

LAUREL SOUNDS RECIPROCAL CALL

Conservatives Rapped for Opposing Canadian Trade Pact.

NEED OF MARKET SHOWN

Agreement Would Develop Dominion Industries, Declares Premier. Submission of Proposal to Vote Is Favored.

OTTAWA, Ont., July 30.—The opening gun in the campaign which will determine the fate of the reciprocity agreement between the United States and Canada was fired today by the Liberal leader, Sir Wilfrid Laurier. It was in the form of an open address to the Canadian people and in it he set forth the issues involved in the present campaign.

The question at issue is not a new one, Sir Wilfrid asserts, reciprocal relations with the United States having been sought by both parties for over half a century. The present Conservative party, he declared, is seeking to reverse this long policy of his leadership of the past. The enactment of the agreement, the Premier predicts, would further improve the friendly relations between Great Britain, Canada and the United States and would be an important factor in bringing about a general treaty of arbitration.

Long Fight Cited.

"At all times during the past 40 years," said Sir Wilfrid, "it has been the constant effort of all political parties in Canada to make with the United States an arrangement for the free exchange of natural products between the two countries.

"Ever since the termination of the treaty of 1854 all public men of any prominence in Canada, whatever their differences on other questions, have been unanimous in the attempt again to secure free exchange of natural products.

"Nor is this to be wondered at, seeing that in the industries of agriculture, fisheries, lumbering and mining, Canada possesses advantages not enjoyed by any other country on earth, and that upon the markets secured for the products of these industries depends the growth of her manufacturing and commercial interests and the prosperity of all classes in the dominion.

Commissioners Win Favor.

"Within the past 12 months the President of the United States sent to Ottawa two commissioners from Washington for the purpose of opening negotiations, looking toward the lowering of the tariff barriers which have hitherto stood in the way of freer exchange of commodities.

These negotiations culminated in an agreement that the United States by various interests on the alleged grounds that it was all to the advantage of Canada and to the detriment of the other country, but the view that it was mutually advantageous to both countries finally prevailed in Congress.

People Should Judge.

"In this condition of things, it has seemed more in accordance with the dignity of Parliament, with the traditions of these British institutions which all true Canadians value so highly and which the present opposition degrades with such a light heart, with the best interests of the country as a whole, to remit the issue to the people themselves, so that the people may judge between the government and the opposition and decide whether they have changed their minds or whether they are still in favor of reciprocity on natural products and whether they will or will not have the American market for the booming crop soon to be garnered in Canada.

THE DALLES HAS BIG FIRE

Flouring Mill, Depot and Moody Warehouse in Flames.

11 CANDIDATES IN FIELD

2 Out for Mayor, 9 for Commissioners, at Walla Walla.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., July 30.—(Special.)—Eleven candidates are in the field for the three positions on the commission that, under the Allen law, passed by the recent Legislature, will govern Walla Walla. It was expected that there would be a host of candidates, but forecasts were belied when with two men running for Mayor and nine for the commissionerships, the filings of candidacy in the primaries closed last night.

WOMEN TO STUDY POLITICS

Walla Walla Club Will Use Courtroom to Discuss Issues.

WALLA WALLA, Wash., July 30.—(Special.)—Equipped with a paper stating that women of Walla Walla have formed a club to study political issues, trust breaking and other matters necessary for the Republic's development, before Superior Judge Brents yesterday and sought permission to use the courtroom for holding frequent meetings.

CIVIL WAR IS REVIVED

Grand Army Man Slaps Aged Fellow Who Casts Star on Button.

BAKER, Or., July 30.—(Special.)—I fought three years for this country, and I will not let anybody poke fun at the Grand Army or the button that I wear. I am proud of it, and though I

AMERICAN OPPIES REFORM IN PERSIA

Opposition of Russia and Belgium to Better Financial Methods Overcome.

BOTH MINISTERS DEFIANT

W. Morgan Shuster, After Preliminary Struggle With Oriental Intemperance, Comes Off Victor and New Order Now Prevails.



ABOVE, PORTRAIT OF JOHN W. GATES—BELOW, SNAPSHOTS OF MR. GATES WALKING WITH A FRIEND.



GATES IS SINKING

Financier's Death Near, His Physicians Believe.

HOT WEATHER DEPRESSES

Added Complication of Pneumonia Gives Slight Hope of Recovery.

YANKEE TARS TIRE OF JOB

Crew of Haytian Gunboat Is Anxious to Leave Ship.

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LONDON, July 30.—W. Morgan Shuster, the American who recently took the post of Treasurer to the Persian government, has already had opportunity to learn the Persian mind and business under a weak Oriental government, pulled and pushed about by the intrigues and the threats of European diplomats.

Reports to London from agents of British houses in Teheran give an interesting story of the collapse of the stand the Russian Minister, M. Poklevskiy, the Belgian Director-General of Customs, M. Mornard, backed by the Belgian Charge d'Affaires, made against Mr. Shuster and the National Council.

The Council passed a law June 13 investing the Treasurer-General with the control of all revenues and the sole power to sign checks on government funds.

M. Mornard previously had drawn checks on the customs funds. He refused to sign them, but he had that power. Checks which he signed were refused by the Imperial Bank of Persia, an English corporation maintaining a large part of the government funds. These checks were for salaries of customs employees.

The Belgian legation announced to the Persian government that it would not permit the Belgian company to use the customs, who form a large proportion of the force, to serve under Mr. Shuster if the law was to be carried out. The Russian Minister went further and declared emphatically that he would introduce Russians before he would submit to Mr. Shuster's single-handed control.

Several foreign obligations, including the interest on foreign loans amortization, the payment of the Cossack brigade and the pension of the Japanese Sharpshooters, were charged to the customs of the north. The Russian and Belgian diplomats took the stand that these interests were imperilled by Mr. Shuster's administration and also denied the power of the National Council to pass such a law as that of June 13.

Mr. Shuster then gave written notice to the Imperial Bank and the Russian bank that no disbursements would be made from the customs' receipts until all liens upon them had been paid and invited them to send representatives at any time to examine the books and accounting methods of the treasury.

The cabinet held in line. All the banks supported Mr. Shuster, and the Council, which has supported him since his arrival, stood by him also. The cabinet was frightened by the Russian Minister's threats and wavered for a time. After a week's argument the Treasurer-General prevailed upon the Minister of Foreign Affairs to call upon M. Mornard to comply with the law.

Then the opposition collapsed. In the presence of the Cabinet of Mr. Shuster, the Belgian Director-General of Customs gave a formal undertaking to accept the law and Mr. Shuster parted on good terms. It was understood in Teheran that before Mr. Shuster left Washington the Russian Ambassador there assured him that Russia would not oppose his financial reforms.

CAVEIN ENTOMBS MINER

100 WORK TO SAVE MAN BURIED 70 FEET DEEP.

With Task of Many Days Ahead, Rescuers Will First Drill Hole for Air and Food.

JOPLIN, Mo., July 30.—More than 100 men and boys are working desperately tonight in an effort to sink a shaft to the drift of a mine east of here in which Joseph Clary, 21 years old, is held a prisoner under 70 feet of earth at rock bottom.

As it will be days before Clary can be reached they are boring a six-inch hole through which Clary can be furnished with air, food and water if he is still alive.

Clary and another man were at the bottom of the mine when the sides began to cave. The other man was hoisted to the top, but when his feet touched the edge of the mine the sides fell with a roar. It is believed Clary was warned in time to escape the avalanche and found safety in a corner of a drift, which is 40 feet long.

BURIAL URN NOT VIOLATED

Warring's Ashes Duly Deposited in Vault, Says Doty's Lawyers.

NEW YORK, July 30.—The ashes of Colonel George E. Warring, Jr., are resting in the Warring family vault in Connecticut and were not thrown to the winds, so that any containing them might be used for mixing a gin rummy, as testified to yesterday by Arthur Warring, his son, before a commission investigating the situation at quarantine, according to information given out here.

In a statement issued in behalf of Dr. Alvah H. Doty, health officer at quarantine, his attorney, George E. Seefeldt, says: "I have located Frederick Hagal, of Woodcliff, N. J., who came to quarantine for the remains of Colonel Warring. The ashes were handed to him in two urns and he tells me they were subsequently interred in the family vault in Connecticut."

LIBBY COAL MINE LEASED

MARSHFIELD, Or., July 30.—(Special.)—George Doll, who has been operating a small mine in South Marshfield, has leased the Libby coal mine property from the Reynolds Development Company, of Spokane, which recently purchased it, with 8000 acres of land.



You Can Give Your Children a Dandy Party for 50c

School's out, vacation's here, the children are home all the day, playing as hard as they can, making every minute count. You can make this a Summer that they will remember for years to come if occasionally you will phone the nearest dealer and surprise them with a quart of

WEATHERLY'S ICE CREAM

It is the purest, cleanest food that they can eat. It makes for health, rosy cheeks and well-regulated stomachs and appetites. Give the kiddies a surprise tomorrow.

YOUR NEAREST DEALER WILL DELIVER VANILLA, STRAWBERRY, MAPLE OR CHOCOLATE

MADE BY CRYSTAL ICE AND STORAGE COMPANY

FLAGSHIP IS SAVED

Canadian Cruiser's Hull Is Pierced on Ledge.

BOAT CREWS REJOIN SHIP

Wireless Messages for Aid Are Responded to Quickly—Abandonment to Sea Was at One Time Thought Probable Course.

HALIFAX, N. S., July 30.—The protected cruiser Niobe, flagship of the Canadian navy, was saved to the Dominion's young sea strength after being impaled for five hours on the south-west ledge of Cape Sable on the morning of July 29.

The hull was pierced in several places, the starboard engine-room swamped with water and other compartments flooded. No lives were lost. The exact means of the relief of the Niobe are not known here, but it is supposed she floated on a rising tide.

Commander McDonald anchored the Niobe in a safe position some distance from the scene of her mishap, awaiting the arrival of the government steamers Lady Laurier and Stanley, which were dispatched to her assistance early this morning from St. John.

Boats' Crews Return. A heavy fog enshrouded the coast, and it is said that there was a south-east gale blowing.

Sixteen men of the crew who left the cruiser in two boats were the cause of much anxiety for hours after the accident, as they were lost in the fog and at the mercy of the gale and strong tide, which was feared would wreck them on one of the many ledges about Cape Sable. It was learned by wireless tonight that all have rejoined their ship.

The hand crews of the cutter in one boat, the other apparently having been wrecked.

So extreme was considered the plight of the Niobe when the ship returned to the coast that Commander McDonald ordered all boats cleared away, ready for abandonment of the vessel if necessary. The two boats which were lost for a time with their crews were the first over the side, general launching of the boats having been deferred until a definite idea of the condition of the vessel had been gained.

VESSEL PILED ON LEDGE

The Niobe piled upon the southwest ledge at 12:35 this morning, when rounding Cape Sable, on her return from a port of call at Yarmouth, where her officers and crew had been participating in an Old Home Week celebration. The impact was so heavy as to drive the vessel back to the pier of rock and to arouse every man on board.

The wireless apparatus was brought into play. Calls were heard at Eastport and at the south as boats were picked up also at Cape Race, N. F., and Sable Island, also at Father Point, Quebec. They resulted in the quick dispatch of the government steamer Aberdeen from this port and the Lady Laurier and Stanley from St. John, N. B., as well as of several other vessels from other ports.

MURPHY'S SWAY SCANDAL

(Continued From First Page.)

Promptly granted every request, and some of them were mighty firm.

Things finally got so bad that the Civil Service Reform Association filed charges against the commissioners and asked Governor Dix to remove them for utter disregard of the merit system. But the Governor, even with the Rockefeller platform in his mind's eye, quashed the charges, and the civil service law is continually violated.

One of the worst of many bad bills was pushed through by Senator Frawley, a strong Tammany man. When the transfer tax law was first put into effect, its conduct was a scandal, owing to the fact that the approbators of the estates, and these came out of the estates. Under Governor Hughes, reformers were made civil service employees with fixed salaries. Frawley's bill, which was obligingly signed by the Governor, ousted these officials and permits the surrogate of New York County to name the men in the various cases that may arise, and to compensate them in fees.

Who Is John P. Cohan? Who is the surrogate of New York County? Answer, John P. Cohan. Who is John P. Cohan? The brother of Supreme Court Justice Dan Cohan, Murphy's political adviser. From which it is safe to assume that Murphy did not violently object to the bill.

Many Republicans were holding offices by appointment when the Democrats marched into Albany. Very few are on their jobs now, for they have been "ripped out" right and left. In each and every case the Democrats had a good reason for their action. They wanted the place for a Murphy man, and they took it. Important

CITY'S WATER GONE

Charlotte, N. C., Left Wholly Without Supply.

HUNDREDS ARE LEAVING

Sanitary Guards Patrol Streets and Extra Firemen Are Employed. Danger of Epidemic of Disease Is Growing Hourly.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., July 30.—With the big ponds which have furnished Charlotte's water supply for many years mere stretches of sun-baked mud, and the stop-cocks to the small supply in the reservoir shut down tight since Friday, this city is undergoing a period of serious distress.

The danger of disease and fire is growing every hour. No rain of consequence has fallen in this city for weeks. With the water famine, the sewer system has been abandoned, and this has brought about such a menace to health that stringent sanitary regulations have been adopted. Special sanitary guards are being sworn in every day to patrol the city, along with squads of extra firemen, for the city would be absolutely at the mercy of the flames should a blaze start.

Hundreds are leaving Charlotte, flocking to the seaside and mountain resorts to escape the crisis.

West Stayton Asks Postoffice.

WEST STAYTON, Or., July 30.—(Special.)—Application for establishment of a postoffice at West Stayton was forwarded today to Washington with a letter signed by citizens asking for the appointment of D. M. McLean as postmaster. Since the coming of the Willamette Valley Irrigated Land Company there has been decided need for a postoffice, not only for the new settlers, but because of the large amount of mail sent out by the West Stayton Commercial Club, which recently issued 5000 irrigation pamphlets and 10,000 small booklets.

Corporation Fees Grow.

SALEM, Or., July 30.—(Special.)—According to figures compiled today by Corporation Clerk Babcock, the foreign corporations, starting in business in Oregon, paid \$322 in fees during July, or an average of \$61 a day, one of the biggest months in the history of the department.

FURNACES?

Seattle Branch Only One in West Which Is Returning Profit—Big Shippers Favor Mints.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—More landmarks of the old West will begin to disappear January 1, unless Congress should pass legislation to maintain the Western assay offices on their present basis.

The Government has decided to double the charge for assaying at Deadwood, Carson, Salt Lake, Helena, Boise and Seattle. Members of Congress from those places are protesting that increased charges will close the offices because the mining companies will prefer to send their gold to the mints, where the assaying charge will not be increased.

Treasury officials say the offices have been a dead loss for years. Seattle, they say, does quite a business in assaying gold that comes from Alaska, but at all others the Government loses money.

The Government established most of these offices in the stirring days when a messenger setting out with a fortune in his saddle bag often failed to return, and the professional "assayer" was clasped with the card "Killed" and the "gold man." No miner was assured of an honest assay of his treasure.

But with the advent of mining machinery the offices became less useful, because many of the big companies sent their gold direct to the mints.

PORTUGAL SEEKS JUSTICE

Government Assures Bishops of Friendship for Church.

LISBON, July 30.—The government has addressed a circular letter to the Bishops of Portugal, affirming that no hostility toward the church is intended, and requesting the bishops if they have any complaints to formulate them.

The republic, says the circular, is endeavoring to create a regime of justice and equity, and to remove from the place the prelates to give their attention to the republic without conditions, because conditions are incongruous with the moral authority of the republic.

Four anarchists have been arrested at Aveiro.



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