

CAMPAIGN, LACKING CASH, TO ADD SPEED

Candidates for Congress Glad, for Financial Reasons, to See Delays.

RIGID ECONOMY REQUIRED

Popular Subscription Unlikely to Yield Largely to Democrats and Roosevelt Men Do Not Dare to Be Lavish.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 25.—This is slated to be a year of whirlwind campaigns, because of the many delays in getting under way for the big three-cornered fight that is scheduled for the next two months. And not only will the Presidential campaign be fast and furious, but the same will be true of many Congressional contests and contests for the United States Senate.

The long delayed adjournment of Congress is one of the contributing causes that makes whirlwind campaigns necessary, but the principal cause is the lack of campaign funds. The shortage of money has been and will continue to be a great embarrassment to the Taft and Wilson managers, and the Roosevelt managers, while adequately supplied with funds, are afraid to use them too lavishly, because of the comment that would follow, especially when the Colonel is being financed directly by George W. Perkins, Medill McCormick and William Plinn, who are wealthy in their own rights and are affiliated with many of the hated trust magnates.

Capital Feels Shortage.
Nowhere more than in Washington is this shortage of campaign funds being felt, for the National Capital is overrun with patriotic party men who have made it a custom every four years to attach themselves to the payroll of one candidate or the other during the Presidential campaign, and to pull down nice round salaries to tide them over a period of rest. These men, swarms of them, are living on credit and hope, waiting patiently, at first, and now anxiously, for telegrams summoning them to headquarters in New York, where they expected once more to draw down a comfortable stipend from the well-stocked party coffers. But the long looked for telegrams fail to appear and as each day goes by without word from New York the anxiety of the swarm of patriots increases until some have well nigh given up hope and have about concluded to go to work elsewhere for less money than they hoped to command at political headquarters in New York.

Among many members of Congress the delay in starting the campaign is not a disappointment. Under the existing campaign publicity law members are restricted in the amount they can spend in their campaigns for re-election, and the shorter the campaign the less they will be asked to contribute. Moreover, there is no wild enthusiasm about jumping into the campaign this year, particularly among Republicans. The presence in the field of a third party, which is planning to draw its strength principally from the Republican party, has made a great many Republican Congressmen dubious about the result of the year's campaign, and not a few among them are about ready to concede that the third party, with a third candidate for Congress, is almost if not quite certain to bring about the election of Democrats anyway, and they ask themselves the old, old question—"What's the use?"

Hill's Demand Causes Worry.
Another thing that is worrying Republican members is the insistence of the Taft campaign managers that all Republican candidates for Congress shall declare themselves flatly and unequivocally for President Taft. That is the demand made by Chairman Hill, and it is a demand that did not meet with unanimous approval among Republican House members. A good many Republicans who are hoping for re-election to Congress had hoped to dodge or ignore the Presidential question this year, and to make individual campaigns for themselves alone. They had intended to express no preference as between Taft and Roosevelt, but to ask for return to Congress solely on their own records in the National legislature. When it came Mr. Hill's with his little plan of smoking out all Republicans; hence the consternation. There are some who refuse to be smoked out, those who are not tangled up with the Presidential campaign. But how long they will be able to dodge, now that the campaign is making demands upon them, is soon to be disclosed.

Mr. Hill's idea, apparently, is to weld together all candidates who are Republicans and who are running as Republicans, and induce or compel them to join issue with the President, so that in campaigning for themselves they will also be campaigning for the President, and vice versa. Where this is done, it will be arranged later in the season to have the Taft campaign in the various states and districts also help out the Republican candidates for the House and Senate, so that the Congressional and Presidential campaigns will virtually become one.

Consolidation Means Economy.
There is nothing unusual in the proposal of Mr. Hill; in fact, it is customary to conduct Republican campaigns along this line, and this year is doubly essential that there shall be a consolidation in the interest of economy, because of the shortage of funds heretofore referred to. The Republican campaign treasury this year is the slimmest known to men in National politics, and the indications are that contributions will be small and far between up to the close of the fight. The old-time contributors have been scared off, or are not disposed to contribute, and the campaign publicity law bars large contributions. There is comparatively little enthusiasm among the voters, and on that account popular subscriptions do not come up to expectations, and probably will not this year. Therefore, rigid economy is necessary in the Republican camp.

And what is said of the Republican treasury is also true of the Democratic strong box, which is not filled and does not give promise of being overworked at any time during the campaign. The Democratic managers, however, are working up the idea of popular subscriptions, especially in small amounts, and that the Democrats, without exception, feel that this is their year. The plan now in vogue probably will work more successfully among Democrats than among Republicans.

RECENT CAMPAIGN SNAPSHOTS OF LEADING CANDIDATES FOR PRESIDENT.



ABOVE, GOVERNOR WILSON SPEAKING TO AN OUTDOOR AUDIENCE IN NEW JERSEY—BELOW, PRESIDENT TAFT ATTENDING A BASEBALL GAME IN WASHINGTON.

SENATOR IS FIRM

Chamberlain Insists Oregon's War Claim Must Be Paid.

STUBBORN FIGHT IS BEGUN

Unless Amendment to Deficiency Bill Is Accepted Senator Says He Will Prevent Passage by Raising Point of "No Quorum."

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, Aug. 25.—An appropriation to pay Oregon's long-standing war claim against the Federal Government must be included in the general deficiency appropriation bill, or that bill cannot become a law, is Senator Chamberlain's ultimatum to the Senate and House of Representatives, and the Senator believes he has the power to force a settlement of the claim at this time, or else compel Congress to adjourn without passing the deficiency bill.

In his entire career Senator Chamberlain has never made so stubborn a fight as he made last night, and he will renew his effort tomorrow to secure an appropriation of \$193,548 to settle Oregon's claim, which was audited by the Treasury Department years ago but remained unpaid because of objections of repeated Congresses.

Adjournment to Be Blocked.
In the early hours of the morning, when efforts were being made to get an agreement on the deficiency bill, which is delaying adjournment, Senator Chamberlain took the floor and explained the justice of the claim of his state, and informed the Senate that he would not consent to a longer postponement of settlement.

Under the existing parliamentary situation, with more than half the Senate in opposition, Senator Chamberlain believes that with the aid of his friends he is in a position to dictate to Congress and compel it either to accept his amendment or to abandon the entire deficiency bill, for if a vote is taken to pass the bill without his amendment, and the majority of those voting is against him, he can raise a point of no quorum and the vote becomes invalid and of no effect.

Senator Adopts to Appeal.

Just before adjournment this morning Senator Stone appealed to Senator Chamberlain to withdraw his amendment. Senator Chamberlain replied: "I may not be right, but I think I have the power to prevent this bill becoming a law without the inclusion of this just and long-due claim. For 30 years we have been kicked off by promises that this claim will be passed at the next session, or at some later date. The same argument is advanced now, I say that I am going to stay here a week, two weeks or a month if necessary, until the Government may pay its just debt to the State of Oregon."

"I am going to stay here," said Senator Chamberlain. "I think I have power to bring about consideration of this matter right now, and I intend to do it."

DENIAL TO BE WRITTEN

(Continued From First Page.)

might know, what my later engagements are.

"I shall, however, at once write Senator Clapp a full statement of at least some of the things to which I would have testified. Incidentally I should like to say that they need not bother about conferring constitutional powers upon the committee to question me about my primary campaign. Whether they are given power or not, I shall be delighted to answer any question in my power which the committee may put to me as to anything of which I have knowledge connected with the primary campaign; or, for that matter, of anything I have ever done as President, or in this campaign.

Wider Scope Suggested.
"I suggest, however, that the committee take up the primary campaigns of all of the other candidates also if they desire to go into the matter at all."

"Let me repeat as strongly as I can

that I don't understand why the committee let Mr. Archibald go to Europe without examining him on the real charge and that I regret that I was not given the chance immediately to appear and testify.

"Not to permit me to go on and testify tomorrow amounts, as the Democratic and Republican friends of Mr. Penrose, Mr. Lorimer and Mr. Archibald in the Senate, of course, know, to rendering it almost impossible for me to appear later without causing the most serious dislocation of my announced plans. The incident is especially significant as showing the way that the interests for which Mr. Penrose and Mr. Archibald and their like speak have joined in their assault on 'Progressive' and on me. They are entirely willing to see either of the two old political machines triumph because they control both. Their real hostility is reserved for me and the Progressive party.

Real Charge Against Penrose.
"Remember that the charge was against Mr. Penrose, and that has not been investigated, although the evidence on that charge was direct. All that has been investigated has been the counter-charge as to which there was not and never will be—because there cannot be—one shred evidence, direct or indirect. All that has been produced is malicious and injurious hearsay, given at second hand. As far as I can make out, the accusation by Messrs. Penrose and Archibald really is that a contribution was made for the improper purpose of securing an improper consideration and that I refused to give the improper consideration."

George Fred Williams, of Boston, and Collector Loeb, of New York, called on Colonel Roosevelt today. Mr. Williams said that he had been told by a reporter that Colonel Roosevelt was right in the matter of the contribution alleged to have been made by Mr. Archibald.

ROOSEVELT MUST WAIT

COMMITTEE UNABLE TO ARRANGE EARLY HEARING.

Members Already Scattered, but Inquiry Will Be Resumed Some Day Late in September.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—Colonel Roosevelt will not have an opportunity to answer John D. Archibald's statements before the Senate in committee investigating campaign expenditures until late in September.

Senator Clapp, chairman of the committee before which Mr. Archibald told his story of having contributed \$100,000 to the Roosevelt fund in 1904, telegraphed Colonel Roosevelt at 4 o'clock this morning that the committee would not hear him on Monday, as the Colonel desired.

Late tonight Senator Clapp received a telegram from Senator Dillingham, of Vermont, chairman of the committee on Privileges and Elections, announcing that Senator Pomerene, of Ohio, would be appointed to take the place of Senator Lea, of Tennessee, who has resigned. Senator Pomerene is now in Ohio and Senator Clapp said it appeared impossible to bring the sub-committee of five together before the end of September.

Following the receipt of Colonel Roosevelt's telegram last night, Senator Clapp made efforts to arrange for a committee meeting Monday. Senator Lea insisted upon resigning at once, however, the illness of his wife and child making it imperative that he should leave Washington. Senator Oliver and Pomerene already had left.

The committee undoubtedly will proceed late in September with its investigation, even though the Penrose resignation has resigned. Senator Pomerene is now in Ohio and Senator Clapp said it appeared impossible to bring the sub-committee of five together before the end of September.

NOMINATIONS NOT DECLINED

Ohio Republicans Take No Action in Reference to Bull Moose Ticket.

COLUMBUS, O., Aug. 25.—Candidates on the Republican state ticket declined today to agree to the call of Harry M. Daugherty, chairman of the state executive committee, that they run on a straight Republican ticket as declared Taft men and refuse to accept nominations on the Roosevelt Progressive ticket.

The majority took the position that thus far the endorsement of the Roosevelt Progressive party had not been tendered to them, and that it would be improper to decline it.

Attend Rosenthal's great shoe sale.

PARTIES RALLY FOR FIGHT IN VERMONT

All Making Extraordinary Effort to Gain Early Strategic Advantage.

CAMPAIGN IS FIVE-SIDED

Republicans Seek to Increase Normal Plurality of 20,000—Result, Owing to Long Ballot, Will Be Long in Doubt.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—In consequence of the tradition that Vermont's vote will indicate the trend of the National election in November, this state is deluged with more literature and oratory than in many a campaign before. The Vermont election will be held September 3.

The Green Mountains have never seen a campaign like the present one. The Republican party seeks to roll up more than the historic 20,000 plurality. The Democrats and Roosevelt Progressives seek to keep the Republican majority below that figure, and if possible, to elect their tickets. The Prohibitionists and the Socialists seek to poll as large a vote as possible as a basis for future campaigns and demands for legislation. All five seek as large a representation as possible in the General Assembly, which will elect a Governor if the popular vote fails to register a majority for any of the candidates for that office.

Republican Nominee Wealthy.
Allan M. Fletcher, of Cavendish, heads the Republican ticket. His reputed \$300,000 of wealth and his alleged ability to dodge the tax-gatherer's men in the past, has made him the speakers of the opposing parties.

Harlan B. Howe, of St. Johnsbury, lawyer and former Representative in Congress, leads the Democrats.

Clement M. Smith, of Morrisville, pastor of the State Church, which has 20,000 members, is the Prohibitionist candidate.

Union Promise Socialists Support.
Robert F. Suitor, of Barre, Socialist candidate, is president of the Quarry-workers' International Union, and has the pledged support of the union element in Vermont, something of which the other parties would like to be sure.

With this lineup as a beginning, the campaign is on, and no man can say where the banner of victory will be placed. The result will be in doubt for days, because, with the growth of independent voting, the five tickets, and the fact that state, county and town representative tickets of all five parties are on one ballot, there will be many contested elections, and the counting will be a long and difficult task.

GRAIN CORNER FEARED

KANSAS CITY BOARD MOVES TO BLOCK SPECULATION.

Threat Said to Have Been Made to Tie Up Railroad Elevators by Choking Storage Room.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 25.—To provide ample facilities for filling September contracts, the Kansas City Board of Trade has adopted an amendment to the rules giving the directors authority to refuse deliveries on regular contracts of grain in cars on track within the switching limits of Kansas City.

Behind the move is a story that a big Chicago speculator has bought several hundred bushels of wheat for September delivery, and his contracts call for more wheat than can be put in local storage room.

Some traders say he is trying to "corner" the market by taking advantage of the small amount of regular storage room here.

An agent of the Chicago operator is said to have threatened to "tie up" the big railroad elevators by leaving storage grain in them, thus obstructing their use for transferring grain if their managers permitted any deliveries to be made to him of grain in their houses.

According to a Kansas City operator, the Armour Grain Company of Chicago has been buying extensively of September wheat for several months. No statement could be had tonight from the firm's Kansas City representative, but it was said by other grain men that the Armour company denied it intended to "corner" the market.

GRAHME-WHITE TO COME

ENGLISH AVIATOR WILL TRY FOR GORDON-BENNETT CUP.

Trial of American Defender to Be Made This Week Before Pilot and Backers.

CHICAGO, Aug. 25.—Claude Grahme-White, the English aviator who won the Gordon-Bennett world's championship race in Belmont Park, New York, in 1910, will sail within a few days to take part in the Gordon-Bennett race here September 9 and in the international aviation meet directly afterward.

Three Deperdussin racers, holders of the present world's records for speed, and to be operated by Jules Vedrine and Maurice Prevost for France in the race, are in the hands of the American defender. With the American defender this brings assurance that there will be at least six entrants in the big race. Edmund Audemars of Switzerland will sail soon.

Trial of the American 160 horsepower defender will be held the coming week under direction of W. Sterling Burgess, the designer; Norman Prince, head of the defender syndicate, and Delloyd Thompson, the American defender pilot.

The estimated speed of the aeroplane is 125 miles an hour.

OFFICIALS NIP SCHEME

Seattle Man Arrested on Eve of Pulling Off Financial Coup.

SEATTLE, Aug. 25.—A career in frenzied finance, which threatened to

disrupt the shingle market throughout the country, has been brought to a close in the arrest here of A. B. Turner, a poolroom keeper formerly of San Diego, Cal., according to Prosecuting Attorney John F. Murphy. Turner is held in the City Jail pending the issuance Monday of a complaint charging grand larceny. Turner's operations, Murphy says, involve \$25,000, the greater part of which he would have secured in the next few days had not his scheme been disclosed through the discovery of a forged bill of lading which was presented at a local bank. Turner refuses to discuss his scheme but the Prosecuting Attorney says he has admitted that he forged the names of railroad agents to bills of lading for cars of shingles which he had sold at 35 cents below the market price but did not ship.

Thirty-one sight drafts, bearing the alleged forged names of the agents, are in possession of the Prosecuting Attorney. They were attached to letters addressed, in many cases, to banks outside of Seattle. In all, the sums aggregate between \$12,000 and \$15,000.

A list of eight drafts covering bills of lading already sent out, amounting to \$5815.86, was found and explained by Turner, it is said. Since his arrest \$1400 has been telegraphed to him and is held in the office of the telegraph company.

HANFORD LEAVES BENCH

JUDGE IN PAMPHLET DENIES HE SOUGHT IMMUNITY.

No Cowardice in Resigning, Says Jurist, When Salary Was Sacrificed at Critical Time.

SEATTLE, Aug. 25.—Judge Hanford, who resigned from the Federal bench a month ago, in the course of the hearing of impeachment charges by a sub-committee of the House Judiciary committee, vacated his quarters in the Federal building yesterday. Judge Hanford, who will leave soon for a vacation in the East, distributed among his friends a printed pamphlet entitled: "Statement of My Case."

"Twenty-odd years of judicial work," he said, "is not the proper training for a fighter. A personal controversy involving a judge, his enemies and his friends, must necessarily and regardless of the outcome, seriously impair his usefulness as an incumbent of a judicial office."

"I did not bargain for immunity from time of my resignation, but the pending proceeding against me would be discontinued. There was no cowardice in resigning and sacrificing the salary of the office when it left me facing the probability of having to continue to defend myself."

"Victims are not permitted to have as much choice as to their own fate, but in this instance if I have robbed the priests conducting the sacrificial ceremony of casting upon me all the indignities intended, it was my legitimate right to do so."

WIRELESS "HELLO" NEAR

Oregon City Electrician Believes He Has Solved Problem.

OREGON CITY, Or., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Wishing to experiment with the type of instrument used for receiving wireless messages, Charles Stuart Coleman has installed a station at his workshop so that he can hold communications with the various high-power stations near this city.

"I have discovered what I think, and what experimenting will verify to me, the location of the wireless station which at the present can be used over a very small distance," said Coleman today. "At Detroit, Mich., my home town, I got my first insight into the mysteries of electricity. There I had a friend who was an operator at a wireless telegraph station on the Detroit River. It was up to date to a kind of the gasoline engine that furnished the electric current to operate the wireless instruments. In that way I learned the principles of wireless telegraphy and electricity."

"The sending range of my outfit is 30 miles, and the receiving range 150 miles. The pole for the antenna is 35 feet high. The wireless machine will be placed in operation within a few days."

Mr. Coleman came to Oregon City from Detroit about two years ago, and he is anxious to hear from any wireless station in Oregon City or near this city.

COURT TO DECIDE POINT

Albany Water Consumers Bring Action Against Power Company.

ALBANY, Or., Aug. 24.—(Special.)—A case which will determine a much mooted question in this city as to whether the power company or property owners must pay for new connections after new mains are laid, preparatory to street paving, was instituted in the State Circuit Court here this afternoon. The action was brought by M. O. Logsdon and Claude Logsdon against the Oregon Power Company. The plaintiffs ask for the purpose of damming up to compel the water company to connect the water pipes on their property with the Fourth-street main.

According to the allegations of this complaint the plaintiffs for the past five years have been patrons of the water company, which recently discontinued their pipes for the purpose of laying a new main, and now refuses to make the connection again unless paid for the cost of the work.

The Oregon Power Company has filed no answer yet, but it is understood its defense will be that it is not required to pay for the connection because required to lower its mains on streets which are to be paved by order of the City Council. It has been the custom in the past for property-owners to pay for these connections, but "have been many protests recently" and this case will attract great attention here.

VOTERS' PAMPHLETS READY

Thirty-eight Measures, Described in 252 Pages of Reading Matter.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The first of the completed initiative and referendum pamphlets has reached the Secretary of State's office and by the middle of this week the work of mailing these pamphlets will begin. Although printed on paper considerably thinner than that of the pamphlet of two years ago, the pamphlet this year contains 38 measures, compared with 22 in the pamphlet two years ago. Only 37 of these measures are to be voted on this year, however, inasmuch as the referendum measures on the Monmouth Normal School appropriation will not go on the ballot. This is included in the pamphlet because Secretary Olcott decided to withhold it from the ballot after the copy of the pamphlet had reached the printer.

The pamphlet contains 252 pages of reading matter.

Fall Into River Is Fatal.

ASTORIA, Or., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—Matthew J. Seafeldt, son of Mr. and Mrs.

Pearline

JAMES PYLE'S PEARLINE
WASHING COMPOUND
THE GREAT INVENTION
FOR SAVING TOILET EXPENSE
WITHOUT INJURY TO THE
TEXTURE, COLOR OR HANDS
NEW YORK

Cleans Everything

Al Seafeldt, of this city, lost his life in the Columbia River near the Kinney cannery today, but whether he was drowned or died from heart failure has not been determined. The young man and his father were pushing a small launch along close to the wharf toward a beach when the former fell overboard and sank in about 15 feet of water without making a struggle. The body was recovered about 30 minutes later. He was 23 years of age and was a member of the Astoria lodge of Redmen. His parents, three brothers and five sisters survive him.

Block System Installed.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Aug. 25.—(Special.)—The Northern Pacific Railroad Company has a crew of men engaged in installing a safety block system on the main line between Kalama and Tenino. This is an extension of the system in use between Kalama and Portland. As soon as the new double track line between Tenino and Tacoma is completed, the block system will be extended to that city.

Government Trust Suspected.
WASHINGTON, Aug. 25.—To ascertain whether a tobacco buying "trust" has been formed by the governments of Italy, Austria, France, Spain and

For "goodness" sake wear Hanan's shoes.

BROOKS BUILDING, NORTHWEST CORNER 7TH AND WASHINGTON



A. Reffling, who has for the last 25 years probably clothed most of the successful men in the Northwest, will be back in business again in the above address by September 2.

\$2.50 Round Trip

TO
ASTORIA
VIA
COLUMBIA RIVER STEAMERS
HASSALO AND T. J. POTTER
ACCOUNT THE
REGATTA
VIA
OREGON-WASHINGTON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION CO.

TICKETS ON SALE
AUG. 26, 27, 28, 29

FINAL RETURN LIMIT
SEPT 2

Boats leave on usual schedule—Hassalo 8:00 A. M., T. J. Potter, 10:30 P. M.

THE SAME GOOD SERVICE
The Never Old, Delightful Trip.

CITY TICKET OFFICE
Third and Washington. Phone Marshall 4500
Make Reservations Now. Boats Leave Ash-street Dock

What We Do For You

Do you know what a bank will do for you? First, it's convenient to pay bills by check; then it's safer than carrying or hiding money. A cancelled check is never disputed as a receipt. It establishes your credit to use a bank as a reference. These are only a few of the things you will find a bank does for you if you will open an account.

Security Savings and Trust Company

FIFTH AND MORRISON STREETS
Capital and Surplus, \$1,400,000
Established 1890