



REVISION OF WOOL TARIFF IS PASSED

Amendment Is Refused in Closing Hours.

24 REPUBLICANS VOTE AYE

House Will Not Wait Report of Expert Board.

ONE DEMOCRAT OPPOSES

Message From Taft Explaining Efforts of Tariff Commission to Complete Task, Not Read Until After Vote.

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Man Who Sought to Reconcile Old and New Spouses Finds Task Too Much for Him.

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MAN HANGING ON LIVE WIRES SAVED

BREATHLESS CROWD WATCHES RESCUE OF LINEMAN.

Spokane Worker, Paralyzed by Contact With Current, Sways in Mid-air Until Help Arrives.

SPOKANE, Wash., June 20.—(Special.)—While a crowd of several hundred persons gazed breathlessly on the exploit, George Cowley, line foreman employed by the Washington Water Power Company, with four assistants, rescued Gordon B. Stone, a lineman, who had been paralyzed by an electric shock from a perilous position among the wires at the top of a pole this morning.

Stone had been working near the top of the pole, which carries a heavy load of crossarms and a network of wires. He came in contact with bare wires carrying a high voltage feed circuit.

He was thrown clear of the pole, but the safety belt encircling the pole saved him from being dashed to death on the pavement. Unconscious, he fell across lower voltage wires several feet below where he had been working.

His companion, Lang, telephoned his chief, who came in an automobile with assistants and tackle, arriving before the automobile patrol with emergency hospital attendants, who had been summoned.

ROYAL BANQUET IS MAGNIFICENT

Tons of Gold Plate Shown on Tables.

CUT GLASS WORTH FORTUNE

Diners Are Resplendent in Uniforms and Jewels.

KING AND QUEEN HOSTS

George V Gives Formal Audience to John Hays Hammond, Envoy of United States, Who Presents Credentials.

LONDON, June 20.—The most regal banquet palace of king or emperor ever witnessed, and a gorgeous Shakespearean ball under the auspices of noted society leaders, stand forth as shining features of the second day of Coronation week. The banquet in Buckingham Palace tonight was a scene of imperial grandeur, so far as the assemblage of royal and eminent personages and the setting of costly magnificence and beautiful decorations could make it. The King and Queen entertained the visiting and English royalties, all the special delegations, the foreign Ambassadors and Ministers, the officers of state and the household, the members of the cabinet, and ex-cabinet members, the heads of the church and judiciary and of the Army and Navy. Tons of Plate Displayed. The two largest apartments in the palace, the ballroom and the picture gallery which adjoin, were utilized as a banquet hall. On the tables was displayed the royal gold plate, used only on historic occasions, the cost of which is estimated at \$15,000,000, and its weight eight tons. This plate, for the most part was obtained in the reigns of the four Georges, and the principal pieces is a massive peacock captured in one of the Indian wars, whose tail is studded with diamonds. Cut glass worth a fortune, ivory decanters hundreds of years old, and old wines dating back more than a century were on the board. The gallery holds more than 800 pictures. The decorations in both rooms are largely of gilt, and the background was embellished with banks of palms and giant lilies, white orchids, roses and ferns were stacked on the tables. Yeomen of the guard were ranged about the walls and all the diners wore their richest uniforms, decorations, gowns and jewels. Thousands Join in Dance. The Shakespearean ball was held in Albert Hall, which was elaborately decorated. The dancers numbered thousands, while 400 boxes were occupied by the representatives of foreign nations and the most prominent officials. As many as 25 quadrilles were danced. (Concluded on Page 2)

WIVES OF SHARP TO DIVIDE WORK

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HEYBURN STIRS GRAVE SENATORS

Obligation to Britain Is Minimized.

BAYONET TALK IS EXPLAINED

Nelson Sees Annexation as Reciprocity Sequel.

BENEFIT OTHERWISE NIL

Minnesota Declares If That Is Accomplished It Will Be Much to Nation's Credit—Only Dream, Says Gallinger.

WASHINGTON, June 20.—Statements in the Senate by Senator Heyburn, of Idaho, that "whatever we have taken from England has been taken at the point of the bayonet," produced a tense moment in today's short debate on the Canadian reciprocity bill. Senator Heyburn's remark, which he later explained extended only to Government acquisitions, was challenged by Senator Bacon, of Georgia, "as a grave matter." In view of the pending arbitration negotiations with England. "We have more to enjoy that we have received from England than from all the rest of the world put together," said Senator Bacon. Nelson Hopes for Annexation. Senator Gallinger brought on the controversy by asking if this Nation did not owe more to England, in the way of reciprocity, than it did to Canada, because of the free trade market that England has always given to this country and the rest of the world. Senator Nelson, of Minnesota, declared that his only hope of benefit from the reciprocity agreement was that it might lead to the annexation of Canada. He met Senator Gallinger's argument that reciprocity ought to be given to Mexico and all other nations, if given to Canada, by saying that this country could not hope to annex all the rest of the world. "But if we can accomplish the annexation of Canada, we shall have done a great deal," said Senator Nelson. "Dream," Replies Gallinger. "Canadian annexation at this time is an illud dream," said Senator Gallinger, who is a Canadian by birth. "At one time it was considered seriously by the leading men of Canada; but now that country has grown to be a big, strong, self-supporting nation, and by this treaty we will further strengthen it." "I am convinced," added Senator Gallinger, "that when this bill passes there are many Republicans on this side who will join Democrats in kicking out the foundation stones of the protective tariff system. We will be fortunate if the whole structure of protection does not fall." Senator Lodge of Massachusetts renewed his argument today that the (Concluded on Page 5)

"GOOD" FIVE YEARS, MAN GETS \$17,000

RECKLESS CONDUCT GIVEN UP TO COMPLY WITH WILL.

First Act of Californian After Obtaining Father's Fortune Is to Give Grandmother \$1000.

OROVILLE, Cal., June 20.—(Special.)—As a reward for laying aside what his father termed in his last will "the wasteful and reckless conduct" of his son, and as a further reward for acquiring "steady" and "temperate" habits and a "fixed purpose in life," and "an apparent determination to become a useful member of society," Charles A. Meng obtained possession yesterday of the residue of his father's estate, amounting to more than \$17,000.

The will of the father provided that the son should be placed on a probation of five years and that the question of whether or not the estate should be given him was to be determined by his conduct during this period of probation. The five years are now passed.

Meng appeared in court yesterday with a petition certifying to the fact that he was steadily and usefully employed and that the habits of which his father complained had apparently been corrected.

One of the first acts of young Meng was to give \$1000 to his aged grandmother, Mrs. Janet Rice, with whom he has been boarding.

"DEAD" ANSWERS VETERANS' NAMES

Indian War Heroes Roll Call Pitiful.

TWO OFFICERS' CHAIRS VACANT

Patriarchs' Eyes Tear-Dimmed in Muster of Departed.

TINY PENSIONS DECRIED

Old-Time Oregon Country Upbuilders Appeal for Widows of Nation's Martyrs—Old Army Spry at Big Feast.

BY ADDISON BENNETT.

When the grand chaplain of the Indian War Veterans lifted his voice yesterday morning to invoke a blessing upon all of those absent and assembled, his voice came as if through tears, for there were absent many of his old friends and comrades, who had been laid to rest in the past year.

Then Mayor Simon, himself a pioneer of 1867, extended the welcome and hospitality of the city, a city which they had seen grow from three or four log huts to the Portland of today, a city which they had made possible by their valorous deeds. And it is but justice to say that the Mayor felt the weakness of words at such a time and in such a cause, for the pioneers, particularly those who bore arms in the early days, need no welcome to a city that is all their own.

Death Answers Rollcall.

And then the roll of officers was called, and to the two first names came the answer, "dead." How was it that at that moment something seemed to get wrong with the eyes of the comrades and friends of the departed; how did it happen that so many glasses needed wiping, that the silence was like the silence of death? "Dead!" Harvey W. Scott, the vice-commander, and T. V. B. Embree, the grand commander, have laid down their arms and gone to join their comrades on the farther shore, where they wait to welcome the coming of those who are still left, but who will so soon join them.

Presently the secretary read a sort of financial report, showing the great wealth of the order—nearly \$60,000. And what were the chief expenses of the year? Flowers for the dead! Could anything be more appropriate than to decorate the homes left vacant, and the graves newly-occupied, by their dead comrades, comrades whose names will ever remain on the archives of our state as men great in war but greater, far greater, in peace; men who had so much to do with making Oregon country's part and parcel of the greatest country on earth!

Tears Are Shed.

"Smiles and cheers and tears." Happy smiles at the thought of being together and renewing old bonds of friendship and love, cheers for the deeds of valor of their comrades, tears for the dead, for those vacant chairs by the rostrum, for those vacant hearts in so many homes throughout this great Northwest! And what tears? Ah, they were not tears of pain, but rather tears of joy, knowing that their comrades are at rest, that they have put on another armor to wear throughout eternity.

In the business meeting the question of pensions came up, and it was shown that the amount they receive, \$8 a month, is the smallest paid by the Government to any old soldier or sailor. An effort to have this stipend increased to something like the pensioners of the Mexican, Civil and Spanish Wars receive has thus far met with nothing but rebuffs from Congress, but the veterans hope for better results soon. They have so hoped for many years, they probably will so hope until there are not enough of them left to fill the vacant chairs—and that will not be so many years from now.

Appeals Are Pitiful.

Eight dollars a month! And many of them entirely dependent upon this pittance for a livelihood, being too feeble to work! These men are not beggars, not asking charity—simply asking justice. They are either entitled to a monthly payment commensurate with their services, as gauged by other veterans, or they are not entitled to anything. That is their position and contention.

And as different ones spoke on the question yesterday it was notable that every voice was raised for the speaker's friends and comrades, and not for himself.

"I," said one speaker, "care not for myself. I will very soon join my old comrades across the river, and until then these old hands can provide my daily bread, and sustenance for the remnants of my family. I ask justice in the name and for the benefit of those who are too old to labor, for those who now are living on the pittance of \$8 a month!"

His voice trembled, his hands shook; he was weak physically but strong mentally. Brave and noble and grand he stood there giving voice for his weaker comrades—caring nothing for himself.

Old-Time Spirit Shown.

And was that not the spirit that inspired them 45, 50 and 60 years ago? They did not fight so much for themselves as for their friends, their families and their country. Unselfish then, they are unselfish still—and many of them would

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SPRAYS STEM PEST HARM

Fruitgrowers Win in Hard Fight Against Caterpillars.

VANCOUVER, Wash., June 20.—(Special.)—The caterpillar pest, which has been furnishing fruitgrowers with much trouble for several weeks, has harmed the fruit but little, according to A. A. Quarberg, horticulture inspector for this district. The farmers have been spraying their trees with arsenate of lead, which has proved effective.

The caterpillars were never worse than this year, Mr. Quarberg said, but the danger is now over and most of them have been killed by hard work and persistent fighting.

The caterpillars have got as far as Kllickitat County, where they are being exterminated by the same methods.

Some of the farmers take coal oil and pour it on the large bunches of the pests and burn them bodily.

SUTTON IS IN CONTEMPT

Hood River Children Must Be Returned to California Mother.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 20.—(Special.)—Albert J. Sutton, wealthy citizen, of Hood River, Or., was held to be in contempt of court today by Superior Judge Graham for taking his two children outside of the state in defiance of the order of court, and the children were given into the custody of their mother, Mrs. Ethel Sutton Montgomery, of Berkeley, for the next four months.

This arrangement is temporary, and should it prove satisfactory, Judge Graham intimated, he would give the mother absolute custody of the children. They are now with their father at Hood River, and will be brought here as soon as the order of court made today can be served on Sutton.

BLAST NIPS VEGETABLES

June's Cool Weather Hits Products Near Tacoma Town.

TACOMA, Wash., June 20.—(Special.)—June's cool record included a killing frost in the suburbs last night. Just south of the city limits, on the Spanway line, lee formed. Potato vines, cucumbers, tomatoes and other vegetables fell under the cold blast.

Gardeners on the reservation suffered to a greater or less extent last night, but it will require a day or two to tell the extent of the damage. At the local weather bureau the register at 4:30 A. M. showed 43 degrees above zero. It is generally warmer in the city than a few miles away from the water.

PUPILS WILL TILL SOIL

Hermiston Young Folk to Begin Agricultural Education.

PENDLETON, Or., June 20.—(Special.)—School District No. 112, located near Hermiston, is to have a farm to be tilled by its pupils. This was the decision given yesterday by the taxpayers of the district when they voted a special levy of 1 mill to recover a fund with which to purchase a tract of land adjoining the school grounds.

A competent instructor in agriculture will be secured and all the work, such as plowing, planting, irrigating, cultivating and harvesting, will be done by the pupils under the direction of the instructor.

LARGEST BOAT ARRIVES

New Liner Olympic Crosses Atlantic Hours Ahead of Schedule.

NEW YORK, June 20.—The new White Star lined Olympic, the largest steamer afloat, passed Fire Island on her maiden voyage across the Atlantic at 12:17 A. M. This point is 75 miles from the New York waterfront and the steamer will dock in this city about 9 o'clock this morning.

Although it is reported that there was no effort at great speed, the new liner is several hours ahead of the scheduled time of her arrival.

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Many amendments were offered and voted down, the only one adopted being a slight change in phraseology. Almost five hours were spent by the House in debate under the five-minute rule.

Delay Is Denied.

Immediately preceding the final vote, a motion offered by a Representative of New York, that the bill be resubmitted to the ways and means committee, with instructions that it await a report from the Tariff Board on the woolen industry before making final report, was lost by a vote of 183 to 118.

Representative Underwood, chairman of the ways and means committee and in charge of the bill, kept his forces well together in their opposition to all amendments. While some Democrats proposed amendments, with one exception they voted with the party when the bill came to passage.

Representative Gray of Indiana, offered an amendment to place raw wool on the free list, instead of prescribing a duty of 20 per cent. ad valorem, and commit the bill to the committee with instructions that manufactures be reduced to 20 per cent. ad valorem. This was lost.

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Representative Murdock, an insurgent Republican, who finally voted for the bill, proposed several amendments placing certain grades of wool on the free list. His purpose in these amendments, he said, was to give the American people protection from the worsted trust by making free "those articles which enter into the manufacture of trust-controlled woolen products."

Mr. Murdock appealed to Representative Harrison, of New York, a Democratic member of the ways and means committee, and to others of the party who had favored placing wool on the free list to support him.

Mr. Harrison replied that he would "vote for the bill, although he would have placed raw wool on the free list if his personal desires had prevailed."

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"The Board of Experts was first engaged in assisting the Executive in the discharge of his duties under the maximum and minimum clause of the Payne tariff bill. Its attention was then directed to accumulation of information for use in connection with the reciprocity agreement made with Canada.

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Mr. Harrison replied that he would "vote for the bill, although he would have placed raw wool on the free list if his personal desires had prevailed."

Insurgents Vote for Bill.

The Republicans who voted for the bill were Representatives Anderson, Anthony, Campbell, Davis of Minnesota, French, Haughey, Helgeson, Jackson, La Pellette, Lenroot, Lindsay, Madison, Miller, Morse, Murdock, Nelson, Norris, Rees, Sloan, Steenerson, Stephens of California, Volstead, Woods of Iowa and Young of Kansas.

After the bill had been passed, a message was read from President Taft in response to a request which had been made for certain information from the Tariff Board in regard to the wool question. The message said that the desired information could not be furnished at this time. The President added:

"The Board of Experts was first engaged in assisting the Executive in the discharge of his duties under the maximum and minimum clause of the Payne tariff bill. Its attention was then directed to accumulation of information for use in connection with the reciprocity agreement made with Canada.

"The sundry civil appropriation act

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DOWN WITH SOME STANDPATTERS!



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