



## REDUCE RATES ON WOOL ARE ORDERED

### Roads Are Required to File New Schedules.

## DECISION FAVORS INDUSTRY

### Maximum to Be Paid Near Eastern Line of State.

## COAST RATES WILL STAND

### Distance on One Side, Water Competition on Other, Complicate Situation—Waiving of Short-Haul Clause Justified.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 12.—Radical reductions in freight rates on wool, both in sacks and in bales, transported from Western points of origin to Eastern destinations were prescribed today by the Interstate Commerce Commission.

The present rate of \$1 on wool from Pacific coast terminals to Boston and other points on the Atlantic seaboard will be continued in effect, notwithstanding that this rate is materially higher than the rate from intermediate points inland. The commission specifically declares that this rate of \$1 is forced upon railroads by actual water competition, and that if the rate were advanced railroads could not handle wool from coast to coast.

Interior Rates Reduced.—While sustaining the coast rate, the commission finds that rates from interior points are excessive and orders reductions, but gives the railroads until May 1 to file new schedules which comply generally with the terms of its decision.

Under this decision, maximum rates will be paid by points along the eastern border of Oregon; California and Washington, the rates diminishing east and west of that line as necessitated by distance on one side and water competition on the other.

Huntington, Or., which is near the high line, will get slight reduction from \$2.56 to \$2.01. Points west of Huntington will get a lower rate, grading downward as they approach the Coast, where the dollar rate will continue.

Short-Haul Clause Waived.—The commission finds that this is one instance where the long and short-haul clause can properly be waived, because of the fact that water competition actually exists and cannot be overlooked. At the same time, the commission declines to make this water-compelled rate the basis of rates from interior points to the Atlantic seaboard.

Rate Basis Is Defined.—On the Denver & Rio Grande a rate of 90 cents is authorized from the first station west of Pueblo with a similar 2-cent increase from points further west. Concerning the rates to be applied on through shipments from Western points to Boston and New York, Chairman Pruett said they should be constructed "by adding to the rates prescribed to St. Louis, in the case of sacked wool, 52 cents to Boston and 48 cents to New York; in the case of baled wool, 47 cents to Boston and 43 cents to New York. In the judgment of the commission, transit privileges should be allowed at intermediate points on a direct line by payment of 2 1/2 cents a hundred on the condition the shipments originated west of the Mississippi River.

## WATER GRADE RECOGNIZED

### Oregon Growers Benefited by Decision of Commission.

Oregon wool growers will be greatly benefited by the rate reductions ordered by the Interstate Commerce Commission. Heretofore the abnormally high rates have cut deeply into the margin of profits enjoyed by the wool men of the Northwest, and to a certain extent have placed the interests of the entire industry in jeopardy.

The decision of the commission is regarded as a further recognition by the commission of the water grade enjoyed by the Oregon growers, as in some instances the new rates from state will be lower than those from the intermountain region.

A graduated scale of rates, rather than the old blanket system, will be applied by the new tariff following the commission's announcement.

## Blast Injures Workmen.

OREGON CITY, Or., April 12.—(Special.)—Otto Stryker, of Eldorado, who employed on the road work near Molalla, was painfully injured by a gas today. He is now in the Oregon city hospital. Mr. Stryker was in the act of lighting a fuse to some dynamite, when the fuse exploded. Small pieces of rock lodged in the young man's eyes, but it is not believed he will lose his eyesight.

## STATUE, SLIGHTLY DRESSED, DRAPED

### SPOKANE STUDENTS MODESTLY APPLY CLASS COLORS.

### Gift to High School in 1906 Goes Through Fire, but Becomes Victim of Dress Reform.

SPOKANE, Wash., April 12.—(Special.)—David, victim of notoriety, fire and dress reform, has attained new honors. Early arrivals at the new Spokane High School this morning found David modestly and tastefully draped in royal purple and gold, colors of the senior class.

David is a statuette about three feet high, the gift to the High School of the class of 1906. He is technically known as the Caproni cast of Marcellus David. He is but slightly dressed. This fact caused much stir when he was first presented to the old South Central High School nearly six years ago by the class of 1906, then about to graduate.

The cast represents the biblical casting in victorious pose, a dagger up-held, with his foot upon the head of a lion. The notoriety that beset about the heads of the two Davids, David Clayde, then principal of the school, and David, the plaster cast, came to a climax when David, the statuette, was found one morning arrayed in coat and trousers.

David was the sole martyr of the fire of June, 1910. His remains were but fragments of plaster among the pile of debris that workmen raked up a few hours later.

## MA IGNORES PA'S POLITICS

### Wives of Republicans Are Delegates to Democratic Convention.

SEATTLE, Wash., April 12.—(Special.)—Mrs. George B. Simpson, wife of a prominent attorney at Vancouver, Wash., was at the New Richmond today. Mrs. Simpson will be one of the six women delegates to the Democratic state convention at Walla Walla selected by Clark County Democrats.

"Four of those six women delegates are Republican husbands," said Mrs. Simpson, "which proves that Washington women are doing their political thinking independently. Why, Mrs. Lloyd Dubois, whose husband is one of the most prominent Republicans in Southwestern Washington, will go to Walla Walla as a Democratic delegate.

"Our delegation is unfrustrated, but a private plot shows that it stands 11 for Woodrow Wilson and five for Champ Clark. I am for Wilson myself and am proud of it."

## COLD SHOULDER FOR COAST

### Navy Department to Send No More Battleships Till Canal Is Built.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, April 12.—The Navy Department will send no more battleships to the Pacific Coast until after the completion of the Panama Canal. This announcement was made today by Assistant Secretary Winthrop to Representative Humphrey, who called to urge the department to recommend the building of an additional submarine on the Pacific Coast, or for a station on the West Coast.

Winthrop also said the department would not favor the construction of more submarines for station on the Coast and otherwise indicated that the department would not favor the Coast in any way.

## REGIMENT TO BE IMMUNE

### Even Women and Tots With First Infantry Must Be Vaccinated.

VANCOUVER BARRACKS, Wash., April 12.—(Special.)—Every officer, enlisted man, servant, woman or child going to Honolulu with the First Infantry must be vaccinated and have a certificate to show the transport surgeon that they have been protected against smallpox, according to an order received by Colonel McGunneig, Commander of the First Infantry at this post.

All of the new men joining the regiment are vaccinated, and they are also made immune to typhoid fever.

## OFFICIALS FORGET HOLIDAY

### Clark County Courthouse Closed When Fact Is Discovered.

VANCOUVER, Wash., April 12.—(Special.)—About an hour before noon today several county officers received telegrams from Olympia saying that today is a legal holiday, and that the Courthouse might close at noon. The county officials did not know that they were to close the Courthouse until the telegram was received.

Arbor Day and Good Roads Day were celebrated jointly today by the schools, the pupils setting out trees and cleaning the school grounds.

## PORTLAND CLEARINGS GAIN

### Total for Week \$13,319,000 Against \$11,594,000 in Seattle.

Portland's bank clearings for the week reached a total of \$13,319,000, with a gain of 1.4 per cent over the totals for the corresponding week of last year. The clearings at Seattle were \$11,594,000, or \$1,725,000 less than the total clearings in Portland. Seattle showed a loss of 1.3 per cent. The clearings at Tacoma were \$4,493,000, the increase being 7.7 per cent. Spokane's clearings amounted to \$4,755,000, with a loss of 4.1 per cent.

## CLARA BARTON, WAR NURSE, DIES AT 90

### Red Cross Founder Is Brave to Last.

## SICKROOM PLACE OF CHEER

### Great Regret Is That Autobiography Is Unfinished.

## WORK WAS INTERNATIONAL

### Burial to Be Next Monday at Ford, Mass.—Friends Are Retirement Concerning Retirement From Work.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—Miss Clara Barton, founder of the American Red Cross and probably the most widely-known American woman of her day, died this morning at 9 o'clock in her home, Red Cross, in Glen Echo, Md. She was 90 years old.

Miss Barton suffered an attack of pneumonia in February, 1911, had a relapse and the disease became chronic. She went last summer to her old home in Oxford, Mass., and returned to Glen Echo in feeble health last autumn. Muscular weakness of the heart developed and for weeks the condition of the great nurse was such as to cause grave concern. Her vision was unimpaired almost to the last and her ready wit and quick repartee made her sick room a place of cheer. With her when the end came were her nephew, Stephen Barton, of Boston, and Dr. J. B. Hubbell.

## Autobiography Left Incomplete.

The great regret of Miss Barton was that her efebund condition made it necessary for her to suspend work on her autobiography. She had brought this work down only to the beginning of her public career as a Civil War nurse. A woman whose whole training fostered precision, she left behind virtually the entire correspondence of her public career, as well as other data bearing upon her international hospital work and the work which she herself began to be completed by other hands.

She had outlined to her nephew, Stephen Barton, the salient points of her public life.

## Last Years Spent in Retirement.

The last years of the great Red Cross nurse had been spent in retirement. (Continued on Page 3.)

## TURKISH PRINCE IS THROWN INTO JAIL

### LECTURER BROKE WHEN NABBED AT PUYALLUP.

### Evasion of Head Tax at Canadian Line Held by Prisoner to Be Cause of Arrest.

TACOMA, Wash., April 12.—(Special.)—Gustav Dikran, Prince of Albania, a province of the Turkish Empire, who has been in Portland, Seattle and Tacoma lecturing on conditions in the Turkish Empire, was arrested tonight at Puyallup by Chief Immigration Inspector Fulton, of the Tacoma bureau, on a warrant sent out from the Department of Commerce and Labor at Washington, D. C.

The nature of the charge against Prince Dikran is not known, the warrant stating that the papers in his case will arrive Saturday. Prince Dikran lectured last night at Central Methodist Church, in Tacoma, and tonight was to have lectured in the Puyallup Methodist Church. He was at a hotel in Puyallup town when the inspector found him and lacked even money for his hotel expenses, leaving his overcoat as security.

The lecture was called off and Dikran was brought to Tacoma and lodged in the detention station at the Municipal Dock, a real live Turkish Prince among the common herd. The Dikran warrant bears date of March 27. He says he evaded the \$4 head tax when he came into this country from the British side a few weeks ago and thinks this is the reason for his arrest. He went first to Portland, to which city the warrant was sent, but meanwhile Dikran had shifted to Seattle, where he says he lost \$400. He has declared he is a political exile and wears the white tunic and red cap of his people while lecturing.

## BODY OF YOUTH IS FOUND

### Son of Chicago Alderman Long Is Knocked by Train Into River.

NORTH YAKIMA, Wash., April 12.—The body of Carson Long, son of Alderman T. K. Long, of Chicago, who disappeared from here March 8, was found tonight in the Yakima River, five miles below this city. Both legs and one arm were broken and it is believed that Long was knocked off Pomona bridge into the river by a train. Nearly \$200 and valuable papers were found on the body, eliminating the theory of foul play.

Long's relatives have spent \$10,000 in searching for him, and Lawrence Sanford, the boy who found the body, probably will come in for the reward of \$500 which was offered by the elder Long for information as to the whereabouts of his son, dead or alive.

A body was seen floating in the swift current of the river here yesterday, but as darkness came on it could not be recovered, and it disappeared. Relatives were notified tonight of the recovery of the body.

## Divorce Complaint Formal.

The petition for divorce, filed by the husband, was on the formal grounds of neglect. The divorce was granted on that ground to protect the young people so far as possible in the record. The father and mother of the young couple were not in court when the hearing was held.

The relationship of the Ruchs was disclosed to the young husband and wife by Judge William Leuders, of the Probate Court, a few weeks ago in the presence of their mother, Mrs. John P. Ruch.

Neighbors of the Ruch family informed Judge Leuders they believed the couple were half-brother and half-sister.

He learned after investigation that the two had grown up together under (Continued on Page 3.)

## BLOOD TIE PARTS HUSBAND AND WIFE

### Half Sister and Half Brother Divorced.

## COUPLE WED IN IGNORANCE

### Each Tells Judge That Love for Other Remains.

## HUSBAND GETS CHILDREN

### Mother, for Private Reasons, Had Led Couple to Think That Girl Was Adopted Child—Decree Is Formal Necessity.

CINCINNATI, April 12.—A strange story that resulted in the granting to Joseph P. Ruch, Jr., aged 22 years, of a divorce from his half-sister, Helen Hoffman Ruch, 24, was related in court here today. The half-brother and half-sister were married October 25, 1910, neither at the time knowing of the blood relationship between them. The discovery of the relationship was disclosed a few weeks ago and the action for a divorce followed.

It was explained to the court that the mistake had been made possible because of the fact that the mother, for a private reason, had hidden from the children the fact that they were brother and sister, allowing them to believe that the girl was only an adopted child. The couple's two children were given into the custody of the father.

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## YACHTSMEN FLEE FROM CANNIBALS

### EDIBLE AMERICANS RUN AS THEY GLIMPSE BIG KETTLE.

### Cunning Savages of Tiburon Extend Hospitality to Travelers, With Culinary Intentions.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., April 12.—Members of a party of excursionists who made a six months' cruise in Southern waters on the yacht Paxinoza, which arrived here today, tell the story of a narrow escape from Seri cannibals in Tiburon Island. The party, which consisted of Colonel C. R. Rader, Captain Jack Ross, John Lindquist, E. M. Hom-bah and Vernon Smart, left here last November on the yacht in search of adventure.

Two months ago the Paxinoza dropped anchor off Tiburon Island and all members of the party except Colonel Rader went ashore, whether they were invited civilly by Indians who came out to meet them in small boats. The four men proceeded a considerable distance inland, when suddenly they found themselves in a thicket swarming with yelling Seris. They ran for their boat and had the advantage in the race, as the naked Seris could not move swiftly through the dense, prickly shrubbery.

At a clearing the hunted men found a great fire under a steaming kettle large enough to hold a man. Then they ran all the faster, with the Seris in pursuit firing at them with rifles. The white men had no weapons. Reaching their boat, they began rowing for the yacht. The Seris pursued in their canoes and the bullets continued to fly, but Colonel Rader began firing upon the Indians from the yacht. The four pursued men finally got on board and the yacht was speeded away.

Tiburon Island has the reputation of being inhabited by cannibals. It is on the east side of the Gulf of California.

## MAN FINDS NAME HE LOST

### Alfred Nehring Bad Guess; He Was Really Frederick Sparer.

LOS ANGELES, April 12.—(Special.)—The Milwaukee man who does not know his name, but who guessed Alfred Nehring as the nearest he could remember, will now find the correct one. It is Frederick Sparer, and he was named for his father.

His mother, whose name he did not know any more than his own, lives in this city. She read about his predicament in the newspapers and called on the police today, asking to be put in communication with him. She has been looking for him many years and had finally given him up as dead.

Her story fully corresponds with that told by the Milwaukee man in his letter to the chief and there is no doubt of the relationship.

## FAN IS HIT BY FOUL BALL

### Veasey Drives Sphere Against Eye of Spectator at Albany.

ALBANY, Or., April 12.—(Special.)—While watching the baseball game here today between the Portland Northwestern team and the Albany Colts, J. F. Cook, of Halsey, was struck in the eye by a ball and suffered a severe injury.

A number of spectators had gathered about 20 yards beyond the catcher, and while Pitcher Veasey, of Portland, was at bat in the second inning he converted a swiftly thrown ball into a foul which struck Cook under the left eye, splitting the flesh and inflicting a severe wound.

## RICH AUTOIST STRICKEN

### Wyoming Millionaire Found Dead in Road Beside His Car.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 12.—Supposedly stricken with an acute attack of heart disease, J. Bevan Phillips, a prominent sheep ranch owner and oil operator of Congress County, fell from his automobile in which he was riding today.

His body was found lying in a mud puddle near the highway, lying into Douglas. His automobile stood a few feet away in a ditch beside the road. It is believed Mr. Phillips was dead when he fell from the car. He was reputed to be a millionaire.

## WILL CUTS OFF PREACHERS

### Legatees to Get Nothing if They Become Ministers of Gospel.

BOULDER, Colo., April 12.—The grand-nephews of John I. Church, a mining man who died here recently, will not share in his estate of \$40,000 if any of them become ministers of the gospel. This was the unusual stipulation in the will, which has been filed for probate.

The testator's own sons were cut off in favor of his grand-nephews and grand-nieces.

## Election Proves Costly.

VANCOUVER, Wash., April 12.—(Special.)—The Port of Vancouver Commissioners, George McCoy, William B. DuBois and George W. Lampka, who were elected at a special election held last Saturday, will begin their offices with no salary, and as Commissioners they will be in debt to Clark County for the cost of holding the special election.

A meeting of the Port of Vancouver is to be held soon, when proper steps will be taken to levy a small tax to create a fund with which to work.

## HILL SCORES T. R.; QUOTES LINCOLN

### Roosevelt Thirsts for Distinction.

## PROPHCY IS NOW FULFILLED

### Nomination of ex-President Would Be National Calamity.

## MOVE HELD SOCIALISTIC

### Speaker Declares Nation's Alarmists Are Not Students, but Men Who Have Surrendered to Selfish Ambitions.

CORVALLIS, Or., April 12.—(Special.)—Speaking of the splendid achievements of the Taft Administration in home affairs and of its great success in our relations with other nations, Dr. John Wesley Hill tonight addressed the citizens of Corvallis.

He declared Taft to be a great progressive, moving along lines that are worth while, and that to check the movement at this time would be an irreparable calamity.

He quoted from Lincoln's speech at Springfield in 1837, wherein he said: "Towering genius disdains a beaten path, it seeks regions unexplored. It denies that it is glory enough to serve under any chief. It thirsts and burns for distinction. It is reasonable, then, to expect that some man possessed of the loftiest genius, coupled with ambition, will at some time spring among us? Distinction will be the paramount object and although he would as willingly, perhaps more so, acquire it by doing good as harm, yet that opportunity being past and nothing left to be done in the way of building up, he would boldly set to the task of pulling down."

## Prophecy Is Fulfilled.

"We are now witnessing," said Dr. Hill, "the fulfillment of Lincoln's prophecy and I thoroughly agree with Theodore Roosevelt when he said in a letter to Editor Moore, December 11, 1911, 'my nomination for a third term would be a National calamity.'"

"We are now," continued the speaker, "facing a grave crisis in our history. This no one can deny who is an observer of the signs of the times. The question now confronting the American people involves the stability and perpetuity of representative democracy. To no one with the slightest knowledge of the history of the ages is it necessary to speak in praise of our representative system.

"All arguments for it are summed up in one great, unquestionable fact, viz: it is the only system under which men have been able to attain orderly liberty, or under which, having cast off tyranny and attained liberty, they have been able to preserve liberty.

**Danger of Socialism Seen.**

"All human history may be challenged to produce an exception to this proposition. The apparent exceptions, such as some of the Swiss cantons, either were not pure democracies in the sense of the term, or were able to maintain their freedom only because their poverty and obscurity defended them from conquest, or because their powerful neighbors used to restrain aggressive designs upon them.

"We are confronted today with a persistent, insidious, undermining attempt to change our form of government. Let there be no mistake at this point. The revolution to which I refer is a deep-seated conspiracy to overthrow our representative form of government and appear on its ruins a socialistic democracy.

"The movement is not evolutionary, but revolutionary. Understand, I am not defending our representative system against the charge that it has defects. Its shortcomings are manifest, its limitations and deficiencies are acknowledged.

**Conspiracy Not Justified.**

"But this does not justify the conspiracy to destroy. It is not necessary to overthrow in order to uplift. It is poor policy to burn down the barn in order to disperse the rats, and it is a more serious and perilous policy to tear down our flag and offer the substitution of another, the red flag, for instance, because the Government represented by the Stars and Stripes does not at all times work with frictionless precision.

"The proposition, therefore, to change our form of government, to destroy its representative character, should be carefully considered before accepted as a practical working remedy for those minor defects which always assert themselves in the movements of large bodies. The framers of the Constitution were not ignorant of the past. They were thoroughly familiar with the history of the ages. They had discovered the failures of absolute democracy to preserve liberty, justice and equality.

## Armatote's Words Aristotel.

"They remember that Aristotle had pointed out that 'democracy has many points of resemblance with tyranny' that he had told us how a democracy, as well as a tyranny, may become a despotism and that he drew a striking picture of the likeness between a (Continued on Page 6.)

