

ALABAMA CASES ONLY ONE DIVISION

Committee Unanimous Except as to Merits of Dispute in Ninth District.

LINEUP THERE IS 39-15

History of Controversy Between Thompson and Long Fractions Is Reviewed—Borah Wins Demand for Rollcall.

CHICAGO, June 7.—The Alabama contest cases, which were taken up today at the opening session of the Republican National committee...

Separate Convention Called. In the First Congressional District contests, the Taft attorneys declared the organization established by the Republican convention in Alabama had been ignored...

The two Alabama delegations appeared before the committee as the "Long" and "Thompson" delegations, taking the names of the rival Republican state chairmen.

There is no contestant or contestee before this committee, said Secretary Hayward, of the committee. "Both delegations are treated on the face of their credentials as regular and in the order in which these arguments shall proceed is based on the date of filing the credentials."

Roosevelt Men Assert Regularity. The Roosevelt attorneys, led by Mr. McHarg and Mr. Hundley, claimed regularity for their delegates. They asserted that J. O. Thompson and his delegates had been recognized by the Republican National convention of 1908 as the "regular, or Thompson, faction."

Mr. Hundley charged that the Long, or Taft, delegates had been chosen at the convention of August, 1911, which was illegal, he said, so far as the selection of National delegates was concerned. State Chairman Thompson, he said, had been elected in 1908 for four years, had called a state convention for May 11, 1912, and that convention selected the Roosevelt delegates to the Chicago convention.

The Roosevelt attorneys declared that the convention of August 31, 1911, at which Pope M. Long ostensibly was elected state chairman, resulted from an agreement with President Taft to settle questions of patronage.

The action of the Republican National Committee at its meeting in Washington last December in declaring illegal the "Long" delegates selected at the August 31 convention, also invalidated all other acts of that convention, including the selection of Colonel Long as state chairman, Mr. Hundley contended.

Old Committee Answers Call. The Roosevelt attorneys contended that Mr. Thompson, in an effort to avoid the contest at Chicago, proposed to Mr. Long a state convention for National delegates, but Mr. Long would not agree.

Senator Borah, Senator Penrose and Frank B. Kellogg interrupted frequently with questions as to the regularity of the Thompson convention of May 11, 1912, and as to the number of members of the Republican state committee who joined with Mr. Thompson in calling that convention.

Mr. Hundley admitted that a majority of the old Thompson committee had answered the call of Pope M. Long, the new chairman for the committee, at which the Taft delegates were elected.

When the Taft side took up the argument, O. D. Street charged that Mr. Thompson had signed a written agreement to abide by the action of the state convention of August 31, 1911. The Long committee shone by the convention was recognized by all factions, he said. When the Republican National Committee invalidated the selection of National delegates made by the August convention, Chairman Long, on January 2, 1912, called another state convention, held March 7, 1912, at which the Long delegates were re-elected.

Decision Is Unanimous. Mr. Street characterized as a "refinement of technicality" the contention of the Thompson faction, that all acts of the August 31 convention were invalid because the Republican National committee refused to recognize delegates elected earlier than January 1, 1912. He characterized it as "a proposition so absurd as scarcely to require answer."

Upon the close of the arguments, the contest came quickly to a vote and it was evidently unanimous. Senator Borah's demand for a rollcall was not opposed and it showed the same result, 31 to 8 in favor of seating the Taft delegates-at-large. The motion to seat the Long delegation was made by Committee Chairman Blodgett, of Michigan.

Taking up the First Alabama District contest, Ormsby M'Harig, attorney for the Roosevelt forces, announced he would waive the time allowed him for argument. This contest also was won by the Taft forces, again by a unanimous vote.

Representative Bartholdt, of Missouri, holding the proxy of Charles N. Clark, moved that the Taft delegates be seated. Senator Borah again demanded a rollcall. Several members of the committee called out "no," but Senator Penrose, General Clayton, of Arkansas, and many other Taft men on the committee supported Mr. Borah and made up the necessary 30 to order a rollcall.

The Taft men won the Alabama Second, Fifth and Sixth district delegations in rapid succession. In the Fifth the contest was decided in favor of the

SCENE OF NATIONAL COMMITTEE'S DELIBERATIONS AND THREE MEN WHO WERE PROMINENT IN CONTEST BEING WAGED



ABOVE, CROWD IN FRONT OF COLISEUM—BELOW, SENATOR BORAH, OF IDAHO, GENERAL CHARLES DICK, IDAHO, JAMES J. HILL, MINN.

Taft men without a rollcall. In the Sixth the Roosevelt contesting delegates did not appear. Committeeman Parker moved this contest be considered as withdrawn and the Taft men placed on the rollcall. This carried without opposition.

The committee agreed without debate to placing on the temporary roll of the committee the uncontested delegates from the Third, Fourth, Seventh and Eighth Alabama districts.

The contest in the Ninth District was then called. Judge Hundley, one of the Roosevelt delegates from the Ninth District, declared the Taft delegates were elected in this by a boiling convention.

"This was a bolt pure and simple," said Mr. Hundley. "They said to me, 'We are going to leave you,' and walked out of the hall."

Mr. Hundley presented what he said was a stenographic report of the Ninth District convention to show that the Long, or Taft, forces walked out of the hall.

Committee Divides, 30 to 15. The Taft delegates from the Ninth District were represented by A. C. Birch, of Alabama. He charged that men not legally members of the district committee had participated in its meeting February 15, 1912, and that the legal committees at that time, owing to resignations and absences, numbered 27 and that 12 men participated in the convention.

Hundley declared vacancies on the regular committee had been filled by appointment, but Mr. Birch declared the appointments of new members, by which the Roosevelt forces contended they controlled the committee, were not legal.

The vote on the Ninth district brought the day's first definite line-up, 29 to 15 in favor of the so-called Taft delegates and closed the Alabama contests.

The Arkansas contests, involving the seats of 16 delegates, four delegates-at-large and 12 from Congressional districts, were called.

The Roosevelt men charged that the Arkansas Republican organization consisted of "postmasters and other Federal employes, the sole purpose of which organization is for the distribution of Federal patronage."

Roosevelt Men Charge Fraud. They declared "fraud," "intimidation" and "violence" had been threatened by the organization against the Roosevelt adherents.

"When we appeared at the convention hall we were met with revolvers and clubs," declared Mr. Comer. "Two Democratic constables were stationed inside the doors with orders to prevent any Roosevelt delegates from getting in. At least one of our men was struck in the head and injured by one of these constables."

Mr. Remmel, taking up the defense for the Taft delegates, said that a protesting delegation, much like that before the National Committee, had gone to Washington several years ago and protested to President Roosevelt against Republican candidates in the state.

"He told them to go back to Arkansas and nominate a ticket and if they won he would recognize them as the Republican party in the state."

Mr. Remmel said the faction was defeated four to one in the election. "I saw President Roosevelt later," said Mr. Remmel, "and asked him who constituted the Republican party in Arkansas."

"You do," he said.

Mr. Remmel declared the selection of state and district delegates had been entirely regular and proper.

St. Ignatius Curator at Cleveland Says Quake Is Nearby. CLEVELAND, June 7.—Two earth shocks recorded by the seismograph at St. Ignatius College early today probably originated at a not far distant point, possibly in Indiana or Michigan, according to the estimate of Father Odenbach, the curator.

The first shock lasted from 4:22 A. M. to 4:26. The second began at 4:59 and ended at 5:29. Owing to the absence of the usual phases, Father Odenbach estimated the point of origin as comparatively close.

TAFT GAINS 24 VOTES

Republican Committee Permits Rollcalls on Demand.

BORAH DEMANDS HEARING

Idahoan, Supporting Roosevelt, Declares Steam Roller Is in Operation—Florida Cases to Be Taken Up Today.

(Continued From First Page.)

In the minority in asking for a rollcall, and they always got it.

The test vote came in the case of the Ninth Alabama District, in which the Taft delegates were seated by a vote of 28 to 15. The vote was:

Alabama, 24; Arkansas, 16; California, 19; Connecticut, 14; Delaware, 10; District of Columbia, 10; Florida, 28; Georgia, 10; Hawaii, 6; Illinois, 22; Indiana, 30; Iowa, 20; Kansas, 20; Kentucky, 20; Louisiana, 20; Maine, 10; Maryland, 10; Massachusetts, 10; Michigan, 30; Minnesota, 24; Missouri, 20; Montana, 10; Nebraska, 10; Nevada, 10; New Hampshire, 10; New Jersey, 20; New Mexico, 10; New York, 20; North Carolina, 24; North Dakota, 10; Oklahoma, 20; Oregon, 10; Pennsylvania, 20; Porto Rico, 10; Rhode Island, 10; South Carolina, 10; South Dakota, 10; Tennessee, 10; Texas, 20; Utah, 10; Vermont, 10; Virginia, 10; Washington, 14; West Virginia, 10; Wisconsin, 20; Wyoming, 10.

TOTALS 242-148 46-82-194

Instructed for Governor John Burke. Instructed for Governor Thomas Marshall. Instructed for Governor Simon G. Baldwin. Contested.

delegates from the Fourth District of California, who are contested by the Taft faction, will not be heard until Monday.

Cherry Fair Dates Unchanged. SALEM, Or., June 7.—(Special.)—Voting to hold the annual cherry fair in the new Armory and to allow concessions in whatever places on the streets they were desirable of being located, the

cherry fair committee last night took definite steps toward carrying out the big annual show for 1912. The dates remain unchanged for July 11, 12 and 13.

JAMES J. HILL RESIGNS

Chairman of Great Northern Retires in Favor of L. W. Hill.

TACOMA, June 7.—Louis W. Hill, who recently resigned as president of the Great Northern Railway, stated tonight that he had received a telegram from his father, James J. Hill, to the effect that the latter has resigned as chairman of the board of directors of the Great Northern in favor of Louis W. Hill.

Mr. Hill and a large number of the delegates to the Northwest Development Congress at Seattle came to Tacoma tonight as guests of the local Commercial Club and Chamber of Commerce.

BULLET STOPS AEROPLANE

Aviator Fired on in Air Finds Missile in Cylinder.

MINNEOLA, N. Y., June 7.—Some one either mistook a headless biplane for an enormous eagle or tried to wreck it, shot at the machine driven by Clinton O. Hixley today.

The machine was that of Dr. William W. Christmas, of Washington, which was to have started on the first official aerial mail carrying trip between New York and Washington.

Hadley was up 700 feet when the engine "went dead."

He was forced to take a long glide to earth, where he found the broken blade and a hole in the cylinder. Guessing the truth, he opened the cylinder. A flattened bullet lay inside.

POLICE GUARD IS GIVEN

(Continued From First Page.)

upon it, that if anything of the kind is attempted the individuals behind it will live to repent of their folly.

Representative McKinley, director of the National Taft bureau, specified William Flinn, of Pittsburgh, as the Roosevelt leader who, he had been informed, was expected to start trouble.

Mr. McKinley also said he had received reliable information that George W. Perkins, of New York, had been called to Chicago by certain Roosevelt members of the National committee to head off any possible disturbance.

Senator Flinn was expected to reach Chicago tonight. Senator Dixon said if he could secure a proxy in the National committee he would give it to Flinn.

Mr. McKinley's statement regarding threatened trouble follows: "Reliable information has been received indicating that the sole purpose of the coming of William Flinn, of Pittsburgh, to Chicago at the instance of Theodore Roosevelt, is to take steps to intimidate the Republican National committee, if possible, in its deliberations on the contest of delegates' seats in the National convention."

Perkins Makes No Comment. "It is understood that the plan which Mr. Flinn is to follow is to organize crowds of Roosevelt followers who shall make demonstrations at the Coliseum for the purpose of attempting to over-awe the National committee."

CHICAGO MEETING HAS LIGHTER SIDE

Cane of Secretary Haywood and Dixon's Wonderful Hat Beheld by Visitors.

OLD FRIENDS MEET AGAIN

Ex-Governor Murphy, of New Jersey, Has Double—Hawaiian Prince Resents Instructions as Reflection on Honor.

CHICAGO, June 7.—(Special.)—"To the big noise, from the headquarters boys."

That is the inscription on a cane with a head of some gold William Hayward, secretary of the National Committee, carries with him.

It is his never-failing partner, and next to his wife and 10-year-old son, whom he adores, his cane is the object of his affection. It was presented to him four years ago by the politicians around headquarters and he is rarely without it.

"I've carried that stick around the world," he said, in telling the history of the cane, "and it has been in pretty near every club of any size in the territory. I believe I could feel more at home without a leg than without that cane."

Grant D. Gillespie, the man who hypothesized \$1,000,000 of cattle bonds and then skipped from state to state, eluding officers who were attempting to extradite him, walked into the Congress Hotel lobby today.

Mr. Gillespie is now an attorney representing the Taft contest in the Missouri territory. He struck a silver mine in Mexico, satisfied his creditors and came back to the United States and studied law. He is now a successful attorney in Missouri.

Ex-Governor Murphy, of New Jersey, and Charles Brooker, of Connecticut, look sufficiently alike to be brothers, and twin brothers at that.

"Anybody ever take you for Brooker?" asked an acquaintance today.

"About six times an hour," replied the ex-Governor, who, although he is a bosom friend of his double, does not like to be taken for his brother.

"Mr. Murphy, Franklin Murphy," called a page in the hotel lobby. "There he is," said an obliging person. "Please sign for this letter," requested the page.

"Maybe Governor Murphy will, as I notice it's addressed to him. My name is Brooker, and I don't want to get in trouble with Uncle Sam for signing for his mail."

The lobby of the Congress Hotel has achieved fame as a meeting place for comrades of former days. Hardly an hour passes without some friend greeting a long-lost friend of the olden days.

Today Brigadier-General Lloyd Wheaton, U. S. A., met Captain J. C. Baldrige. Each saluted.

"Remember how we chased the little brown brother all over Cuba?"

"I should say so. Guess we haven't met since Cuba was formally surrendered to the United States Government."

And arm in arm the comrades of days about the campfire strolled away, recalling the days of strife and glory.

Senator Dixon, the Roosevelt manager, has been mistaken so many times for men he resembles that today he bought a fearful and wonderful new hat, whereby he can be pointed out and avoid mistakes.

Alice Virginia Reed is one of the patrons of the Auditorium, along with politicians of all degrees. She is not a fancy dancer, but an earnest physician. When the bellboys "page" her to deliver a telegram, it causes the lobbies to take notice.

Colonel Sam Parker, of Honolulu, while not a delegate, confides that he can see to it that the convention was run right.

An express company has asked permission to operate an old-fashioned stagecoach between the hotels and the Coliseum to keep Western delegates from getting homesick.

Prince Kalaniana'ole, delegate from Hawaii, objects to instructed delegates. He says men of honor and principles ever damage is done to the fruit crop. It was said, will not be worth considering.

STORM HITS ROGUE RIVER

Lightning Musses Up Grants Pass, Crippling Power Plants.

GRANTS PASS, Or., June 7.—(Special.)—Lightning mused up the kitchen, wrecked the roof and shocked three persons at the home of F. M. Leonard here today. Mrs. Leonard and two children, who were standing in the door when the bolt struck, were shocked.

The electrical storm swept all parts of Rogue River Valley. It lasted more than an hour, doing damage to high-tension wires and putting telephones and telegraph lines out of commission. The sub-station of the California-Oregon Power Company lost three transformers, which left the city in darkness tonight.

During the storm high-tension wires at the sub-station emitted streams of electricity in every direction and the city fire engine was called to extinguish a fire started at the plant. So intense was the heat from high-power wires that insulators were cracked a block from the sub-station. A tree near it was struck and literally stripped. Lightning also started a fire on the mountain east of town. Telephone operators were forced to leave their boards until the storm subsided. It was necessary to install new fuses before any of the telephones could be used. The electric light plant was damaged several thousand dollars.

Lipman, Wolfe & Co. Merchandise of Merit Only

REMOVAL SALE

Every Article Reduced A Special Lot of Children's Coats Including Sizes From 6 to 14 Years Final Removal Price \$2.95 Regular Prices \$5.50 to \$9.50

—Every coat in this lot was new this Spring—they are light weight Summer styles in all the new warm weather effects. —Plain navy or cadet serges, tan covers, fancy tan or gray mixtures—black and white checks and stripes; also a few whipcords. —Coats made in plain tailored style, Norfolk style or models with large collars and many trimmed with silk collars. Made in double or single-breasted effects.

A Great Final Removal Sale of Three-Piece Suits

For Misses and Children From 8 to 14 Years Removal HALF PRICE —Charming suits in three-piece styles for young girls—modeled on perfect fitting lines—Made of fancy stripe and check materials and plain colors such as navy, gray, black and white and fancy mixtures. —The skirt and waist are attached together. Made with round neck trimmed with plain pipings and bands. These dresses can be worn with or without a gump or the coat. Regular \$9.00, \$10.95, \$14.00, \$15.00 Removal \$4.49, \$ 5.48, \$ 7.00, \$ 7.48

Misses' and Children's Serge Dresses 6 to 14-Year-Old Sizes Final Removal HALF PRICE

—These dresses are made of the best quality sponged and shrunk serges in navy blue or black and white checks. In one or two-piece styles. —Made with kilted skirts. The waists having large sailor collars with braid, emblem and tie. —Also two-piece styles with large collars trimmed with fancy braiding, buttons, a side finish. Has a patent leather belt. —Our Peter Thompson style is also included in this lot. All are new Spring models. Regular \$7.50, \$8.00, \$9.50, \$11.50, \$13.50 Removal \$3.75, \$4.00, \$4.75, \$ 5.75, \$ 6.75



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THE SAN FRANCISCO & PORTLAND S. S. CO. LARGEST AND NEWEST STEAMERS ON THE COAST. Sailing 9 A. M. June 11, 16, 21, 26, and EVERY FIVE DAYS. SAN FRANCISCO—First-class \$19.00, \$12.00, \$15.00. Second-class \$6.00. LOS ANGELES—First-class \$11.50, \$12.50, \$22.50. Second-class \$11.50. PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY Steamers Manchuria, Mongolia, Korea and Siberia, also China, Nile and Persia. For HONOLULU, JAPAN, CHINA and MANILA. Mexico, Central America, South America PANAMA—SEE THE CANAL—LOW EXCURSION RATES. Ticket Office 145 THIRD STREET. Phone—Main 3505, A 1402.