

'DIRECT' PRIMARY JOKE IN NEW YORK

Voters, Seeking Freedom, Have Succeeded Only in Adding to Bosses' Power.

'REGULAR' TICKETS RULE

Knell of Independence Sounded in Provision for Government by Committees — Murphy Sole Beneficiary of System.

NEW YORK, Oct. 13.—(Special)—Governor Dix is an optimistic soul. On a railroad train the other day he met the members of the Syracuse football team on their way to play Yale and said: "If I hear tomorrow that Yale has won I shall be greatly disappointed."

In a "ringing" address to the people of the state, in which he congratulated them on the adoption of every pledge in the Democratic platform, the Governor said: "The party declared for state-wide direct primaries, and by Democratic votes the Legislature has enacted a bill which discharges this obligation, and will insure to the people the right to choose members of political committees and nominate candidates for public office."

Syracuse lost by 12 to 6, and the people did not get direct primaries. Otherwise the Governor was absolutely correct.

New Law Strangles Independents. Of course it is called a direct primary law, and it is now in force, but no one except an initiated Tammany member would describe it as such. Probably the best characterization is that of Ed Merritt, the Republican leader in the Assembly, who, addressing the majority at Albany, said:

"If there is anything more you can put into this bill that would give Tammany Hall a stranglehold upon the Democratic state organization, let's stay here a day or two longer and put it in."

A lot has been written about the direct primary law, but it has never been explained. Some of the voters really think we are to vote under the "Oregon plan," while others realize that the new law simply gives the final kick to independents.

First of all, it does not apply to Governor, Lieutenant Governor or the other state officers. They are to be elected in the same old way.

Provision is made for "party committees" consisting of state committee, judicial district, Congressional, Senatorial, assembly, county, aldermanic, city and borough committees. If no candidate for state committee receives a majority, the place is to be filled by the delegates to the state convention.

Machine Made Perpetual. A seemingly innocent provision in the law clothes the present organization and its committees with power to be the original committees, "for the purpose of getting the law under way." The trouble is that the committee set first under this statute can never, or hardly ever, be displaced.

The function of these various committees is to prepare the "regular tickets" for the direct primaries. This is something you do not have in Oregon, it is believed. The primary ballot is all prepared by the candidates for judges, Congressmen, Senators, assemblymen, aldermen, etc., and these appear on the first column of the regular primary ballot, under the party emblem.

Now we are coming down to the "directness" of the New York brand of direct primaries. John Doe wishes to run for Sheriff of New York County, we will say. The county committee in New York meets "not earlier than the fourth Tuesday" before the primary, and not later than the third Tuesday, and selects a candidate. John Doe can come around and look at them, but he has no voice, and Richard Roe, favored by Murphy, is nominated.

"John Doe" is Hedged About. But John Doe is not ground under foot by the bosses. Not at all. He can go on the ticket by petition. All that is necessary for him to do is to secure the signatures of 5 per cent of the enrolled Democratic voters in New York County signed before a notary public. These names must all be Democrats, entitled to vote at the primaries, and take affidavit to that effect. This 5 per cent must vote for the party vote at the last election, and always the party vote exceeds the primary enrollment. For many independents never enrolled.

But to return to John Doe. Were he a candidate this Fall, he would simply have to secure the verified affidavit of 1213 enrolled Democrats, and he would have a whole week to get them. Cinch? Yes?

All right, John Doe gets the signatures, and his name appears on the primary ballot. On primary day, a voter goes into the booth with an official ballot. He finds in the first column under the party emblem, the "official" candidates from Governor down to Assemblymen. He can vote for them with one check. Doe is on the ballot, too. His name appears in the far corner, all by itself. It takes two crossmarks to vote for him and the rest of the regular ticket.

Hasn't he, fat old Charlie Murphy made it easy for the independent John Doe to get on the ticket, and he would make it easy for the voters to elect the most popular man as their candidate for office?

Murphy's "Clash" Tightened. This is what the advocates of direct nominations have had handed to them, and to which the Democrats will "point with pride" during the present campaign. It is really the biggest piece of "black" legislation that has ever been handed out.

It is the joke of the age to call it direct nominations, and to contend that it fulfills the party pledge of "state-wide direct primaries."

Murphy is thoroughly satisfied with this piece of legislation. It makes his give more than it ever was, and prevents any independence inside Tammany Hall. It will also, as Mr. Merritt truly says, give him control over the party and its power over the entire organization.

Although the Republicans vote solidly against the measure, there are some who are not so sure. They are feeling cheerful because of its passage. They offered a real direct primary bill, knowing that it would be voted down, and are now in a position to say that they tried to give the people the reform that was asked. Regarding their votes against the act now a law, advocates of direct primaries cannot blame them. For this statute is not what was wanted by any person except Murphy.

As far as the rural districts are concerned, the Republicans say that matters will work out satisfactorily. Nominations up state have been always a matter of compromise, and this can be carried on just as well under the new law as it was under the old. But in the cities it is a different story.

Primaries Made Useless. There was a time when a bright man could get into an assembly district convention and carry away the nomination, but that is now in the past. It has become a necessity now to have the good will of the boss, who will tell the district committee to give you the regular nomination.

William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the Republican state committee, and who, whatever his faults may be, is certainly one of the shrewdest politicians in the state, has this to say of the "new law":

"I predict that if this system of nominations remains on the statute books, we will see party machines, needs loosening, not tightening. It is too hard and fast now. The advantage of the machine is that it is restrictive, and in seeking a remedy has produced a law which will place upon him greater restriction and reduce his opportunity."

This pretty well describes the present condition. The new primaries will be absolutely useless, so far as giving a chance to aspiring geniuses is concerned, and men who want nominations will be compelled to go, hat in hand, to the boss, just as they have been doing in New York City right along.

Mayor Gaynor, on his first visit to the Wigwag, said: "And this is Tammany Hall!"

EMINENT CHINESE WHO WILL HAVE PART IN GREAT WAR IMPENDING IN FLOWER KINGDOM



Above (left to right), Minister of War Yin-Chung, Prince Tsai-Pa, of the Imperial Guards, Prince Tsai-Issan, Minister of the Navy, Commander Imperial Guards Duke Lin, of the Imperial Guards, Prince Pa and Admiral Tan, Vice-Minister of the Navy—Below, Larger Pictures of General Fu and Prince Tsai Tsan and Portrait of Prince Tsai at China.

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PEKIN IS ALARMED

Republic Is Proclaimed by Rebels in Wuchang.

HANKOW KEPT IN TERROR

Rioters Pillage City but Revolutionary Forces Promise to Protect Foreigners—Consuls Remaining Neutral.

MINER IS HELD CAPTIVE

Chilean Bandits Demand Ransom of \$20,000 for Iron Owner.

TAFT IS AT SAN FRANCISCO

MINER IS HELD CAPTIVE

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TAFT LIKES OREGON BABIES

revolutionists, has found it convenient to claim Hongkong and Hawaii as his birthplace. It is known that he was born at Hsin-Shan, in Canton province, China. When he was about 13 years old he was taken by his mother to Honolulu, where he went to school and college. He returned to Hongkong later, and for a time was a student in Queen's College. After a second visit to Honolulu he took up the study of medicine in Canton and Hongkong, dividing his time between those cities for five years. He began 29 years ago to plot to overthrow the Manchu dynasty, and every recent uprising has been blamed upon him by the Chinese government. In 1896 Dr. Sun founded in San Francisco the Chinese Popular Society, a revolutionary organization which has branches in other American cities and wherever Chinese live abroad.

Dr. Sun was kidnaped in London 15 years ago and held a prisoner in the Chinese embassy, but the British government compelled the embassy to release him. He escaped death in Canton and fled to Hongkong, where he was expelled from the city. He was expelled from Tokyo five years ago at the request of the Chinese government, and fled to Singapore, which has since been the headquarters of the revolutionary movement. Dr. Sun visited San Francisco and Vancouver last February. Sufficient funds were raised for his return to the United States, which he was supposed to have gone to China.

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LYMAN'S OWN GUILT

L. R. Webster, His Counsel, Argues Escape Is Not Crime.

DECISION DUE MONDAY

Attorney for Alleged Mail Defrauder Raises Technical Question for Which There Is No Precedent—Captive Sanguine.

A technical legal question upon which no direct decisions are found in the lawbooks was raised by Attorney L. R. Webster in the case of Dr. John Grant Lyman before Federal Judge Bean yesterday.

Summoned before the court on a warrant of removal to California Dr. Lyman is accused of conspiring to aid and abet his own escape. Attorney Webster argued that it is not a crime for an arrested person to escape and therefore it cannot be illegal for him to conspire or abet his own escape.

Deputy United States District Attorney Evans and Johnson, while acknowledging that the escape was not a crime, maintained that it was a crime for Lyman to conspire with others to escape. Both sides submitted briefs on the question and Judge Bean announced that he would try to decide the question Monday morning. If the decision is against the Government other steps will be taken to hold Lyman on the charge under which he was arrested originally in California.

Dr. Lyman appeared in court on crutches an interested listener to the argument. He is beginning to show the effect of his imprisonment in his apparel, but although he is not as well groomed as he might desire he appears to be confident. He weighs fully 250 pounds.

When Lyman was taken back to the County Jail he requested permission from his custodian, Deputy Marshal Beckler, to be taken to a grocery store. There he ordered sufficient to stock a fashionable grill for a few days.

When asked about his large purchases he replied that his friends in jail were entitled to live as well as he and that it would not be a pleasure to satisfy himself unless they also shared in the feast.

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