



## CONTEST DECISIONS UPHELD IN DETAIL

### Statement Approved by Taft Issued

## T. R.'S GOOD FAITH ASSAILED

### California, Arizona and Washington Cases Reviewed.

## PARTY LAW IS FOLLOWED

### Declaration Made That Each Contest Was Settled Logically and on Basis of National Committee Rules in Force Since 1880.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—A statement approved by President Taft, defending his nomination by the Chicago convention, was made public today at the White House. It reviews every contest before the Republican National committee and the credentials committee of the convention and asserts that each contest was settled logically, upon its merits. The statement was submitted to the Cabinet at a recent meeting and received the approval of the President's official family.

The statement, which is a document of 144 printed pages, is a detailed denial of the charge that the renomination of President Taft was accomplished by the seating of fraudulently elected delegates to the convention. It takes up individually the 238 contests instituted by the Roosevelt forces against Taft delegates who were seated, and presents evidence in each of these cases to show that the Taft delegates were regularly elected. A resume of the statement prepared by Charles D. Hillier, formerly President Taft's secretary and now chairman of the Republican National committee, takes up each contest briefly.

### Good Faith of Roosevelt Impugned.

This resume opens with the declaration that Roosevelt contests, as originally filed before the National committee, were not instituted in good faith.

"The total number of delegates summoned to the convention," says the resume, "was 1075, with 348 necessary to a choice. Mr. Taft had 561 votes on the first and only ballot and was declared the nominee. There were instituted against 238 of the delegates, regularly elected for Taft, contests were avowedly instigated, not for the purpose of really securing seats in the convention, not for the purpose of adding evidence to entertain the contests, but for the purpose of deceiving the public into the belief that Mr. Roosevelt had more votes than he really had as the conventions and primaries were in progress for the selection of delegates. The 238 contests were reduced by abandonment, formal in substance, to 74. The very fact of these 164 frivolous contests itself reflects upon the genuineness and validity of the remainder."

### Contests Are Reviewed.

The resume then enumerates the contests, and reviews the arguments in each case. The review of the evidence in the contests embraced in the White House statement is certified to by Victor Rosewater, chairman of the National committee, and Thomas H. Devine, chairman of the credentials committee.

### Resume of contests for delegates at large and district delegates by states includes the following:

In Arizona there were 93 votes. All the delegates (six in number) were to be selected at large. The counties were entitled to select their delegates through their county committee or by primary. In one county, Maricopa, a majority of the committee decided to select its delegates at a primary. In other counties there were some contests and the state committee, following the usage of the National committee, gave a hearing to all contestants in order to make up the temporary roll. There was a clear majority of the Taft delegates among the unopposed delegates. The committee made up the temporary roll, and there was a ballot 84 remaining in the hall and 25 withdrawing therefrom. The case of the Taft majority was so clear that it is difficult to understand why a contest was made.

### California Decision Defeated.

The fourth Congressional district of California presented this question: Under the state law, the delegation, two from each district, was elected on a general ticket in a group of 26. Each delegate might either express his Presidential preference or agree to vote for the Presidential candidate receiving the highest number in the state. In the fourth district the two candidates from that district on the Taft ticket expressed a preference for Taft, but did not agree to vote for the candidates having the highest state vote. These Taft delegates in the fourth district received a majority of 200 more than the Roosevelt delegates in that district.

### The National call forbade any law or the acceptance of any law which prevented the election of delegates by districts. In other words, the call of the National Committee was at variance with the state law. The state law sought to enforce the state-unit rule, and required the whole 25 delegates to be voted for all over the state, assigning two to each district on the ticket

## SCHOONER IS LOST; CREW TAKEN OFF

### C. T. HILL ABANDONED TO UNDERWRITERS.

### Ocean Smooth and Vessel Safe for Present, but Hope of Getting Her Off Is Given Up.

WHEELER, Or., July 28.—(Special.)—The schooner C. T. Hill, which went on a sand spit three-quarters of a mile south of the Nehalem bar at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, as a result of having sailed in without a tug, is high and dry today and all hope of getting her off safely has been abandoned.

Captain N. Parsons left the schooner today and notified the underwriter to take charge. The George R. Voss, crossed the bar at 9 o'clock this morning and offered assistance, which was refused.

The ocean is smooth and there is no immediate danger of the vessel going to pieces, but little hope is held for getting her off if any wind should spring up.

The crew of seven men is encamped on the mainland, having been taken off late yesterday.

## BOHEMIANS DIE TOGETHER

### Gun and Gas Routes Chosen by Man and Young Woman in Chicago.

CHICAGO, July 28.—(Special.)—John Cizek, aged 30, and Katherine Vacek, aged 19, were found dead today in the living rooms occupied by the man. It is believed they perished in a suicide pact.

Cizek had been shot over the right temple and a revolver lay beside his body. On a couch in the room was the body of Miss Vacek. She had been killed by gas. One end of a rubber tube was in her mouth and the other was attached to an open jet.

On a bureau in the room were two letters written by the girl. They were written in the Bohemian language, and one of them bore this request: "Divide the funeral expenses between the two of us."

One circumstance that puzzles the police is the fact that three chambers of the revolver found beside Cizek's body were empty and only one bullet could be accounted for.

The girl left a letter to her mother disposing of her personal effects and asking forgiveness.

## YOUNG FISH PROVIDED FOR

### Oregon Fares Well, Being Allowed \$50,000 for Two Hatcheries.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—(Special.)—The House committee on merchant marine and fisheries has reported favorably an omnibus appropriation bill for additional fish hatcheries and fish culture stations in the various states of the United States.

Twelve states receive appropriations under the bill, Oregon being the most favored on the list. Eleven of the states get \$25,000 each for the establishment of one station, while Oregon gets \$50,000 for the establishment of two stations.

Representative Lafferty appeared before the committee in behalf of Oregon and made an argument in favor of two stations, submitting a letter from the Department of Commerce and Labor to Senator Bourne reciting that the salmon output of the Columbia River can be doubled in four years by proper management. Lafferty also submitted telegrams from Secretary of State Olcott showing that the state of Oregon has recently appropriated \$70,000 of state money to promote fish hatcheries in Oregon.

## FIGHT AT SOCIAL FATAL

### Personal Grievance Leads to Row. Two Killed, Another Dying.

DUGGER, Ind., July 28.—(Special.)—Personal grievances which caused a fist fight in the streets of Dugger yesterday afternoon led to a pitched battle with revolvers, when factions clashed at an ice cream social at Levi Gambill's grove, two miles south of Dugger, about midnight last night. As a result, two men are dead, one is dying and three others are seriously wounded. No arrests have been made.

The dead are: William Shepherd, 44 years old, unmarried; shot through heart. Walter Alzman, 32 years old, married, and Code Burch, 23 years old, married, was shot through the abdomen, and is expected to recover. Arista Turpin, 35 years old, married, was struck in the head by a bullet. James Butler was slightly wounded.

## LAD FOUND ASLEEP IN CAVE

### Child Who Wandered Away Friday Makes Friends With Angora Goat.

SAN GREGORIO, Cal., July 28.—Mortimer Hamilton, the six-year-old son of a Seattle lumberman, who was lost Friday, was found early today, asleep in a cave, with his arms clasped about the neck of an Angora goat.

The lad, who was camping with his aunt, Mrs. Albert Palmer, of San Francisco, wandered off Friday evening. He could not give a complete account of his adventures, but said he made friends with the goat and they had wandered into the cave together.

## D. & R. G. TRAIN DERAILED

### Three Cars Overturned Near Thompsons, Utah; Road Tied Up.

SALT LAKE CITY, July 28.—Seven coaches of eastbound passenger train No. 2 on the Denver & Rio Grande Railroad, were derailed early this morning near Thompsons.

## CURB, BUT NOT KILL TRUSTS IS ADVISED

### Steel Inquisitors See Need of Regulation.

## LABOR CONDITIONS CRITICISED

### Interstate Commission of Industry Is Proposed.

## OH ORGANIZERS ARE FLYED

### Minority Recommendations Score Morgan & Co. and Suggest That Steel Millhands Be Given Shorter Hours.

WASHINGTON, July 28.—A recommendation favoring the legislation and regulation of big industrial concerns, instead of their dissolution, is to be submitted to the House in a report by three Republican members of the steel investigating committee.

The report was signed by Representatives Gardner, of Massachusetts; Young, of Michigan; and Danforth, of New York. Representative Young submitted an additional statement, and Representative Sterling, of Illinois, who believes in dissolving the big combinations, will submit a separate report.

### Commission's Favored.

The minority reports favor the creation of an interstate commission of industry, to be clothed with extensive powers of regulation and with power to fix reasonable prices for the output of corporations.

The report would require that all corporations capitalized at \$50,000,000 or more operate under a Federal charter, before engaging in interstate commerce. Smaller corporations might avail themselves of the Federal charter at their own option.

The Republican members make it plain that the report is not an expression of Republican policy nor dictated by the Republican Administration.

The report does not spare the steel trust or its organizers. J. P. Morgan & Co. are credited with a profit of \$62,500,000 for underwriting the organization of the United States Steel Corporation.

Labor conditions in the steel mills are declared bad and a suggestion is made to the corporation to improve them by working millhands in eight instead of 12-hour shifts.

### Findings Are Summarized.

The report thus summarizes its findings: "The corporation was capitalized at \$1,400,000,000, of which nearly one-half was 'water.'"

"The average annual earnings of the corporation have been from 11 to 12 per cent on the value of its assets."

"The corporation controls a little over (Concluded on Page 2.)"

## MARRYING JUSTICE OF PEACE ELOPES

### BRIDEGROOM IN RUNAWAY MATCH IS 73 YEARS OLD.

### Aged Man Boldly Applies for License, but Bride Is Timid. Surprise Is Planned.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 28.—(Special.)—For more years than most women care to look back upon, Richard Hall Brown, Justice of the Peace, of Solano County, has been marrying eloping couples. It may be that was what influenced the aged Justice to elope himself.

Yesterday morning he presented himself in the marriage license bureau of the City Hall and marching boldly up to the counter demanded a license. His bride-to-be was more timid and had to be coaxed up to the counter by her prospective husband.

He boldly signed his name, "Richard Hall Brown, J. P., 73 years old." The bride-to-be in a trembling hand signed "Miss Lou Dawson, 51 years old."

The license clerk asked Brown what the "J. P." stood for. "Well, you see," said Brown, "I'm the Justice of the Peace at Dixon and I'm so used to signing my name that way that I forgot that it was not necessary in this case."

"An elopement?" queried the clerk, intent on unearthing a possibly hidden romance. "Well, not exactly," replied Brown hesitatingly. "We just thought we would come down here and get married, keep it quiet for a while and give the folks at home a little surprise."

## ATTIC PRISONER INSANE

### Awful Ordeal Turns Mind of Man Lost Five Days in Home.

CHICAGO, July 28.—(Special.)—Imprisoned five days in an attic without food or water, with members of his family two floors below frantically searching the city for him while he was too weak and delirious even to beat upon the door for help, has finally sunk unconscious on a pile of carpets in a dark corner of the attic. The roofers, who had not noticed him, completed their work and descended, locking after them the attic trap door.

When evening came the family began a search for Havens. It was feared he had wandered to the river or lake and fallen in. Chief attention was paid these spots with no thought of the attic.

## ENTOMBED MINER IS HEARD

### Voice in Flooded Shaft Starts Rescuers Digging Feverishly.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., July 28.—Rescuers at work in Lemont mine No. 1, of the H. C. Frick Coke Company, which was flooded Wednesday, last night reported that they had heard a voice in mine No. 2.

Twenty-five coal diggers were put to work to dig through 45 feet into mine No. 2.

## JOHNNY COMES MARCHING HOME TODAY.



## REBELS IN MEXICO EXPEL AMERICANS

### Alternative Is to Join Insurrecto Army.

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## REFUGEES FLEE TO BORDER

### Arms Taken From United States Citizens in North.

## MORMON COLONY IS UPSET

### Proposed Raid on Mills Expected to Result in Trouble, as Lumberjacks Are Armed and Await Coming of Orozco's Men.

EL PASO, Tex., July 28.—Americans in Northern Mexico have been officially notified by rebel commanders to give up their arms and leave the country. An only alternative is to join the rebel ranks and fight against the constitutional government of the republic. Refugees from the Mormon colonies in Chihuahua are flocking to the border. The first group of nearly 1000 men, women and children is due to arrive here by special train late tonight or early in the morning.

News of this unexpected development was received here today by representatives of the Mormon colonists. A. W. Ivins, of Salt Lake City, an apostle of the Mormon Church, is making arrangements for the reception of the refugees. They will be housed in tents if necessary and the El Paso customhouse building will be thrown open to them. Apostle Ivins has telegraphed complaints to Senator Smoot of Utah and Governor Colquitt of Texas.

### Rifles Are Taken Away.

According to advices received here, rebels armed with an order from General Ynez Salazar, commander at Casas Grandes, and vested with authority from General Orozco, commander-in-chief of the rebels, visited the homes of the Mormons in Colonia Dublan on Saturday and confiscated 300 rifles and much ammunition.

This also was done at Colonia Juarez, a neighboring settlement, and 109 rebel cavalrymen were dispatched to Colonia Morelos, another American settlement to the east. The colonists were told to give up their arms and leave Mexico or join the rebel army.

It was reported that stores were looted in Nueva Casas Grandes and a Chinaman killed when he refused the rebels the right to enter his store.

## HAWLEY'S FORTUNE IS CUT

### Estate Thought to Be \$60,000,000 Dwindles to \$9,000,000.

NEW YORK, July 28.—(Special.)—Wallace S. Frazer, Deputy State Controller, has filed a report in the transfer office of the Surrogate Court that the gross estate of the late Edward Hawley aggregated only \$9,292,217.38. From this amount there was deducted \$4,009,529.95 for debts, administration expenses, taxes in other states and commissions. It was estimated at the time of Hawley's death, February 1, last, that his estate would reach \$60,000,000.

Of the net estate of \$5,282,687.90, really represented \$438,100. The amount due the state as an inheritance tax is \$175,454.94.

## WOMAN'S TONGUE STOPPED

### Chicago Judge Effectively Silences Loquacious Witness.

CHICAGO, July 28.—(Special.)—One dollar a word for plain talk is too much even for a woman. Putting a price on language is an effective method of expediting court business.

These two facts were proved today by Municipal Judge Caverly. He stopped the interruption of Mrs. C. Van Felt, before him to prosecute a disorderly conduct charge, by threatening to fine her according to the quantity, and not the quality, of her language.

## SHIPBUILDING FIRM CLOSES

### Trouble Between Orangemen and Catholics Prevents Work.

BELFAST, July 28.—Owing to continuing disputes between Orangemen and Catholics over home rule, which have resulted in many Catholics being prevented from working, the shipbuilding firm of Harland & Wolff has closed down some of its departments.

It was announced by the firm that it would be unable to continue other departments unless the disturbances cease.

## EMPEROR IS UNCONSCIOUS

### Japanese Ruler's Condition Grave. Pulse Jumps to 120.

TOKIO, July 29. (7 A. M.)—The Emperor has been unconscious since dawn. The examination by the attending physicians at 6 o'clock disclosed the gravest condition.

At that hour the Emperor's respiration was 48; pulse, 120.

## VERSE MAGAZINE TO START

### Chicago Citizens Subscribe \$5000 Each Toward Publication.

CHICAGO, July 28.—More than 100 citizens have subscribed \$5000 a year for five years to publish a magazine of verse in Chicago.

The first number, it is announced, will appear in December or January.

## OREGON BATTALION MUTINIES IN FIELD

### Officers Arrested for Refusal to March.

## LONG "HIKE" JUST FINISHED

### Troops Balk at Order to Retrace Steps Four Miles.

## GENERAL MAUS IS ANGERED

### Major Scott, Captain Williams and Captain Tooez and Lieutenant Deich Are Scored by Man Commanding Maneuvers.

BRIGADE HEADQUARTERS, Gate, Wash., July 28.—Mutiny broke out today in the Third Oregon Infantry when the Second Battalion of four companies, commanded by Major Ryland Scott, refused to obey orders.

Directed to make a march of four miles from this point back to Oakville, whence they had just come, the battalion officers held a conference and decided not to obey. The order which was spurned was issued by Colonel John M. Poorman, commanding the Oregon regiment, at the instance of Brigadier-General Marion P. Maus, United States Army.

As the outcome of the refusal to obey, four Oregon officers were placed under arrest at the direction of General Maus. The four are: Major Scott, Captain Harry T. Williams, Captain Walter L. Tooez, Jr., First Lieutenant Richard Deich.

### Action Proves Surplus.

To the charge of refusal to obey orders may be added a second charge of insubordination.

The mutiny, which caused the greatest surprise in army circles here, being without precedent at a western maneuver camp, occurred this morning, when the Oregon Regiment came to Gate in heavy marching order, expecting to go into camp there. The troops had marched five miles, from Oakville, after taking part in a rear-guard pursuit of the retreating Blue army. When ordered by General Maus to march back to Oakville and encamp there, complaint immediately arose in the ranks.

An investigation by brigade officers shows that the Second Battalion officers tampered with the men under their command. Colonel Poorman was informed that if he allowed the regiment to leave its packs the men would march back.

### May Orders Advance.

Lieutenant-Colonel May later summarily ordered the regiment to move, giving his orders in no uncertain terms. Major Charles Smith, commanding the Third Battalion, promptly moved off, followed by the First Battalion, in command of Major Lorin A. Bowman.

The Second Battalion held fast for the time, but after stripping off blanket rolls and haversacks, followed later. Investigation immediately by General Maus in person, and he questioned all concerned as soon as the camp at Oakville was reached.

It is alleged that extreme impertinence was shown General Maus by Lieutenant Deich, when reprimanded by the General for his stand. Captains Tooez and Williams also are charged with unsoldierly replies to General Maus' questions. A severe reprimand was delivered to the offenders by General Maus in the presence of their companies, the General telling them that obedience to orders is the fundamental principle of soldiering, and that officers guilty of such conduct as theirs were unfit to serve in the organized militia.

### Order Unjust, Say Officers.

As to the claims of the battalion officers that the order to return to Oakville was unjust, General Maus explained that a total of less than 10 miles was necessitated by the entire round trip. He said that but 30 miles had been covered in eight days from Montesano to Gate, and that two days was plenty of time for the entire march.

A full report of the occurrence is being prepared for the War Department. Trial of the offenders on the grave charges indicated will devolve upon the Oregon military authorities when the Third returns home.

The troops break camp in the morning to proceed to Portland.

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