

GET-RICH-QUICK MAN SPECTACULAR

Flagg Is Said to Have Paid Handsome Dividends Out of Clients' Principal.

ACCUSED MAN IS HOPEFUL

Extravagant Luncheons to Customers One of Methods of Coaxing Dollars From Strong Boxes.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—(Special).—Released on bail from the Tombs, where he spent several uncomfortable days and nights following the raid on his brokerage office by Postoffice inspectors, Jared Flagg, declared by the government officers to be the most spectacular get-rich-quick swindler of a decade, continues to lunch extravagantly at Cafe des Beaux-Arts and reiterates his previous statements that his business is a legitimate enterprise. He says the case against him will fall flat. Flagg is charged with using the funds to defraud and is accused of obtaining large sums from clients with which to speculate upon alleged "sure-things" in Wall street. Some of his literature, the inspectors charge, promises 51 per cent dividends to investors paid weekly, and freely uses the name of Daniel N. Morgan, Treasurer of the United States under President Cleveland, as one of the sponsors for the enterprise.

The postoffice inspectors do not speak in slighting terms of Flagg's nerve and daring. They say he blithely took the money of his clients—amounting to more than \$1,000,000 in a few months—"sawed away" a goodly portion in safety deposit vaults (against the proverbial "rainy day") and paid weekly dividends to the investors out of the principal.

Persons Involved. Flagg represented to prospective customers that inside information he possessed in Wall street enabled him to make profits in the stock market away above the ordinary. It is said that ex-United States Treasurer Morgan, F. Tenneyson Neely, formerly a book publisher, Irving M. Higgins, a lawyer, Rev. James T. Schock, a clergyman of the Dutch Reformed Church, and several other persons, including two women, solicited customers for Flagg's enterprise, receiving handsome commissions. Morgan drew a per centage of the profits, which were enormous, for the use of his name, the inspectors say. Flagg denies that Morgan was a partner in the business, with which statement Morgan himself vigorously concurs. Morgan, Neely and Mrs. Schock were all arrested and cast into the Tombs when the government officers raided Flagg's office. Morgan says he was merely an investor. The inspectors found a large bundle of paper money signed by Morgan when he was Treasurer of the United States in Flagg's strong box. It is said this money was used to impress prospective clients.

Establishment Elaborate One. Flagg maintained an elaborate establishment. In addition to the various persons to whom per centages and commissions are alleged to have been paid, Flagg's offices gave employment to several bookkeepers and about 60 girls, including Miss Madeline B. Ruse, said to have been the promoter's secretary and an important actor in the get-rich-quick drama. Flagg says, though, Miss Ruse was merely a typewriter operator and that Rev. Mr. Schock was his secretary. Beside all this expense Flagg entertained customers and prospective customers with a lavish hand. There were many elaborate luncheons at the Cafe des Beaux-Arts, at which Flagg's "investors" dined on the daintiest and most expensive delicacies and enjoyed rarest viandts, with never a mention of "business" to mar the unalloyed pleasure of the occasions.

The government is relying upon Elbridge C. Sewall, cashier in Flagg's office, to turn state's evidence against the man it charges with out-Wallingtoning the J. Rufus of fiction. Sewall was formerly the treasurer of a New York manufacturing concern and his name is said to have added the promoter. He signed the dividend checks dated three week ahead sometimes, and drawn from the investor's principal. The customers received these weekly and were led to believe they represented regular profits. Sewall and Flagg are said to have had a falling out.

PENROSE WINS SKIRMISH

Senator's Candidate Nominated for Mayor of Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 1.—George H. Earle, supported by the forces behind United States Senator Penrose, won yesterday in the preliminary Republican nomination for Mayor over William S. Vane.

Fidelph Blankenburg, identified with the reform element, won over D. C. Clarence Gibbons for the nomination for Mayor on both the Keystone party and the city tickets.

ATLANTIC LINER ASHORE

Hamburg-American Company Steamship Goes Aground in Gale.

DOVER, Oct. 1.—The Hamburg-American steamer Koenig Friedrich Augustus is ashore between Chale and Obuigne. The tugs from Dover are proceeding to her assistance.

A violent gale is raging in the channel.

NURSE AND FIVE ESCAPE

Portland Man Gave Alarm. Deputy United States Marshal Frank Beatty, here from Portland to take Lyman and Thorne to that city, discovered the jail break and gave the alarm. For some unknown reason, the escape was not discovered until 10 o'clock.

Lyman and Thorne were brought to the jail at this city over the protestations of Marshal Amersich, of California, who wanted to put the prisoners on the southbound mail at Klamath Falls depot.

SNAPSHOT OF GET-RICH-QUICK PROMOTER AND ALLEGED AIDE, EX-UNITED STATES TREASURER.



ABOVE, JARED FLAGG (PHOTOGRAPH COPYRIGHT BY AMERICAN PRESS ASSOCIATION)—BELOW, DANIEL N. MORGAN (PHOTO BY BAIN NEWS SERVICE).

MADERO IS CHOSEN

Mexican Leader Elected President Without Opposition.

SAUREZ PROBABLE MATE

Madero, in Statement, Declares That Yucatan Man, His Own Choice, Is Undoubtedly Elected Vice-President of Republic.

MEXICO CITY, Oct. 1.—Francisco I. Madero was officially chosen by the people of Mexico as their President at the national elections today. The election of Madero was little more than a formality, as he was the only candidate in the field, following the withdrawal of General Reyes and interest centers tonight in the choice for the Vice-Presidency.

Madero himself, in a statement given tonight, declared that there was no doubt that his candidate for the Vice-Presidency, Jose Pino Suarez, of Yucatan, had received a plurality of the votes. Official figures on the number of votes received by Madero and Suarez are expected to be obtained tomorrow. Madero based his conclusion on information received from various parts of the republic.

At Juarez, the election for Presidential electors passed off quietly, although a very heavy vote was polled. The 119 electors from the districts of Bravos, Galeana, Iturbide, Cambarco and one-fourth of Benito Juarez, embracing one-fourth of the State of Chihuahua, will be unanimous for Madero for President, and for Governor Abram Gonzalez of Chihuahua for Vice-President.

As Gonzalez is not a candidate, the vote will ultimately probably be given to Dr. Francisco Vasquez Gomez. At Puebla, Madero and De la Barra received a majority of the vote. There were no disorders.

At Tampico show a majority for Madero and Suarez, notwithstanding that this is Gomez's state.

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Shop foremen, acting on instructions from operating officials, will make an effort to resume activity this morning following the usual Saturday and Sunday idleness.

The gates will swing open at 3 o'clock to admit any workers who are ready to take up their old positions. This will be the crucial point of the struggle. Labor leaders are urging their men to remain firm. They declare that they have the strike won if the strikers hold out two weeks. The road will not be able to operate with defective motive power and equipment, and they declare that cars, as well as engines, are sure to become defective after the first run if they are not given attention.

Pickets to Urge Strike. After a canvass of the situation yesterday local officials of the O. V. R. & N. Co. decided that fully 35 per cent of their regular employees will be ready to go back to work today. The union pickets will take the names of all men who enter the gates. They will endeavor to stop them and to persuade them to remain on strike. The fact that they are entitled to a benefit sufficient to sustain them in comfort after the first week of idleness will be pointed out to them.

On the other hand, the promise of steady employment at regular wages will be held out by the railroad managers. If danger is threatened the men who go on duty will be accommodated inside the plants. Beds and bed clothing have been taken into the shops and equipment is on hand to set up a kitchen and restaurant for the men.

For a period of ten days, at least, no effort will be made to break the strike in Portland. For that length of time the railroad officials will not give official recognition to the strike. They will continue to operate on the theory that no strike exists.

Many Men Available. How long they can maintain this independent attitude depends entirely upon the ability of engines and cars to resist the ravages of constant use without expert attention. The officials believe that they will obtain enough deserters from the ranks of the strikers to make all necessary repairs to worn or damaged machinery.

For the past months labor agents, both here and in Chicago, have been registering men who are willing and able to take the places of the strikers. A large number have been enlisted here, but if this number is not sufficient a trainload of competent men can be gathered in Chicago and started for Portland in less than three hours, say the railroad people.

Harriman officials declare the strike unreasonable and devoid of a sincere motive, but the union men point out that the principle involved determines the issue.

"It is merely a question of whether our organization shall live or whether its life shall be crushed out," exclaimed every union man yesterday, and insist that the Harriman road shall deal with us as a federation and not as individual unions.

Equal Rights Demanded. "It would be easy for them to do about as they pleased with the separate organizations. With our five unions combined for the purpose of dealing with our employers we are strong enough to meet them on terms more nearly equal to their own strength."

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Merrill points out that agreements similar to those asked by the Harriman shopmen are in force on a number of roads, including the Missouri Pacific, Denver & Rio Grande and others of the Gould system, the Rock Island, the Chicago & Alton and others. The Denver & Rio Grande also has granted an eight-hour day, which question is not involved in the present controversy.

Pension System Rapped. The pension system maintained by the Harriman lines is bitterly assailed by the strikers. They say that none of their members has ever been placed on pension and charge that in a number of instances men have been discharged after serving to within a few months of the time when they became eligible for pensions.

The payments are so small that a man cannot depend upon them as a means of livelihood in old age, they say. "A complicated compilation of technicalities" is what a dissatisfied machinist yesterday termed the pension arrangement.

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Islands, and at the same time keep up the full quota of enlisted men there.

"Several companies are slated ahead of the First Infantry to go to the Philippines, and after our term here expires we may be sent to Panama or Alaska.

"In the Islands now are the Second, Seventh, Eighth and Fourteenth Cavalry regiments, and the Third, Sixth, Seventh, Ninth, Twelfth, Nineteenth and Thirty-first Infantry, while the Thirtieth Infantry is under orders to sail for the Philippines today. Besides the cavalry and infantry companies mentioned there are several light field artillery batteries and mountain batteries.

"When the plan of General Wood is put into effect, it will obviate the necessity of maintaining so many regiments in the Philippines, at the same time keeping there the same number of enlisted men by recruiting the service. Whether the regiments to be withdrawn will be taken from the cavalry, infantry or both has not yet been decided."

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE TO CONSIDER WATERWAYS. Deliberation Limited to This Subject Unless Governor Deneen Declines to Enlarge Powers.

DENEEN CALLS SESSION

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Oct. 1.—(Special).—The special session of the 47th General Assembly of Illinois, which took a recess late in June, will reconvene today.

But one subject of legislation, deep waterways, was named in Governor Deneen's call for the special session. No other subject may be taken up unless the call is amended.

Governor Deneen has been urged to enlarge the call to include initiative and referendum legislation and an appropriation for the Illinois public utility commission.

It is said Governor Deneen favors enlarging the call or issuing another for a second special session which cannot be called until the present one adjourns. The tangible is aggravated by the fact that the anti-Deneen members are opposed to adjourning the special session until the Lorimer case finally is disposed of at Washington.

FRUIT BOX PLANT ENLARGES. RAYMOND, Wash., Oct. 1.—(Special).—O. C. Fenelson, of the Pacific Fruit Box Company, manufacturer of fruit and berry boxes, while in the East recently, placed an order for 40 additional machines, which will be installed in his plant within the next two months. The plant will then be operated with two shifts in order to fill orders now on hand, aggregating 25,000,000 boxes. The Pacific Fruit Box Company has been operating with ten machines.

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