

OPINION BEFORE HOME RULE BILL VARIES

Irish Journals Generally Say It Is Good, but Some Take Other View.

ACT THOUGHT NOT FINAL

Unionist Paper Declares It Not Workable and Sees No Chance for Middle Ground Between Separation and Return.

DUBLIN, Ireland, April 12.—The Nationalist papers of Ireland, on the whole, consider the government's home rule bill as satisfactory, although some of them profess to regard it as not being final.

The Freeman's Journal described the bill as the greatest, the boldest and the most generous of the three home rule bills, and says:

"We should not be surprised to see it received with hearty welcome by the Irish party."

The Irish Times, Unionist, says: "The measure will prove so utterly unworkable as to offer no middle course between a complete separation from Great Britain and a return to the status of the union."

The Irish Independent remarks: "It would probably be correct in describing the bill to say that it gives us three-quarters of what we expected and probably not so large a share of what we demanded. The measure cannot be regarded as final."

The Cork Free Press says: "The government's scheme is not a solution of the Irish problem."

The Dublin evening papers printed full reports of Premier Asquith's speech yesterday and so far as judgment is possible before the text of the bill is available the measure is regarded as unexpectedly favorable. There is no doubt that it will be accepted by the forthcoming Nationalist convention.

The bill is considered far better than either of Gladstone's from a legislative and administrative point of view, a financial viewpoint. The power given to the Irish executive to appoint judges is a surprise, and is greatly appreciated.

NORTHWEST APPROVES BILL

J. Hennessy Murphy Cables Congratulations to Redmond.

John Redmond, leader of the Irish Nationalists, cabled J. Hennessy Murphy, of Portland, yesterday, expressing approval home rule bill.

To this Mr. Murphy sent the answer: "Home rule bill universally approved in Northwest. Heartiest congratulations."

SALMON PRICES ARE FIXED

Union Puts Small Fish at 6 1-2 and Large at 7 1-2 Cents.

ASTORIA, Or., April 12.—(Special.)—The Columbia River Fishermen's Protective Union has fixed the prices for raw salmon to prevail during the coming fishing season May 1 at 6 1/2 cents a pound for small fish, those weighing less than 25 pounds each, and 7 1/2 cents a pound for what are termed the large or cold storage fish.

These rates are one-half cent per pound higher for the small fish than the prices which prevailed last season, but no change was made on the price of large fish. It is expected a meeting of packers, including both the canners and the cold-storage men, will be held soon to consider these prices.

HILL SCORES ROOSEVELT

(Continued From First Page.)

demagogue in a democracy and the court favorite in a tyranny.

"They recall that the fact that the experiment of absolute democracy was attempted among the Grecians, and in Rome, and among the Italian republics, but that this did not save Athens from conquest by a foreign King, nor Florence from anarchy and conditions which became so intolerable that the people welcomed a despot, that they might have an era of peace and order and a resumption of material prosperity.

"Notwithstanding, however, the testimony of the past, the logic of events and the phenomenal progress our Government has made under the representative system for 125 years, we are confronted today with an organized assault upon the very citadel of our free institutions.

"It is proclaimed by these revolutionary propagandists that the acceptance of their programme is necessary to the establishment and protection of the rights of the people. Let us look at that for a moment.

All Men Never Equal.

"The Declaration of Independence is sometimes loosely quoted as averring that all men are created free and equal. The word 'free,' however, is interpolated, while the reference to equality is forced out of its original meaning. All men were not equal at birth, are not equal now, and never will be equal. There is a difference in physical strength, a difference in brain caliber and in moral qualities, as well as in fortune.

"The system of government can eliminate these differences, but a system of government can give to every man freedom at his birth and an equal opportunity under the law for every step of his advancing years.

"The only absolute equality among men is equality before God, and the only equality the citizen can rightfully demand is equality before the law. The Pagan Republics or democracies of ancient times were familiar with the idea of liberty. The Greeks confounded it with popular sovereignty. The free cities of the Greek city republics made the laws, elected magistrates, served as judges, and in other official positions.

Personal Liberty Denied.

"But with all that there was no real personal liberty. The citizen was not regarded so much as an individual as a factor in the constitution of the state. His family life, his religion, his property, his time and his conduct were under the control of the state, which

was, in effect, the majority of the voters.

"Under the rule of the majority the rights of the minority were entirely neglected, if not ignored. The individual man could be put to death, as was Socrates, or ostracized like Aristides and Alcibiades. There were no constitutional guarantees to protect him, no bill of rights to determine his privileges and exemptions, no writ of habeas corpus by which he could be freed from wrongful imprisonment and brought face to face with his accusers.

"The history of Athens in its golden age shows that an absolute democracy can be as despotic and tyrannical as an absolute monarchy. The Roman Republic made more distinction between public and private rights. A measure of independent action was reserved to the citizen in respect to his domestic affairs and his private property, but he did not enjoy the degree of political equality assured the Greek citizens, since there were in Rome plebeian and aristocratic orders, the latter exerting more than a proportionate influence in the elections, the legislation and the administration."

Despotism Still Remained.

"And when the citizen's service was needed, or thought to be needed by the state, there was the same despotism as in the absolute democracy. The history of Virginia given in Macaulay's poem, in which the father was obliged publicly to slay his daughter to save her from the lust of Aphia Claudius, is a striking illustration of the help-

lessness of the common people, even in that glorious day when, as Shakespeare tells us in the mouth of Cassius, 'to be a Roman was greater than to be a King.'

"Then, again, you should bear in mind that the cornerstones of this so-called 'direct democracy' was human slavery.

"The free citizen was not expected to work, but to be supported by slave labor. The state distributed to the elector the corn and other products of the toil of men and women whose natural rights were never taken into consideration, as they were regarded as mere serfs and slaves. The spirit of equity and appreciation was interwoven with the body politic to such an extent as to deprive the entity called the state of any semblance of moral quality."

Alarmists Not Students.

"And this is the halcyon period, for the return to which many of our present-day agitators are clamoring. These alarmists are not students. They are not controlled by the facts of history. They are controlled by emotion, and inspired by impulse or, as in multiplied instances, they have surrendered themselves entirely to selfish ambition.

"They talk long and loudly about their progressiveness. Their programme, however, is very far from progress. It is purely reactionary, in that from the goal to the starting point, abandoning a great orderly advance and returning to an ancient system discarded alike by reason and experience.

"Our fathers were thoroughly familiar with the discarded systems of the past. The representatives of direct democracy were aware about the Congressional convention. They brought all their power of argument and persuasion to bear upon the framers of the immortal instrument, but all in vain.

False Beacona Fail to Deceive.

"Such men as Washington, Jefferson, Hamilton, Jay and Randolph could not be deceived by the false beacons lifted above the tragic ruins of ancient civilization. They knew full well the peril of an absolute democracy, that such a system could only be upheld by the false maxim that 'might makes right' and through the recognized power and authority of the state, and under the merciless operation of which the rights of the individual and the minority are often trampled into the dust.

"The fact that Lafferty, La Follette and Warburton voted to pass the destructive Democratic wool bill is the more important because it was in conformity with the vote of the President. The bill cannot become a law. It is doubtful if it can pass the Senate, and it is absolutely certain it cannot receive the approval of the President. It is the same bill which the President vetoed last August, and if the President considered it a bad measure then, he is even more firmly of that opinion now, with the report of the tariff board to sustain his original view.

"This being the situation, a vote for the Democratic wool bill was a vote against revision of schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich law, for the passage of that bill meant no wool legislation this session, whereas the passage of a bill that met, or even approximated, the views of the non-partisan tariff board would have meant a genuine and honest reduction, not incompatible with the interest of the woolgrower, the wool manufacturer and the consumer—that is, the average citizen.

"Had the Northwest insurgents sought to win favor at the hands of the Democratic majority by voting for the Underwood bill, they chose a poor opportunity of accomplishing their purpose,

INSURGENT VOTES SHOW INDECISION

Members Side First With Republicans, Then With Democrats, on Wool.

ACTION WITHOUT REWARD

House Majority Not in Need of Aid, and Underwood Bill, It Is Well Understood, Has No Chance of Becoming Law.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 12.—Consistency, that rare jewel, has not yet come into the possession of the insurgent members of the House on the Underwood bill.

Following the close of debate on that measure, Representative Payne, of New York, ranking Republican member of the ways and means committee, moved to send the wool bill back to committee with instructions to strike out the terms of the Underwood bill and report as a substitute the Republican bill, drawn to meet the findings of the tariff board. The Underwood bill had been framed in utter disregard of the tariff board report, and was avowedly not a protection measure.

Position Taken, Then Abandoned.

When the roll was called on Mr. Payne's motion, every insurgent from the Far West, with the exception of Kent of California, voted to recommit, which was a vote in favor of the Republican bill based on the tariff board report. Representatives Lafferty of Oregon, Warburton and La Follette of Washington, and French of Idaho, all voted to recommit and to substitute the tariff board bill for the Democratic bill. The regular Republicans also voted for this motion, with the exception of Representative Hawley, who was paired in and could not vote.

The Payne motion, of course, was foredoomed to defeat, for the Democratic majority opposed it, and had votes enough to pass their own bill. Nevertheless, every Republican who voted for the Payne motion to recommit declared by his vote that he opposed "non-run" tariff legislation such as proposed by the Democrats and favored a scientific revision of the tariff, based upon the carefully prepared report of the tariff board.

But within a few minutes after voting to recommit the Democratic bill and to substitute the tariff-board bill, three of the Northwest insurgents, Lafferty of Oregon, La Follette and Warburton of Washington, voted to pass the Democratic bill which they had just condemned by their previous votes. The two votes are decidedly inconceivable, for a vote to recommit was a vote against the Underwood Democratic bill, and to follow it immediately by a vote in favor of the Underwood bill was to vote the voting member down as not knowing where he stood on the wool tariff.

Inconsistency Is Emphasized.

Two of the three Northwest insurgents represent woolgrowing districts—districts where it is asserted that great damage would be done should the Underwood bill become a law. The great wool industry of Oregon is largely confined to Mr. Lafferty's present district, and Representative La Follette represents the section of Washington where woolgrowing thrives which only serves to emphasize the inconsistency of the votes of these two members.

The fact that Lafferty, La Follette and Warburton voted to pass the destructive Democratic wool bill is the more important because it was in conformity with the vote of the President. The bill cannot become a law. It is doubtful if it can pass the Senate, and it is absolutely certain it cannot receive the approval of the President. It is the same bill which the President vetoed last August, and if the President considered it a bad measure then, he is even more firmly of that opinion now, with the report of the tariff board to sustain his original view.

This being the situation, a vote for the Democratic wool bill was a vote against revision of schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich law, for the passage of that bill meant no wool legislation this session, whereas the passage of a bill that met, or even approximated, the views of the non-partisan tariff board would have meant a genuine and honest reduction, not incompatible with the interest of the woolgrower, the wool manufacturer and the consumer—that is, the average citizen.

Had the Northwest insurgents sought to win favor at the hands of the Democratic majority by voting for the Underwood bill, they chose a poor opportunity of accomplishing their purpose,

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for the Democrats had votes enough without them to pass the Underwood bill, in reference to building into Coos Bay a right of way for the Southern Pacific. Mr. Mills was ready to vote for the Underwood bill. Had it been necessary to have insurgent votes to pass the bill, the Democratic majority might have been grateful, but there was no such necessity.

So the record stands. How the insurgent members named will explain their vote on confidence votes on the wool bill is a question.

CITY GETS ULTIMATUM

SOUTHERN PACIFIC PLANS AT MARSHFIELD TOLD.

Line Will Not Be Built Into Coos Bay Unless Citizens Grant All Requests Made.

MARSHFIELD, Or., April 12.—(Special.)—A statement regarding the position of the Southern Pacific Railway, in reference to building into Coos Bay, was publicly made today by C. J. Mills, vice-president and general manager of the local railroad owned by the company and now assistant to President Sprague of the Southern Pacific.

Mr. Mills arrived here on the steamer Breakwater and will make an extended visit in the city. He gave out the right of way for the company to begin construction work at this end of the Eugene-Coos Bay line within 60 days, if the people met certain conditions which the company required and which it felt were no more than any business enterprise would ask for.

The conditions are that the people refrain from interfering with the efforts of the Southern Pacific in securing from the War Department right to bridge the bay at North Bend, and also that the people give to the railroad a right of way through North Bend and Marshfield down the waterfront to connect with the present road owned by the company at the extreme south end of the city.

Mr. Mills said that these conditions must be met if the road started work within 60 days, otherwise the company would wait until the people wanted to comply with the conditions named. The City of Marshfield has granted a franchise down the waterfront to the company, and the company has been granted a right of way through North Bend and Marshfield down the waterfront to connect with the present road owned by the company at the extreme south end of the city.

Mr. Mills explained in his statement that the Southern Pacific did not want to be in a position where it would be forced to pay tribute to any local company and that while the company did not wish to monopolize the business within the city on the bay.

Steps to consider the proposition will be taken by the citizens.

PROBE OF FLIGHT LIKELY

DISTRICT ATTORNEY TO INVESTIGATE WOMAN'S STORY.

Kate Jonas Makes Damaging Charge Against Lawyer When Brought Back From Vancouver.

Rigid investigation of the methods by which Kate Jonas was induced to flee from the state and avoid giving her testimony against Carl Strickland, an indefinite conspiracy to detain her, is promised by the District Attorney's office. The action is based upon the arrival of the young woman early yesterday morning, in custody of Patrolman Hutchings, who went to Vancouver, Wash., to induce her to return. Immediately thereafter, Strickland, who was at liberty following an indefinite conspiracy to detain her, was arrested at his home, 127 1/2 Tenth street, and will be tried today.

In a statement made to Deputy District Attorney Michelot yesterday and transcribed by a stenographer, the woman implicated, Attorney W. C. Campbell, Fred Strickland, brother of the defendant, his mother and sister and two men known as Billy Craig and Curly Stewart, in the alleged conspiracy to detain her away.

Threats that she would be made to serve not less than two years in the penitentiary if she did not flee, was made by some of these agents, alleged the woman.

The arrest of Strickland, who is known to the police, was made early in the week on complaint of the Jonas woman, who alleged that she had supplied him with money for more than a year. Falling heir to a small estate, she decided to mend her ways, and gave Strickland the option of marrying her or being cut off from her support. He announced, she says, that he was going to marry another girl, and was

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\$1.50 Combination Bottle, 3 quarts, .98c
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15c Compound Licorice Powder, package .9c
10c Sweet Oil, bottle .6c
35c Absorbent Cotton (Lee's Hospital), lb. .27c
50c Chloro-Bromine (odorless disinfectant), bottle .40c
10c Boric Acid (best quality), package .6c
15c Peroxide Hydrogen, bottle .11c
25c Rose Water (choice article), per bottle .16c
25c Sweet Almond Meal, the can .11c
30c Carbolineum, bottle 20c
15c Witch Hazel, bottle .9c
50c Pure Olive Oil (French imported), bottle .44c
25c and 40c Bay Rum fancy bottles, per bottle .25c

STRAWINE—The best preparation on the market to clean straw hats. Old hats made to look like new. Price... 25c
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Good California Port and Sherry in glass containers, half-gallon, 60c; gallon, \$1.00
Imported and Eastern Port and Sherry in sanitary glass containers, half gallon, \$2.00; gallon \$3.50
Extra fine California Claret, Muscatel, Burgundy, Angelica, Sauterne, Zinfandel, Tokay, Riesling, Port and Sherry, in full glass containers, half-gallon, 85c; gallon... \$1.50
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All Automobile and Janitors' Dusters reduced 20 per cent.

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25c Woodbury's Facial Powder .15c
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\$1 Kilmer's Swamp-R't 69c
50c Bull's Cough Syrup 35c
\$1 Marmola Tablets .65c
\$2.75 Imper'l Granum \$2.49
\$1.75 S. S. S. for the Blood, large . \$1.19
\$1 Pierce's Favorite Prescription .70c

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Carnival here May 22 and 23. It is planned to make it a two days' celebration, one day of which will be largely taken up by a school fair in which all the schools of Western Lane County will have a part. Eugene and Florence business men have offered prizes as an incentive to the children, and enthusiastic plans are being made under the guidance of Miss Goldie Van Bibber, school supervisor.

Excursion Fares To the East via Northern Pacific Railway

The Scenic Highway and the Only Line to Gardiner Gateway, official Yellowstone Park entrance.
A few samples—similar reductions to many other points in the Eastern United States and Canada, as well as the Middle West.

Table with 2 columns: City and Fare. Includes St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Superior, Winnipeg, Chicago, St. Louis, Omaha, Kansas City, Des Moines, Sioux City, Davenport, Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Boston, Montreal, Buffalo, Pittsburg, Washington, Detroit, Dallas.

Tickets will be on sale April 25, 26 and 27, to St. Paul and Minneapolis only. May 14, to Dallas only. To all points except Dallas, Texas, on numerous dates, May 2 to September 30. Limit 15 days on going trip. October 31, 1912, for return.

North Coast Limited Atlantic Express Mississippi Valley Limited

Daily through to Chicago via Minneapolis and St. Paul. Immediate connections to Duluth, Superior and Winnipeg. The North Coast Limited runs via Milwaukee, with Compartment and Drawing-Room Sleeping Cars. Daily through to Kansas City, St. Louis, St. Joseph and Denver via Billings and the Burlington Route. Direct connections to Omaha. Standard Drawing-Room and Tourist Sleeping Cars. Dining-Cars with service that is famous. For reservations and tickets call on A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. General Pass Agent, PORTLAND, 235 Morrison St., Corner Third St. Main 244—Phones—A 1244.

