

HUSBAND SUICIDE
WOMAN'S DEFENSE

Tense Moment Comes When
Policeman Describes Find-
ing of Morrow's Body.

WIFE IS MOVED TO TEARS

Counsel Says Man Was Business
Failure and Took Own Life in
Fit of Melancholy—Chicago
Courtroom Crowded.

CHICAGO, July 12.—(Special.)—Tears and the silent demeanor of the defendant marked the opening of the trial of Mrs. Rene B. Morrow, charged with the murder of her husband, in Judge Kersten's court today. Gem-laden and richly-gowned women and men of every class crowded the courtroom and listened to the evidence.

A dramatic moment was reached in the afternoon when the blood-stained garments of Morrow were shown. John J. Dunning, a policeman of the Hyde Park station, had been called as a witness. He said he had been summoned to the Morrow home on December 28. He described the position of the body and the finding of the revolver near a pool of blood that poured from the bullet wound in Morrow's head.

Witness Concludes Amid Silence. Mrs. Morrow put a handkerchief to her eyes as the policeman gave this testimony. The room was still when the policeman finished his evidence. Prosecutor Northrup handed him a revolver and he identified it as the one he had found beside the body of Morrow. The shirt and the vest worn by Morrow when his body was found were then exhibited. "Did you have any conversation with Mrs. Morrow on December 28?" asked Mr. Northrup.

Defense Holds to Suicide. "Yes, I asked her if she had heard any shots and she replied that she had not. I then asked her whether she and her husband had quarreled that day or during the week and she said she had not. She told me she had seen her husband the last time about 5:20 o'clock the night before." Charles E. Erbstain, counsel for Mrs. Morrow, began his statement to the jury by declaring his client knew nothing of the shooting until the morning of the body of her husband was found. He said the evidence would show that Morrow had fallen in business and had become melancholy and morose and had threatened to commit suicide. Court adjourned until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

CLUBWOMAN OF CHICAGO, WHOSE TRIAL ON CHARGE OF
MURDER BEGINS.



MRS. RENA MORROW.

DARROW ATTACKS
BAIN'S TESTIMONY

Witnesses Also Called to Impeach Franklin, Upon Whom Prosecution Relies.

NEIGHBOR QUOTES JUROR

Letter Declared to Have Said Lawyer Had Nothing to Do With Corruption-Lawyer's Testimony Objected To.

LOS ANGELES, July 12.—The defense in the bribery trial of Clarence S. Darrow drew today on the press section of the courtroom for witnesses in addition to the recalling of the stand for the defense. The jury was asked to impeach the testimony of Darrow, the juror alleged to have been bribed in the McNamara trial, and closed the day's session by calling Tom L. Johnson, attorney for Bert H. Franklin, who confessed to the jury bribery. Witnesses from the press section were called to impeach Franklin's evidence. They include D. M. Willard, a press telegrapher, and Harry E. Jones and J. L. Bernard, reporters for news papers, all of whom had been present at the preliminary examination of Franklin on the charge of bribing jurors.

Darrow's Testimony Denied. All testified that Franklin had made statements completely exonerating Mr. Darrow from any connection with the alleged offense. Franklin, when on the stand, had denied having made such statements.

When Bain again took the stand, Attorney Rogers asked if he had ever told L. B. Henderson, a neighbor, that Darrow and Harriman had nothing to do with his corruption. He said he had not.

Henderson testified that Bain had told him Franklin alone was responsible for his trouble and that Darrow had nothing to do with it.

Counsel Called to Testify. Franklin's testimony that he had no transactions with John R. Harrington, the chief investigator of the McNamara defense, was contradicted by Miss Fern Kernaghan, a former stenographer in the offices of the McNamara defense. The prosecution objected to Kernaghan's testimony on the ground that he could not tell of his professional relations with Franklin unless Franklin consented. The defense held that when Franklin took the stand he waived any such rights and that he could not be successfully impeached on certain points without the evidence of the lawyer. The question was under discussion when court adjourned until Monday morning.

CONVENTION NOT NEEDED

Socialists May File Their Declarations Without Conference.

TACOMA, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—For the first time in the history of Tacoma since the adoption of the statewide direct primary, Socialists may file their declarations of candidacy without holding a convention as they have had to do in the past. The number of Socialist votes increased at the last election to 500 more than the required 10 per cent of the total vote, according to the County Auditor Stewart, who today reexamined the returns of the non-partisan judicial ticket. Attorney A. A. Newell also filed on the non-partisan judicial for Superior Court judge and Dr. F. J. Stewart filed on the Republican ticket for coroner.

MRS. NORTON DIES ON VISIT

Former Portland Woman Passes Away in San Francisco.

EUGENE, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. Catherine Norton, a pioneer of 1859, died suddenly in San Francisco yesterday while on a visit at the home of her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Anderson. It is probable the body will be taken to Portland for interment. Mrs. Norton was born in Dundalk, Ireland, November 26, 1840. When 11 years old she went to San Francisco with her mother, making the trip by way of Panama. She was married in 1859 and the next year came to Portland, where she resided until nine years ago. Of late years she had been making her home with her daughter, Mrs. W. L. Helich, of Eugene. She went to San Francisco last May on a visit, expecting to return to Eugene this summer.

TRIAL MAY BE DELAYED

ARCHBOLD TO NAME DATE FOR IMPEACHMENT HEARING.

Official Papers to Be Submitted to Senate as Soon as Lorimer Case is Finished.

WASHINGTON, July 12.—The impeachment trial of Judge Archbald, of the Commerce Court, will depend as to date largely upon the preference expressed by the accused jurist.

At least a majority of the Republican Senators prefer to postpone the formal proceedings until the cooler weather, meantime allowing both the House, which adopted the articles of impeachment with one dissenting vote, and the counsel for defense ample time for preparation. The Democratic Senators are disposed to favor early action, but both sides agreed today that Judge Archbald's preference should be given serious consideration.

The official impeachment papers will be submitted to the Senate as soon as the body disposes of the Lorimer case. Then the prosecuting managers, headed by Chairman Clayton, of the House Judiciary committee, will be escorted by the sergeant-at-arms to the hall of the Senate, where in an address to the presiding officer they will demand that Judge Archbald be summoned to answer to the impeachment. A committee of five Senators will be appointed to consider the House resolution. This committee probably will be headed by Senator Clark, of Wyoming, chairman of the Judiciary committee.

No decision has been reached by Senators as to who shall preside over the Senate during the trial. This task is laborious, necessitating a careful study of precedents and law. At the beginning of the Swayne trial the President pro tem asked to be excused and Senator Platt, of Connecticut, was selected as President pro tempore while the Senate was sitting in trial. As the Senate so far has been unable to agree upon a regular President pro tem, it is probable the Senate will be chosen for the specific work of presiding while the Senate is considering the Archbald charges.

FAIR MISSION IS SUCCESS

Europeans Give Assurances of Exhibits at San Francisco.

NEW YORK, July 12.—W. T. Sesnon and Theodore Hardee, chairman and executive officer respectively of the commission extraordinary to Europe for the Panama-Pacific Exposition at San Francisco, returned today on the Lusitania. They said their mission, which was to support President Tart's invitation to the governments of Europe to participate in the Panama Exposition and to arouse European interest in it, had been successful far beyond expectations.

In every country they met with encouragement and received assurance from the governments and manufacturers that extensive exhibits would be made.

MISS MAY NOT RECIPIENT

Dispatch, Through Error, Tells of Frank Played at Seaside.

SEASIDE, Or., July 12.—(Special.)—In a dispatch from Seaside, recently published concerning the sending of a box of garter snakes to an actress in a local theater the name Angela May was given through error. Miss May was not the recipient of the snakes and had never appeared at the theater where the prank was played.

TEACHERS TOLD TO
SIGNIFY CALLING

Profession Should Lead Law,
Medicine and Ministry,
Says Speaker.

NEW ERA IS PREDICTED

National Educational Association
Adjourns—Rural School Prob-
lems and Athletics Discussed
at Closing Session.

CHICAGO, July 12.—The 15th annual convention of the National Educational Association closed tonight. E. T. Fairchild, the new president, said the executive committee in the Autumn would ratify the selection of Salt Lake City for next year's convention.

The last day was devoted largely to discussion of rural school problems and the demand was made for a new emphasis on the part of athletics as a part of school training and a complete education. There was a large attendance to hear the final discussions.

Profession Can Take Lead.

A. E. Winship, editor of the Journal of Education, of Boston, told the assembled teachers today that the time had come for making teaching the leading American profession. Education, he said, could mean the greatest justice better than law, medicine or the ministry.

"Law, once the most eminent of the professions," he said, "will not meet the demand for the nobility of humanity unless it ceases to bring its greatest triumphs in finding legal trap-doors through which the guilty can escape justice. Medicine is no likely to meet the demand until it ceases to think it more professional to kill a patient regularly than to have him restored to health irregularly. The ministry will have no important place in the new times so long as it glories in half a square mile in a suburban city, two Catholic, two Universalist, two Methodist, three Congregational and four Baptist churches."

Rural Education Improving.

Speaking on "Rural Life Conditions," County Superintendent Post, of Guilford County, North Carolina, told that being done in his county toward improving rural education.

"Guilford County," he said, "is attempting through the rural life conditions the organization of the following departments—health, agriculture and domestic science. We now have a superintendent to the health work of the county. He makes a careful inspection of the children in the rural schools and suggests to the proper treatment to be given to these children in order to remedy any defects which they may have. Through the schools, by public health, the rural districts, the superintendent of health is doing effective work."

"The rural high schools of the county have, in addition to the usual curriculum a course in agriculture and domestic science. All the boys and girls who are prepared to enter the high school which they are to pursue. In other words, we hope to decrease the number of cases of typhoid fever and other preventable diseases, to increase material yield per acre on the farms, and to raise the standard of the home through the influence of a keeper in that home who is well trained for the work."

Athletics Declared Essential.

George W. Ehler, professor of physical education of the University of Wisconsin, made a strong plea for athletics as an essential moral factor in schooling.

"At the period when the shackles of home and school begin to bear heaviest upon the boy and his instinct to lead his own life and develop his own character tend to drive him out into the world of his own kind, we find competitive play—athletics in its many forms—to be his dominant interest. This form of activity presents daily innumerable opportunities for the practice of the precepts and maxims that home and school have taught.

"The environment is determined by the character of the leadership supplied. At the time when every other activity of the child or youth is subjected to some form of adult supervision with a view to constructive guidance and helpfulness, only a police supervision is provided for this real life and that in accord with a policy of repression and prohibition. Under this policy we see juvenile delinquency, misdemeanor and crime steadily increasing.

"Where opportunity has been given for the boys of a community to live out their real lives as expressed by competitive play—athletics under a

Lipman, Wolfe & Co.

Merchandise of Merit Only...
A Sale of All Children's Apparel
Which Will Receive Speedy Recognition by Economical Mothers
Everything Reduced

\$1.75 Colored Tub Frocks
Removal \$1.19
—These dresses are for children from 6 to 14 years old. Made of percale and gingham in many colors, checks, stripes and plaids. —They have round or square necks and set-in short sleeves. Some are trimmed with pique, others with embroidery, and many have pipings and buttons.



Guimps and Aprons Half Price
2 to 12 Year Sizes Removal 18c and 63c
—Odd lot of children's white lawn guimps and aprons. The guimps are made with yokes of lace and insertion or embroidery. The aprons have trimmings of embroidery.

\$1.25 Dainty White Dresses
Removal 98c
—These little dresses come in sizes from 2 to 6 years, and are of fine nainsook in French long waisted style with square neck and short sleeves. The skirts are made of all-over embroidery in pretty, dainty patterns.

75c and 85c Children's Dresses
Removal 59c
—Plain chambray, dotted, figured and plaid percale dresses with high or low necks and set-in elbow or long sleeves. They come in tan, pink, light blue and navy blue.

Children's \$1.50 to \$2.00 Dresses
Removal 98c
—Colored dresses of percale, chambray and gingham in fancy checks, stripes, plaids and plain colors. They have high or low necks, long or short sleeves. Trimmed with embroidery bandings, pipings, bandings and pique. Some have bloomers to match. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

\$1.50 to \$2.50 Novelty Hats
Removal 69c
—Children's hats of novelty straws in poke, drooping or rolling brims in milans and fancy straws. Prettily trimmed with velvet or satin ribbons in pink, light blue, red and navy. Sizes for 2 to 6-year-olds.

All Children's Coats, Suits and Hats
In sizes from 6 to 14 years.
Removal HALF PRICE
—All our children's colored and white serge coats in sizes from 6 to 14 years. —All children's serge dresses in pretty styles. —Children's colored cloth and corduroy coats in sizes from 2 to 6 years. —All children's fine pattern hats.

Boys' \$1.50 Blouse Suits
Removal 98c
—Two-piece blouse and pants suits for boys from 2 to 6 years old. Made with sailor collar and square neck and short sleeves. The pants come in the new beach style with open leg. These suits are finished with pipings. —Also Buster suits in stripes; plain straight styles with belts. Some have collars. Trimmings of plain colors. These suits come in tan, blue and white.

Children's \$1.00 Gowns 49c
—Night gowns for children from 2 to 16 years old. One style is made of longcloth in slipover style with loose kimono sleeves, trimmed round the necks and sleeves with torchon lace and drawn with ribbon.

\$1.00 Crepe Gowns 69c
—These gowns come in sizes for 2 to 16-year-olds. Made of a very fine quality crepe in slipover style and trimmed with torchon lace and drawn with ribbon.

Boys' 65c Night Gowns 49c
—Muslin and longcloth gowns for boys, made in mannish style and trimmed with braid.

Children's 35c, 40c Drawers 25c
—In sizes from 1 to 6 years. Made in knickerbocker and regulation styles. Trimmed with lace or embroidery.

Muslin Skirts All Reduced
—Skirts for children made on bands with ruffles of embroidery and tucks or torchon laces and insertions. Some have under-dust ruffles. Regular 75c, \$1.00 and \$1.35 Removal 49c, 79c and 89c

\$1.50 to \$2.50 Bath Robes 79c
—Children's bath robes of flannelette, terry cloth and eiderdown, in sizes from 4 to 12 years. Made in flowered and plain colors. The eiderdown come in red, light blue and pink.

Company, commenting on the testimony of George B. Cortelyou before the Senate campaign contributions committee that "some tobacco people came in with a coin button" to the 1904 Republican campaign fund, denied today that the American Tobacco Company had offered to contribute. "The American Tobacco Company," he said, "did not contribute or offer to contribute, or authorize anyone to contribute, or authorize anyone to offer to contribute to the campaign fund of President Roosevelt in 1904. If Mr. Cortelyou said or implied that, he is mistaken."

Logging Road to Be Built. CENTRALIA, Wash., July 12.—(Special.)—The Baker Mill Lumber Company of Meskill is planning the construction of a logging road from Meskill to the Columbia River. The road will be known as the Meskill & Columbia River Railway Company. The company is incorporated for \$20,000, the incorporators being George Ellis, John and Anna Robinson, of Centralia, and B. F. May, E. A. May and J. C. Dolphin, of Meskill.

Trust Alway Says His Concern Did Not Aid Roosevelt Campaign. NEW YORK, July 12.—Julius Parker, counsel for the American Tobacco

Those who attended the convention at Atlantic City last year will remember the delicious

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