

FULL NEW JERSEY TICKET IS VOTED

Mass Convention Decides to Name Electors Who Will Support Colonel.

FORT IS MADE CHAIRMAN

Platform Adopted by Committee Declares It Will Support No Candidate for Office Who Is Against T. R.

ASSBURY PARK, N. J., July 22.—New Jersey led the Eastern states in the new party movement today when a mass convention of progressives launched a separate political organization and decided to nominate a full state ticket for the November election. The convention voted to put on the ticket a seat of Presidential electors supporting Theodore Roosevelt and to send to the National Progressive convention in Chicago the same set of delegates that represented the state at the Republican National convention, pledging them to vote for Colonel Roosevelt again.

The convention arranged for the appointment of a state committee which will settle details of party organization. The possibility of alliance with either of the old parties was denied in vigorous terms.

Capture of Primaries Abandoned.
The question of making an attempt to capture the Republican primary which is to be held in the state last night, did not arise at the convention, but most of those who attended took it for granted that no such course was in contemplation.

All speakers declared for a fight along distinct new party lines, and such expressions were enthusiastically applauded.

The convention adopted without dissent the platform recommended by the committee on arrangements. A woman suffrage plank aroused prolonged applause.

The frequent mention of Roosevelt's name called for a series of demonstrations, and his picture was everywhere in the hall. The Colonel had been urged to attend, but in a telegram to Chairman Fort, which was read to the convention, he said:

Colonel Cannot Attend.
"I wish I could come and I would gladly do so if it were possible, but I could not go to New Jersey without causing genuine heart burnings in the many other states where I have been asked and have had to refuse on the ground that I would speak nowhere until after the national convention."

The platform declared:
"That we will support no candidate for public office who is not an avowed supporter of the candidacy of Colonel Roosevelt for President of the United States."

The purpose of the convention, the platform says, is to register a formal protest against the result of the Republican National convention.

The following articles of faith are put forth:
"Nomination of party candidate for President and Vice-President by direct primaries."
"Election of President and Vice-President by popular vote."
"Direct election of United States Senators."

"Simpler and easier methods whereby the people may amend the constitution."
"The initiative, referendum and recall."
"Woman Suffrage Submitted."

"The submission to the people of an amendment to the state constitution giving women the same right to vote as men."
"A National progressive income and inheritance tax."

"Government ownership and operation of express, telegraph and telephone service."
"Protective tariff limited to the difference in cost of production here and abroad, and a downward revision of the present tariff. Where competition has been destroyed by monopoly and the tariff is used to exact unjust tribute from the people it should be abolished."

"Solution of the trust problem by strict governmental regulation, and control through a commission and by the abolition of all special privileges."

Trust Devices Denounced.
"We favor forbidding by law the practice of selling below cost in certain areas for the purpose of destroying competition, while maintaining higher prices in others; refusing to sell to customers who trade with competitors; making combinations to control prices, to limit output or to divide territory; the monopoly of natural resources for the purpose of stifling competition."

"Revision of the patent laws, so that the patents shall encourage inventions but shall no longer be a shelter for monopoly, and to that end we demand that all future patents shall be open to public use on payment of a royalty to the patentee, fixed by the Government."

"Laws providing for the Government ownership and operation of railroads and all other public utilities, in Alaska, and for the leasing of all Alaska coal, mineral and timber lands, with a provision that non-use shall work a forfeiture of the lease."

"We oppose the Aldrich financial scheme and favor unrestricted competition in banking."

PARTY TO BE "WHITE MEN'S"

Mississippi Progressives Cancel Call Bearing Names of Negroes.

JACKSON, Miss., July 22.—The National Progressive party will be launched in Mississippi strictly as a white man's organization.

This announcement, made today, closely follows the cancellation of a call for a progressive convention, signed by white and negro Republicans not in harmony with the regular organization.

POLICE NET TIGHTENING

(Continued From First Page.)

nounced that he "will protect every man in this case," if he can get the evidence he wants against policemen, but Commissioner Dougherty and his private detectives are making every effort to round up the men.

It is said that "Dago Frank" and "Gib the Blood" are in the city or nearby. The police are not so sure of the whereabouts of the others. It is thought that they may be in Chicago.

Mr. Whitman said the grand jury is anxious to have appear before it all persons whose names have been mentioned in connection with the gambling situation. He said he had written Lieutenant Riley, Costigan and Becker requesting them to appear as voluntary witnesses, but that he would not issue subpoenas for them. He said he would resume his investigation before the grand jury tomorrow.

EX-GOVERNOR OF NEW JERSEY, CHOSEN AS CHAIRMAN OF ROOSEVELT PARTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE IN NEW JERSEY.



JOHN FRANKLIN FORT.

BOSSES READ OUT

Colonel Says His Party Will Be for People Only.

FUTURE IS KEPT IN MIND

New Organization to Extend Glad Hand to ex-Members of Both Old Parties, New York County Chairmen Are Told.

NEW YORK, July 22.—In his first speech since he returned from Chicago, Colonel Roosevelt set forth today his reasons for leading in the formation of a new party. His address was delivered at a meeting of the New York State County chairmen of the National Progressive party.

Colonel Roosevelt did not intend to speak, he declared, but the chairman would not be denied.

"No man knows better than I," said Colonel Roosevelt, "that enthusiasm and high principles cannot be effective without organization and work. A great responsibility rests on you men here, who are undertaking the organization of a new party which is to stand four-square to democracy; which is to be, literally, the party of the people."

Future Contingency Considered.
"It will fight on live issues and not dead ones. It will embody a protest against the corruption in both of the old party machines. It will be a party into which ex-Democrats and ex-Republicans, without regard to their political past, are to come in on an exact equality, and to have each the same share in the party management."

"When we get started it will be a party not only representing the people at election time, but will represent them in party management. We are going to see to it that it is organized so that it will be impossible for any 55 men, chosen four years before, to stand superior to all the voters of a great state like California, and that if that state has not shaped its laws according to a given call of 55 party men, the state shall not be disfranchised."

Political "Swap" Expensive.
"My own judgment is that Messrs. Barnes, Penrose, Guggenheim and Company made a poor swap when they took two stolen delegates from California in place of the electoral vote of California. They were not contented with that. They swapped the electoral vote of Massachusetts for the vote of two delegates. I think it was as expensive a swap as ever made by political managers."

"We intend to build a government without and within the party," said the Colonel, "on the lines of genuine popular rule and of social and industrial justice for farmer, wage-worker, business man and professional man alike, to be achieved, not through the boss, but through the indirect control of the party organization by special privilege, but to be achieved through genuine and not merely nominal rule of the people themselves."

The reports of the county chairmen all were highly optimistic, and the Colonel beamed with pleasure at various predictions of an overwhelming Roosevelt vote.

PORTLAND LEADS IN WHEAT

Exports for Fiscal Year Nearly Fourth of Nation's Total.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 22.—Nearly one-fourth of the wheat exported from the United States during the fiscal year that ended June 30 last was shipped from the port of Portland and once more the lead rounds out the year as the leading wheat exporting district in the country, according to statistics of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

During the fiscal year 1913-14, Portland exported 6,829,943 bushels of wheat, valued at \$5,925,953, as against 7,345,784 bushels in 1911, valued at \$5,314,385. New York's exports during the past year were 6,748,516 bushels.

Puget Sound in the past 12 months exported 2,191,852 bushels of wheat, valued at \$2,740,711, as compared with 3,997,425 bushels the previous year, representing values of \$3,461,200.

DWYER MUST STAND TRIAL

Motion to Dismiss Contempt Charge Against Idaho Man Overruled.

BOISE, Idaho, July 22.—(Special.)—William Dwyer, cited to appear before

the Federal court here to answer the charge of contempt and who entered a plea of not guilty and moved to have the proceeding dismissed, must stand trial before Judge Frank S. Dietrich September 3.

The court held that the motion to dismiss the charge made by John J. Blake, attorney for Dwyer, should be overruled. Dwyer is not under bond. He will be required to appear in the Federal Court here on the date set. This is the second time he has been called to stand trial.

Judge Dietrich said from the bench that the allegation made by the Government against Dwyer is a serious one and should be disposed of at the earliest possible time in order that the defendant, if guilty, can be punished and if not guilty exonerated.

The burden of proof is now placed upon the Government and a special probe will be made to collect the evidence to support the allegation that Dwyer knew that George Fletcher, from whom a telegram was sent calling his attention to the fact that the grand jury was here probing the affairs of the Medbury Land & Investment Company, was a member of the jury at the time he sent the telegram, and this misstatement was flashed over the wires and placed in the hands of Mr. Fletcher with the intent of prejudicing the juror and the jury.

TAFT FAVORS REPEAL

PRESIDENT STILL HOLDS RECIPROcity PRINCIPLE GOOD.

Rejection by Canada, He Says, Obliges United States to Withdraw Act—Pulp Affected.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—President Taft has indicated to several Western Senators who were active opponents of Canadian reciprocity that he would favor the repeal of the act.

Mr. Taft will not withdraw his own support of Canadian reciprocity as a principle, it is understood, but will take the position that the United States should not continue an offer that Canada refuses to accept. The reciprocity law continues in effect in the United States, notwithstanding Canada's refusal to endorse it.

One effect of the repeal of the reciprocity agreement as a whole would be to rector wood pulp and paper to the dutiable list. Those products now enter Canada free under the only operative clause of the treaty.

The United States Government began an investigation today to determine whether the right of re-entry should be extended to wood pulp and paper made from certain crown lands in British Columbia, on which that province recently removed the restrictions on exportation.

As the restrictions are removed on the part of the crown lands in British Columbia, Secretary MacVeagh will be called upon to decide whether they constitute a subdivision of territory which should be recognized under the law, or whether restrictions must be abrogated on all the crown lands in the province to give free entry to the products of any.

The question involves much wood pulp and paper for the West.

DAUGHTER SEES SUICIDE

Wife of Mining Man Commits Suicide in Child's Presence.

MANHATTAN, Nev., July 22.—Mrs. A. Kehoe, daughter of William Hogg, general passenger agent of the Missouri Pacific Railroad at Pueblo, Colo., committed suicide by shooting herself here today.

Mrs. Kehoe, who is believed to have been mentally unbalanced, took her life in the presence of her 7-year-old daughter.

She was a relative of Governor Hogg, of Texas, and recently fell heir to some property in Colorado. Her husband is a prominent mining and milling man.

CANAL PROVOKES SENATE

(Continued From First Page.)

would as soon submit the case to Great Britain alone."

Right to Discriminate Doubtful.

Senator Percy said he believed a fair trial could be had at The Hague.

He added that if a "small community of interest" among nations made it impossible to secure unbiased international courts, "we may well pause in the development of our international relations."

Senator Percy said the United States could not claim under the British treaty the right to give favors to its own shippers. If such a provision had been suggested as part of the treaty, he said, it would have been "instantly rejected," by Great Britain.

Senator Percy thought the United States enjoyed virtually no privilege under the Hay-Panama treaty which it did not have to share with the world.

RULES GOVERNING HOMESTEAD ISSUED

Department Prepares Instructions for Enforcement of Three-Year Law.

TILLAGE MUST BE ACTUAL

Five Months' Absence in Single Year Permitted, but Two Periods Cannot Succeed Each Other.

Good Faith Essential.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, July 22.—The Interior Department has just issued instructions for the enforcement of the three-year homestead bill, which passed Congress and was signed by the President on June 8, 1912, and instructions will be sent to the various local land offices, and will not only guide Registers and Receivers in the carrying out of the law, but will be a guide to homesteaders who come under the law. Already, the department has forwarded to every homestead entryman a copy of the act of June 8, 1912, and instructions will be available at local land offices for those who desire further enlightenment. The instructions are explained in the following synopsis prepared by the Commissioner of the General Land Office:

"1. The period of residence is reduced from five years to three, the credit to begin, however, from the establishment of actual residence upon the land; proof must be submitted within five years from the date of entry.

"2. Cultivation for three years, counting from date of entry, is required, including actual cultivation of not less than one-sixteenth of the area beginning with the second year and not less than one-eighth beginning with the third year and until final proof. Tillage of the soil is required; but breaking of the soil is not sufficient, but this must be accompanied by planting or sowing of seed. Grazing is not accepted, except with respect to certain lands in Idaho and Utah hereafter mentioned, the cultivator is required to make a record of the land as an ordinary entry; that is, the cultivation of the former (heretofore required) is reduced by half.

"3. The Secretary of the Interior is authorized to reduce the required area of cultivation; this will not be done on account of the practical impossibility of the performance of the entryman, but only where exaction of cultivation to the statutory proportion is unreasonable under the circumstances governing the lands. The entryman must make application for the reduction during the first year of his entry. Forms for such applications are primarily passed upon by the General Land Office, but the ultimate decision rests with the Secretary of the Interior.

Veterans' Service Recognized.
"4. After residence upon the land for one year, soldiers and sailors who served in time of war may have credit for the period of their service. They must, however, show cultivation of not less than one-eighth of the area for at least one year.

"5. The General Land office is authorized to extend for not more than six months the ordinary period of six months allowed for establishment of residence, on account of climatic conditions, sickness or other unavoidable causes. Applications for this relief will not be considered in advance, but the homesteader's right will be adjudged when the question is raised. The homesteader is required to go upon the land when the hindering cause is removed.

"6. The entryman may absent himself for one continuous period of not more than five months in each year following establishment of his residence, but he must show bona fide continuous residence during remaining portions of the three-year period. Two five-months' periods of absence are permitted in each year, but each immediately succeeding each other will not be allowed; six months' absence renders the entry subject to contest.

"7. In considering either final residence or extended periods of absence are respected only where notice of the beginning of the intended absence has been given to the local land office and notice of the homesteader's return. The acts allowing leave of absence to be granted by the local land officers have not been repealed.

"8. The privilege of commutation (where it heretofore existed) is not affected by the new act, except that the entryman must be a citizen of the United States, and the old practice under which commutation was allowed by persons who had made their residence in the United States, is now abrogated as to all entries.

Widow's Residence Not Required.
"9. Where a homestead entryman dies, his widow or other statutory successors may make up the three-year period by adding together the period during which the entryman complied with the law and the period during which they cultivated the land, residence being required of them. However, if the entryman himself has not complied with the law in all respects before his death, the entry is forfeited, and, upon proper proof, the entry will be canceled.

"10. Unless a homestead claimant files an election on or before October 1, 1912, to make proof thereafter under the old law, the entry is subject to the provisions of the three-year law of June 8, 1912. The required residence is thus reduced from five to three years, but the specific cultivation provided by the act must be shown. Moreover, proof must be submitted within five years after the date of entry.

"11. Any hardships which might result from the above are eliminated by the ruling of the Secretary that a person having an entry under the old law may show the cultivation of the proportions named in the new law two successive years, though they may not

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be the second and third years of the entry. Moreover, he holds that where the proof, showing compliance with the new law, is submitted upon an old entry after the expiration of five years from its date, the entry may be, in the absence of adverse claims, submitted to the Board of Equitable Adjudication for confirmation. Said board consists of the Secretary of the Interior and the Attorney-General.

"11. Where the price of a tract of land is required to be paid, the annual installments extending beyond the period of residence required under the new law, may be submitted as in other cases, final certificates not being until the entire purchase price has been paid.

"12. On entries of arid lands in Idaho and Utah for cultivation without residence, the period of cultivation is not reduced; this must amount to one-eighth during the second year and one-fourth during the third, fourth and fifth years. Seven years is allowed for submission of proof.

"13. All the provisions of the act apply to entries under the reclamation act and the Kinkaid entries in Western Nebraska, excepting the provision as to cultivation.

"14. Persons having entries made prior to June 8, 1912, are especially warned that it may be to their advantage to have their entries adjudicated at the next state convention at Aberdeen, they should carefully consider the matter; if they desire to submit proof under the laws under which their entries were made, they must on or before October 1, 1912, file at the local land office an election to do so; blank forms will be furnished by the various local land offices."

BEVERLY COINER NAMED

NOMINATION PROTESTED BY ROOSEVELT REPUBLICAN.

Action as Chairman of Washington Central Committee Declared to Have Caused Split.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The nomination of Beverly Coiner, of Tacoma, to be United States Attorney for the Western district of Washington, was protested to the Senate today by President Taft. Coiner is named to succeed Elmer E. Todd, resigned.

SEATTLE, July 22.—Edgar C. Snyder, chairman of the Republican campaign committee appointed by the Roosevelt state convention at Aberdeen, today sent a telegram to Senator Polindexter urging him to oppose the confirmation of Coiner. Coiner, as chairman of the Republican State Central Committee, presided over the committee meeting at Aberdeen which refused credentials to the Roosevelt delegates from King County, thus bringing about two conventions and a contest at Chicago.

The message sent by Mr. Snyder to Senator Polindexter was that the nomination of Beverly Coiner as United States District Attorney here adds insult to the injury done to the people of this state when Coiner engineered the stealing of our delegates. The appointment is explainable only as a reward for that theft and the progressive Republicans of Washington urge you to resist its confirmation.

Two Beauty Secrets for Summer Months
Hair requires frequent shampooing in summer because of the great amount of dust and soot in the air, and if you dissolve a teaspoonful of canthrox in a cup of hot water you will have ample mixture for a cleansing, invigorating and wonderfully satisfying shampoo. After using canthrox, the hair dries quickly and evenly, and will be ever so soft and brilliant even in the hottest weather. Then you can do your hair up in any style with little effort.

A supramax lotion is ideal for hot weather, because it permits the pores to do their work properly, and when this is done pimples, blackheads, oiliness and fine lines vanish. To make, add 2 teaspoonfuls glycerine to 4 pint witch hazel (or hot water), then put in 4 ounces supramax. After the supramax lotion is applied to the face it is invigorating and imparts a youthful charm and tint to any complexion.—Adv.

Talk Machines in Cut Price Sale

Very Substantial Discounts—Opportunity to Get Immense Number of Latest Records Free.

The rules of the several Talk Machine manufacturers prohibit advertising the names of machines at cut prices, hence this general announcement can only be made. But come and see! The machines in this sale are not strictly brand new, but most of them are latest types, many of them received in part payment of our wonderful little bungalow player pianos, the autopianos and player piano de luxe, from homes where two instruments were not wanted. Others, again, have come to us in part payment for the great \$200 and \$250 machines. Still others have been out on sale in dealers' hands who have gone out of business.

Every machine in this great sale is in perfect order and so guaranteed, and reduced one-third, one-half, and in some cases as much as 80 per cent.

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For example there are a number of \$200 machines for \$155, including 40 selections of latest records, payments \$10 cash, \$6 a month.
\$200 machines for \$145, including 40 selections, \$10 cash and \$5.50 a month.
\$200 machines, \$130, including 40 selections, \$10 cash and \$5 a month.

\$150 machines, \$110, including 40 selections, \$10 cash and \$4.50 a month.
\$150 machines and 40 selections, \$90, \$5 cash and \$4 a month.
\$110 machines and 40 records for \$70, \$5 cash and \$3 a month.
\$100 machines and 20 selections for \$60, \$5 cash and \$2.50 a month.

\$85 machines and 20 selections, \$35, \$5 cash and \$1.50 a month.
\$60 machine and 60 records, \$35, \$5 down and \$1.50 a month.
\$50 machines and 30 selections for \$32, \$5 cash and \$1.50 a month.
\$45 machines and 60 records for \$40, \$5 cash and \$1.50 a month.
\$45 machine and 12 records for \$24, \$4 cash and \$1 a month.
\$25 machine and 24 records for \$15, \$2 cash and \$1 a month.
\$20 machine and 10 selections for \$9, \$1 cash and \$1 a month.
\$15 machine and 10 selections for \$8, \$1 cash and \$1 a month.
\$15 machines and 10 selections for \$7, \$1 cash and \$1 a month.

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