

# STRIKE FOES SLIP IN ABOARD BOAT

### Harriman Officials Smuggle Men to Albina Shops as Strikers Watch Trains.

## BOTH SIDES REPORT GAIN

### O'Brien Reports 67 Skilled Laborers as Joining Railroad Force and Unions Boast Increase of Walkout—Reports Conflict.

Harriman officials stole another march on their striking shopmen yesterday when several imported strikebreakers were smuggled into the Albina carshops, by launches, operated from the foot of Stark street. This coup was accomplished before the strikers, who closely watch incoming trains, were aware of the railroad company's movements. The Albina shops, it is reported, have furnished the transportation for the strikebreakers.

The usual conflicting statements were issued yesterday from the Harriman offices and the strikers' headquarters regarding the situation.

"The number of disabled engines and other equipment at the delay in operation of trains," said C. R. Merrill, secretary of the local federation of shopmen, yesterday, "is conclusive proof that the railroad company is not keeping up its rolling stock. The strikers are entirely satisfied with the situation. The character of men being imported to take the place of the strikers does not scare us a bit. We know they are not skilled workmen and for that reason are not able to perform the work required of them. This is the usual plan adopted by railroads for intimidating strikers and influencing them to return to their former employment. In this instance, however, the strikers are remaining firm. Not a man has deserted our ranks and we are gaining recruits every day."

**Road Sees Improvement.**

"Conditions have improved very materially since we received the report of O'Brien, general manager of the Harriman lines in this territory, in a bulletin issued at noon yesterday. In addition skilled men have been placed at work. Ten men who went out on strike at The Dalles have returned to work. Traffic conditions normal."

Report reached strike headquarters yesterday that the Municipal Free Employment Agency was sending laborers to the Harriman carshops to take the place of strikers. Investigation as to the correctness of this report was referred to a committee and if it is found to be true, a protest will be lodged by the advisory board of the strike organization against a continuance of this activity.

It was also announced from strike headquarters yesterday that 30 of the 34 imported strikebreakers deserted their employment yesterday. It is also declared by the strikers that 11 men were paid off at the rate of \$1 each. Another announcement was made to the effect that 24 have joined the carmen's union since the walkout September 25.

Strikers' headquarters have been established permanently on the fifth floor of the Labor Temple building at Fourth and Alder streets where daily many of the strikers congregate. An air of optimism pervaded these quarters yesterday. It was based in part at least on the receipt of the bulletins that had been received from numerous outside points on the Harriman lines.

**Reports Cheer Strikers.**

Among these reports was one from San Francisco announcing that two large firms of that city had made the announcement that during the pendency of the strike they would not demand a settlement of accounts which the strikers might have with them. The same report brought the information that if it were not for the fact that yardmasters and strikers were undertaking to reform the labor of the strikers, trains would be at a standstill at many important points on the Harriman system.

From San Luis Obispo came another report to the effect that the strikers at that point had all obtained positions and the assurance of ample financial assistance in prolonging the strike to a successful conclusion. The same report related that the demand of the strikebreakers for gloves, overalls, two suits of underwear, each and bed sheets to sleep on, with cigars and tobacco, had been granted by the railroad company. From the same place it was also reported that the railroad had agreed to furnish strikebreakers free transportation from San Luis Obispo to Guadalupe in lieu of permitting disorderly women to loiter in a vicinity of the yards in which the men work and in compliance with their demands.

Encouraging reports were also received at strike headquarters yesterday from Pajaro, East Bakersfield, Modesto, Fresno, Colton, Tucson, San Antonio, Huntington and Umatilla. Train No. 14, out of Roseburg, was reported to have used three engines within a distance of 30 miles. Other reports were to the effect that all the men at Roseburg were out. At La Grande 28 men are said to be out, with only eight working. All are reported to be out at Seattle, while at Salt Lake 250 men, according to report, are out and only 12 at work.

**Review Re-entered, Is Report.**

All along the line come reports from the strikers that their ranks increase daily through desertions either of men who refused to join the walkout or of laborers who were engaged to take the places of the strikers. There is a strong suspicion among the strikers, however, that some of their number have migrated from the point at which they quit work on general strike orders and re-entered the employ of the railroad at some other point on the system.

This report is to be investigated to ascertain its accuracy and the extent to which that practice has been followed.

Secretary Merrill, of the local federation of shopmen, in a few days will issue a circular letter defining the conditions under which striking shopmen will be considered by the organization at the conclusion of the strike, regardless of its ultimate result.

## EXTRADITION IS FOUGHT

### Prisoner Indicted in Colorado to Have Final Hearing.

Long-continued and desperate efforts, extending over a week with an average of one session a day before

Judge Gatens, to prevent the extradition to Colorado of Leo Martin, wanted to answer to a statutory charge preferred by his wife, will have final disposition this morning.

The controversy hinges on whether or not the indictment on which the prisoner's return to Colorado is sought is a crime under the laws of that state. The Governor of Colorado has issued regulation papers and Governor West has honored them but the prisoner is still fighting for his release before Judge Gatens on a writ of habeas corpus. Decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States give the Judge a right to go behind the Governor's warrants and ascertain if a crime is really charged.

W. A. Rinker, a Deputy Sheriff of Denver, who is here for the purpose of taking Martin back to that state, promised Judge Gatens yesterday that he would telegraph his office for information as to the statute under which the indictment was drawn. The law library at Salem will then be drawn upon for a copy of the volume containing it and the controversy finally settled.

## CHARTER CONFERENCE SET

### Committees Hope to Harmonize Form to Be Submitted to Vote.

Owing to the fact that the official charter revision commission, appointed by ex-Mayor Simon, was unable to hold a meeting prior to last night and appoint a committee for the purpose, a conference of committees representing the two charter revision commissions and the City Council, scheduled for yesterday afternoon, has been deferred until 12 o'clock tomorrow afternoon at the City Hall. The representatives of the City Council and those of the people's charter commission (East Side) assembled at the City Hall yesterday, but in the absence of delegates from the Simon commission, an adjournment was agreed to until tomorrow afternoon. Present yesterday were the following conferees: City Council—Councilmen Baker, Jennings and Schmeiser; people's charter commission—A. E. Clark, Dr. C. H. Chapman and R. W. Montague.

The purpose of the conference between the three committees is to determine, if possible, on one form of commission charter to be submitted to the voters of the city. It is conceded on all sides that the submission of two proposed commission charters may be expected to defeat both and leave the people without the commission plan of government which a majority clearly approve.

## Penelope Duncan Sings Tonight

### Penelope Duncan will sing this evening at Masonic Temple.

Penelope Duncan will sing this evening at Masonic Temple. The program will include the folk music of the Gaelic, Anglo-Saxon, Hellenic and German races, dramatic music of the Chinese and Byzantine sacred hymns.

Edlefson Wellington coal faultless.

# \$1,000,000 MAINS IN EAST SIDE PLAN

### \$129,000 Service Water Pipe to Tap Sellwood Is Ordered by Board.

## RESERVOIR PAY STOPPED

### Chief Engineer Clarke Submits Project to Supply Big Southern Part of City Across River. Rates Outside Limits Grow.

Submission by Chief Engineer Clarke of plans for reinforcing, low and high-pressure mains for the South East Side district to cost an aggregate of \$1,000,000 and the refusal of the Mayor and members to pay any more to contractors on the Mount Tabor reservoirs were the chief features of a session of the Water Board yesterday afternoon. The Board also fixed a policy that consumers of Bull Run water living outside the city limits shall be charged a rate exceeding that paid by residents within the limits.

While it will require several years in which to carry out the extensive plans submitted by Engineer Clarke, work to cost \$129,000 was ordered at the meeting yesterday, this being a service main from Division street south, to tap the Sellwood district. Other portions of the system will be installed from time to time, as the Board sees fit, but the places most urgently needing water will be supplied first. It is the plan to so arrange things that residents of Sellwood will have an abundance of water next Summer and to also furnish Woodstock, Richmond and other neighboring places with a supply sufficient to be ample for ordinary requirements.

**Big Zone to Be Supplied.**

Seven and one-half square miles of territory will be covered by the system submitted by Engineer Clarke. It includes nearly all of the territory lying south of Division street and east of the Willamette River. It is estimated that, when closely built up, it will contain a population of approximately 50,000. Such a district would require 5,000,000 gallons of water every 24 hours. The estimated cost as given by Mr. Clarke is \$929,850.

There is some difference of opinion as to how much penalty should be ex-

acted of the contractors on the Mount Tabor reservoirs, Nos. 5 and 6. J. C. Almsworth said that he did not regard the non-completion of No. 5 as having injured the city, as the city had no water to put into the reservoir, had it been completed on time; the new contract from Bull Run River had not been finished and the reservoir, he felt, would have been useless until this part of the system was ready for use.

Theodore B. Wilcox expressed himself as feeling that the city had been injured; that it was hardly within the province of the Mayor or members of the Board to say that the city had not been injured because of the non-completion of the pipeline. He asked what W. B. Mackay thought about it.

**Penalty Subject Waits.**

"I think it depends upon the contract what action we must take," replied Mr. Mackay.

"Well, it seems to me," remarked Mr. Wilcox, "that, after the things these contractors have done to this contract, this Board might do most anything. I can't give a legal opinion, but I can introduce the 'rule of reason' very largely."

It was finally voted to lay the subject on the table for further consideration. Robert, that, after the things these contractors have done to this contract, this Board might do most anything. I can't give a legal opinion, but I can introduce the 'rule of reason' very largely."

Full penalties which have run on No. 5 aggregate \$70,000 and on No. 6 they will probably reach \$80,000, as it is still unfinished.

Mayor Rushlight and Mr. Wilcox expressed the belief that the city should exact higher rates for water consumed by outsiders than of residents of the city and this was agreed to by the other members. The rates will be fixed at the first of the year, when the Board fixes the 1912 schedule.

## HUSBAND CALLED LOAFER

### Mrs. Etta M. Blatchley Says Attorney Bereft Her of Wealth.

A story of inroads on her personal property and the use by her husband of her relatives for the purpose of obtaining money on notes which eventually fell to the lot of the relatives to pay, is contained in the divorce complaint of Etta M. Blatchley against Albert H. Blatchley, a Portland attorney, filed in the Circuit Court yesterday. The husband is accused of being a loafer and addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors and is charged with having lived to a great extent off the money of his wife.

Mrs. Blatchley also asks the court to grant an order restraining her husband from interfering with her or molesting her or her children, complaining that he has frequently declared that he would kill her should she start an action for divorce. Since June 21, she says, she has lived apart from him and, her own property hav-

ing been dissipated, has been receiving financial support from friends and relatives.

According to the complaint Mrs. Blatchley, then a widow of a year and the owner of considerable property inherited from her late husband, married Blatchley, who had been divorced from his first wife, at Hammond, Ind., on June 6, 1906. He represented to her, she declares, that he was an able attorney capable of earning \$5000 a year. She avers that he has induced her to sell or hypothecate at various times practically all her property and has used the money, and in addition has been niggardly in allowing her money for household expenses, making it necessary for her to apply to wealthy relatives for assistance. Bill collectors, she declares, have been the bane of her life.

## CONVENTION BUREAU BUSY

### Efforts Being Made to Bring Three National Meetings to City.

An effort is to be made by the convention bureau of the Commercial Club to secure three more conventions for this city within the next few years, one in 1913 and two others in 1915. One is the National convention of the American Prison Association, meeting this year in Omaha. Commercial organizations of several of the neighboring states have promised to lend their assistance to secure the convention for Portland.

Similar methods will be used to persuade the members of the American Association of Title Men, who are now in convention in Little Rock, Ark., to select Portland for 1915. This convention was held in Seattle in 1909, and it was not thought advisable by the convention bureau to request them to return to the Coast next year.

The American Street and Interurban Railway Association, meeting this year in Atlantic City, also has been invited to come to Portland in 1913, and Mr. Raymond is hopeful of receiving a favorable answer.

## Parker Seeks Reinstatement

History is repeating itself with regard to the cases of "dismissed" policemen in this administration. Just as when Dr. Harry Lane, as Mayor, tried to dismiss certain members of the department and they sought reinstatement at every turn of the road, so are those whom Mayor Rushlight has "discharged." Yesterday Harry E. Parker, "discharged" patrolman, filed with the Civil Service Commission a request for reinstatement. He was given a hearing before the police committee of the Executive Board recently on charges of insulting girls, and was "discharged." His attorney at that time said that the committee had not given Parker a hearing within the time specified by the charter, and that he believed his client had been automatically reinstated.

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We are showing at our warerooms, now, the most perfect stock of Mason & Hamlin Pianos in Grands and Uprights that has ever been seen on the Coast. We cordially invite your inspection of them. They may be purchased on easy payments if desired.

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# White Bread Eaters

## Beri-beri! What's That?

A recent press dispatch from Paris to the New York American quotes Thomas A. Edison as saying, that in France:

They (the French) do not unbalance the wheat for the sake of appearance, but retain the gluten qualities in an extraordinary way. I think that most of the indigestion in America comes from the desire to make bread look pretty, and in so doing, unbalancing the wheat, taking from it qualities most essential to nutrition and health.

"It has been found in countries where that dreaded disease known as beri-beri flourishes (Beri-beri is a fatal disease attacking the nerves and nerve centers) that in the process of polishing and whitening rice, elements are taken from the food that, if allowed to remain and be fed to patients suffering from the disease, actually cures them."

In the making of white flour, the vital elements of the hard, outer coat of the wheat are "thrown away," because they darken the flour. Nerve starvation is a natural result.

No one can "beat" Old Mother Nature. She places in wheat and barley certain elements (Diastase, Potash, Lime, etc.) up under the outer shell. Diastase is the element which helps to transform or digest starch and make it useful for the body. The Potash goes to rebuild the gray matter in the nerve cells.

# In the making of Grape-Nuts

these brain- and nerve-building elements are purposely preserved, among them the valuable Phosphate of Potash, (grown in the grain) the essential tissue salt of all gray nerve matter.

For growing children, for men and women who work with body and brain, there is no better food than Grape-Nuts.

Grape-Nuts contains all the meat of the wheat and barley from which it is made. A dish of Grape-Nuts and cream is the cereal part of the daily morning meal of hundreds of thousands of people all over the world.

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