

JAPANESE EMPEROR IMPROVES SLEADIL

Ruler Finally Falls to Sleep. Appetite Better and Delirium Gone.

DANGER IS NOT YET PAST

Mutsuhito Able to Speak to His Grandsons—Court Physicians Say Public Must Wait Week for Assurance of Outcome.

JAPANESE CLIMB MOUNT BAKER TO PRAY FOR MIRACULOUS RECOVERY.

BELLINGHAM, Wash., July 22.—(Special.)—Frank Matsui, S. Ogawa and J. Tomara, three Bellingham Japanese, started today for the summit of Mount Baker to offer up prayers for the recovery of the Emperor. Matsui says it is the Buddhist belief that supplications for the recovery of the great men of their nation when ill, are more effective if delivered from a high place. The three men were escorted up the streets and hidden farewell by at least 20 of their fellow-countrymen.

TOKYO, July 22.—(Tuesday.)—The extreme tension caused by the illness of Mutsuhito, Emperor of Japan, has greatly relaxed, but the attending physicians say that while there is reason to be encouraged, the public must wait a week before assurances can be given respecting the outcome.

The improvement noted Sunday was maintained yesterday and the bulletins issued by the court physicians, which are posted throughout the empire, indicated that the maladies from which the Emperor is suffering are under control, at least temporarily.

Emperor Unable to Sleep. The latest bulletin at 5 o'clock this morning gave briefly the results of the physicians' examination at 3:30 A. M. It stated that the improved conditions were generally sustained, but that his majesty had been unable to sleep. The temperature of the patient at that hour was 102.4. At 5:30 o'clock a minister of the imperial household gave out the information that the Emperor was sleeping soundly and that his appetite had improved.

Mutsuhito yesterday was able to speak to his three grandsons, who had been summoned from the Summer residence, and also to the Crown Princess, to whom he entrusted a message to the Crown Prince.

Delirium Now Absent. For a considerable period during the early days of his sickness the Emperor was in a semi-conscious condition, lapsing occasionally into unconsciousness. Delirium was one of the symptoms that caused grave concern to the physicians, but the delirium has disappeared and the Emperor's mind is comparatively clear.

Expressions of concern, couched in unusually sympathetic terms, are being received from every quarter of the world, from rulers, great business houses and individuals. Yuan Shi Kai, president of the Chinese Republic, sent a special representative to convey his deep personal concern, and also that of China. A telegraphic message from Yuan Shi Kai described the Emperor as "one of the world's greatest peace holders."

Ten thousand pilgrims daily are visiting the imperial shrine and pray for the recovery of the Emperor.

PORTLAND JAPANESE ANXIOUS

M. Ida, Consul, Receives Message About Emperor's Condition.

The offices of the Imperial Japanese Consulate, 219 Henry building, have been besieged steadily for the last two or three days by loyal Japanese anxious to learn of the condition of their Emperor. Mutsuhito was described by the Crown Prince, Yoshi-hito, yesterday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, a cable was received from Tokyo announcing the Emperor's condition.

The cable, however, is not so recent as word sent by the Emperor's family. The telegram is as follows: "To M. Ida, Japanese Consul, Portland, Or.—The situation of the Emperor is improving. At 3 P. M. July 21, his temperature fell to 38.5, his pulse to 120, his temperature was 37.5 centigrade, at 2 A. M. July 22, it was 38.8, and at 8 A. M. it had risen to 39.8. His pulse was between 80 and 100 during these hours, and stronger than before. Breathing (respiration) between 20 and 25. The Emperor consumes of other beverage. As a whole the Emperor is improving."

When converted into Fahrenheit reckoning the temperatures would be 99.5, 101.4 and 103.4 respectively. As soon as the telegram arrived, M. Ida set down to transcribe it to the Japanese for the benefit of his compatriots. As he finished he remarked: "Japanese people here are loyal to their Emperor and to the imperial family. They are anxious to know the latest possible news."

Questioned as to the number of Japanese in the city, and also as to whether their religion would have any effect on their loyalty or interest, the Consul replied: "There are about 1000 Japanese in the city, coming chiefly from Hiroshima, Okayama and Fukuoka. They are mostly either Buddhists or Christians, the proportion being almost exactly one to one. Hardly any are Shintos."

"Their religion makes no difference to their loyalty, and there is not one Japanese resident here who has not the health of his Emperor deeply at heart." Smilingly, but firmly, the Consul declined to discuss the conditions that might arise were the Emperor to die. He made the plea that he was "too small a man" to discuss his great superior.

RUBBER INQUIRY DELAYED

Man Sent to Investigate Torture of Peruvians Not Started.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Stewart Fuller, special agent of the State Department, under orders to ascertain from personal observation whether the Peruvian government was redeeming its promise to stop the torture of the Indians in the rubber country, has not yet been able to start on his expedition into the Putumayo country.

He has cabled the State Department from Iquitos, about 1300 miles up the Amazon and the head of deep water navigation, that he expects to start for the upper river early in August.

FIRST HEAD OF BRITISH ADMIRALTY, WHO POINTS TO GERMAN MENACE, AND OPPOSITION LEADER, WHO SUPPORTS GOVERNMENT PROGRAMME.



WINSTON SPENCER CHURCHILL.

GERMANY IS SPUR

England Prepares to Build Monster Navy.

COLONIES HELP BEAR COST

Four Battleships to Be Built Each Year for 5 Years—Large Proportion to Be Kept Ready at All Times for War.

(Continued From First Page.) shadowing an early summoning of the statesmen of the self-governing colonies to participate in determining the policy of the empire.

Dominions Share Burden. Mr. Asquith, on behalf of the British government, gratefully thanked Robert L. Borden, the Canadian premier, who as a listener, and his colleagues for the spirit they had entered into the deliberations of the Government. He said he felt sure any announcement they might make would be received in the British Isles with gratitude and he was certain it would be adequate to the dignity and patriotic spirit of Canada.

The burden of responsibility was being shared by the mother country and the dominions and they could not in peace, or in war, isolate themselves from each other. With the dominions' growing participation in the active burden of empire, it was Great Britain's duty to make such a response as it could to their reasonable demand that they should be heard in the determination of the imperial policy.

Labor Leader Opposes. James Ramsey MacDonald, labor member for Leicester, said neither Germany nor England long could stand such a strain on their finances, and declared that the British laborites would join the laborites of Germany in opposing the constant increase in naval appropriations.

Lord Charles Bessford criticized the increase in the naval programme as insufficient. He prophesied that the country would go on adding more ships each year, but not enough—just sufficient to induce Germany to follow suit until war came.

Premier Asquith said the increased expenditures were "necessary to maintain the security of our shores, of our dominions and of our commerce and to insure the peace of the world. We are most reluctant competitors in this naval rivalry which was not provoked by us."

Mr. Churchill in introducing the supplementary appropriation said the direct cause of the increase was to be found in the new German navy law, the main feature of which was the increase in the striking force of ships of all classes. The effect of this new law, he said, would be that nearly four-fifths of the entire German navy would be maintained in full permanent commission and instantly ready for war.

Mr. Churchill then announced the British shipbuilding programme for the next five years, saying that five battleships were to be constructed next year and four in each of the following years.

German Fleet Formidable. Under the new German law, the Admiralty Lord said, the ultimate scale of the German fleet would be 41 battleships, 20 large armed cruisers, 40 small cruisers and smaller craft in proportion.

"That will be an extremely formidable fleet," Mr. Churchill said, "and the only way to meet it is by cool, steady and methodical preparation prolonged over successive years. There is no use flinging money about on the impulse of the moment."

Plans Look Ahead Five Years. The supplementary estimate to meet the extra German expenditure is only a small installment and the new shipbuilding programme of the next five years will be raised to five vessels next year and four boats each year thereafter instead of three in

1913, the number I had hoped we might stand at."

Mr. Churchill went on to point out that the increased fighting power of the German fleet involved the reorganization of the British forces, so that a necessary margin of safety might be maintained. He then announced that he intended to raise the number of battleships in full commission from 25 to 23 by 1914.

Powerful Fleet Promised. From 1914 onward Great Britain will have five battleship squadrons, totaling 41 ships, and of the five squadrons four will be in full commission. Thus Great Britain will have 33 battleships against Germany's 29.

POLICE MEXICO ARRANGED BY FALL

Senator Says Government Has Lost Prestige by Permitting Outrages.

INACTON BRINGS REBUKE

While United States Has Failed to Demand Redress, Speaker Tells How Germany and China Obtained Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, July 22.—In a strong arraignment of the United States Government for its failure to secure redress for injuries to American citizens and property resulting from the Mexican insurrections and revolution, Senator Fall, of New Mexico, declared today that because of this country's inaction it would not regain its prestige in Mexico in 50 years.

He said that China, Germany and other countries had forced Mexico to make restitution for the damages inflicted on their citizens. Thus far, he said, the United States had done nothing. He added that because of the course of the State Department the people of Mexico believe this country is behind the Madero government, and that it was responsible for the overthrow of President Diaz, in the interest of Madero.

Condition Alleged Intolerable. "If the people of the United States knew all the facts," declared Senator Fall, "they would be able to prevent the crossing of the border because of the indignation that would be aroused. And yet nothing has been done to relieve the most intolerable condition that American citizens were ever compelled to undergo."

Senator Fall urged the adoption of the resolution instructing the War Department to ascertain the extent of the damage caused by Mexican bullets fired across the American line during the engagements last year at Douglas, Ariz., and El Paso, Texas. He declared the resolution did not "go far enough."

He said there had been no word of protest from the American Government, although its citizens had been killed, women outraged and over \$500,000,000 worth of property destroyed by Mexicans.

Action Is Urged. The New Mexican Senator said intervention on the part of the United States was not needed and that this country could control the situation by a "firm stand." He admitted he had not taken the matter up with the State Department, but asserted that both the President and Secretary of State had been informed of conditions by others.

The Senator gave many instances of the injuries and loss inflicted on American citizens. Senator Swanson, of Virginia, declared the State Department should be urged to act.

"If the story is true," he said, "we should hang our heads in shame and disgrace."

Senator Fall said that the American State Department had refused persistently to make representations concerning the injuries inflicted, but had requested the Mexican Government to make restitution to the men who inflicted the injuries.

This course he contrasted with the course of China and Germany. Germany, he said, had collected \$100,000,000 on account of the murder of four German citizens in Mexico, while China had compelled the payment of \$100,000,000 on account of the killing of Chinese.

Followers Alleged Ignorant. Attributing Madero's success to the aid of General Orozco, who now opposes him, Senator Fall said that his followers did not understand the charges against the Mexican Government.

"They could get American arms to drive out President Diaz, who did protect Americans," he said, "but when the count by procurer them for use against the man who betrayed them, they found the ports closed and they were refused."

JAPS PLAN FINE EXHIBIT

Site at Panama-Pacific Fair to Be Selected Today by Commission.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—Japan expects to spend nearly \$1,000,000 for her exhibit at the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in 1915. Her intentions were made known here today by Haruki Yamawaki, chairman of the Japanese commission which will tomorrow select a site for the Japanese pavilion, the first fair site chosen by a foreign nation.

"There are two big motives," said the commissioner tonight, "why we intend to spend nearly \$1,000,000 to help make this fair a success. "The commercial relations between America and Japan are becoming increasingly important every year. We must catch every possible occasion to encourage those relations for the best interests of both countries. It is a mutual understanding which renders the peace of the world more effective."

"For 50 years Japan has owed a great deal to the kindness of your Government and people. So the Japanese government and its people are always anxious to respond. We never hesitate to express our gratitude by heartily participating in such a scheme as this exposition."

WOMAN IN COURT VIOLENT

Charge by Husband Brings Wails and Forces Postponement.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 22.—When Mrs. Grace DeLoyes Wright, charged by her husband, a Nevada mining man, with having been with \$2500, his life insurance policy, was arraigned in a Police Court here today, she precipitated a scene so violent that the court found it necessary to postpone the hearing until tomorrow. She then attempted to dash her brains out against the wall of her prison cell.

Wright said she had married the man through a Denver matrimonial agency and that after he had spent a large portion of his fortune, she secured the remainder on the pretense of opening a lodging-house, eluded him and escaped to San Francisco. He traced her to Oakland, he said, and caused her arrest.

When Wright began his narrative in the Justice Court today his wife began to weep and the efforts of the court and bailiffs failed to quell the outbreak.

Seattle Millionaire Dies. SEATTLE, Wash., July 22.—George Kinnear, a millionaire owner of real estate in Seattle, died suddenly today of heart failure, aged 71 years. He gave the city the beautiful Kinnear Park, on the bluff of Queen Anne Hill.

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Yours truly, GEO. T. STOVALL.

Are you fan, athlete, player? You'll say the same once you try this wholesome and delicious beverage.

Demand the Genuine—Refuse Substitutes THE COCA-COLA CO. ATLANTA, GA.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola.

RICH GIRL MISSING

Dorcas Snodgrass Drops From Sight in New York.

ARNOLD CASE PARALLELED

Beautiful Young Woman Goes to Gotham to Shop, Is Seen by Friends, Then Disappears. Engagement Only Recent.

NEW YORK, July 22.—(Special.)—The quest of missing Dorothy Arnold was vividly recalled at headquarters today when a detective from the Mount Vernon police force called with a request that a general alarm be sent out in this city for Dorcas Lyons Snodgrass, one of the most popular members of the younger social set in Mount Vernon. She left the home of her brother-in-law to come to New York at 8 o'clock on Wednesday morning, and the city swallowed her up, leaving not a trace.

Circumstances surrounding the disappearance of Miss Snodgrass follow almost tally for tally those attending the mystery of Dorothy Arnold. Like Dorothy Arnold, she left a home of wealth in Mount Vernon, N. Y., at 140 Wallace avenue, Mount Vernon, to do some shopping in New York. As in the former sensational case, Miss Snodgrass was seen by two who knew her an hour after she had left her home. Like Miss Arnold, she was a college girl, beautiful, bright, vivacious, popular in society, and for whose disappearance no possible reason seems to exist at present.

Miss Snodgrass has made her home with her married sister, Mrs. Crider, since she left college six years ago. Her brother-in-law is chief engineer of the Boston, West Chester & Mount Vernon Railroad, and has a high social position in Mount Vernon. Mr. Crider had completed arrangements to leave Mount Vernon with his wife and Miss Snodgrass shortly, to go to Oakland, Cal., where he was to superintend construction of a new line of electric railway. Miss Snodgrass was enthusiastic about the forthcoming trip to California.

Miss Snodgrass recently became engaged to Adolph Schmidt, an electrical engineering contractor. It had been planned that before Winter came again Schmidt would go to California, and there he and Miss Snodgrass would be married.

KALAMA POWER DEVELOPED

New 40-Mile Line to Be Built Giving Service All the Way to Tenino.

CENTRALIA, Wash., July 22.—(Special.)—The Washington-Oregon Corporation has announced that work will begin immediately on the construction of a 40-mile power line from Keiso to Centralia and Chehalis.

Electric power, generated at the falls of the Kalama River, will be distributed in the small towns en route. Power generated in the Washington-Oregon's steam plant just south of Centralia is now being used.

When the new line is completed the company will have an unbroken line from Tenino to Kalama.

In Recent Years

there have been enormous gains in the number of converts to the use of Portland Cement Sewer Pipe. There's a reason. Investigate. This is really and truly "the age of cement."

Milady's Toilet Table

By Mme. D'VILLE. "A neglected complexion makes a woman look older than she is. The easiest way to preserve or restore a girlish complexion is to lightly massage face, neck and arms with a solution made by dissolving an original package of macestone in a half-pint of water. This prevents sunburn, tan and freckles, and keeps the skin soft, satiny and altogether lovely. "Men always will admire beautiful hair. Washing the head leaves the hair dull and lifeless. Dry shampooing removes dust, dirt and dandruff and leaves the scalp clean, cool and refreshing. Mix four ounces of powdered orris root with an original package of therax; sprinkle a little on the wet hair, brush thoroughly through the hair—and your shampoo is done—your hair light, beautifully lustrous and easy to do up. "A simple way has been found to remove superfluous hair from the face by electrolysis. Make a paste by mixing powdered delatone and water and cover the hairy surface; leave it on one or two minutes, then remove and wash the skin. "Short, thin eyelashes can be made to come in long, thick and silky if pyroxin is applied to the roots of the eyelashes to prevent them from falling out. Brushing gives them a curl. The eyebrows can be made to grow in well-formed arches by brushing with pyroxin."—Adv.

ENHANCES BEAUTY

The youthful, lovely complexion that nature gave you will be enhanced by just a touch of CARMEN Complexion Powder. Try it and see—Carmen will not rub off until you remove it, nor lose its delicate fragrance. Redden people use CARMEN exclusively—for it DOESN'T SHOW POWDER! Harmless and pure, CARMEN benefits the skin instead of injuring it—it's different from other powders. FOUR TINTS: White, Pink, Flesh and Cream—at your Druggist or Department Store—Toll-free Size 50c. Carmen Cold Cream for rough, irritated skin—snow-white—non-sticky. 25c. Stafford-Miller Company, 515 Olive Street, St. Louis, Mo.

POSILAM CURES ALL ANNOYING SKIN TROUBLES

To ease tired feet, to stop itching at once and cure all eruptions, rashes, apply Posilam, the dependable remedy, which so readily soothes angry skin and eradicates eczema and all skin diseases in their virulent forms. Posilam "takes hold" at once and you can observe the progress of healing day by day. The eradication of pimples and minor blemishes, is but a means of improving color and texture of the skin and assuring its continued health. Absolutely pure, it derives its rare beneficial effects from medication with Posilam. Soothes baby's skin. Owl Drug Co. and all druggists sell Posilam (price, 50 cents) and Posilam Soap (price, 25 cents). For free samples, write to the Emergency Laboratories, 22 West 25th Street, New York City.

Pabst Blue Ribbon

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