

LESS FOG, FREY FALLS IN AIRSHIP

German Aviator Injured in Crossing Mountains to Turin From Rome.

HELMET SAVES HIS LIFE

Red Cross Searching Party Finds Unconscious Airman Buried Beneath Wrecked Machine With Arms and Leg Broken.

VITERBO, Italy, June 12.—The German aviator, Frey, who started from Rome at an early hour today on the last stage of the Paris to Turin air race, met with disaster in the mountainous territory between Viterbo and the capital. The other contestants who got as far as Rome had given up, but Frey could not be persuaded from making the attempt to reach Turin, although warned that almost insurmountable difficulties lay in his way.

Only a few miles out of Rome he encountered a heavy fog and lost his course. Soon he drove into a terrific storm of rain and hail. He tried to rise above the clouds, but his machine refused to respond. Suddenly it swayed downward and the aviator lost all control. It fell into a ravine and was wrecked.

That Frey was not killed was due to the heavy helmet protecting his head, and marshy ground into which he plunged. Both his arms and one leg were broken, while he was badly cut about the face.

When a Red Cross searching party from the San Martino station on Monte Cimino found him he had lost much blood and was almost unconscious, buried under the aeroplane.

The aviator was able to tell of having been lost in the fog, although he could give no reason for the fall.

Frey's wife is now in Florence, where she hoped to be present at the landing of her husband. It is expected that she will come here tomorrow.

AVIATOR TAKES 125-FOOT DROP

German Flyer Injured in Race at Magdeburg When Landing.

MAGDEBURG, Germany, June 12.—The first serious accident of the national aviation circuit race occurred here today when Karl Mueller, in attempting a landing, fell with his biplane from a height of about 125 feet. The aviator suffered a concussion of the brain but at the hospital to which he was removed it was thought that he would recover.

"Birdmen" Reach Destination.

SHERWIN, German, June 12.—Aviators Lindpainter, Keop, and Weinert arrived here today from Magdeburg. The aviators who started from Magdeburg this morning landed on route and are waiting until evening to come into the city. Dr. Wittenstein and Buchner arrived here about 6 o'clock this evening. Laitch, another contestant, lost his way and drifted to Brunswick. He ascended again but was compelled to land in a village on the way to Schwerin and is spending the night there.

D. F. SHERMAN PROMOTED

Ex-Portland Made Vice-President of Rhode Island Corporation.

Residents and business men of the Portland of ten or 15 years ago will be interested to hear of the promotion of D. F. Sherman, of Providence, R. I., as vice-president of the Rhode Island Corporation, a subsidiary company of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railway. The promotion was announced by the president of the latter railway, Charles B. Mellen.

Mr. Sherman came to Portland about 1896, holding the position of cashier in the Oregon National Bank. He lived here for about 16 years, much of his time being devoted to the promoting of steam and electric railroads. He was for a long period an officer of one of the Southern Pacific auxiliary companies and in 1910 was one of the officers of the Portland Hotel and Chamber of Commerce buildings and was considered one of the most progressive men in the business circles of that time. He left Portland for Rhode Island, where he financed the street railway system of Providence.

KNOX CALLED TO EXPLAIN

Fee of \$5000 to Ex-Senator Hale's Son Puzzles Committee.

WASHINGTON, June 12.—In response to a subpoena issued today, Secretary of State Knox will appear before the House committee on expenditures in the State Department tomorrow afternoon to explain the payment of \$5000 from the Canadian Boundary Commission fund to Frederick Hale, son of ex-United States Senator Hale, of Maine. The subpoena was served on Secretary Knox this afternoon. He immediately arranged for a hearing tomorrow afternoon. Thomas Morrison, disbursing clerk of the State Department, will testify again tomorrow.

The summons for Secretary Knox followed disclosures made in the committee today by Mr. Morrison, that the payment to Mr. Hale had been made on Secretary Knox's "O. K." and that the mysterious route for the \$5000 in payment for a portrait of ex-Secretary Hale had been found on the floor of his office by a State Department messenger.

The State Department's position, that the Hale payment was usual and precisely along the lines of the appropriation covering the definition of the Canadian boundary.

ANTI-TREAT LAW TESTED

First Step Affirms Validity of Tacoma Ordinance.

TACOMA, Wash., June 12.—(Special.)—Judge Chapman, of the Superior Court, this afternoon held the anti-treating ordinance to be constitutional and affirmed the judgment of the Police Court against Gus Kiesel, proprietor of the State Saloon in the Puget Sound block, by which Kiesel was fined \$10 and costs.

Kiesel's appeal was to be heard by the Supreme Court, by agreement.

FAMOUS DIVA, WHO SAILS FOR EUROPE WITH TRUNKS FULL OF FINE SHOES AND HOSIERY.



MARY GARDEN STEPPING FROM HER PRIVATE CAR.

DIVA'S ROSE LAUDED

Mary Garden's Papa Proud of Her Stockings.

FOOTWEAR SINGER'S JOY

She Sails for Europe After "White Night" in New York Cafe.

Ninety Pairs of Shoes in Her Wardrobe.

NEW YORK, June 12.—(Special.)—Mary Garden, the opera singer, sailed away for Europe on the Kaiser Wilhelm II with 99 shoes and a hundred silk stockings, at least one pair of which was canary yellow. This subject of her shoes and stockings is introduced into her leave-taking with perfect propriety, inasmuch as it was projected by her father, who was at the pier to see her off. Her mother was also there. Miss Garden said:

"Oh, for a glass of good richly flavored rotten water. But perhaps I would better explain. Oh, but we did have such a champagne supper last night and this morning at the Ritz. But it was all perfectly proper, because, you see, my father and mother were both there."

"See those pretty pumps my daughter has on. Now, Mary, show the gentlemen those pumps."

"Miss Garden raised her short hobble skirt above her ankle and the reporter gave expression to exclamations of admiration."

"The father continued. 'There, that pair is only one of 45 my daughter is taking abroad with her, 99 of the best-made American shoes, and I bought them myself.'"

LEAGUE HEAD IN TROUBLE

(Continued From First Page.)

headed by Mrs. Wilbur R. Force, of New York. McFarland says he invested \$1000, and his wife, a member of the league, \$500 she made raising chickens on the farm.

The American Woman's League has ramifications from Maine to California, and from points in Canada to Florida. The majority of the members are persons of moderate means, and many have invested their savings in the Lewis projects. St. Louis business men forecast the disintegration of the league and Lewis chapter-house scheme, which has a strong representation on the Pacific Coast.

Lewis' Career Noteworthy.

Lewis has had a life of ups and downs, summarized as follows:

1876—Born in Winstead, Conn., the son of a clergyman.

1887—Appointed American agent for Amsterdam diamond house and placed in charge of five salesmen.

1889—Graduated from Trinity College, New York.

1889—Traveled for Waterbury Watch Company.

1892—Married Mabel Wellington in Baltimore.

1893—Wife's illness compels him to give up traveling; moves to Nashville, Tenn., and goes into patent medicine business.

1894—Moves to St. Louis and enters employ of Moffitt-West Drug Company.

1895—Loses a fortune in patent medicine investment.

1900—Buys Winner Magazine for a small sum.

1901—Changes name of publication to Woman's Magazine and plans university.

1902—Buys Woman's Farm Journal.

1904—Organizes People's United States Bank; begins erection of buildings at University City.

1906—Starts Journal of Agriculture and the Woman's National Daily; United States Government issues fraud order against Lewis. Buildings at University City completed; more than \$2,000,000 spent.

1908—Government fails to convict Lewis of defrauding the people through the mails.

1908—Buys the Star and Chronicle.

1908—Plans to reorganize bank.

1908—Ex-Third Assistant Postmaster-General Madden writes book scoring Government for prosecution of Lewis.

1908—Lewis on trial second time; acquitted.

1908—Sues the Post-Dispatch for alleged libel.

1908—Offers to raise \$30,000 for two monuments for Grand Army of Republic and Daughters of Confederacy in University City.

1908—Offers sale of stock of Star to public.

1908—General grand jury indicts Lewis.

1908—Incorporates People's Savings & Trust Company for \$400,000.

1908—Organizes American Woman's League at art institute and university.

1908—Files damage suit for libel for \$500,000 against Rural New Yorker, a farm journal.

1908—Sues Government officials for libel.

1908—Government dismisses six cases pending against Lewis for five years.

Great Subway Offered.

1909—Offers to build two subways in St. Louis at a cost of \$60,000,000.

1911—Recorder Joy announces Lewis, as Mayor of University City, has no right to perform marriages.

1911—Bill introduced in Congress requesting permission for Lewis to go into United States Court of Claims and sue for \$1,500,000 damages.

1911—Announces that company has ceased publishing all magazines but Woman's National Daily.

From 1906 to 1908, formed and organized the People's Savings & Trust Company, United States Piber Stop Company, California Cigarette Company, Camp Lewis, Bachelor Pneumatic Tube Company and World's Fair Contest Company.

LEWIS RECEPTION IS PLANNED

Portland Chapter Depends on Him to Get More Members.

The Portland chapter of the American Woman's League, which numbers close to 200, has been preparing a reception for Lewis, who is expected to arrive presumably next month, and has been depending on his coming to increase its membership. The members were informed by Lewis that membership of 500 was necessary before a chapter-house would be given them, and have been extending efforts toward that end. By the committee on arrangements, plans for an elaborate public meeting, a banquet in honor of Lewis, and other affairs during his stay here, were planned.

Mrs. Amelia Taylor is president of the Portland chapter, and Mrs. Agnes Lane is secretary. Mrs. J. M. Fine, who by virtue of her office as state regent, was treasurer of the Portland chapter, resigned some time ago and went East. No treasurer has been appointed in her place. The chapter was founded 18 months ago, with Dr. Mae Cardwell as its first president, the petition for a chapter being circulated among Portland women by persons interested in University City.

STATES BANK; BEGINS ERECTION OF BUILDINGS AT UNIVERSITY CITY.

1906—Starts Journal of Agriculture and the Woman's National Daily; United States Government issues fraud order against Lewis. Buildings at University City completed; more than \$2,000,000 spent.

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THROUGH SERVICE

To Yellowstone Park.

Through standard sleeping car service between Portland and Yellowstone station will be inaugurated by the Oregon-Washington Railroad & Navigation Company on Thursday, June 15, the first car leaving Portland at 6:30 P. M. of that date and daily thereafter for the remainder of the Yellowstone season. Make your reservations and obtain all desired information as to rates and routes at our city ticket office, Third and Washington streets.

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FRONTS OF VICTORY DENIED TO TROOPS

Insurrectos Angered Because Triumphal Entry to Chihuahua Is Refused.

FEDERALS HOLDING CITY

Fear Entertained That Opposing Troops Will Seek to Take Revenge on Interests That Opposed Them in War.

CHIHUAHUA, Mexico, June 12.—Four thousand federal troops, commanded by three generals, are patrolling the streets here, determined that the victorious insurrecto army under General Orozco shall not enter the city. Orozco's force extends north along the railroad 20 miles with headquarters at Santa Cruz. The insurrectos make no effort to conceal their anger. They say while reports come to them of banquets being served in Mexico City, they, in spite of peace, are being kept in the field on short war rations.

An incident of the strained relations between the two armies occurred today when a federal lieutenant who shouted "Viva Reyes" was shot and killed by an insurrecto who had smuggled himself into town.

Evacuation Is Predicted.

While wonder is expressed that Mexico City does not promptly straighten out the tangle, Governor Gonzales expects no serious consequences. He said that in time the federal troops would evacuate and the insurrectos would be allowed to enter Chihuahua.

However, General Orozco, Mexico's foremost military chief, when interviewed at Santa Cruz, frankly expressed displeasure at the authorities' failure to turn over the city to his forces. It was given out at his headquarters that since the insurrectos in Northern Mexico practically had begun and won, they should be the first to enjoy the victory.

Many of Orozco's followers have declared that if the federals do not evacuate soon the insurrecto army will enter in a body.

Triumphal Entry Desired.

General Villar, commanding the federals, said today that he was acting under orders from Mexico City. These orders were that he should patrol the city and maintain order and prevent the entrance of any armed troops.

All the insurrectos desire is to be allowed to enter the city led by a brass band, flying the Mexican flag, and with flags flying and marching through the streets. A triumphal parade is their notion of a proper reward for military service.

It is generally believed the federals will evacuate within a week. The only fear at present is that if the insurrectos entered armed they might seek revenge on the people and interests that opposed them during the war.

MEXICAN VOLUNTEERS IN RIOT

Drunken Soldiers Demand Pay but Police Disperse Them.

MEXICO CITY, June 12.—Soldiers who distinguished themselves in defense of Juarez today made it necessary for mounted police and detachments of "zapadores" to disperse a drunken mob. They were not the regulars, but a band of volunteers who had fought under General Navarro.

Following the surrenders of Juarez, they had been made prisoners also and accompanied the General and his regulars to the capital. Instead of going to the barracks last night, these undisciplined men spent the night in drinking.

This morning most of them were intoxicated. Joining the regulars in the barracks, they loudly demand that they be paid off as the insurrectos are, announcing they refused to serve in the regular army. Outside the barracks a crowd of the lower class gathered and added their hoots and jeers to the din being made by the volunteers. The police dispersed the mob without shooting.

That General Navarro will explain to a court of inquiry his reason for surrendering Juarez was contained today in Manuel Bonilla, the Sinaloa newspaper man appointed Minister of the Department of Communications, was today formally installed as a member of the de la Barra Cabinet.

Pacifying Expedition Delayed.

EL PASO, Tex., June 12.—The expedition to Lower California against the Magonistas operating there, has been delayed again, this time waiting for artillery. When the Mexican federal and insurrecto troops arrive in Juarez from Chihuahua en route to Lower California, they will be permitted to go through the regular United States border, but will have to stack their arms in baggage cars and permit United States troops to guard them through this country.

POSTAL BANK ASSURED

PORTLAND CHAPTER DEPENDS ON HIM TO GET MORE MEMBERS.

BY GOVERNMENT.

Space Is Provided Adjoining Station E, on Glisan Street, East of Fifth.

OREGONIAN NEWS BUREAU, Washington, June 12.—The establishment of the first postal savings bank in Portland has been assured by the authorization today by the Postoffice Department of additional space to Station E. This space, it is expected, will be used only until the erection of the new Portland Postoffice has been completed.

Under the terms of the lease, Dr. Andrew C. Smith, the lessor, is to provide all necessary equipment for the Postoffice and the postal savings bank.

It is expected that the bank will be opened about July 1.

The lease with Dr. Smith provides for the space 25 feet on Glisan street, east of the present Station E. It is of 50 feet depth, giving an additional postal space of 1250 square feet. The postal savings bank will be 75 feet east of Fifth street. By the contract with Dr. Smith, the Government can close the lease at any time, giving up the quarters.

Residents of Arizona have discovered that census needles or thorns are admirable for use as graphophone reproducing points, and a big export trade is anticipated.

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