

PRESIDENT ENTERS 'ENEMY'S' COUNTRY

Interest Added to Trip as Home of Insurgent Leader Is Approached.

RANCH LIFE VISIONS FADE

Members of Party Who Registered in 'South Dakota Land Lottery' Scan Lists of Winners in Vain. Names Are Not There.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Oct. 26.—President Taft today entered the "enemy's country"—Wisconsin, the home of Senator La Follette, who is to be his opponent for the Republican Presidential nomination in 1912. Apart from the fact that he was to spend the day in the state where La Follette holds sway, there was the pond du Lac incident, with the withdrawal and released invitation, to attract attention and to excite interest in the events of the day.

There were a lot of disappointed "back-to-the-soilers" on the President's special when it arrived here. Among them were White House stenographers, Presidential secretaries, military aides, official physicians, Secret Service men, messengers, newspaper correspondents and Pullman porters. Visions of ranch life and all that goes with it, the happy estate of the modern farmer had been rudely brushed away.

Many of the men in the party had never been West before. As a result of what they beheld from the car window or the wonderful tales poured into their credulous ears by the "boomers" of the great West, nearly all wanted a ranch somewhere west of the Mississippi or Missouri Rivers. Secretary Hillis had prepared to leave politics forever and settle down in the safe-free life of the alfalfa fields. Everybody determined to give up real work and go "back to the soil."

At Rapid City, S. D., last Saturday there was a sign across the street from the speaking stand. "United States Registration Office," it read. The Government was giving away thousands of acres of free land in the Rosebud and Pine Ridge reservations of South Dakota. All you had to do was to register your name, pay 25 cents to a notary public and swear you didn't own 160 acres of land.

Everybody on the train registered, with the exception of the President. He was at dinner and couldn't slip away with all the rest.

The land lottery began at Gregory Tuesday. Yesterday and today the Presidential party scanned the newspapers to see which one of them would get the more desirable locations. There were only 500 drawings published and not a Presidential follower was in the list.

SLAVIC EDICT BARS JEWS

Governor of Russian Province Issues Order of Expulsion.

YUSOVKA, Russia, Oct. 26.—By an order of the Governor, all Jews in the Province of Yusovka are ordered to expulsion, with the following exceptions:

Those living in the province since May 16, 1882. Artisans and others having permits of residence from the Governor's chancery. Those resident since August 14, 1904, if in order of expulsion against them has already been set aside by the Governor's chancery. Those who have changed to a rural residence between May 16, 1882, and January 11, 1883.

Many of those subject to expulsion are in a critical position. As the sudden expulsion prevents a liquidation of their affairs, and to avoid financial ruin some are adopting the Christian faith.

Special officials will be sent through the province to control the registration, and all activity in this matter will be punished by the dismissal of the guilty ones.

ARMY DUTY LENGTHENED

Term of Philippine Service Made Two and Half Years.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 26.—A temporary order increasing the term of Philippine military service from two years to two years and six months has been made permanent. When the Mexican troubles became serious, so that troops were mobilized on the Texas border, army officials did not care to dispatch troops from the States to the Philippines, as it was felt they were needed nearer home.

Accordingly the term of service of Philippine regiments was increased by six months. When it was found that this increase caused no friction it was decided to make the practice permanent. It is possible the period of army service in the Philippines may be increased later to three years.

BALLOON FLIES 471 MILES

Aero Club to Send Cup to German International Race Winner.

NEW YORK, Oct. 26.—The official record of the distances covered by the contestants in the recent international balloon race for the Coupe International des Aeronauts, is announced by the Aero Club of America as follows: Hans Gercke, Germany, 471 miles; Frank P. Lahm, America, 418 miles; Le Vogt, Germany, 256 miles; John S. Berry, America, 232 miles; W. P. Assman, 27 miles; Emile Du Bonnet, 200 miles. The cup will be shipped on November 5 to the Deutscher Luftschiffer Verband (the German National Aeronauts Club) in Berlin.

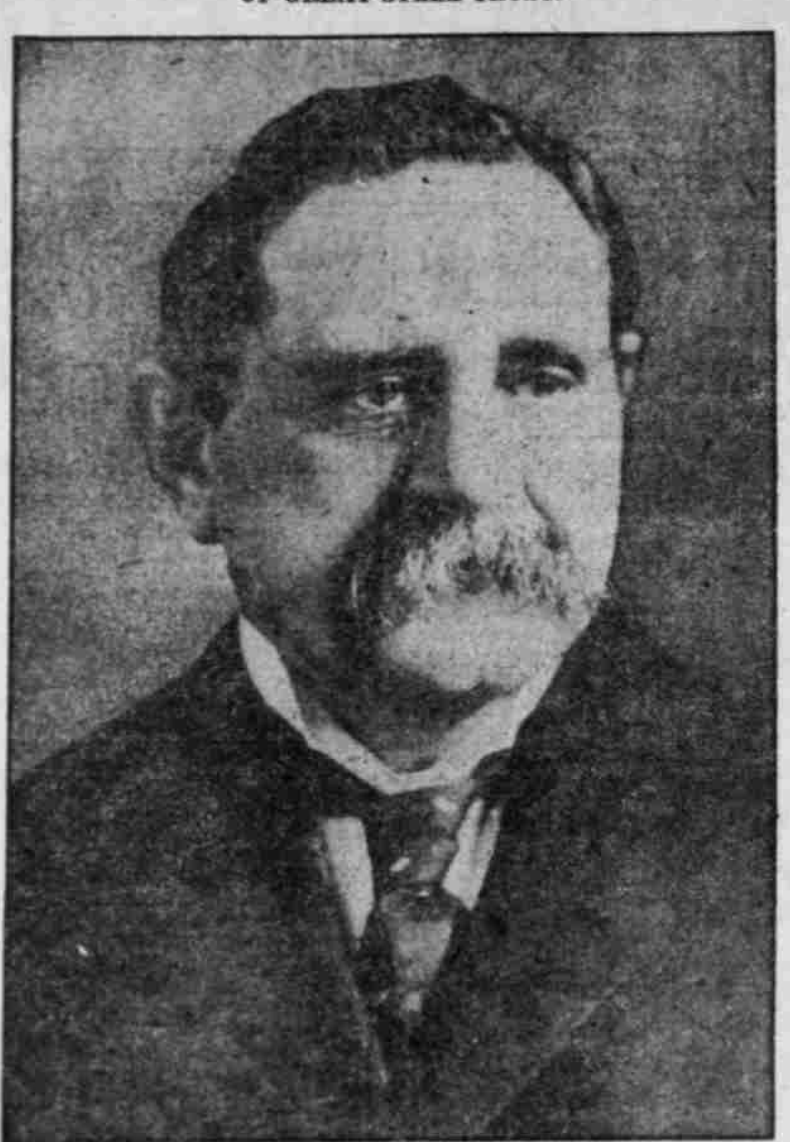
FLYERS AWAIT REPAIRS

Both Rodgers and Fowler Hung Up by Damage to Aeroplanes.

SPOFFORD, Tex., Oct. 26.—Aviator C. P. Rodgers today inspected the hill territory beyond Del Rio, and it was later announced at his camp that he might resume his flight toward the Pacific Coast this afternoon. His biplane, which was wrecked yesterday, will be ready for him soon.

YUMA, Ariz., Oct. 26.—Robert G. Fowler remained in Yuma today working on his engine. Two of his machines arrived last night and Fowler hoped to have his aeroplane in readiness for a flight tomorrow.

GOVERNMENT'S SPECIAL COUNSEL RETAINED TO BREAK UP GREAT STEEL TRUST.



JACOB M. DICKINSON.

STEEL TRUST SUED

Government Demands Dissolution in Sweeping Action.

ORE LEASES QUESTIONED

Voluntary Cancellation of Great Northern Contracts in 1915 Not Enough—Eminent Financiers Are Made Defendants.

(Continued From First Page.)

Vised of the Steel Corporation's intention in this respect, but says that under the terms of the lease no cancellation would be effective until January 1, 1915, and there is no limit upon the amount of ore that can be taken out in the meantime.

Sensational allegations fairly topple over each other in the Government's petition, which is an equity proceeding praying for injunctions to stop continuance of the alleged monopoly and such other relief as the court may grant.

Roosevelt Deceived, Says Petition. The Steel Corporation's acquisition of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company in the panic of 1907 is declared illegal and scathingly criticized. The petition declares that F. H. Carey and Henry C. Frick misled President Roosevelt when they told him that "but little benefit will come to the Steel Corporation from the purchase."

"The President," it says, "was not made fully acquainted with the state of affairs in New York relevant to the transactions which existed, if he had been fully advised he would have known that a desire to stop the panic was not the sole moving cause, but that there was also a desire and purpose to acquire the control of a company that had recently assumed a position of potential competition of great significance."

It is certain that the corporation availed itself of the emblem of Moore & Schley (New York brokers who had large holdings of Tennessee stock) at its most critical period, and the hammering of the Tennessee stock and the threatening of a general financial calamity, in order to induce a competitor, taking on a formidable aspect, to sell out at a price which was a mere fraction of its value.

Competitor Unlawfully Eliminated. "The corporation thus greatly strengthened its control of the country's iron ore supply, its predominant position in the South's iron and steel trade, eliminated a competitor and unlawfully acquired a power which is a menace to the welfare of the country and should be destroyed."

The Gary dinners are referred to, though not by name, as meetings which accomplished more than written pools or agreements.

"It was understood and agreed," said the bill, "that they (the steel manufacturers represented at the meeting) were bound to protect one another, that to carry out this purpose their honor was at stake, and that the obligation binding upon them was even dearer than life itself, and that no one of them should act or fail to act except with a distinct and clear understanding that his honor was involved, and that this was more binding upon him than any written contract. When hidden by the chief executive of the corporation, they came at any time from any distance, ready, willing and anxious to turn over to him and his friends all that was in their minds and in their hearts concerning their own business."

Power Is Par-Resolving. Interlocking directorates through which those in power in the Steel Corporation held positions of influence on the directorates of other powerful corporations, are referred to as a method more refined, more subtle, but none the less effective than pools.

"Through its directors thus distributed," says the Government's petition, "the corporation is in direct touch with all the large railroad and steamship companies of the country. Such powerful concerns as the Standard Oil Company, the Pullman Company, the International Harvester Company and the Western Union Telegraph Company and with an overwhelming majority in money and powerful banks and trust companies of the United States."

"The possibilities of the power and the control that may thus be exerted over trade and commerce are incalculable."

"The power and control that have been exerted by the corporation largely through the grasp of its trustees thus thrown out upon the consumer, competitors and capital is incompatible with the healthy commercial life of the Nation."

History of Trust Reviewed. The Government reviews in great detail the condition in the steel trade before the consolidation of 1898-1900 and the formation of the Federal Steel Company, the Carnegie Company of New Jersey, the American Steel & Wire Company, the National Tube Company, the National Steel Company, the American Tin Plate Company, the American Sheet Steel Company and other corporations prior to the formation of the United States Steel Corporation in 1901.

Describing the United States Steel Corporation's acquisition of the Tennessee Coal & Iron Company, the petition relates: "In 1907 the corporation acquired control and almost the entire ownership of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad Company. The properties of this company were located mainly in Alabama and Tennessee. "Owing to the character of its coal and iron deposits the Tennessee Company could manufacture pigiron cheaper than it could be made in any other part of the United States. On account of its vast holdings of coal and iron properties, it was a strong probable future competitor of the corporation."

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This sale embraces the finest line of Underwear on the market at the price of the cheaper grades. Fine cotton fleece, wool and wool and silk in the finest quality of yarns. Perfect fitting garments, 1/4 Off.

on the said trust company and aggravated the general uneasy condition and made the position of Moore & Schley more desperate. Moore & Schley were known that Thorne and Schley were members of the Tennessee syndicate.

Firm Squeezed in Panic. "Regardlessness of the intent in giving out the statement—and the facts are not sufficiently known to make any charge in this regard—the fact is that it contributed directly and strongly toward bringing Moore & Schley to a point of imminent failure, although they were amply solvent. Their condition had become desperate. It being generally regarded by bankers and financiers that their failure might precipitate a general crisis, they, J. P. Morgan & Co., taking the lead, exerted themselves by advances of ready money to meet pressing demands and otherwise to prevent their suspension. Much of the effort, however, revolved about the proposition for the corporation to acquire the stock of the Tennessee Company. Nothing less than the surrender of the Tennessee Company stock by the corporations and the negotiations progressed rapidly and steadily to that end, it being represented to them that in no other way could relief be brought to them."

The bill then tells of the visit of Gary and Frick to President Roosevelt on Sunday morning, November 4, and says that "without fully disclosing all the facts" they represented to the President that the only thing which would prevent a vicious spread of the panic was for the Steel Corporation to acquire the Tennessee stock. The statements made to the President are declared to have been misleading. The President was not fully advised as to the true situation, and he would have known that the desire to stop the panic was not the sole moving cause. "The Steel Corporation," the bill goes on, "thus greatly strengthened its control of the iron ore supply of the country, its predominant position in the iron and steel trade of the South, eliminated a competitor and unlawfully acquired a power which is a menace to the welfare of the country and should be destroyed."

The bill enumerates various "pools" it is asserted were formed illegally, and goes into the "Gary dinner" agreements which are said to have prevented fluctuation in prices and competition. Of these "gentlemen's agreements" the bill says: "It was understood and agreed that they were bound to pay one another; to carry out this purpose their honor was at stake and that the obligation binding on them was even dearer than life itself."

Attached to the bill, among many other exhibits of alleged agreements, is a statement showing the extent to which the steel corporation is represented in the directorates of other concerns. It shows George F. Baker as a director in 36 others; Edmund C. Converse in 28; William E. Corey in 32; J. Pierpont Morgan in 51.

Within 15 minutes after the filing of the suit, a United States Marshal went to New York to serve papers upon 15 defendants resident there, among them being J. P. Morgan, Charles M. Schwab, Elbert M. Gary and John D. Rockefeller.

Boring Postmaster Returns. BORING, Or., Oct. 26.—(Special).—William A. Morand has returned home after a month's absence in the East.

Rheumatism

Is a Constitutional Disease. It manifests itself in local aches and pains,—inflamed joints and stiff muscles,—but it cannot be cured by local applications. It requires constitutional treatment, and the best is a course of the great blood-purifying and tonic medicine, Hood's Sarsaparilla, which corrects the acid condition of the blood and builds up the whole system. "My father had been afflicted for years with rheumatism, kidney trouble and nervousness. He was weak and losing flesh. He then began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla and is now well." Ora E. Campbell, Washington, Ind. There is no real substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Get it today in usual liquid form or chocolate tablets called Sarsatabs.

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