LSON DECLARES

ernor of New Jersey Says greement Must Stand or Fall as Whole.

RIFF BILL IS GRILLED

ENEAPOLIS, May 14 .- "I am here in favor of the Canadian recipro-greensent," said Governor Woodof New Jersey, shortly arrival from the Coast to-

city and favor the present a general proposition. but that is not agreement must stand

gys favored the principle

biletty Club, Mr. Wilson made s. He said in part: urces of money are the political opportunity and of

ine the nowers of gov-

Courage Is Needed.

coerced in some degrees ces that could

of this kind.

so of this kind.

ha best instances that could the whole disappointing our legislation with regardaties. The tariff has been of husiness with politic e experience of the country has d. Almost every kind of busi-affected directly or indirectly tariff laws and it has in recent of the tariff were arranged Fays and Means Committee cuse of Representatives and one Committee of the Senate ry tender regard for particu-

of patronage

Clauses Not Explained.

has again and again happened ere, to the scandal of the whole that items and clauses have serted into our tariff laws ers not even explained to the of Congress, which received eition at all, which were a of private arrangement and between the representaring many years was the these special interests. I ting direct corruption of I am speaking now only of the corruption of the will to have already referred, displayed in its grossest form

he intimate power of business politics. The country has defimade up its mind that it will get root of this matter and of all matters like it, and that it will up this alliance."

famy, no matter how high up to in the financial world."

He referred to the inter Juriga Pettit, of Chicago, vestigation of the account up this alliance."

Tilden, and characterized

RK AND WILSON GOOD

Praises Both for President. Evasive as to Himself.

TORK, May 24.—Mr. and Mrs. Randolph Hearst sailed for Eu-day. Asked at the steamable ho he thought the Democratic te for President would be, Mr.

in the House of Representa-id is so largely responsible for orratic success, that he is very earst said Governor Wilson and Harmon were both good men.

replied Mr. Hearst, and then

hat is a legitimate question." dent Taft is the legical candi-or the Republicans, said Mr.

N WOULD ARBITRATE e Heady to Negotiate Treaty

With United States.

O. Japan, May 14.—Japan, it was a official circle today, is pre-me participate in negotiations for States, and is willing to submit such an agreement if in-

proposal which the government d to Great Britain and France, arded as the most able doc-

son Runs Away With Man.

LSTADT, Bavaria, May 24.—An of the garrison here had a thrillroke loose from its anchorage

the top of the gas bag and suc-in wrenching open the valve. the halloon began a headlong de-ear Munich, which is 50 miles ce. As the balloon was nearing nd its occupant jumped into a was only slightly injured. Re-the man's weight, the balloon sended and was later found near

al City Gets Postoffice. NIAN NEWS BUREAU, Wash-24. - Congressman LafCHICAGO LUMBERMAN AGAIN ACCUSED IN LORIMER CASE AND WHO DEFENDS HIMSELF.



CASH AIDS LORIMER

La Follette Says Over \$200,-000 Was Used to Elect Him.

AGENT FLEES WISCONSIN

Wisconsin Man Begs Senate to Find Man Back of This Infamy-Judge Pettit Branded as Lorimer

(Continued From First Page.)

consin, though not mentioning his

Judge for His Decision.

name, La Follette, said: "In another Senatorial campaign in Wisconsin, his henchmen were notoriously active for the successful candidate and his principal agent has not dared to remain within the borders of the state."

La Fellette quoted much of the testimony taken by the Illinois Legislature to support his contention that Lorimer had known of the use of money in his interest, and he hoped that the Senate would "find the men back of this infamy, no matter how high up they may

He referred to the interference by Judge Pettit, of Chicago, in the in-vestigation of the accounts of E. E. Tilden, and characterized him as a

"Lerimer judge."
La Follette will close his speech tomorrow by outlining his reasons for favoring a special committee to conduct the proposed inquiry.

UNITARIANS KEEP FLETCHER

Move by Anti-Lorimer Men Supported by Third of Delegates.

BOSTON, May 24.—A proposition to drop the name of United States Senator Duncan U. Fletcher, of Flerida, from the list of vice-presidents of the Unitarian Association, because of his attitude in the Lorimer case last Winter, failed at the annual meeting of the association today. The opposition to Sen-ator Fletcher was led by Rev. John Haynes Holmes, paster of the Church of the Messiah, New York, and numbered approximately one-third of those

The debate began when the nominating committee presented its report, in which the Senator's name was placed which the Senator's name was placed fourth in the list of eight vice-presidents. Mr. Holmes at ence offered a resolution offered by nine New York clergymen and 26 of those in and about Boston, declaring that, "in view of the public services attached to the name of Senator Fietcher, we do not regard him as eligible to leadership in that form of Christianity known as Unitarianism and protest against his nomination as vice-president."

vice-president."

Rev. A. J. Coleman, of Jacksonville, Fia. declared that the resolution was an attempt to fasten a new method of dogmatism on the Unitarians.

Senator Fletcher voted for Senator Lorimer because the evidence against him was not sufficient, said Mr. Coleman. "He was actuated by a high sense of moral and political duty and the people of Florida are proud of his record."

Rev. Mr. Todd, of Washington, de-fended Fletcher as one of his parish-ioners and resented the resolution as "unwarranted interference with the action of an individual."

Mr. Holms: declared that the Uni-tarian Association could not place any stain on the name of Fistcher which the Senator had not placed there al-ready by his action in the Lorimer

"it would be better to wipe out every Unitarian Church south of the Mason and Dixon line rather than place a dishemored name on our list of officers," shouted Mr. Holmes. "As to Senator Fletcher," said Mr. Holmes. "I believe he has failed to measure up to the standard. I believe he was conscientious, but what was the matter with his conscience? We do not want a man on our list for whom we have to apologiss."

HINES STRIKES AT ACCUSERS Lorimer's Sponsor Denies Bribing,

cers headed by Dr. Samuel A. Eliot, of Cambridge.

Says Inquiry Farce.

Says Inquiry Farce.

CHICAGO. May 24—Edward Hines, named before the Helm legislative committee in connection with the collection of an alleged \$100,000 fund to elect United States Senator William Lorimer, today took occasion, before reading his annual address to the National Lumber Manufacturers' Association, of which he is president to defend his acts and to flay his accusers.

Following an all-night session, the board of governors of the National Lumber Manufacturers' Association adopted a resolution expressing confidence in President Hines, which awas adopted by the association immediately after the president's address.

"I deem it proper at the outset to say a word respecting certain charges that have been made against me and in some instances against the lumber interests, in relation to National affairs.

"I absolutely and unqualifiedly deny these charges. I am innecent of any wrongful acts in these matters. I have no apology to make for my conduct as an individual or as an officer of the association, nor have you or any other factor of the lumber industry any apology to make for its conduct and attifude toward National affairs.

"So far as I persenally am concerned, at the proper time and by the proper procedure I shall vindicate myself and confound my traducers before a tribunal that will not be a grottesque travesty on law and justice—a mere tool of politics and the subservicin organ of unfair and unsorrupulous journalism.

"What I have done in behalf of the

bunal that will not be a grotesque trabenal that will not be a grotesque travesty on law and justice—a mere tool
of politics and the subservicut organ
of unfair and unscruppious journalism.

"What I have done in behalf of the
lumber industry in my own and in your
own behalf, and what you have done
in co-operation with me, has been done
openly and legitimately."

Flunging into his annual address, Mr.

Hines attacked President Taft's recilife in the proposed system would be a central bank Mr. MacVeagh danied.

As to apprehensions that the Central
Reserve Association may become a polife in life in the institution or fall into the hands
Senstor Cummins, of lows, and Sen-

procity plan, saying:

procity plan, saying:

"A year ago, at the New Orleans meeting. I congratulated you on what I thought was a satisfactory ending of the tariff campaign, yet we find ourselves again in a renewed campaign of the same sort. Again lumber is asked largely to bear the burden of what is called tariff revision. "This time it assumes the old guise

of reciprocity with Canada, and obeying the mandate of the association, we have been making a fight against the insidious discrimination with which it proposes we shall be treated."

WITNESS SAYS LAWSHE GOT SALARY WHILE ABSENT.

Employes and ex-Employes Testify Before House Committee Investigating Postoffice.

WASHINGTON, May 24.—When the House committee investigating the Postoffice Department today began its inquiry, William Mooney, chief disbursing clerk, was on the stand regarding the payment of salary to ex-Third Assistant Postmaster-General Lawsheduring a year's absence from the Department.

during a year's absence from the Department.

Mr. Mooney said the salary of \$5000 a year was paid from October, 1909, to October, 1910, while Mr. Lawshe was in New Mexico, endeavoring to recuperate from illness. Postmaster-General Hitcheock countersigned the payroli containing Lawshe's name.

The witness added Mr. Hitcheock took over the greater part of Lawshe's work during the latter's absence.

Merritt O. Chance, ex-auditor for the Postoffice Department, and Charles A. Cram, who succeeded him, testified regarding the expense account of postmasters designated by the department to investigate and test time recorders throughout the country, and said that committee consisted of Postmasters Owens at Milwaukee; Bacharach at Atlantic City, and Bean, at Tampa. Fia. Their authorized expenses aggregated 1979, which the department officials do not consider excessive.

Navy Police Row Ends.

Navy Police Row Ends.

San Diego, Cal. May 24.—Assured by Rear-Admiral Thomas that the Navy courts will try the men accused with matter with his conscience? We do not want a man on our list for whom we have to spologise."

After further debate a rising vote was taken which was partially counted. President Eliet announcing that the metion to strike Fietcher's name from the list was lost. About one-third voted for the resolution.

The association then elected its offi-

ALDRICH SCHEME HIGHLY APPROVED

MacVeagh Says ex-Senator Shines as Monetary, Not Tariff, Reformer.

BANKERS' AID IS ASKED

Central Reserve Association Cannot Become Political Machine, Says Secretary-West Can Beat East in Politics.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 24.—Secretary MacVeagh, of the Treasury, speaking before the assembled Bankers' Association of Missouri and Kansas here tonight, indersed the plan for monetary reform proposed by ex-Senator Aldrich, and made a plea for all bankers to support it in a public-spirited, non-partisan

While he paid a high tribute to Mr. Aldrich as a monetary reformer. Mr. MacVeagh was frank in saying he did not agree with the tariff views of the ex-Senator from Rhode Island, and added that he thought Mr. Aldrich himself might have changed his opinions

Where Aldrich Shines.

"Let me say a word about Mr. Aldrich," said Mr. MacVengh. "It is proper to differentiate Mr. Aldrich's monetary views from Mr. Aldrich's tar-lift views. I have not agreed with his tariff views, not even a little, but I never pretended to him that I agreed with him; and he, as well as anybody else that cared about my views, knew I

did not. "We must get away from Mr. Al-drich as a tariff-builder before we can understand him as a monetary reformer. As a monetary reformer, he is assuredly one of the best examples. I do not say he has always been so. He has long been interested in monetary questions and legislation, but it is only

questions and legislation, but it is only during the last four or five years he has become what he le—a thoroughly enlightened student and builder.

"After hearing me say these things about Mr. Aldrich, some of you will say, 'Well, we are sorry for MacVeagh. He is another good man gone wrong. The atmosphere of Washington has been too much for him."

"As for me, I think—and I expect always to think—that the West knows more about real politics in a minute than the East—including Washington City—knowe in a year." But at the same time there are a few things that a Western man coming from the East to the West may find it worth while to to the West may find it worth while to bring with him.

"All the losses and the personal and family disappointments and discomforts and sufferings must be charged to the bankers. One may say that the Govern-

ment is partly responsible also, but the Government would legislate if the bankers wisely advised it.

"The Nation puts into the hands of the bankers the care and control and organisation of its financial interests. In all periods the banking and currency.

all periods the banking and currency systems of the world have been formu-lated by the bankers. It is not enough to may that the bankers suffer from the inadequacy of their system, because they suffer too much and more than any one

No Central Bank Proposed.

The banking system of American to-day, said Mr. MacVeagh is now an un-organized mass composed of 15,000 units. A central reserve association, he said, would bring them all into a workable or-

of a few moneyed men, Mr. MacVeigh

continued:
"Let me say they are wholly unnecessary. It can never become a po-litical agency. It is easily removed for all time from any remote possibility of being controlled by any few men or any few banks. It cannot be owned by less than all the banks that create it."

In conclusion Mr. MacVeagh counseled the bankers to deal with currency reform in a thoroughly nonpartisan pu

spirit.
"I hope banking and currency reform will escape the misfortune of becomwill escape the misfortune of becom-ing a party question," said he. "The outlook for escape is excellent. There is not evidence in sight that the parties will divide upon it."

"CONGRESS CITY" CHOSEN

Kansas City Lands Big Trans-Mississippl Commercial Body.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 24.—The annual meeting of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, set for September next, will be held in Kansas City instead of Oklahoma City, the place originally decided upon. This was practically settled today, when the executive committee of the congress met here to make arrangements for the gathering. Oklahoma City declined to raise the funds necessary, and the Kansas City Commercial Club formally invited the congress to meet here.

Four Governors, Herbert S. Bradley, of Missouri; John F. Shafroth, of Colorado; W. R. Stubbs, of Kansas, and Lee Cruce, of Oklahoma, and an ex-Governor, D. R. Francis, of St. Louis, attended today's meeting. KANSAS CITY, Mo., May 24 .- The an-

ALASKA ASKS FOR LIBERTY Delegate Wickersham Urges Creation of Legislature.

WASHINGTON, May 14 .- The adminwashington, any at-ine admin-istration of the present system of gov-ernment in Alaska is deplorable, ac-cording to Delegate Wickersham of that district, who today before the House committee on territories urged a favorable report on his bill creating an elective Legislature for the terri-

a favorable report on his bill creating an elective Legislature for the territory.

"Alaska," he said, "under the present system of long distance administration, has not been given a single legislative measure for five years. There can be no question that an attempt to govern such a big territory from the National capital thousands of miles distant is a failure."

LEGISLATOR IS ACCUSED

One Editor Refuses to Testify and Another Is Arrested.

COLUMBUS, O., May 24.—The first direct testimony that Representative

George B. Nye, of Pike County, had so-licited a bribe for pushing through a bill in the Legislature, was offered be-fore Judge Kinkald in the Criminal Court today, when State Printer Craw-

fore Judge Kinkald in the Criminal Court today, when State Printer Crawford went on the stand. Crawford teatified Nye had told him he (Nye) was willing to put up £500 to put through the Kimble bill, providing for the redistricting of the Adams County Judicial District.

Editor N. D. Cochran, of the Toledo News-Bee, on the advice of his attorneys, declined to be sworn or submit to examination by the committee.

Attorney Charles J. Freirman, expresident of the Columbus Chamber of Commerce, and E. E. Cock, editor of a Columbus newspaper, were arraigned today before Justice Bostwick on a warrant sworn out by Chairman John E. Todd, of the Senate committee of 16 appointed to probe the charges of bribery made against members of the Senate. They had been arrested for refusal to testify before the committee, and their arrest practically halted the investigation, as the committee is now confronted with a mare of legal technicalities which may take days to settle.

DARROW IS DUE TODAY

LAWYER IS EXPECTED IN LOS ANGELES IN MINAMARA CASE.

Detective Burns Is Also to Arrive in California City Today. Lesser Cases Held Over.

LOS ANGELES. May 24.-Clarence Darrow, the attorney, and William J. Burns, the detective, are expected in Los Angeles tomorrow—the former to Los Angeles tomorrow—the former to prepare the defense of the McNamara brothers and the latter to assist the county prosecuting officials to prepare the case against the ironworkers' union leader and his brother.

Interest in the lesser dynamite case, connecting Bert Conners and Mansell Parks with an alleged attempt to destroy the County Hall of Records last Sentember, also was transferred to an-

September, also was transferred to another day. No indictments were returned by the grand jury and another session of the inquisitors was called

session of the inquisitors was called for tomorrow.

Conners, the man who is alleged to have attempted the destruction of the Hall of Records and then assaulted a policeman whose appearance frustrated his design, was the principal witness before the grand jury today.

George Gunrey, leader of the iron-workers' strike, which has been in progress here for many months also was examined, and Mrs. Ella Musgrave, alleged companion of Conners, was on the stand when adjournment was taken. She will be recalled tomorrow.

The two dynamiting cases have nothing in common. This statement was made by officials of the Burns Agency here, and reiterated by the District Attorney. Burns is expected to remain until after the arraignment of the McNamaras, June 1.

until after the arraignment of the McNamaras, June 1.
Gunrey and A. E. Hendrix, secretary
of the local union of structural ironworkers said that neither Conners nor
Parks had ever been officials of the
union. Gunrey declared he did not even
know the man and Hendrix said that
the only money either of them ever received from the union was the \$7 \$\frac{1}{2}\$
week strike benefit. Even this, said
Hendrix, had not been paid to the accused men for some time.

TAFT AND STIMSON TICKET

Gossip Names New War Secretary for Vice-President.

WASHINGTON, May 24—An interesting bit of political gossip was current here today that the entrance of Henry L. Stimson, of New York, into the President Tatt's Cabinet may mean that he will be Mr. Taft's running mate in the campaign of 1912. President Taft, it is campaign of fully expects to be renominated, WASHINGTON, May 24-An interest-

ator Borah, of Idaho.

Snow Blocks Lebanon Road. ALBANY, Or., May 24.—(Special.)—
So deep is the snow near the summit of the Cascade Mountains that the Willamette Valley and Cascade Mountain wagen road, which runs from Lebanon to Prineville, probably will be impassable for more than a month yet. Parties

WHITE

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R.M.GRAY

who have tried to cross the mountains open to travel the latter part of May by this route have been forced to turn back after encountering 15 feet of snow in some places. This road is generally Spring.

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