DYNAMITE SECRET SOUGHT FROM WIFE

Detectives Arrange Meeting of McManigals Outside Grand Jury Room.

WOMAN FALLS IN SWOON

Lawyers for McNamaras, Taken by Surprise, Accuse Burns' Men of "Hounding" Witness — Day's Developments Dramatic.

LOS ANGELES, June 27.—The prosecution arranged a stage setting in the McNamara dynamite conspiracy case today that had unexpected dramatic effects. They confronted Mrs. Ortie E. McManigle with her husband, one of the accused conspirators, in an anteroom of the grand jury chamber and before the interview ended she had fallen in a swoon.

Later, when she emerged hysterical from the ordeal, Attorney Joseph Scott, an associate of Clarence S. Darrow in the defense of the McNamara brothers, rushed among the detectives surrounding her and, brandishing clenched fists, swept them aside with threats of violence if they did not cease "hounding this woman."

The detectives said the object of the interview was to have McManigal induce his wife to change her attitude and abandon the defense.

Woman Told She Must Testify.

In accordance with pre-arranged plans, Mrs. McManigal was taken before the grand jury to be told that she was not exempt from testifying against the McNamara brothers on the ground that she might incriminate her husband. She was also informed that by refusing to tell what she is believed to know of the disaster to the Los Angeles Times building October 1, 1910, when 21 employes lost their lives, she laid herself liable to a jail sentence for contempt, and to possible prosecution as an accomplice in the alleged plot.

Hardly had she entered the jury room before her husband, who is alleged to have confessed, was taken from his cell in the county jail by four officers and escorted to an anteroom of the jury's chamber. When McManigal made his appearance, Clarence Darrow, Joseph Scott and Le Compte Davis, attorneys for the McNamara brothers, and at present acting also for Mrs. McManigal, were visibly surprised. They said they could only surmise what the unexpected move on the part of the prosecution meant. They declared they thought it would result in McManigal's appearance before the jurors while his wife was on the stand and in his telling her that he waived all rights so far as her testifying against him was concerned.

Husband Pleads With Wife.

It developed later, however, that McManigal was not taken before the grand jury at all. When his wife had been before that body for a brief period, she was taken into the anteroom and left alone with her husband, who, it was asserted by Burns' detectives, pleaded with her to align herself with the prosecution. Later they were joined by Malcom McLaren, one of Burns' lieutenants, who added his importunings to those of her husband.

For perhaps half an hour, Mrs. McManigal remained with the attorneys, resting. Then in their company she started to descend to the ground to take an automobile. The corridor outside the grand jury chambers was thronged with detectives for both sides, nearly a score altogether. Several men in the employ of Detective Burns followed Mrs. McManigal and her attorneys to the elevator. Scott recognized one of them and ordered him to leave.

Lawyer Accuses Detective.

"You have hounded this woman long enough," Scott roared angrily. "Now, you don't go down in that elevator with her. She's under a doctor's care, and she shall not be annoyed any more. Why don't you take a man?"

"I am going down in this elevator," answered the detective quickly.

"You try it," returned Scott, rolling up his sleeves and shaking his fists.

At that the detective turned and edged his way through the crowd which had hastily gathered and ran down four flights of stairs, reaching the street before Scott, Mrs. McManigal and the others of the party.

After the detective's retreat, Scott and the others entered the elevator, accompanied by two others of Burn's men whom they did not recognize.

"Shadows" Follow in Auto.

When they reached the street and left in an automobile, another machine, occupied by the defeated Burns man and two of his companions, followed.

Burns' men readily admit that they are making every attempt to win Mrs. McManigal to the side of the prosecution, and that they have taken an apartment next door to those she occupies so as to make note of her every movement.

Detective McLaren, employed by Burns, sought to aid McManigal in persuading his wife, but tonight Attorney Scott declared that they did not "get a word out of her." Detective McLaren, on the other hand, announced that the prosecution did not consider Mrs. McManigal at all "hopeless."

It is said by detectives that McManigal told his wife that she would be well taken care of if she aided the prosecution.

Attorneys Denounce Action.

Mrs. McManigal's attorneys, Clarence S. Darrow, Joseph Scott, LeCompte Davis and Job Harriman, tonight issued a statement in which they declared: "It is difficult to characterize in temperate language the treatment accorded Mrs. McManigal this afternoon." They declared the District Attorney's office, under the subterfuge that contempt proceedings against her were to be instituted because of her failure to testify, for an hour and a half tortured her to such an extent of mental and bodily extremity that she finally fainted," and required a physician to restore her.

"We want to serve notice in this public way, upon the District Attorney and his horde of private attorneys," continued the statement, which bore the names of the four attorneys for the defense, "that Mrs. McManigal will not set foot again in the grand jury room to be subjected to any further indignity and torture unless by direct order of the court. It will be our business at the first available opportunity to interrogate the grand jury as to whether the members were aware of this outrageous proceeding of the District Attorney, and, if so, to challenge the qualifications of such a grand jury as being unfitted to sit dispassionately and calmly without prejudice upon the charges affecting the defendants in these cases."

"Third Degree" Denied.

Arthur Veitch, Deputy District Attorney, said positively that there had been no "third degree" methods in connection with Mrs. McManigal and declared equally positively in answer to a question about a rumor that McManigal at last had been promised complete immunity; that such was not and would not be the case.

Veitch declared it was the intention to recall Mrs. McManigal before the grand jury at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning. Her attorneys said that she was ill in bed and that they would combat any attempt to have her appear before the inquisitorial body. Veitch said that unless she testified she must be prepared to face punishment for contempt, a complaint for which, it was alleged, already had been prepared.

Ortie E. McManigal, Accused Dynamiter, Whose Wife Is Now Central Figure in Case.

ROLL RATE IS REDUCED

WILLAMETTE PAPER COMPANY BENEFITS FROM RULING.

Freight Tariff on Rubber-Covered Iron From Boston to Portland Now $1.75 Instead of $2.60.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 27.—Under a recent decision of the Interstate Commerce Commission, the freight rate on rubber-covered iron paper mill rollers from Boston to Portland will hereafter be $1.75 per 100 pounds in less than carload lots, instead of $2.60, the rate that heretofore has prevailed.

The Willamette Pulp & Paper Company, which complained of the old rate and obtained more than $400 reparation, received a number of shipments of these rollers at Oregon City, but felt the rate was excessive. In its decision reducing the rate the Interstate Commerce Commission says:

"These rolls consist of a hollow iron or steel shell about three-fourths of an inch thick and three feet in diameter, the length varying from 84 to 158 inches. On the outside is a covering of rather hard or vulcanized rubber from three-fourths of an inch to one inch thick.

"The complainant's witness testified that the rolls shipped are a part of a machine installed in the mill and used in the manufacture of paper; that when the rubber covering is worn out the rolls are shipped to Boston to be recovered, after which they are reshipped to complainant. It is in evidence that for a number of years the carriers had applied the $1.75 commodity rate to these shipments, and that no question had ever been raised as to the application of that rate to the rubber-covered rolls until in May, 1910, when the complainant took up with the delivering carrier the question of having the description under the commodity rate amended so as to specifically apply to rubber-covered rolls. The description was so amended October 10, 1910. In the meantime, eight shipments of these rolls had been made to the complainant from Boston and had been charged at the second-class rate of $2.60 to Portland and Albina, plus the 10-cent local rate beyond.

"There is no doubt that these were paper-mill rolls within the meaning and intent of the commodity rate, although technically not within its description. The coating of rubber does not make them any the less paper-mill rolls. We infer from the testimony that only such rolls are adaptable to the purposes these rolls were intended to serve. The long-continued use of the commodity rate and the immediate amendment of the tariff by the carriers when their attention was directed to it so as to specifically include rubber-covered rolls fairly indicate the intended application of that rate.

"Upon the facts of record it is our conclusion, and we so find, that the rate of $2.60 as applied to these shipments was unreasonable to the extent that it exceeded the commodity rate of $1.75 from Boston to Portland or Albina."

GROCERS' SHOW GROWING

Food Exposition to Have Larger Quarters This Year.

The annual Food and Industrial Exposition of the Grocers' Association of Portland will be held the last of October in the auditorium to be built for the Gypsy Smith revival meetings. The building is to be erected on the Kamm block, across from the Multnomah Club. A. A. Tremp, who is director-general of the Astoria Centennial and was last year head of the local food show, will manage it this year. The show, according to the grocers, who held a meeting last night, will be much bigger than last year. The Armory, which was last year's exposition headquarters, was considered too small for the show this year.

The "Pacific Coast plan," in opposition to cut-rate prices, which has been in use among members of the association here for the last three years, was reported approved at the National convention at Denver by the local delegates, who made their report to the meeting. Those going from Portland were N. A. Perry, president of the State Association of Merchants; J. M. Roberts; John Malley, president of the Portland association; F. W. Funk, and S. Laws.

All salesmen in the city stores have been appointed as a "hot air committee" to boost for the picnic of the Retail Grocers' Association at Bonneville, July 19.

HAVEMEYER CASH NEEDED BY CHURCH

President of Mormons Says Sugar Enterprise Aimed to Help People.

PROFITS PROMOTE WORK

Dividends Are Devoted to Advancement of Religion—Bishop-Business Manager Confirms Story of Superior.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The Mormon Church is in the sugar business for the benefit of its people; it sought Henry O. Havemeyer's help to extend its sugar enterprises, not because he was Havemeyer, but because his money would be used for the benefit of the Mormon people; it regarded Havemeyer not as an "industrial pirate," but rather as a benefactor, and in combining with him in the beet sugar business the heads of the Mormon Church believe that no law of the United States was violated.

This, in substance, was declared to the House "sugar trust" investigating committee today by Joseph F. Smith, president of the Mormon Church, and president of the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company. He was supported in his testimony by Charles Nibley, business manager of the Mormon Church.

W. G. Ditmore, managing partner of Arbuckle Bros., then took the stand. He will be examined tomorrow.

The head of the church explained how Mormon affairs are conducted, how its funds come principally from the tithes of the people, how they are systematically accounted for, and asserted that the interests of the Mormon people are safeguarded at all times.

The committee made no effort to pry into the affairs of the church except so far as they related to business matters. The venerable representative of the Mormon hierarchy said the deal with Havemeyer was not considered important enough for formal consideration by the council of the church, but was effected with the acquiescence of the church officials.

Move Made to Help People.

Mr. Smith testified that it was not the general practice of the church to make business investments, that the sugar business was its largest investment, and that that was entered upon to help the Mormon people. He emphatically denied that the church had any stock in the American Sugar Refining Company.

"Why haven't you folks bought out the Havemeyer interests?" asked Representative Baker, of California.

"We haven't the money."

"You knew Havemeyer was a very powerful man in the business world and you were glad to get him interested in your business, weren't you?"

"We were only interested in getting his money," replied the patriarch.

Of the Utah-Idaho Sugar Refining Company stock, in which Smith has trustee holdings, more than 400,000 shares are owned by the sugar trust, Henry O. Havemeyer having taken a personal interest in the experiments of the Mormons in the beet sugar industry and financed their enterprises which have been successful.

"Have you any official connection with the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company?" asked Chairman Hardwick at the outset of today's session.

"I am president of the company," Smith replied.

"Do you own any stock?"

"Yes, sir; I own about 5000 shares individually."

Church Heavy Shareholder.

"Do you own any stock in a representative capacity?"

"Yes, I hold 49,815 shares for the church. The title is held in the name of Joseph F. Smith, trustee."

Of the stock of the Amalgamated Sugar Company, of Ogden, Smith said he owned about 70 shares individually. The church held none. The witness added that neither he nor the church held stock in the Lewiston Sugar Company.

President Smith said the church became interested in the Utah Sugar Company when many people who subscribed failed to pay for their stock and the company, under bond to complete a beet sugar factory, was unable to do it. The church was appealed to by the stockholders to assist, which it did, to the extent of $50,000.

"Does the Utah-Idaho Company pay dividends?"

"Yes, several per cent."

"How is that dividend used by the church?"

"In promoting its religious interests."

"Did the church ever go into a partnership with Henry O. Havemeyer?"

"The church never did, but the stockholders did. We were striving to build up the beet sugar business in Utah under very great difficulties. We were anxious to obtain capital. We were given to understand that Mr. Havemeyer had offered to take an interest in our enterprise, and I, as one of the stockholders, was glad to hear of his offer, which was eventually accepted. I was willing to sell my portion of the stock to help make up the half interest in the Havemeyers."

President Smith said he and his people did not regard Henry O. Havemeyer as an "industrial pirate."

"To us," he added, "he was a benefactor."

"Is there any water in the Utah-Idaho Sugar Company stock?" asked Mr. Madison.

"Not that I know of. My stock, par value $10, I sold to Mr. Havemeyer for $18. That was the value of the stock at the time."

"It has appeared to the committee that Mr. Havemeyer entered upon a quest of the sugar industry of the United States," said Mr. Madison.

"He consolidated plants in New York and Philadelphia, made war on Spreckels on the Coast and divided with him and then moved on the beet sugar in California, Colorado, Michigan and Utah.

"In the light of all these facts, did it occur to you that Mr. Havemeyer was entering upon a consolidation of the sugar business of the country and that you were one of the pawns in the game?"

"No, it never occurred to me," President Smith answered.

"I did not think of it at all. All I thought of was the welfare of our people." Mr. Smith said he wanted beet sugar protected until it was not necessary to protect it. He could not prophesy when that time would come. Representative Raker, of California, asked why financial aid from Havemeyer was necessary.

"The church had extended its credit to borrow money," said Mr. Smith. "We gave notes to the banks as trustee in trust and the church itself had a bonded indebtedness of more than $1,000,000."

Juvenile Goods Sale

We offer you our regular stock—not shop-worn stuff, nor cheap goods bought for sale purposes. We give you the genuine, regular prices and reductions in figures—no vague talk about "values."
Our life-long principles necessitate the carrying of reliable qualities only and telling the truth about them.

BOYS' WASH SUITS, SAILOR AND RUSSIAN STYLES
(Sizes 1½ to 10 years)
Every Boy's Wash Suit in the house is marked down. Our stock was clean at the opening of the season, and all we now have is fresh, new, clean stock—absolutely different from the sale goods of other stores.
Boys $1.50 Wash Suits.... 98¢
Boys' $2.00 Wash Suits... $1.35
Boys' $2.50 Wash Suits... $1.65
Boys' $3.00 Wash Suits... $1.98
Boys' $3.50 Wash Suits... $2.35
Boys' $4.00 Wash Suits... $2.65
Boys' $5.00 Wash Suits... $3.25
Boys' $6.00 Wash Suits... $3.98

BOYS' WAISTS
Every Boy's Waist in the house marked down.
50c Waists down to..... 39¢
75c Waists down to..... 58¢
$1.00 Waists down to..... 73¢
$1.50 Waists down to..... $1.15
$2.00 Waists down to..... $1.35

BOYS' KNICKERBOCKER SUITS
Every Boy's Knickerbocker Suit in the house marked down.
$5.00 Knickerbocker Suits.. $3.95
$6.00 Knickerbocker Suits.. $4.50
$7.50 Knickerbocker Suits.. $5.35
$8.50 Knickerbocker Suits.. $6.35
$10.00 Knickerbocker Suits. $7.50
$12.50 Knickerbocker Suits. $9.85
$15 Knickerbocker Suits.. $11.25
$18 Knickerbocker Suits.. $13.50
$20 Knickerbocker Suits.. $15.00

BOYS' UNDERWEAR
Every piece of Boy's Underwear in the house marked down.
Boys' Poros Knit Underwear 19¢
Boys' 50c Underwear..... 39¢
Boys' 75c Underwear..... 58¢
Boys' $1.00 Underwear..... 73¢
Boys' $1.50 Underwear..... $1.15

EXTRA SPECIAL
100 Boys' Knicker Suits, sizes 11 to 16, regular $5.00 suits, at..... $2.50

BOYS' STOCKINGS
Boys' 25c Hose..... 19¢
Boys' 50c Hose..... 39¢

GIRLS' TUB DRESSES
Every Girl's Tub Dress in the house marked down.
(Ages 4 to 14)
$1.50 Girls' Tub Dresses.... 75¢
$2.00 Girls' Tub Dresses.... 98¢
$2.50 Girls' Tub Dresses.. $1.35
$3.00 Girls' Tub Dresses.. $1.65
$3.50 Girls' Tub Dresses.. $1.95
$4.00 Girls' Tub Dresses.. $2.25
$5.00 Girls' Tub Dresses.. $2.75

GIRLS' STOCKINGS
Girls' 25c Stockings now... 19¢
Girls' 50c Stockings now... 39¢

MISSES' SUITS
We place on sale as a special attraction 30 Misses' Suits, sizes 14 to 16, at
HALF PRICE
$25 Misses' Suits now... $12.50
$30 Misses' Suits now... $15.00
$35 Misses Suits now... $17.50

Sale on Second and Third Floors

BEN SELLING
LEADING CLOTHIER
Morrison at Fourth

FALLS ARE CIRCLED

Daring Aviator Swoops Down Upon Dangerous Niagara.

CANADIAN SIDE REACHED

Beachey First Birdman to Cut Air Over International Border—150,000 See Him Flirt With Death Over Famous Whirlpool.

NIAGARA FALLS, June 27.—With a whir of his biplane, Lincoln Beachey, the California aviator, after circling above Niagara, swooped beneath the upper steel bridge today and down the gorge almost to the whirlpool.

Rising again between the sides of the lower river, Beachey went toward the Canadian side, where he made a splendid landing. It was the first time a birdman had cut the air crossing the Canadian border.

When he crossed the American Falls, he was about 2100 feet in the air. Dropping, on his second circle, he went well to the southwest.

Once over the cataract he lowered his planes. He caught some of the wash from the outlet of the power tunnel which shoots over the side of the precipice.

The space through which he flew is 168 feet high and barely 100 feet from side to side. The distance from the brink of the falls to the bridge at which he made the dip is about 4200 yards. Beachey will repeat the flight tomorrow. It is estimated 150,000 persons witnessed the flight.

POLICE CHIEFTAIN OUT

J. Frank Jewell Reticent as to Resignation From Office.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 27.—As was forecasted shortly after the resignation of ex-Chief of Police John F. Seymour, J. Frank Jewell, appointed by Mayor McCarthy three weeks ago to succeed Joseph Sullivan as police commissioner, resigned this afternoon and Sullivan was reappointed.

Jewell gave no reason for resigning, he and Sullivan going before the Mayor in company, and then to the rooms of the Police Commission, where the change in position was explained to the secretary of the Board.

It is understood that at the meeting of the Commission tomorrow, Sullivan will be elected to his former position as president of the Commission.

Chehalis Sanctions Paving.

CHEHALIS, Wash., June 27.—(Special.)—The Chehalis Council held a short session last night, but provided for more street improvement on a part of Division, Washington and Boistfort streets. A long petition was presented for planking Chehalis avenue from Lewis street to Ninth, a distance of more than a mile and a resolution will be presented at the next meeting for this improvement.

PLAYER PIANO OWNERS.

The music roll library of Sherman, Clay & Co. is the most complete in the city. If you have trouble in getting the music you want elsewhere, please give us a chance to supply you, even if you did not purchase your player from us. We have 1000 rolls of special numbers at three rolls for $1, a rare opportunity to stock up your library. Sherman, Clay & Co., Sixth at Morrison st. **

Tuttles Body May Be Found.

VANCOUVER, Wash., June 27.—(Special.)—A message from St. Helens, from the Sheriff of Columbia County, says that the body of a man, answering the description of William Tuttle, had been found in the Columbia River there. Tuttle's family will go to St. Helens to identify the body.

Barhydt's Relative Telegraphs.

VANCOUVER, Wash., June 27.—(Special.)—A telegram from T. W. Barhydt, of Pasadena, Cal., was received by W. J. Knapp, County Coroner, today, requesting that the body of Edward C. Barhydt be held until he writes. Barhydt was murdered on his farm on Bell's Mountain about June 1, and his body was found Sunday. No trace of Charles W. Hammond, who is charged with the murder, has been found. Barhydt asked the authorities to spare no expense to capture the slayer. E. C. Barhydt formerly was employed by the Burlington road in Iowa.

White Salmon Fishing Good.

HUSUM, Wash., June 27.—(Special.)—Fishing parties are making the banks of the White Salmon River a resort on Sundays, angling for rainbow trout and steelhead salmon. The town of White Salmon sends its quota of pleasure-seekers in automobiles. Since the river has been cleared of logs fishing has been exceptionally good, many parties easily landing 100 trout in a few hours.

A second Pan-Pacific Congress is to be held at Honolulu, Hawaii, February 19 to 24, 1912. The honorary president is the Governor of the island, the president is W. McInerny, and the secretary, H. P. Wood, who is also secretary of the Honolulu Chamber of Commerce.

Kidney Trouble Overcome by the Great Treatment

I have been a sufferer for years with kidney and bladder trouble and took almost everything the drug store contained, without obtaining any benefit.

I suffered so that I became utterly discouraged, as I could not sleep, was always dizzy and had a headache all the time. I saw one of your advertisements and as a last resort, decided to try your Swamp-Root. I am now taking the third bottle and feel like a new woman, sleep well and have no pains whatever.

I strongly advise all sufferers to take the only real cure for kidney and bladder trouble. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root was a God-send to me.

You may publish this letter if you wish so that it may be the means of bringing some poor sufferers back to health.

MRS. MARY O'DONNELL,
Lander, Wyo.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this July 14th, 1909.
CHARLEY ALLEN, Notary Public,
in and for Fremont Co., Wyo.

Letter to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do for You

Send to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling all about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention the Portland Daily Oregonian. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

Summer Excursions to the East

June 5, 7, 9, 10, 12, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 24, 28, 29, 30.
July 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 19, 20, 26, 27, 28.
August 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17, 21, 22, 23, 28, 29, 30.
September 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7.

CHICAGO AND RETURN..... $ 72.50
ST. LOUIS AND RETURN..... $ 70.00
NEW YORK AND RETURN..... $108.50
BOSTON AND RETURN..... $110.00
ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS, DULUTH, OMAHA, KANSAS CITY, ST. JOE AND RETURN..... $ 60.00

Tickets allow fifteen (15) days for going passage, final return limit October 31st.

Go one way and return another if you wish, stopovers allowed within limit in each direction.

Ride on the ORIENTAL LIMITED, Through Standard and Tourist Sleepers Portland to Chicago, in seventy-two hours without change. Service and scenery unsurpassed.

Tickets and sleeping-car reservations at City Ticket Office, 122 Third Street, Portland, or at Depot, Eleventh and Hoyt streets.

H. DICKSON, C. P. & T. A.
ARCHIBALD GRAY, A. G. F. & P. A.

The Nose Pores

How to reduce them

The treatment given on the wrapper of every cake of Woodbury's Facial Soap will bring improvement in two weeks.

Woodbury's Facial Soap

For sale by dealers everywhere

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