

TOGO TRAVELS IN LOCOMOTIVE'S CAB

Japanese Admiral Wants to Observe Electric Giant at Close Range.

HE IS SILENT ON POLITICS

Reporters Persist but Naval Hero's Escort Terminates Interview. Crowds Greet Him in Streets. When He Sees Mayor.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—Admiral Togo left New York late tonight for Washington. His departure had a feature quite as unusual as his midnight arrival and welcome in New York Bay last night, for he left the city in the cab of a big electric engine, drawing a heavy Pennsylvania train for the capital.

Although the private car Olivette, which the Government has provided for him, was attached to the train, the naval hero elected to sit by the engineer's side and watch his operate the 4000-horsepower motor.

"I am intensely interested in your world pre-eminence in electrical engineering and railroading," the little Admiral said through his interpreter, "and I wish to avail myself of this opportunity to observe, so I will ride with the engineer."

Admiral Rides in Cab.

The Admiral rode in the cab to the Union station at Harrison, N. J., and there entered his car.

It had been agreed by Commander Tanaguchi and Chandler Hale, third assistant Secretary of State, that the newspaper reporters would be permitted to interview the Admiral briefly, but not on politics. But as soon as they had reached the Anglo-French-American arbitration treaties some of the reporters asked questions concerning Japan's attitude toward Russia and the Morocco affair. Admiral Togo replied briefly that he would not discuss politics, but the reporters persisted.

Mr. Hale and Mr. Tanaguchi emphatically terminated the interview, but the Admiral's case did not change its plea of exemption.

Crowd Cheers Visitor.

An immense crowd at City Hall Park greeted Admiral Togo when, accompanied by an escort of 300 mounted policemen, he arrived to make his official call on Mayor Gaynor. Togo acknowledged the cheering of the people with a modest bow. He was dressed in full white dress uniform. The Mayor made a return call almost immediately.

If Admiral Togo knows nothing else about America and Americans, he has learned at least that they are honest. Thanks to this trait of the American he has one large fat wallet stuffed with hundred-pound English banknotes and an endless quantity of important papers, all of which he due to the fact that the last leader was picked up by Samuel Kastor, head of a New York cutlery firm.

Mr. and Mrs. Kastor were fellow-passengers of the Admiral on the Lusitania. Last Wednesday Mr. Kastor saw a large and opulent-looking wallet on the deck floor. He returned it to the Admiral, who said: "I cannot offer you a reward, but some day when you want to come to Japan for a visit I will send a warship to give you a pleasant passage."

MANEUVER GROUNDS EYED

Government to Buy Large Tract for Army Field Work.

VANCOUVER, BARRACKS, Wash., Aug. 4.—(Special.)—With a view to finding a large tract of Government land to be used for a maneuver ground for the soldiers in the Department of the Columbia, which embraces the points in Montana, Wyoming, the National Park, Oregon, Washington and Alaska, Brigadier-General Marion P. Maus, Commander, left today for Klamath Falls, Or., where he will inspect the Klamath Indian Reservation. He was accompanied by Major Henry C. Cabell, chief of staff.

The trip will occupy several days. Lieutenant Franklin L. Whitley, first infantry, with a party has already made a reconnaissance of the reservation.

General Maus inspected the Warm Springs Medical Reservation in Oregon last week and was impressed with the many advantages to be found there. The only objection he found was the lack of railroads, and he was of the opinion that the transportation facilities could be arranged for in a short time.

POOLROOM LAW TESTED

Chehalis Proprietor Arrested for Allowing Minors in Place.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Aug. 4.—(Special.)—A ruling that may serve as a precedent in the courts of the state, will be handed down when the case of C. Logan, a poolroom proprietor, who was arrested here on a charge of allowing minors in his establishment, is finally settled. The case has its hearing in Justice Westover's court today, but the decision of the judge is withheld until a contention of Gus Thacker, attorney for Logan, is decided.

Thacker maintains that the State Legislature in 1908 passed a law prohibiting minors in poolrooms, but this law was later repealed and at a special session of the Legislature in the same year another law was passed prohibiting minors from entering places where liquor was for sale. Thacker contends further that at the 1911 session of the Legislature an amendment was passed prohibiting minors in poolrooms, but that the amendment was to the law that had been repealed instead of the one that was passed at the 1908 special session.

The arrest of Logan was brought about by a crusade against the city's poolrooms by several parent sin the city.

LOS ANGELES EDITOR HELD

(Continued From First Page.)

and the Times, Herald and Examiner was reached when they lined up on opposite sides in the yearly adjustment of telephone rates in this city. Mr. Earl, in a statement tonight, blamed his indictment on the personal animosity of the prosecuting officials, who are his political opponents.

REPUBLICAN WHIP IN HOUSE, LEADER IN FIGHT TO PREVENT PASSAGE OF WOOL BILL OVER PRESIDENT'S VETO.



REPRESENTATIVE JOHN W. DWIGHT, OF NEW YORK.

WILEY IS IGNORED

McCabe Real Adviser of Wilson as to Prosecutions.

BOARD'S CONTROL NOMINAL

Solicitor-General of Department of Agriculture Tells How Chief of Chemistry Bureau Is Overruled by Superior.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—George P. McCabe, Solicitor of the Department of Agriculture, testified today before the House investigating committee that it was on his recommendation and not Dr. Wiley's that all prosecutions for violations of the pure food law were ordered or refused by the Secretary of Agriculture.

The extent to which Dr. Wiley, the government's chief chemist, whom Attorney-General Wickersham has recommended for removal, is overruled as to prosecutions and the nature of the charges which have been brought against him by the department, "personnel board," was the basis for an interesting session today, terminating with the recommendation of Mr. McCabe by Dr. Wiley's counsel, Henry E. Davis.

The food and drugs inspection board, of which Dr. Wiley, Dr. Dunlop and Mr. McCabe were the members, and which formerly determined what prosecutions were to be made, has virtually ceased to exercise any control over these matters, said Mr. McCabe. This was done by "general order 110," which was issued by the Secretary of Agriculture.

"Has Dr. Wiley any authority whatever to recommend prosecution for violation of the pure food law?" asked Mr. Davis.

The Bureau of Chemistry collects the samples, makes the examinations and then sends the cases to me," said Mr. McCabe.

651 Cases Dropped.

Mr. McCabe testified that since July 1, 1910, he had passed on all recommendations of Dr. Wiley and the Bureau of Chemistry for prosecutions of violators of the pure food law.

In the last year, said Mr. McCabe, he had recommended further proceedings in 2,150 cases passed on by the Bureau of Chemistry; while in 651 cases where Dr. Wiley's bureau wanted further action he recommended that the cases be not pushed because of lack of evidence or other reasons.

SCOUTS ADDED TO MILITIA

California's New Forces to Be Trained by Regular Army Men.

SACRAMENTO, Aug. 4.—Adjutant-General Forbes issued an order today for the addition to each regiment of the National Guard in California of 24 mounted scouts. These scouts will be trained by United States Army officers. The Guards' target range across the American River from Sacramento will be formally opened tomorrow.

SCHWAB DEFENDS STEEL

(Continued From First Page.)

France, Austria or Italy, or of any country except England."

"You could make rails for less than \$25 a ton and still make some profit, couldn't you?" Mr. Beal asked.

"Oh, yes," was Mr. Schwab's reply, but I think \$25 a ton is too low. As a matter of fact, since I have been president of the Bethlehem Steel Company, we have never sold rails for less than \$20. We have sold them as high as \$55 a ton.

Frisk Agreement Cited.

Chairman Stanley referred to the suit brought by A. C. Frick against the Carnegie Company in 1899 when, on the basis of the agreement he was to receive his share on a book value of the property of about \$75,000,000. Frick in his suit placed the value at \$250,000,000. It was finally settled on an

appraised value of about \$320,000,000.

"This was the same property, was it not?" asked Mr. Stanley. "That was sold a few months after to the United States Steel Corporation for \$250,000,000."

Mr. Schwab said it was not explained that the book value estimate was based on the actual dollars members of the company had put in the concern, and each member in case of death or retirement had agreed. Mr. Schwab said to sell his stock to other members of the company on that basis.

"We were trying to make Mr. Frick live up to his own agreement," he added. "We finally reorganized and agreed upon a \$320,000,000 valuation."

Conditions Not Same.

Representative Littleton led the witness into a discussion of economic questions leading up to the tariff.

"Do you think an import duty of \$3 a ton on steel products is necessary to protect our interests?"

"Put the conditions in this country the same as in other countries and we would need no protection. The United States has the lowest steel tariff. If we could get labor cheaper and the same transportation rates we could be independent."

Asked if he thought it wise for the Steel Corporation to sell steel rails to Mexico, South America and other foreign countries cheaper than at home, Mr. Schwab said he thought it was a good business proposition which brought money to this country.

MEAT INQUIRY ORDERED

FREIGHT RATES TO BE SPECIAL OBJECT OF QUEST.

Defendant Railroads Number 162, and Commission Will Seek Just Basis for Charges.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—A sweeping inquiry, numbering 142 railroads in the West, South and Southwest as respondents, was ordered today by the Interstate Commerce Commission into the freight rates charged on livestock, fresh meats and packing-house products.

It is indicated by the Commission that the purpose of the inquiry is not only to secure a parity of rates, but to establish by definite order rates which the Commission shall regard as reasonable and not unjustly discriminatory.

Incidentally, commercial rivalry between two sets of meat packers in Chicago enters into the case.

In view of the great importance of the several proceedings heretofore instituted, it was decided by the Commission to consolidate them into one case. It was regarded as next to impossible to adjust the rates as to insure parity of charges throughout the territory by the consideration and disposition of individual cases.

A determination, therefore, was reached that "in order to remove all unlawful rates and practices it is necessary that the scope of the hearings should be broadened so as to include rates from all points of origin in the states of Texas, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Louisiana, Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas and Missouri to the livestock markets at Fort Worth, Oklahoma City, Wichita, Kansas City, St. Louis, Omaha, Chicago and other points, in order to place all producing points and consuming points of packing-house products and fresh meats on a just reasonable and non-discriminatory basis."

The inquiry will be a wide one. It will affect directly not only the livestock and packing-house product rates throughout the Central West, but also those east of Chicago and west of Denver. Hearings will be begun September 11 and a determination is not expected before Spring.

Y. M. C. A. Building Ready.

CHEHALIS, Wash., Aug. 4.—(Special.)—The new \$7000 Young Men's Christian Association building at Doty, on the South Bend branch, will be dedicated Monday evening. K. J. Heath, ex-state field secretary, from Spokane, will be the general secretary at Doty. Secretary Stone, of Portland; State Railroad Secretary Day, of Portland; and C. A. Gummear, assistant state secretary, will be among the speakers of the evening. The money to build the Doty building was raised principally by the lumber interests, the men employed at the Doty mill being generous donors to the fund. The building is modern in every respect, having a gymnasium, hot and cold water, electric lights and shower baths. The women of Doty will serve a dinner at 6 o'clock Monday.

TARIFF TO VETO BILL

San Francisco Meeting Avers Tariff Issue Should Be Non-Political.

INDUSTRY FACING RUIN

Telegram of Protest Sent to President Says Japan With Cheap Labor Will Be Gainer—Mutton Will Be Made Dearer.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—(Special.)—Wool dealers of San Francisco met in the lunch-room of the Union League Club tonight and held a protest meeting against the La Follette wool tariff bill. Twenty-eight of the firms engaged in the wool and woolen manufacturing business signed a telegram which was sent to President Taft, urging him to veto the bill if it passed the House of Representatives.

Speeches were made condemning the "tinkering" with the tariff by political parties and individuals, and the effect of a reduction of the tariff on wool was thoroughly discussed. "The meeting was presided over by E. H. Tryon, who sounded the keynote of purpose to keep the tariff on wool, as it is under the Payne-Aldrich law. He said it was a peculiar thing that in every campaign there were people who try to injure the business of the country by injecting into the politics of the day the tariff question, which in reality has no place there, but should be solved by economic investigation and a comparison of the amount of business done by the country under the tariff would protect and a tariff that would not protect."

Demagogues Ruin Industry.

"The wool and woolen goods business of this country is being ruined," said Tryon, "by self-appointed demagogues, who seek self-aggrandizement, instead of trying to look after the welfare of the country at large. If these people who are trying to reduce the tariff on wool were sincere in their efforts it would be a different thing, but we have at the head of the delegation, which is now in Congress La Follette, who stands behind the American people and poses as one who is to lead them out of the darkness into the light. He has votes against every measure introduced in Congress which attempts to keep the tariff at a level, except those things which affect the wool industry, and he has a chance to vote in favor of reciprocity, which is an out-and-out free-trade measure, he is against it."

"There is not a grain of wool in this country that is running over two-thirds of the time, and with reduced prices at that. If the tariff is reduced any lower than it is at the present time, we shall have to compete with the labor of England, Germany and France, not to say anything about competing against the labor of Japan, where woolen workers can be secured for about 15 cents a day. What chance under the sun is the wool grower and the wool and woolen goods merchant going to have under such conditions?"

Telegram of Protest Sent.

The meeting unanimously voted to ask the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce to send telegrams to the California Representatives and Senators and the President, asking them to use their influence to defeat the La Follette bill.

The following telegram was sent to President Taft and copies to the California Representatives and Senators by those present at the meeting:

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4.—To William H. Taft, President, Washington.—Whereas, a bill known as the La Follette wool tariff bill, has been introduced into the House of Representatives, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is about one-third of the cost of the labor of the woolen workers in this country, and whereas, the enactment of this bill into law would result in the annihilation of the wool and woolen industry in this country, and whereas, the establishment of a woolen mill on a greatly enlarged scale in Japan, where the labor of the woolen workers is