

BALLOT IS BARRED TO SINGLE TAXERS

Assistant Attorney-General Gives His Opinion After Studying Statutes.

FIGHT IN COURTS LIKELY

19 Attorney-General Crawford Upholds Subordinate's Findings, Olcott May Refuse to File Clackamas Measure.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Single tax adherents who are endeavoring to place a county measure on the ballot for Clackamas County people to vote on, will undoubtedly be compelled to fight in the courts before their pet measure can get on the ticket. Because of opinion here is that they will as surely lose.

While Attorney-General Crawford has not returned to Salem since W. S. Olcott appealed to him for information, Deputy Attorney-General Van Winkle has devoted considerable time to consulting authorities and tracing the law governing the initiative.

"While I am not speaking for the Attorney-General or for his office, in my opinion these initiative measures cannot go on the ballot under the present condition of the law," he said today. "Under the county tax amendment it is specifically required that exemptions and taxation under the amendment are to be subject to any general law which is hereinafter enacted."

"I believe that it will be necessary to prescribe some mode of procedure before the Secretary of State can place such a measure on the ballot."

Van Winkle Tells Law.

"For instance, under the general initiative and referendum law, the Secretary of State is required to certify the ballot titles to all the County Clerks in the state. He cannot certify a ballot title for a law covering Clackamas County alone to all the County Clerks, neither can he certify it to one County Clerk, because he must certify these ballot titles to all the County Clerks."

"Besides there is no mode of procedure prescribed so that these measures can be placed on the ballot by the County Clerk himself. Several cases have been decided by the Oregon Supreme Court which are more or less in point and which seem, to my mind, to uphold this contention."

"How the Attorney-General will construe them I am not prepared to say and I will turn the whole question over to him."

It is understood that the Oregon City lawmaker will await the return of the Attorney-General before he attempts to file the petition. If the Attorney-General holds with his assistant, then it is probable that Secretary Olcott will refuse to file the petitions.

In that event, no doubt mandamus proceedings will be started by U'Ren and the rest of the single-taxers and the matter will come into court as an issue to be decided before the election. This would obviate the necessity of litigation following the election should the single tax amendment pass as proposed.

Petitions Thought Feeler.

On the bills printed and circulated by the single tax adherents, the names of the counties are left blank, to be filled in, the rest of the bills to be printed matter. This is taken as an indication that the present effort of U'Ren to file the Clackamas County petitions early is only a feeler.

If he finds that the Secretary of State will not accept the petitions, he is understood to be going ahead and endeavor to secure signed petitions from as many more counties in the state as he finds it possible to secure.

Secretary Olcott has not reached a definite conclusion as to what he will do, but his action probably will be determined by the Attorney-General's decision.

Another point which has arisen in this connection is the possible conflict between the county tax amendment and the so-called home rule amendment. Under U'Ren's bill for Clackamas County it has been construed that an effort is made to exempt saloons from a certain extent, while under the home rule amendment incorporated cities and towns have the right to control the sale of liquor within their own borders. What relation these two amendments have to one another and how far they might conflict under legislation such as U'Ren proposes is a question that will probably come up for the courts to decide.

MAINE VICTIM IS BURIED

Great Assemblage Attends Funeral of Lieutenant Merritt.

RED OAK, Ia., Aug. 18.—The funeral of Lieutenant Darwin Merritt, whose body was recovered from the wreck of the battleship Maine in Havana Harbor, was held here this afternoon.

So great was the attendance that the Chautauque Auditorium was used. Judge H. D. Deemer, of the Iowa Supreme Court, delivered the funeral oration. Walter I. Smith, Judge of the Federal Circuit Court, also spoke. Governor Carroll and staff and many prominent Army and Naval officers attended.

Bentz Returned to Tacoma.

OREGON CITY, Or., Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Edward Bentz, charged with stealing machinery in Tacoma, was returned to that city today. After escaping from jail in Tacoma, Bentz was arrested here by Chief of Police Shaw, and was turned over to Detective Darnell, who came here for him. Bentz, who is said to have admitted his guilt, said he would return without resistance papers obtained by Detective Darnell said Bentz was wanted for the robbery of several stores and that the booty obtained by him at various times amounted to several thousand dollars. The fugitive was working in a mill when he was captured.

Wife's Complaints Numerous.

In a divorce suit brought yesterday in the Circuit Court by Margaret Nielsen against Arner Nielsen, the husband is charged with having been brutal, vulgar, vile, negligent, abusive, mean and to have been in the habit of threatening to beat her and kill her. She also alleges non-support. Mrs. Nielsen asks for a divorce and for whatever alimony the court deems proper.

CENTER OF CIVIL AUTHORITY DURING STRIKE IN LONDON, BRITISH CHANCELLOR AND MAYOR OF LONDON



STRIKE IS GROWING

Resort to Special Constables to Be Had Today.

CITY LIKE ARMED CAMP

Rioting Occurs in Many Cities, and Train Service Is Sporadic—Blue-Jackets Ordered to Be Ready for Instant Service.

(Continued From First Page.)

response to the strike order. They said that 300,000 men quit work. James H. Fry Thomas, Labor member of Parliament for Derby and Assistant Secretary of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants, asserted that the strikers had almost paralyzed the whole railway system of the United Kingdom.

The government proposal for a royal commission was considered by joint committees of the royal societies during the forenoon, but the men did not change their position that the managers must deal directly with them.

Meantime, the government continues its efforts to avert the general stoppage of the transportation service. Sydney Duxton, president of the Board of Trade, who had an early morning call from Viscount Richard D. Haldane, Secretary of State for War, again met the railroad managers and the officials of the union to consider the government's suggestion for the appointment of a royal commission which should report what amendments, if any, should be made to the conciliation agreement now existing between the owners and the employees, as explained by Chancellor David Lloyd-George in the House of Commons last night.

Through Wales there was almost a total stoppage of traffic. No trains were able to get through to Fishguard. Strikers took possession of the railway line at Llanelli, a seaport of Wales, and repulsed the police who attempted to drive them off. At several small places in Wales, signal boxes were burned.

TWO VETOS ARE UPHOLD

(Continued From First Page.)

the wool bill, the corridors of the Capitol reverberated time and again with shouts of approval and derision from the floor. Republican Leader Mann and Representative Clayton, of Alabama, had a wordy encounter which for a moment had a threatening aspect. The incident was started when the minority leader objected to the Alabama member's request to have a newspaper editorial printed in the Congressional record.

The Administration was watching developments with evidence in the presence on the floor of the House of Secretaries Wickham, Hitchcock, Nagle and Stimson of the President's Cabinet.

Representative Daisell, of Pennsylvania, Republican Leader Mann and ex-Speaker Cannon denounced the bill. Cannon said the Democrats had come into power in the House by demagoguery, but he expected to see them turned out in 1912.

Effort at Revision Costly.

"I believe," he continued, "that your efforts to revise the tariff have cost the people more money than would have been saved in a decade."

Speaker Clark was cheered from both sides of the House when he left the chair and took the floor to end the discussion. The climax of his address was reached when he said:

"The President has a right to veto the bill if he wishes. I am not quarreling with him. I am lamenting his lack of wisdom, as his personal friend. He has raised an issue that will rage with unabated fury until the close of the polls in November, 1912."

This was the signal for such an outburst as seldom has been known in Congress. It was a genuine demonstration from his fellow Democrats. Again and again as he continued the Democrats applauded, cheered and pounded their desks until Democratic Leader Underwood, who occupied the chair, almost despaired of maintaining order.

"Mr. Underwood and myself never



ABOVE, GUILDHALL, BELOW, AT LEFT, DAVID LLOYD-GEORGE, THE CHANCELLOR OF EXCHEQUER; AT RIGHT, SIR THOMAS VESSEY STRONG, LORD MAYOR.

advocated this tariff board," the Speaker continued.

"We never voted for it. I will tell you what we did advocate and what we did vote for, and that was to make that board responsible to the House of Representatives in general and to the ways and means committee in particular."

"I am not going to say anything derogatory of this tariff board, but I am going to say what I think—that any member of the ways and means committee knows more about the tariff than that entire tariff board rolled together."

The President made a speech at which he said the wool schedule was too high and ought to be reduced. "It was so certain that the President would sign the bill cutting down the wool tariff that I lost the best hat that I can make in the United States on that proposition. I took him at his word. I never believed he would veto it until the last two or three days."

Eight Insurgents Support Taft.

Then the roll was called. He 22 insurgents who stood on their former record and voted to pass the wool bill over the veto were: Anderson, Davis, Lindeberg, Miller, Stearnson and Volstead, of Minnesota; Hanna and Haggason, of North Dakota; Haugen, Hubbard and Woods, of Iowa; Kent, of Kansas; Norris, of Nebraska; Jackson, Madison, Murdock and Young, of Washington; Lenroot, Morse and Nelson, of Wisconsin.

Akin of New York, Independent Republican, also voted to override the veto. The eight insurgent Republicans who voted with their colleagues for the conference report last Monday, but deserted them to support the veto, were: Nye, of Minnesota; Egan, Kopp and Davidson, of Wisconsin; Rees, of Kansas; Stephens, of California; Sloan and Kinkaid, of Nebraska.

Free List Bill Beaten, Too.

No sooner had the result been announced than the assistant secretary from the White House arrived with the President's veto of the free list bill. Representative Wood moved that be passed, notwithstanding the veto. Following 20 minutes discussion, led by Representative Payne and Mr. Underwood, the roll was called, the vote being 226 yeas and 127 nays, much less than the necessary two-thirds majority.

On the free list bill the Republicans who voted to override the veto that did not vote on the wool bill were: French of Oregon; Kinkaid of Nebraska; Lafferty of Oregon and Morgan of Oklahoma.

MANUFACTURER IS HOPEFUL

Subsidence of Rage Against Wool Schedule Is Predicted.

BOSTON, Aug. 18.—On commenting on the veto of President Taft, William M. Wood, president of the American Woolen Company, said today:

"Schedule K represents the outcome of deep study of many of the greatest statesmen of America and the practical manufacturer. Under it our wool and woolen industry has grown from relative insignificance to a position of immense strength. The progress of our industry was greater in the decade between 1900 and 1910 than it had ever been before."

"The protectionists from the manufacturing states who have stood solidly for this schedule deserve the gratitude of our entire business community."

"I believe the rage against schedule K will subside very considerably before Congress reassembles in December."

LYNCH HOLDS OWN

Printers' President Routs Insurgents at Every Turn.

CHINESE ARE BOYCOTTED

Local Unions Authorized to Assess Fines for Violation of Rule.

"Kidnaping" of McNamara Strongly Condemned.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 18.—The administration forces of the International Typographical Union won every contest with the wing opposing President Lynch in today's proceedings of the convention here. While none of the issues decided was of paramount importance, almost the same dividing lines remained on every vote and some hard-fought battles are expected in the settlement of several important questions yet to come.

A resolution authorizing the executive council of the union to co-operate with the president of the Chicago local in an attempt to unionize so-called "unfair" Chicago job offices was adopted. By another resolution the council was instructed to assume full charge of the report of the Curtis Publishing Company.

The convention expressed its disapproval of patronizing Chinese laundries, restaurants and other establishments, and authorized local unions to assess fines to enforce the boycott.

It was voted unanimously to cancel the \$5000 note from the Hatters' Union, held by the Typographical Union, and to return the note with the commitments of the Typographical Union.

A proposal by Delegate L. R. Maxwell, of Topeka, to take \$100,000 from the old age pension fund, which now amounts to \$100,000, and use it for the erection of a permanent administration building in Indianapolis, was referred to the National Executive Council, to be voted on at the next general election.

A resolution was passed urging legislation requiring the maintenance of an average temperature of 70 degrees Fahrenheit in union non-union rooms. Acting on a recommendation made by Samuel Gompers, in a letter to the Executive Council of the union, the convention voted an amendment to the constitution of the Typographical Union.

The report of the committee on the McNamara case was read and approved. "We have nothing to do with the criminal case of the McNamara family," said the report, "and the law must be allowed to take its course. For the kidnaping of the McNamara we express the utmost indignation and horror. Every right of a citizen was outraged. We unreservedly condemn the action of the Indianapolis Police Department, the representatives of the Los Angeles District Attorney's office, and the private detective agency concerned in the McNamara outrage."

The Dam Truth is the name of an Arizona newspaper published near one of the big irrigation dams.

AVIATOR BRINDLEY GOES HIGHEST YET

American Breaks World's Record for Altitude, Soaring to 11,726 Feet.

MERCURY CAUSES DESCENT

Birdman Says He Could Have Gone Higher Had Not Hands Got So Cold—Ward and Ovington Have Very Narrow Escapes.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Oscar A. Brindley soared higher from the ground today than any aviator had ever been before and set a new world's record at 11,726 feet.

Philip O. Parmelee followed him, in the air, passing the former American record and reaching 10,537 feet before he was forced to descend. The world's record was 10,751 feet, made by L. J. Lorian at Mouchon, France, July 5, 1911. Captain Felix flew to a height of 11,181 feet at Etampes, France, recently, but his flight has not yet been made official.

Johnstone Set American Record.

Ralph Johnstone set the American record at Belmont Park, New York, October 3, 1910, at 10,475 feet. He ascended more than 11,000 feet at Los Angeles last December, but was never credited with the record for the reason that his barograph was shattered at the time he lost his life and before it had undergone the official test as to accuracy.

"The air was fine for flying and I could have stayed up longer and gone higher," said Brindley tonight, "but I had light clothes on. When the mercury got down near freezing and I was rushing through the air my hands were so cold I could not handle the machine safely."

Ward's Propeller Breaks.

The propeller of Ward's machine broke into a hundred pieces as he flew over the grandstand and placed the wood penetrated and tore the canvas planes, but the aviator held tight and brought his machine wobbling to the ground. He was unhurt.

In the shore water races Ovington, with his engine stopped, was not quite able to reach shore. He found a landing place in five feet of water, from which he escaped with a ducking.

Coroner Hoffman today communicated with officials of the international aviation meet, insisting that aviators be prohibited from flying too low over the heads of spectators in the grandstands.

Hoffman was indignant yesterday, when he saw Aviator James Ward fly less than 100 feet over the stands.

"If the officials of this meet are unable to stop this sort of thing I think I can find a way to do it," said Coroner Hoffman. "If the aviator should fall with his machine, a dozen people might be killed."

The officials of the meet have promised to use means to enforce the rule forbidding the practice.

MARRIAGE LICENSE UNUSED

Bridegroom-to-Be Disappears After Girl Causes Arrest.

OREGON CITY, Or., Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Joseph Krutos, who was arrested in this city Wednesday on a charge of carrying a concealed deadly weapon, and who was to have had a hearing Thursday, secured a marriage license on June 16, but the license, after being secured, was not used. The bride-to-be is Miss Petronella Markewicz, who is at present in this city.

It is reported that after the man had secured the license to wed the girl he changed his mind, and decided to return to his old home. Miss Markewicz swore out the complaint against Krutos, charging he had threatened to shoot her.

30 POISONED IN REVENGE

Portuguese Army Officers Saved by Prompt Use of Stomach Pump.

LISBON, Aug. 18.—Thirty army officers were poisoned at their mess dinner at Torres Novas last night, apparently from the prompt use of stomach pumps saved the lives of all.

It is presumed that the poisoning was an act of revenge.

Rogue Valley Fair Incorporates.

SALEM, Or., Aug. 18.—(Special.)—Articles of incorporation were filed today by the Rogue Valley Fair Association. The incorporators are W. H. Canon, George L. Davis and A. K. Ware.

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Women's "Chateau" Kid Gloves, two-clasp pique or overseas style, \$1.50 and \$2 qualities... 88c

Women's Chamoisette Gloves, 16-button length, white or cham- ois shade, special today at... 49c

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Women's Silk Hose, in colors only, medium weight, excellent \$1.50 grade, at the pair... \$1.18

MEN—Today Is Silk Hose Day for YOU at Lennon's

And you'll like the choosing in our Lennon special grade, all colors and sizes, at... 25c

Or—Our Alteration Sale Special—A heavy-weight Silk Hose, all colors, 50c grade... 38c

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PEDAGOGUES ARE WED

E. L. COE, OF CROOK, MARRIES

GRETGA G. MAYHEW.

Romance Began in Iowa Culminates at Salem—President Homan

Performs Ceremony.

WILLAMETTE UNIVERSITY, Salem, Or., Aug. 18.—(Special.)—At the home of Fletcher Homan, president of Willamette University, Ernest L. Coe and Gretta G. Mayhew were united in marriage last night.

Mr. Coe is principal of the Crook County High School, having been there one year. Before coming to Oregon, he was principal of Knox High School, in which school Mrs. Mayhew was also a teacher. Last year Mrs. Mayhew taught in a high school at Boone, Iowa, and last week started from Iowa for Oregon, meeting Mr. Coe at The Dalles last Monday afternoon and coming directly to the home of President Homan.

Dr. Homan performed the marriage ceremony. Professor Coe was one of the most successful school principals in Iowa. Mrs. Coe has been very successful in the teaching profession in Iowa.

Professor Coe graduated from Simpson College, Iowa, where President Homan was vice-president of that institution.

Mr. and Mrs. Coe went to Portland Wednesday, where they will secure furnishings for their new home in Prineville, which has been erected during the past few months by Mr. Coe. They will return at once to Prineville and, starting Friday, Professor and Mrs. Coe, in company with a number of other persons, will make a trip by auto to Crater Lake, where they will spend some time in recreation and enjoying the beautiful scenery of that section of Oregon.

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BELLINGHAM, Wash., Aug. 18.—Over-

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THE OLYMPIAN

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Steel dining cars, luxuriously furnished. A service of the very highest class, and a cuisine that offers the choicest and best that the market affords.

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