the victim of the accident on the Linnton road Saturday afternoon, when an automobile, in which she was seated, went over the embankment backwards, killing her almost instantaneously.

The relatives and family friends were assembled at the home of Mrs. H. B. McCabe, the married sister, at 445 Tenth street, where the coffin was literally buried under a wealth of flowers.

After private prayers had been said the cortege passed on its way to the St. Stephen's Church, on Thirteenth and Clay streets. There the vicar met the procession, escorting it up the aisle. The church was filled with mourners.

Union County Pioneer Passes.

A veteran of the Civil War and a pioneer of Grand Ronde Valley, Union County, J. M. Selder died at the home of his daughter, Mrs. C. H. Gossett, 1305 Mallory avenue, yesterday. Mr. Selder was born February 4, 1846, at Middlebury, Elkhart County, Indiana. At the age of 18 he enlisted in the 152d Indiana, and was honorably discharged August 3, 1865. For the past 30 years, until two years ago, when he moved to Portland, he was a resident of Grand Ronde Valley, his postoffice being Cove. He was a lifelong Republican, and took a prominent part in the politics of Union County, holding the office of County Commissioner and other positions of honor and trust. The body will be sent to Cove today, where interment will be made.

DON'T BE FUSSY ABOUT EATING

Your Stomach Will Digest Any Kind of Food When Given the Proper Assistance.

We are prone to fall into the error of singling out some article of food and soundly berating the fiend who first invented the dish. The habit grows with some people till almost all food is put on the blacklist. This is all wrong. What is required is a little assistance with those agencies upon which scientific students for many years have set their seal of approval because they have become absolute facts. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets for all stomach disorders are recognized; they have a fine record; they are rated reliable, dependable and worthy of confidence just as the president of a big bank puts his O. K. on a depositor's check. And so you can eat what you want, whatever you like, knowing well that should indigestion, sour risings, gas formations, fermentations or any other stomach distress arise, Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in a few moments will put you right.

Coated tongue, bad breath, heartburn, belching, flatulency, bloat — all the symptoms of digestive troubles disappear quickly when these tablets are used. They are not a cure for anything but dyspepsia and kindred complaints. But they have brought relief to more sufferers from digestive diseases than all the patent medicines and doctors' prescriptions put together.

The stomach does the heaviest work of any of the bodily organs, yet it's the one we treat with the least regard. We eat too much of the wrong kind of food at any time. The patient's stomach stands such treatment as long as it can and then it rebels. You get notice of the rebellion in the shape of the gases and pains caused by undigested, fermenting food.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold and recommended by all druggists at 50c a box.

MAN TRACED BY LETTERS

Alleged Robber Arrested at Home of His Sweetheart.

By figuring correctly that Roy Travis, wanted here for robbery, would communicate with his sweetheart in San Francisco, Detectives Coleman and Snow succeeded in having him arrested there yesterday and have begun proceedings to extradite him. Travis is accused by E. C. McDougall of "rolling" him for $800, following a drinking bout in a North End saloon, several weeks ago.

Among the loot were two express orders, which Travis, it is alleged, tried to cash at the express office. He was refused when he misspelled the name of the owner, which he pretended was his own. Through this incident the officers obtained a good description, by which they traced the man to a tavern in Clackamas County. There they found mail for him, with the return address of the girl. With this address, the San Francisco police found the man at the girl's home, a short time after being notified.

ANSWER IS REASSURING

Recognition of Chinese Republic Is Being Considered.

"It is the disposition of the Executive to accord recognition to the Chinese Republic at the earliest opportunity afforded under the established usages of international law."

This announcement was received yesterday by E. C. Giltner, secretary of the Portland Commercial Club, from the office of the Secretary of State in Washington, D. C., in reply to a communication sent from the chamber some time ago, indorsing the attitude of the Pacific Coast Chambers in favor of the newly-established republic and urging that the Federal Government give it official recognition as soon as possible.

"The announcement from the Secretary of State's office is very hopeful," said Mr. Giltner, "and indicates that the matter is being given careful attention, and that ti will be probably but a short time until the United States will officially declare its recognition of the Republic of China as one of the world powers."

COMMISSION PLAN LAUDED

R. W. Montague Says Proposed Charter Will Fix Responsibility.

In explaining the important features of the proposed commission charter, R. W. Montague, a Portland attorney, urged members of the Portland Civic Club Monday night to support the measure, pointing out that through its operation the business of the municipality would be conducted to better advantage than it is under the present system of administration. He declared that one of the main results of the system would be to fix definitely the responsibility of those in charge of the city government. The measure will be voted on the special election to be held November 2.

J. H. Miner, of the Ladd & Tilton Bank, discussed the measure providing for double liability of stockholders in state banks. The majority rule bill was discussed by W. K. Royal.

Monday, October 21, Walter H. Evans, assistant United States District Attorney, will address the Civic Club on the proposed "blue sky law."

PARK PLANS TO BE KNOWN

Greater Portland Plans Association Will Meet Tonight.

The regular monthly meeting of the Greater Portland Plans Association tonight at 7:30 o'clock, will be presided over by William F. Woodward, one of the members of the executive board. E. T. Mische, Superintendent of Parks, will deliver an illustrated address on "Portland's Park Plan," followed by Howard Evarts Weed, who will speak of the relation between the Bennett plan and the development proposed by the Park Board. Mr. Weed will also present illustrations of what has been done in other cities. G. F. Johnson will give an outline of "The Business Man's View of the Greater Portland Plan."

The public is cordially invited to attend the meeting, which will be held in the Auditorium of the Journal building, mezzanine floor. All committee members are especially urged to be present.

DAILY METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

PORTLAND, Oct. 15.—Maximum temperature, 65 degrees; minimum, 48 degrees. River reading, 8 A. M., 1.8 feet; change in last 24 hours, .4 foot fall. Total rainfall (5 P. M. to 5 P. M.), trace; total rainfall since September 1, 1912, 1.54 inches; normal rainfall since September 1, 3.60 inches; deficiency of rainfall since September 1, 1912, 2.06 inches. Total sunshine, 20 minutes; possible sunshine, 10 hours 57 minutes. Barometer (reduced to sea level) at 5 P. M., 30.16 inches.

THE WEATHER.

STATIONS	Maximum tempt.	Precipitation, Past 24 hours.	Wind Velocity	Wind Direction	State of Weather
Baker	68	0.00	8	SE	Clear
Boise	74	0.00	4	W	Cloudy
Boston	64	0.00	12	NW	Cloudy
Calgary	68	0.00	4	SW	Clear
Chicago	56	0.00	10	NE	Clear
Colfax	76	0.00	...	...	Clear
Denver	74	0.00	6	SW	Clear
Des Moines	60	0.00	10	SE	Clear
Duluth	56	0.00	12	SW	Clear
Eureka	60	0.00	4	NE	Cloudy
Galveston	64	0.44	24	NE	Rain
Helena	64	0.00	8	SW	Pt. cloudy
Jacksonville	76	0.00	12	NE	Cloudy
Kansas City	72	0.00	12	E	Clear
Lander	68	0.00	5	SE	Cloudy
Los Angeles	92	0.00	6	SW	Cloudy
Marshfield	62	0.01	...	...	Cloudy
Medford	72	0.00	4	N	Clear
Montreal	48	0.00	18	NW	Clear
New Orleans	74	0.00	12	NE	Cloudy
New York	66	0.00	34	N	Clear
North Head	54	0.08	30	SE	Cloudy
Pendleton	70	0.00	4	W	Clear
Phoenix	86	0.00	4	NE	Clear
Pocatello	70	0.00	4	W	Clear
Portland	66	0.00	6	NW	Clear
Roseburg	70	0.00	6	N	Clear
Sacramento	84	0.00	4	NW	Clear
St. Louis	72	0.00	6	NE	Clear
St. Paul	60	0.00	8	S	Clear
Salt Lake	68	0.00	10	NW	Clear
San Francisco	80	0.00	10	W	Clear
Spokane	72	0.00	8	S	Pt. cloudy
Tacoma	64	0.00	8	W	Cloudy
Tatoosh Island	56	0.40	28	S	Rain
Walla Walla	74	0.00	6	SE	Clear
Washington	70	0.00	8	N	Clear
Weiser	70	0.00	5	E	Clear

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

A low-pressure area of decided character is central over Alberta, and a high-pressure area of great magnitude is central over the Lake region. The barometer is now slowly rising over the northwest portion of the North Pacific states. Light rain has fallen in Western Washington and in Northwestern Oregon and local rains have fallen in the Gulf and South Atlantic states. It is much cooler in the Lake region, but elsewhere the changes in temperature have been small and unimportant.

The conditions are favorable for rain Wednesday in Oregon, Washington and in Idaho, except its southeast portion, where fair weather will probably continue. It will be cooler in Oregon and Washington, except near the coast, and in Northern Idaho.

FORECASTS.

Portland and vicinity—Occasional rain; cooler; southerly winds.

Oregon and Washington—Rain; cooler, except near the coast; southerly winds.

Idaho—Rain, except fair southeast portion; cooler north portion.

EDWARD A. BEALS, District Forecaster.

AMUSEMENTS.

HEILIG THEATER 7th and Taylor
Phones Main 1 and A 1122.
TWO PERFORMANCES TODAY
Special Price Matinee 2:15 | Tonight 8:15 All This Week
Wm. R. Brady Presents
Geo. H. Broadhurst's Drama
"Bought and Paid For"
The Play Everybody's Going To.
Evenings 11 rows $2.00—7 rows $1.50. Balcony, $1, 75c, 50c. Gallery, 35c, 25c. This Afternoon: 11 rows $1.50, 7 rows $1. Balcony, 75c, 50c. Gallery, 35c, 25c.
SEATS SELLING FOR ENGAGEMENT

BAKER THEATER Main 2, A 5360
Geo. L. Baker, Mgr.
Home of the Baker Players. Tonight, all week; Mats. Wed and Sat. Most popular Western play ever written,
"THE HEIR TO THE HOORAH."
By Paul Armstrong, author of "Alias Jimmy Valentine," "The Deep Purple" and many other great successes. Strong cast, great situations, roaring comedy. Prices—Evening 25c, 35c, 50c. Matinees, 25c only. Next week: "The Spendthrift."

Main 6, A 1020—Matinee Daily.
Orpheum
Matinee, 15, 25, 50c; Nights, 15, 25, 50, 75c.
WEEK OCTOBER 14.
The Distinguished Actress
Miss Amelia Bingham
Six Big Vaudeville Acts.

PANTAGES MATINEE DAILY
WEEK OCTOBER 14—Schepp's Comedy Circus, Six American Beauties, Miss Mabel Johnston, Al Espe and Laura Roth, Cal Stewart, Pantagescope, Pantages orchestra. Popular prices. Boxes and first row balcony reserved. Box office open from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M. Phones, A 2236, Main 4636. Curtain 2:30, 7:15 and 9.

Empress Matinee DAILY
Sullivan & Considine
6—Feature Acts—6
Official Pictures of World's Baseball Series
SPECIAL SUMMER PRICES.
Matinees, any seat 10c; Nights, 10c, 20c.

LYRIC THEATER
WEEK OCTOBER 14—The Keating & Flood Musical Comedy Co. in "PAPA'S BABY." The great laughing success. First time in this city. Week days, two performances nightly, 7:30 and 9:10. Sundays at 6:45, 8:00 and 9:15. Matinee daily at 2:30. Admission—Evenings, 15c and 25c. Matinees (Except Sundays and Holidays), any seat 15c. Friday night—"The Rosebuds' Contest."

Household Economy

How to Have the Best Cough Syrup and Save $2, by Making It at Home.

Cough medicines, as a rule, contain a large quantity of plain syrup. If you take one pint of granulated sugar, add ½ pint of warm water and stir about 2 minutes, you have as good syrup as money could buy.

If you will then put 2½ ounces of Pinex (50 cents' worth) in a pint bottle, and fill it up with the Sugar Syrup, you will have as much cough syrup as you could buy ready made for $2.50. It keeps perfectly.

And you will find it the best cough syrup you ever used—even in whooping cough. You can feel it take hold—usually stops the most severe cough in 24 hours. It is just laxative enough, has a good tonic effect, and taste is pleasant. Take a teaspoonful every one, two or three hours.

It is a splendid remedy, too, for whooping cough, croup, hoarseness, asthma, chest pains, etc.

Pinex is the most valuable concentrated compound of Norway white pine extract, rich in guaiacol and all the healing pine elements. No other preparation will work in this formula.

This recipe for making cough remedy with Pinex and Sugar Syrup is now used and prized in thousands of homes in the United States and Canada. The plan has often been imitated but never successfully.

A guaranty of absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded, goes with this recipe. Your druggist has Pinex, or will get it for you. If not, send to The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Pinex is fully guaranteed by Laue-Davis Drug Co. (distributers), Portland.