

BATTLE FOR MAYOR DRAWING TO CLOSE

Primary Election May Settle Contest in San Francisco Tomorrow.

MAJORITY GIVES OFFICE

Adherents of Both Ralph and McCarthy Warned by Election Official That Frauds Will Be Severely Dealt With.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 24.—The Mayor who will welcome the nations of the world at the opening of the Panama-Pacific Exposition in 1915 is likely to be chosen at a primary city and county election here day after tomorrow.

The election is the first under a charter amendment, any Mayorality candidate receiving a majority at the polls thereby being elected, and is also the first election at which a Mayor is chosen for a four-year term. Mayor P. H. McCarthy is running for reelection after serving two years, James Rolph, Jr., business man, is his strongest opponent.

The election officials is non-partisan, but party organizations of the county have made their preferences known, the Union Labor party endorsing Mayor McCarthy, and the Republican and Democratic organizations proclaiming for Rolph.

Rolph for Public Ownership. William McDewitt and Fred Ebert have the endorsement of the Socialist and Socialist Labor parties respectively for the Mayorality.

The registration is the largest in the history of the city. A few arrests have been made on charges of illegal registration, and it was said that the Municipal Conference, a civic organization, is prepared to swear out warrants for about 40 more persons tomorrow, on the same charge. Rolph advocates a new City Hall, public ownership of public utilities, particularly the water system, improvement of the waterfront, and preparation for the exposition. The Rolph people deny most of Mayor McCarthy's claims.

Both men pronounce in favor of organized labor.

Election Officials Warned. Warning to all election officials was given today by Thomas V. Cator, president of the Board of Election Commissioners, who addressed a mass meeting attended by nearly all the precinct election officials, the other members of the Board of Election Commissioners, the members of the grand jury, the 109 watchers appointed by the Municipal Conference committee, and many citizens. President Cator says that the full force of the commission of California will be invoked to prevent fraudulent voting and to punish all instances discovered.

The precautions to prevent it, he said, are the most complete in the history of the city.

"I have sent men to the state prison from this city for mistaking votes in the election of the vice-president. The election of Francisco L. Madero to the presidency is a foregone conclusion, although there are persons who persist in boomeranging the candidacy of Francisco de la Barra, provisional president, during his refusal."

In a plea to its readers today, El Diario again insisted that the only salvation of the nation is the retention of De la Barra in office.

What is worrying Madero and his immediate supporters, however, is the vice-presidential question. Jose Pino Suarez is the official candidate of the Madero ticket, but Dr. F. V. Gomez following appears to be growing stronger. De la Barra is the candidate of the Catholic party.

Popularly the race is supposed to be between Gomez and Pino Suarez, and no newspaper of the capital has presented the issue of the election, but it became known today that the Madero headquarters is more seriously alarmed over his chances than over those of Vasquez Gomez.

De la Barra Favored. One politician in the counsels of Madero expressed his belief that De la Barra would be named vice-president, but not as a result of the popular vote next Sunday.

Under the law a majority vote of the electoral college is necessary to elect. Failing in this, the choice is made by the Chamber of Deputies, where there are three candidates in the field, only one of which has the personal backing of Madero, one with the popular backing of the insurgent element of the revolutionary party, and the third that of the Catholic party. It is almost certain that none will receive the necessary 81 per cent of votes.

The Chamber of Deputies can be counted upon with reasonable certainty to name De la Barra, as a big majority of that body is anti-Madero.

Withdrawal May Be Asked. It will be no surprise if during the next seven days Madero or his supporters appeal to the provisional president to renounce his candidacy. If they succeed the race will be between Vasquez Gomez, Pino Suarez and one or two others.

Close friends of Madero do not deny the ability of De la Barra nor his fitness for the position, in fact, their opposition is based on the belief that he will prove too strong a man for the office and will overshadow Madero, thus weakening his administration.

The feeling is growing in the Madero camp that a mistake was made when the convention saddled upon the presidential nominee the burden of Pino Suarez. Speakers and party organs are finding it rather difficult to urge for Pino Suarez the good will of the public, but none is working harder than Madero, in whose company Pino Suarez landed in Vera Cruz yesterday.

Conservation Week is On. Delegates foregather at Kansas City Congress.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 24.—From a dozen different states approximately four hundred delegates registered here today for the third annual conservation congress, which opens tomorrow.

According to Thomas H. Shipp, executive secretary of the congress, the total registration of delegates will approximate 500.

Among the noted arrivals was Theodore Kryshofevich, who represents the Russian government in this country to gain information that will benefit the Russian farmer.

Routine business and welcoming addresses occupy the greater part of the morning session tomorrow. In the afternoon Judge Ben E. Lindsey of Denver will speak on "The Country Club vs. The City Child."

President Tarr will speak at night.

1500 Socialists Protest. PARIS, Sept. 24.—A mass meeting of Socialists and Laborites to protest against a war with Germany brought out 15,000 persons today.

PRINCIPAL OPPOSING CANDIDATES FOR MAYOR OF SAN FRANCISCO IN NEXT TUESDAY'S ELECTION.



James Rolph, Jr., Republican and Democratic.

MADERO NOT HAPPY

Prospect of De la Barra as Vice-President Worries.

ELECTION IS PREDICTED

Head of Mexican Ticket Fears Holder of Second Place Will Over-shadow Him—Interest Centers on That Post.

MEXICO CITY, Sept. 24.—

Since the withdrawal of General Bernardo Reyes, interest in the presidential election October 1 now centers in the election of the vice-president. The election of Francisco L. Madero to the presidency is a foregone conclusion, although there are persons who persist in boomeranging the candidacy of Francisco de la Barra, provisional president, during his refusal.

In a plea to its readers today, El Diario again insisted that the only salvation of the nation is the retention of De la Barra in office.

What is worrying Madero and his immediate supporters, however, is the vice-presidential question. Jose Pino Suarez is the official candidate of the Madero ticket, but Dr. F. V. Gomez following appears to be growing stronger. De la Barra is the candidate of the Catholic party.

Popularly the race is supposed to be between Gomez and Pino Suarez, and no newspaper of the capital has presented the issue of the election, but it became known today that the Madero headquarters is more seriously alarmed over his chances than over those of Vasquez Gomez.

De la Barra Favored. One politician in the counsels of Madero expressed his belief that De la Barra would be named vice-president, but not as a result of the popular vote next Sunday.

Under the law a majority vote of the electoral college is necessary to elect. Failing in this, the choice is made by the Chamber of Deputies, where there are three candidates in the field, only one of which has the personal backing of Madero, one with the popular backing of the insurgent element of the revolutionary party, and the third that of the Catholic party. It is almost certain that none will receive the necessary 81 per cent of votes.

The Chamber of Deputies can be counted upon with reasonable certainty to name De la Barra, as a big majority of that body is anti-Madero.

Withdrawal May Be Asked. It will be no surprise if during the next seven days Madero or his supporters appeal to the provisional president to renounce his candidacy. If they succeed the race will be between Vasquez Gomez, Pino Suarez and one or two others.

Close friends of Madero do not deny the ability of De la Barra nor his fitness for the position, in fact, their opposition is based on the belief that he will prove too strong a man for the office and will overshadow Madero, thus weakening his administration.

The feeling is growing in the Madero camp that a mistake was made when the convention saddled upon the presidential nominee the burden of Pino Suarez. Speakers and party organs are finding it rather difficult to urge for Pino Suarez the good will of the public, but none is working harder than Madero, in whose company Pino Suarez landed in Vera Cruz yesterday.

Conservation Week is On. Delegates foregather at Kansas City Congress.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 24.—From a dozen different states approximately four hundred delegates registered here today for the third annual conservation congress, which opens tomorrow.

According to Thomas H. Shipp, executive secretary of the congress, the total registration of delegates will approximate 500.

Among the noted arrivals was Theodore Kryshofevich, who represents the Russian government in this country to gain information that will benefit the Russian farmer.

Routine business and welcoming addresses occupy the greater part of the morning session tomorrow. In the afternoon Judge Ben E. Lindsey of Denver will speak on "The Country Club vs. The City Child."

President Tarr will speak at night.

1500 Socialists Protest. PARIS, Sept. 24.—A mass meeting of Socialists and Laborites to protest against a war with Germany brought out 15,000 persons today.

RISE OF TOBACCO CIGARETTES

Monopoly and Stock Manipulation Have Enriched Insiders, Says Report.

"WATER" IS FREELY USED

Findings of Commissioner of Corporations Show How Control of Industry Has Concentrated Wealth in Few Hands.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 24.—The second part of the report upon the tobacco industry, dealing principally with the tobacco trust, has been submitted to the President by Herbert Knox Smith, Commissioner of Corporations of the Department of Commerce and Labor. The report shows the enormous profits which have accrued to the American Tobacco Company and its subsidiaries through an almost absolute monopoly of cigarettes, "smoking tobacco" and snuff—products which have made fortunes, and how the combine, by its control of the industry, was able to keep up the high prices of tobacco after the Spanish War tax had been abolished.

By manipulation of securities, the report goes on to say, the bulk of the great earnings has gone to "insiders," who have waxed very rich on monopolistic profits.

Financial Side Portrayed.

This part 2 of the report deals exclusively with capitalization, investment and earnings of the American Tobacco Company. In a letter of transmittal, Commissioner Smith summarizes his report in part as follows:

"In 1900 the tobacco combination's earnings were over 18 per cent on the actual investment. They rose in 1901 to more than 21 per cent. It was then operating principally, and with a practical monopoly, in cigarettes. In 1905 came expansion into other branches, a keen competitive struggle, and a sharp drop in earnings. By 1908 the combination's broad domination of the whole industry took effective shape. Its earnings from that date cover the great bulk of the industry. In 1909 they were 13 per cent, in 1908 over 16 per cent, and from 1904 to 1908 the average was 9 per cent, or \$21,200,000 yearly. This was the earning power of substantial monopoly, the result of the concentration.

"In particular branches appears, even more strikingly, the earning power of concentrated control. In the snuff business the combination has an almost complete monopoly—98 per cent of the whole business. From a rate of 10 per cent in 1904 the rate rose in 1905, the earnings rose in 1905 to 15 per cent, and in 1906 to over 23 per cent. The common stock of the snuff company, originally all "water," paid 20 per cent dividends in 1909 and 27 per cent in 1910.

"Smoking" Fruits Big.

"In the highly controlled 'smoking tobacco' business the average earnings of its important subsidiaries increased from 17 per cent in 1900 to 55 per cent in 1908. Conversely, the subsidiaries engaged in the flat-plug business, with more active competition, in no year earned 19 per cent, in 1906 less than 8 per cent.

"Finally, in the cigar business, of which the combination controls not over 18 per cent, its rate of earnings has never exceeded 6 per cent, from 1904 to 1908 averaged less than 6 per cent. This business, moreover, showed exceedingly heavy losses in 1902 and 1903. Here were severe competition and low earnings.

"The combination's rate of earnings has far exceeded that of its competitors. Its rate in 1906, a representative year, was valued in 1908, after the most important independent manufacturers of smoking and chewing tobacco stock were valued in 1908, at \$100,000,000 for the comparatively small number of holders of the \$40,000,000 common stock, which alone has voting power. This was over 98 per cent on the common stock in one year, not including extra dividends of subsidiary companies. In short, the bulk of the earnings of this great combination, increased by monopolistic power, has, by clever arrangement of capitalization, been more centered in a very small group of individuals.

"There must also be considered here the profits arising from the inflation of the Combination's securities. For example, one of the constituent businesses was valued in 1905, under competition, at \$250,000. Five years later, at the organization of the old American Tobacco Company, it formed the basis for the issue of \$7,000,000 stock. By 1908, due to various readjustments, the securities based on this business had increased to \$22,000,000. Meantime, cash dividends and interest thereon had amounted to \$1,900,000. Thus, the total par value of these securities (the combined market value being substantially the same), plus the dividends and interest paid up to 1908, amounted to nearly \$23,900,000, or 186 times the value of this particular business in 1905.

"The Combination's history, therefore, shows these foremost facts: The earning power of a monopolistic position in a great industry, excessive capitalization, and remarkable concentration of the resulting wealth in few hands, through control of the voting security issues."

WILD MAN'S HEART BREAKS

Eighteen Months of Civilization Brings Death to Cave Dweller.

UKIAH, Cal., Sept. 24.—Amedeo Sesco, a wild man, was found dead today at the entrance to his cave near Hopland. Eighteen months of civilization which had been forced upon him, broke his heart. Sesco lived off the country and kept it in a state of terror for many years until in 1909, he was taken unawares while sunning himself on a rock and was captured after a bitter fight.

Investigation disclosed a cave with many outlets, in which was piled plunder accumulated in many pillaging expeditions. An insanity commission sent Sesco to the state hospital for the insane at Napa, from which he was released recently. He returned to his cave, but showed no further interest in life.

Bankrupt Called to Court.

VANCOUVER, Wash., Sept. 24.—(Special.)—Morris Josephowitz, bankrupt, will be required to show where goods to the amount of \$5235.92 went, or be in contempt of court, by virtue of an order from George B. Simpson, referee in bankruptcy for this district, issued today. Josephowitz operated a store here, and at the time he applied for petition for bankruptcy July 15, 1908, he had goods in the store to the amount of \$2000. After that time, and until he was declared bankrupt, he bought \$15,000 worth of goods, but paid no bills, which left about \$7000 he could not account for.

Centralia Depot Site Surveyed.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Sept. 24.—(Special.)—A party of surveyors arrived in Centralia yesterday and surveyed the site of the new passenger depot. Chief Engineer Cook, of the Northern Pacific, has already made a requisition for materials and they are ready to be shipped.

Oakville to Hold Fair.

CENTRALIA, Wash., Sept. 24.—Every indication points to a most successful exhibit and a large attendance at the Oakville Fair, to be held there Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Governor Hay will deliver an address Saturday.

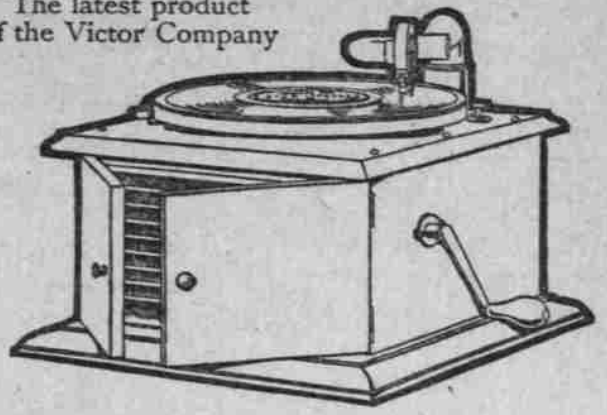
Portland Printing House Co.

J. L. Wright, Pres. and Gen. Manager. Book, Catalogue and Commercial Printing. Binding and Blank Book Making. Phone: Main 6201. A. 2281. Tenth and Taylor Streets, Portland, Oregon.

WHO IS TO BLAME

Women as well as men are made miserable by kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Klinger's Swamp-Root the great kidney remedy promptly relieves. All druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. You may have a complete bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address Dr. Klinger & Co., Birmingham, New York.

The latest product of the Victor Company
\$15
for this genuine
Victor-Victrola
Victor-Victrola IV, \$15
Equipped with all the latest Victor improvements, including Exhibition sound box, tapering arm, "goose-neck", ten-inch turntable and concealed sound-amplifying features.
The fact that this instrument bears the famous Victor trademark and is a genuine Victor-Victrola guarantees to you the same high quality and standard of excellence so well established and recognized in all products of the Victor Company.
There is no reason on earth why you should hesitate another moment in placing this greatest of all musical instruments in your home.
All we ask is that you go to any music store and hear this new Victor-Victrola.
Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.
Other styles of the Victor-Victrola \$50, \$75, \$100, \$150, \$200, \$250. Victors \$10 to \$100.



VISIT our VICTOR department and hear the new
\$15.00 Victrola
Sherman Clay & Co.

ALL THE NEW VICTOR RECORDS
ALL THE NEW COLUMBIA RECORDS
ALL THE NEW EDISON RECORDS
are to be found in the beautiful new salesrooms of the new
The Nation's Largest Dealers, Now at Seventh and Alder Wholesale and Retail Dealers.

Graves Music Co.
111 Fourth St.
Direct Factory Agents.
Talking Machines AND RECORDS
Why Not Come to Headquarters? Most Complete Stock on the Coast.

Graves Music Co.
111 Fourth St.
Direct Factory Agents.
Talking Machines AND RECORDS
Why Not Come to Headquarters? Most Complete Stock on the Coast.

SUITOR SHOTS NURSE

Fleeing Eatonville Man Has Battle With Posses.

TACOMA, Wash., Sept. 24.—(Special.)—Because it is believed, she refused his proposals of marriage, Frank Calvin twice shot and probably fatally wounded Mrs. Givon Irving, at Eatonville, at 6:30 o'clock tonight, and then fled toward Tacoma in a livery rig, exchanging a fusillade of shots with a pursuing posse half way between Eatonville and Roy, after he was forced to abandon his wagon.

Business troubles are also said to have had a place in the quarrel.

Mrs. Irving, who was a trained nurse and whose parents reside at Marysville, Wash., is lying at the point of death in the Eatonville Hospital, while Deputy Sheriffs from Tacoma, Roy and Eaton-



P. H. McCarthy, Union Labor.

FEVER TRAGEDY TO GIRL

CHICAGO MILKMAID CHARGED WITH TYPHOID DEATHS.

Effort of Health Official to Have Her Returned to Farm Stirs Up Outburst of Protest.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Sept. 24.—(Special.)—Dr. James A. Egan, secretary of the State Board of Health, is trying what looks like a dangerous experiment on the health of perhaps the lives of Chicago milk drinkers.

He wants Rosalie E. Pell, a young girl charged with being a typhoid fever carrier, returned to the farm of her step-father, Gilbert Boersma, who supplies milk to Chicago. She was banished from the farm when the Chicago department, by scientific tests, decided she carried typhoid germs.

Health Commissioner Young of Chicago has written Dr. Egan that he believes "Miss Pell is responsible for 69 odd cases of typhoid fever traceable to the Boersma farm." That was the Englewood epidemic which caught 63 victims in June and July, four of whom died.

Dr. F. Gibson, health officer of Blue Island, also has written Secretary Egan that three residents of that suburb who drank Boersma milk had typhoid fever. One of these died.

In addition, Dr. A. W. Woods, health officer of Morgan Park, has reported to Secretary Egan that Boersma, in 1908 caused several epidemics of typhoid fever with his milk, and also was responsible for the death of several persons.

Ex-Health Commissioner Evans' report of typhoid fever in Roseland in 1908, which garnered 14 victims, charged them to Boersma's milk.

DEAD PREMIER SUCCEEDED

V. N. Kokovsov Takes Portfolio Death Stole From Stolypin.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 24.—The appointment of V. N. Kokovsov as Premier has been gazetted. He retains the Ministry of Finance.

The property of the English crown has been marked with the broad arrow from these on early that in 1911 when it was first used for this purpose or what was its meaning.